REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF THE N.-W. PROVINCES

FOR THE YEAR 1875-76.

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REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF THE N.-W. PROVINCES

FOR

1875-76.

PART I.

General Summary.

Head of the Government.

THE North-Western Provinces were administered by Sir John Strachey during the entire year 1875-76.

General character of the year.

2. Generally speaking, the year was one of cheapness and prosperity. In the following table the prices of the principal food-grains in 1875-76 are compared with their average prices of the four preceding years:—

District.	Wheat.		Bajra.		Juar.	
	Average of five preceding years.	Average of 1875-76.	Average of five preceding years.	Average of 1875-76.	Average of five preceding years.	Average of 1875-76.
	M. s. c.	M. s. c	M. s. c.	M. s. c.	M. s. c	M. s. c.
Benares ...	0 13 7	0 16 4	0 19 0	0 21 8	0 21 12	0 19 15
Allahabad...	0 14 14	0 16 0	0 19 14	0 25 0	0 21 13	0 26 8
Agra ...	0 16 3	0 17 6	0 19 7	0 20 12	0 22 15	0 23 0
Meerut ...	0 18 12	0 23 4	0 23 2	0 24 8	0 25 15	0 28 0
Bareilly ...	0 17 2	0 17 8	0 18 15	0 20 10	0 24 6	0 21 14

Criminal statistics.

3. These favourable conditions are plainly marked in the criminal statistics of the year. There has, indeed, been an increase of reported crime, but this may safely be ascribed, not to the greater frequency of offences, but to the greater activity of the

police: for the convicts admitted to jail in 1875 were considerably less in number than those of 1874. Heinous crimes have decreased, especially robberies and dacoities; a result which may be attributed to the breaking up of several notorious dacoit gangs, and to the measures which have been taken for ensuring the safety of the public roads.

Bundelkhand dacoits.

4. The last exploit of the most famous gang of dacoits in the province deserves a brief narration. Eleven years ago, Randhir Singh, a Bundelkhand Thakur, first signalised himself by a daring dacoity in the Jhánsi district. He eluded the police till 1870, when, by the help of an informer, he was arrested and sent to the Allahabad central prison; and not long after, another Bundelkhand leader of dacoits, a fellow-clansman of Randhir Singh, was secured in the jail of Lalitpur. They did not remain long in confinement; in the following year both Dhalip Singh and Randhir Singh escaped from jail, and joined one another in their old haunts at the head of their former followers. For many months they remained comparatively inactive, waiting their opportunity to avenge Randhir Singh's imprisonment upon the man who had given the information that led to his arrest. On the night of the 26th December, 1872, the band entered the village in which the informer lived, killed him and his two brothers, wounded and mutilated the women of the family, and made off with what booty they could find. In the next few days they committed two more murders, but a few weeks later Dhalip Singh was surprised and shot, and Randhir Singh's gang, broken up by unremitting pursuit, and gradually thinned by arrests, could only venture upon a number of petty raids during the two years that they remained at large. The police, both of the British districts and of the native states of Bundelkhand, were continually on the look-out, and in constant receipt of intelligence, more often false than true, of the outlaws' movements. At length, at midnight on the 25th of March, 1875, a man came to the Superintendent of the Jhánsi police with the news that Randhir Singh, with his brother and five others,

had just taken shelter in his house, twenty-three miles distant. A party of police, mounted and on foot, started at once, and the horsemen pushing on in advance found themselves at nine in the morning close upon the place where the outlaws lay. Crossing a low hill covered with jungle, they suddenly came upon, not the rude hut which they had been led to expect, but a loopholed building, which their small force could only hope to take by a sudden surprise. The police officer lost command of his men; three policemen who rode up to the walls were shot dead on the spot; when the foot party came up, tired and dispirited, they did nothing more than sit and watch the house; and no steps had been taken for the immediate despatch of sufficient reinforcements from head-quarters. The jungle of the hill was fired, and as the wind bore the sparks over the building, the outlaws were driven from under the burning roof; but the police made no advance till the following morning, when it was discovered that Randhir Singh and his band had decamped in the night. Assistance was procured from the Central India Horse, and a vigilant watch was kept up to prevent the outlaws from crossing into Gwalior territory. On the 15th of June they were discovered on a rocky hill not far from Talbahat, in the north of the Lalitpur district. A force of fifteen policemen and four men of the Central India Horse immediately marched to the spot; Randhir Singh was shot as he started from his sleep; two of his followers were killed; and after some time spent in the interchange of shots, and in vain attempts to induce the remaining outlaws to surrender, the hill was stormed, and the three men who were still left met their deaths fighting. A single constable was shot by the brother of Randhir Singh. Another notorious dacoit, a fellow-outlaw of Randhir Singh, closed his career about the same time. Shortly before the year began, this man's gang had been surprised in the ravines of the Chambal by a party of the Jalaun and Gwalior police acting in concert, who killed six men and took six prisoners; and a few months later he was himself captured in the Etáwah district as he came to a tank to drink, and one of his two remaining followers was shot.

Patrolling of the roads.

5. The destruction of these gangs of dacoits may be regarded as a measure equally of punishment and of prevention. A second measure, of prevention alone, probably deserves to be credited with as large a share of the decrease of crime. This is the systematic patrolling of the roads by the rural police, a duty which was very differently performed in different districts, according to local notions of the importance of the roads, and the number of rural policemen that could be spared to guard them, who, in some instances, were taken from the district force of village watchmen, determined in the general revision of 1871. This irregular practice was stopped, and it was resolved to bring the force of road chaukidars in all the districts to something like a uniform footing. The work was entrusted to one of the Deputy Inspectors-General of Police, who was directed to visit every district and form his opinion as to its requirements and the most systematic way of satisfying them, on the spot, and in consultation with the local officers. An inquiry so extensive demanded a considerable time, and the final scheme has not yet been submitted to the Government.

Rewards for arrests.

6. It frequently happens that the highway robbers against whom these road policemen are specially intended to guard are notorious criminals, for whose arrest considerable rewards have been offered; and by common practice such rewards have been distributed among all the persons concerned in the apprehension of the offender. The informer was first provided for, and the balance was divided among the police, in proportion to their rank. These indiscriminate additions to police salaries from the public revenues have lately been prohibited, and rewards will henceforth usually be reserved for persons who by their efforts or intelligence assist the police in the discharge of their duties. The police have been given to understand that the offer of a general reward does not extend to them, and that they must not expect gratuities because in the course of their duty they have opportunities of arresting proclaimed offenders, unless the exceptional nature of the service renders it entitled to special consideration. Such instances do occasionally

occur, and rewards have ungrudgingly been bestowed for the destruction or apprehension of armed criminals, or for arrests achieved in circumstances where there was good reason to expect a desperate resistance.

Licenses to bear arms.

7. It can hardly be regarded as matter of surprise that proclaimed criminals should often be found armed in a country where the possession of arms without a license is a penal offence. No degree of strictness in enforcing the provisions of the Arms Act can ever wholly preclude the resolute dacoit from the chance of providing himself with weapons; and if he is not fastidious in his choice, any native state can supply him with a matchlock and a talwár. But a wise discretion in granting licenses is one very obvious precaution against arms falling into improper hands; and in June, 1875, the remarkable increase in the number of licenses, which had risen from 14,690 in 1872 to 17,152 in 1874, induced the Government to call the attention of magistrates to the principles on which they should be granted. These are, briefly, the approved loyalty or respectability of the applicant, where the privilege is sought chiefly as a mark of dignity, or, where purposes of amusement or protection are alleged, such circumstances as shall reasonably justify the application. Protection against savage beasts is rarely required; but licenses are not uncommonly granted to enable zemindars to protect their crops from wild pigs or deer.

Execution of capital sentences.

8. Another matter in which considerable diversity has hitherto prevailed is the execution of capital sentences. So long ago as 1856, the Chief Criminal Court of the North-Western Provinces suggested to the Government the general adoption of the practice obtaining in Agra and one or two other districts, by which executions were conducted in partial seclusion. The principle was accepted, but the measures necessary for giving effect to it were interrupted by the troubles of the next two years; the matter dropped out of sight, and public executions remained the rule, though in a

few districts the practice of partial seclusion continued to be followed. In April, 1875, the correspondence of 1856 was printed and published, with rules for the conduct of executions within enclosures, to which male adults of respectable appearance can be admitted on their own request, up to the number of three hundred. The construction of the enclosures will, of course, be a work of time, and the majority of jails are as yet unprovided with them; but every jail will be furnished with one before long, and as they are merely intended to serve the purpose of a permanent screen, they can be built at a comparatively trifling cost.

Political events.

9. The political calendar of the year contains only one event worthy of special record, and that rather for its interest than its importance. Even after the lapse of nearly twenty years, the Government still have occasionally to consider claims advanced on account of services rendered in 1857-58, and overlooked or inadequately recompensed in the general distribution of rewards. Such claims are usually unfounded or extravagant; but a real instance of unrewarded gallantry was discovered in the year under review. In the disturbance at Barrackpore in 1857, which afterwards obtained such grave significance as a premonition of the mutiny, the lives of two European officers, engaged in a hand-to-hand struggle with a single fanatic sepoy, were saved by the interposition of the only soldier of the regiment who would raise his hand in the defence of his superiors. Shaikh Paltu seized the mutineer by the waist, and, though severely wounded, did not let go his hold until the safety of the European officers was secured. He was promoted to be a havildár, but was soon obliged to take sick leave, and went to his native village in Hamírpur, where his influence was exerted to keep his people loyal through the troubled times that followed. He succeeded, and the family received a portion of the confiscated lands of the zemindar, who joined the rebels; and though the entire reward was not a great one, and the individual shares were inconsiderable, Shaikh Paltu made no further claim to recompense for sixteen years. In May, 1875, the village was visited by the settlement officer; Shaikh

Paltu's story became known in the course of the usual enquiries into the village history; his identity was established beyond doubt, and he received the grant of a havildár's pension, with arrears from the date of the disbandment of his regiment, as well as pay in that rank for the time spent on sick leave, with restoration to the order of merit, in the third class, which had been conferred upon him in 1857.

Hailstorm and floods.

10. The course of the agricultural year was interrupted in two districts by calamities of considerable extent. In the districts of Etáwah, Mainpuri, Farukhabad, and Sháhjahánpur a hailstorm passed over one hundred and twenty square miles of country and destroyed the spring crop. "The appearance," wrote the Collector of Sháhjahánpur, "is as if a gigantic mowingmachine had cut off the entire crop about three or four inches from the ground." But the general plenty enabled the zemindars to tide over their misfortune with the assistance of a loan of Rs. 5,000, without interest, from the Government. The calamity which befell the district of Allahabad was much more widespread and ruinous. On the last three days of July, 1875, the rainfall was unusually heavy; in the station of Allahabad no less than fifteen inches were recorded in a single night, and the combined rainfall of the three days averaged twenty-two inches all over the district. The district of Allahabad is intersected by three rivers, the Ganges, the Jumna, and the Tons. The Ganges, flowing for hundreds of miles through a level plain, is not liable to sudden floods, and even when in flood does not cause widely extended damage; but the Jumna receives a number of tributaries from the high lands of Central India, and the Tons is a mountain stream, which rises in the table-land of the Rewah state, and makes its way through rocky passes broken by deep falls to below Allahabad. The destruction caused by both of the latter rivers was great; but the Tons, with its furious current and sudden accession of waters, poured from the numberless ravines of Rewah, and forced back towards the high lands by the swollen Ganges, wrought far more havoc than its larger rival. The entire population of one hamlet, sixty-four souls, were swept

away from an eminence overlooking their village, to which they had fled for refuge as the traditional station of safety in the highest floods. It was estimated that the river rose sixty feet above its ordinary level. Fortunately, in the parts of the district traversed by the Tons, the population is comparatively scanty; but had the waters of the Jumna and Ganges, which overflowed their banks and flooded the city and station of Allahabad, been urged by the same impetuous current, a lamentable loss of life must have ensued. The confluence of the two great rivers, both in flood, and meeting with currents almost directly adverse, heaped up their waters to a height unknown before; they covered the low lands of the station, entered the city, and only by unceasing exertions were prevented from extending much further. The floods subsided everywhere as rapidly as they had risen; it was found that 772 villages had been destroyed or damaged, that 181 lives had been lost, and that 1,949 cattle and 826 sheep and swine had been drowned. The damage done was estimated at nearly fourteen lakhs. A liberal expenditure in charitable relief, or advances for cattle and seed-grain, was seen to be necessary; but the worst of the calamity was over when the floods subsided, and the bountiful spring harvest helped to repair the losses of the country people.

Sanitary aspect of the year.

Cholera at Aligarh.

11. The sanitary statistics of the year present nothing abnormal, but a few matters of practical interest deserve notice. Two outbreaks of cholera, which occurred in two different stations within a month of each other, illustrate the success which may reasonably be expected from prompt remedial and preventive measures, and the extreme difficulty which frequently attends such measures among a people who habitually neglect the most obvious sanitary precautions, and whose religious impulses periodically generate conditions the most favourable for the origin and spread of the disease. On the 9th of March a native non-commissioned officer, with a few sepoys, some women and children, and forty-two recruits, whom he was conducting from Nipal to join a Gurkha regiment, arrived at Aligarh, and

reported that one of his recruits had just died in the train, and that three others were seriously ill. The disease was found to be cholera, and immediate steps were taken for the segregation of the party, and the tending of the sick. As soon as was possible, a camp was provided three miles out of the station, the party was divided, and each camp was shifted from time to time. On the 15th of March the last case of cholera occurred, and on the 2nd of April the party were able to continue their journey in complete health. They lost five men from cholera during their stay in Aligarh.

At Benares.

12. The disease in this instance was of a virulent type. The cholera which broke out among the Benares pilgrims a month later was fortunately of a milder form. The 6th of April was a day hallowed by a solar eclipse, and for many previous days vast crowds of Hindus came flocking by road and by rail to the sacred city to bathe in the holy waters of the Ganges. Nearly half a million of people, it was estimated, thronged the river face on the auspicious day. By far the greater part of these were contributed by the neighbouring villages and towns, but a large number, known to be not less than fifty thousand, had come by rail from more distant parts; and when the festival was over they blocked up the railway station and poured themselves over the adjoining spaces, helplessly awaiting the means of transport. Sanitary arrangements were neither necessary in the opinion of these people nor immediately in the power of the authorities; and it was no more than natural that cholera, which had been flying about the city, should make its appearance among this vast crowd, squatted in hunger and weariness upon an exposed space, at a trying time of the year, and in disregard of the most necessary rules of cleanliness. What could be done, with temporary hospitals and the distribution of medicine, was done; the railway authorities exerted themselves to afford the pilgrims transport to their homes; and the disease fortunately showed no decided disposition to spread; yet three days passed before the crowd could be disposed of, and between the 5th and the 12th of April forty-one deaths occurred. The affair indicated the necessity of provision

against similar occasions; but the measures which have been taken belong to the history of 1876-77.

Fever in the Doáb.

13. The terrible suddenness and rapidity of cholera, and the uncertainty in which its origin and progress are involved, have caused it to be regarded as the especial scourge of India. But in truth its ravages in the most deadly years are far less extensive than those of fever; and the latter disease has a tendency, which cholera has not, to become endemic. In tracts of unreclaimed jungle and swamp, like those which extend along the foot of the Himalayas, this disease may always be looked for; but the causes of the fever which more than decimated parts of Meerut and Bulandshahr, long-settled and highly cultivated districts, were not so obvious. From the diagnosis of the disease caught by a party of European soldiers on their march through Bulandshahr, there seemed to be reason to suppose that the fever was of the typhoid kind; and an inquiry was instituted. The result was a general agreement that the disease was not typhoid but malarial fever, of a virulent character, traceable to defective drainage of lands soaked by filtration from the canals which intersect the face of the country in all directions. The extensive system of drainage which has been undertaken to remedy this evil has been mentioned in the introduction to the report of last year.

Leprosy in Kumaun.

14. The Doáb fever is distinctly local, but it sometimes happens that local effort can be made under peculiarly favourable conditions against a disease of general prevalence. In the province of Kumaun, which extends for more than 12,000 square miles over every variety of soil and climate, a missionary society have long maintained an asylum for lepers; and when, early in the year, the local Government were required by the Government of India to collect facts relating to the causation and distribution of leprosy, it appeared that advantage might be taken of the unique conditions of Kumaun to institute a continuous system of investigation and treatment under a special officer. The design in this shape was ultimately abandoned; but an experiment

was begun, and is still going on, of a special form of treatment, assisted by the Government with funds and the requisite medical establishment, and by the erection of a second asylum, so as to ensure the separation of the sexes.

Provincial department of agriculture and commerce.

15. The creation of the provincial department of agriculture and commerce, the conference held at Allahabad in March, 1875, for devising a common scheme of trade registration in the provinces of the Bengal presidency, and the experiments made or contemplated in tobacco and sericulture, were briefly noticed in the introduction to last year's report; and the year 1875-76 has been taken up in preparatory and subsidiary measures for the development of these objects, the results of which it will be for future years to show. Lines of registration posts have been established, the relative shares of the cost of frontier posts have been determined by the local Governments concerned, and arrangements have been made with the railway authorities for obtaining the statistics of rail-borne goods. Tobacco-curing has been begun under the direction of a skilled curer from Virginia, and though the scale of operations is as yet exceedingly small, the results have been encouraging. In sericulture no advance can be recorded; unforeseen difficulties have arisen in finding suitable silk-reelers in Japan; and the further history of the experiment belongs to 1876-77.

Agricultural distress in Bundelkhand.

16. In the peculiar province of the department, the collection and systematization of agricultural statistics, the first steps have been taken by revising the functions of the hereditary revenue officers, called kánúngos, and making them really useful in the maintenance of our modern system of agricultural records. The patwáris, or village accountants, are to be trained to keep their books up to date by noting changes in holdings and cultivation: a practice which, if regularly maintained, will not only save much time, labour, and expense in the periodical revisions of the land assessment, but may give material assistance in obviating the hardship which arises when an assessment

originally fair has been rendered inequitable by natural calamities. A striking illustration of the latter contingency is afforded at present by many parts of Bundelkhand. A weed, known by the name of *káns*, which sends out roots of extraordinary length, and spreads with great rapidity, has converted large areas of cultivation into unprofitable wastes covered with long coarse grass. The impoverished zemindárs, with their poor and scanty cattle, diminished in number by late years of murrain, are unequal to the task of ploughing out the *káns*, and in too many instances have been forced to abandon their fields and seek new homes in the adjoining native states. For some time attempts were made to meet individual cases of hardship by special recommendations of relief, but it was obviously impossible to continue dealing with an important general question in this desultory fashion, and in January, 1876, the Government deputed an officer to investigate the condition of those tracts of the Jhánsi district from which complaints were loudest. The result of his inquiries will find a place in the report of next year.

Iron mines of Kumaun.

17. An industrial enterprise has been undertaken in order to set at rest the doubts that have prevailed as to the mineral resources of the lower Himalayas in British territory. For twenty years the existence of iron ores, capable of profitable working, in the Kumaun hills has been asserted, but whether the fault lie in their inherent poverty, or in the want of sufficient enterprise and capital, it cannot be said that the mines, which have for some time been in the possession of a company, have ever been so worked as to yield an encouraging return. The local Government resolved to assume the management of them for a term of three years, by an agreement with the company, on the condition of restoring them with undiminished value at the end of that time, or at an intermediate date after six months' notice. A grant of Rs. 50,000 was given to put the furnaces and works in order, an officer of the Public Works Department was entrusted with the operations, and all the expenses were to be defrayed from the provincial revenues. The consent of the

Government of India was obtained to this project, and the first advance of Rs. 20,000 was made at the end of 1875. The operations will be confined to the manufacture of cast-iron and castings, and there is good reason to hope that they may succeed.

Municipal administration.

18. Municipal administration in 1875-76 presented little that was novel. The municipalities were eighty-one, with a combined income of Rs. 23,17,534, and expenditure of Rs. 20,14,928, besides reserves amounting to Rs. 3,02,606. The ways in which these funds are usually laid out, in guarding, cleaning, and paving the streets, in drainage works, and in public buildings, have been indicated in previous reports; but some of the most important principles asserted during the year under review may be briefly recapitulated. The relative rights of the Government and municipalities in lands which, from various causes, have become the property of the State, but of which municipalities are in actual possession, were defined by a distinction between usufruct, which was enjoyed by the municipalities, and ownership, which enables the Government to resume the lands as occasion requires, without liability for compensation. The price of such lands, when sold for the benefit of the municipality by the consent of the Government, is required by existing rules to be invested, or expended on permanently reproductive works; and in 1875-76 Commissioners were granted discretionary powers to sanction the latter form of expenditure, which had hitherto required the approval of the Government. The right of municipalities to assistance in maintaining imperial or provincial roads within their limits was acknowledged, but without disturbing the actual practice in individual cases. Certain sanitary rules which had been adopted by many municipalities against the contingency of epidemic sickness were cancelled as vague and impracticable; and a system of ensuring the accurate registration of births and deaths, which had been successfully tried in one municipality, was commended to the rest.

Towns under Act XX. of 1856.

19. There were 318 towns which paid for their police and conservancy, and carried on a few small public works, out of the proceeds of a

property tax. Some of these places are very small, and have to draw upon the district contingent of village police to eke out the force supplied by their own funds. It was ruled that there was no objection to this, provided that the town funds were not aided, at the expense of the provincial revenues, in supporting a burden which they could really bear themselves.

Educational policy.

20. In the Education Department the year has not been marked by any innovations, but attention has been recalled to some recognised principles which had been forgotten. The reforms indicated in reviewing the educational history of the previous year belong properly, in their execution, to the year 1876-77; but a few measures of more immediate effect may be recorded here.

Examination of education officers in the vernacular.

21. Great importance has long been attached both by the Home and Indian Governments to a knowledge of the vernacular languages by educational officers, and, in accordance with repeated instructions, rules have been framed and an examination has been made obligatory on all such officers within a certain time from the date of their appointment; but no care was taken to insist on the fulfilment of this condition in individual cases, and it was not till very recently that the Government incidentally became aware that the rules had to a great extent remained a dead-letter, so that there was, in fact, "no guarantee whatever that officers employed in the education of the people, some of whom are mainly engaged in inspecting and examining boys in vernacular schools, have any adequate knowledge of the language of the pupils and scholars whom they are expected to teach and report upon." All officers who had not yet passed the examination were required to do so within a year, and the recurrence of such an oversight was rendered impossible by a rule which made proficiency in the vernacular languages, by the prescribed test, a necessary condition of all promotion or increase of pay.

Grants-in-aid.

22. The annual grant-in-aid budget afforded an opportunity of recalling the principles on which the Government consents to

afford assistance to private schools. Considerable laxity was found to prevail in the application of the grant-in-aid rules; a stricter observance of those rules was enjoined for the future, and the managers of schools were informed that the prescribed conditions would be insisted upon.

Girls' medical school, Bareilly.

23. An experiment which, though it proved a failure, was not destitute of interest, came to a close with the year 1875-76. For some years past a medical school for native girls has been maintained by the bounty of a native gentleman in Bareilly, the principal city of Rohilkhand. Upon his decease, the enterprise was taken up by several native gentlemen, who were prepared to furnish a portion of the funds required, and it became necessary for the Government to decide whether the State should undertake the remainder of the expense. The advice of the officers best qualified to express an opinion was asked for, and it was decided that the school should be closed. The reasons which led to this decision may be given in the words of the Civil Surgeon of Bareilly, who had taken a warm interest in the school, and the greatest share in its management, for many years:—"Native prejudices regarding the sex hamper the pupils at every step. If they go out into the world unmarried they are looked down upon, and all sorts of difficulties arise as to whom they are to live with. On the other hand, if they are married, the chances are the husband will insist on their being engaged entirely on household duties, and will object to their pursuing the calling for which they have been fitting themselves." These words, in the sense of which the other officers unanimously concurred, left the Government no alternative but to decline the offers of local assistance, and abandon an experiment which was unsuitable to the people for whose benefit it was intended.

Education of indigent European and Eurasian children.

24. Practical measures have been taken for the education of indigent European and Eurasian children. This question dates from the beginning of 1874, when the

Government of India, after a special inquiry, demanded the opinion of the several local Governments. Sir John Strachey at first contemplated the establishment of primary schools to teach in sound English the elements of reading, writing, and arithmetic, the Government undertaking to meet what balance of expenditure remained after crediting the proceeds of voluntary contributions and the fees which parents were to pay according to their means. It was found, however, that new schools were not required. A system of individual assistance was accordingly adopted; magistrates were authorised to grant monthly subsidies, up to Rs. 4 a month per child, to parents whose circumstances absolutely precluded them from giving their children elementary education. It is obvious that this system, if not administered with strictness, is liable to abuse, either by affording unnecessary relief or by interference with public or private charity. To guard against this, the lists of children whose schooling is paid by the State are periodically scrutinised, and the most careful supervision of the system has been enjoined upon magistrates. In Benares a special school has been opened; in Agra, Meerut, and Cawnpore existing schools suffice; and in Allahabad no cost will be incurred by the Government, as an aided free school in the city meets all the requirements of the place.

Scientific education.

25. In reviewing the education report of 1872-73, Sir John Strachey expressed his conviction of the importance and utility of a course of physical science, as eminently calculated to develop those habits of close and accurate observation in which Indian scholars are so much wanting. A chair of physics has been established in the Central College at the seat of Government, and apparatus for lectures and experiments has been procured from England; and for the other colleges also similar apparatus has been provided on a smaller scale. It is too early yet to judge of the results, but a disposition to elect the scientific rather than the literary course for the degree of B. A. has generally manifested itself, and will probably increase with the increasing facilities of scientific instruction. Sir John Strachey's opinion of the relative merits of the two

courses was expressed as follows in reviewing the education reports of 1873-74 and 1874-75:—"For ordinary Indian students no branch of study is so little likely to be useful as metaphysics. * * * Of all branches of knowledge physical science is the most important in itself, and the most bracing to the native mind. * * * So long as the study of physical science remains comparatively secondary, there will be danger of confounding teaching with education, and of substituting for the precise training of the scientific method the colour and grace of mere scholastic acquirements." Students electing the scientific course enjoy the same advantages as arts students, with regard to scholarships; and, generally, the two courses have been placed on a footing of complete equality.

Vernacular schools.

26. While these efforts have been made to open a new line of high education, the elementary schools have gone on increasing, and are now 3,810, attended by 129,393 boys. Only a portion of this large number of schools are accommodated in houses built for that purpose; most of them are held in hired houses, or buildings provided free by the village landlords; but schools are built wherever funds can be raised or spared, and it seemed advisable to prescribe a uniform pattern and scale of expenditure by which these isolated efforts could be guided. Two standard plans were framed by the Public Works Department, of schools to hold fifty and sixty boys respectively, the former to cost Rs. 270, the latter Rs. 289; and these, it is hoped, will ensure not only uniformity of design, but goodness of workmanship, to all elementary schools to be built hereafter. For the next grade of schools also—town and tahsíli schools—standard plans have been provided. A town school for fifty boys can be built for Rs. 1,623, and schools to hold eighty and one hundred and twenty boys will cost Rs. 2,387 and Rs. 3,131 respectively.

Benches of magistrates.

27. The constitution of benches of honorary magistrates, to relieve the official magistracy of petty cases, was noticed in the introduction to last year's report. The subject is one which falls

more properly within the year now under review, for it was not till August, 1875, that the rules for the guidance of these judicial benches were published. They are, briefly, as follows: The number of magistrates present at a sitting is not to be more than three or less than two; adjournments may be made; the chairman shall be the magistrate of highest powers present, or, when all have equal powers, the magistrate of oldest standing, but the magistrate of the district may appoint an occasional or permanent chairman, at his discretion; the chairman shall conduct the proceedings of the court; the finding and sentence shall follow the opinion of the majority, the prisoner getting the benefit of the doubt when opinions on the finding are equally divided, and the chairman's opinion prevailing in cases where there is no majority of opinion regarding the sentence. No bench can take cognizance of any offence committed by a European British subject or a public servant.

Division of the functions of the Revenue Board.

28. An important change has been made in the individual functions of the members of the Board of Revenue. Until June, 1875, they used to hold concurrent charge of the duties of their office, apportioning them territorially or otherwise by mutual arrangement, but for the most part exercising combined control and retaining common responsibility. It appeared to His Honour that this system was less adapted to ensure decision and rapidity of work than the system obtaining in Bengal, where each member has his own departments, to be administered by him throughout the entire extent of the province, without, however, foregoing the advantage of his colleague's advice in cases where such assistance is required. The Board of Revenue were consulted on the proposed change, and expressed themselves as doubtful of its advisability, on three grounds—the loss of counsel in important questions, the actual deliberative rather than executive character of the Board, and the difficulty of extending personal supervision over the entire area of the province. These objections were not considered as sufficiently weighty to preclude the change, which was accordingly made, and has been attended with excellent results. The division of work which has been effected

may generally be described as the assignment of those departments to the senior member which are immediately concerned with the land revenue proper, while the junior member undertakes the other branches of revenue, provincial and imperial, as local cesses, excise, and stamps, and such miscellaneous work as the supervision of Government litigation, the acquisition of land for public purposes, and the management of estates in the Court of Wards. No change has been made in the procedure by which the Board's judicial work, largely increased by the recent land Acts, has hitherto been disposed of.

Record fund.

29. Among minor measures of organisation may be mentioned the re-constitution of the record-room establishments in the courts of magistrates, collectors, and judges. The subject is one which was long ago forced upon the notice of the Government by frequent applications for assistance in the weeding and arranging of records, which in some districts had accumulated till they became unmanageable. It was impossible to deal with each instance on its single merits, or to allow the provision allotted for a district to be determined by the number of its demands; and it was believed that magistrates and collectors would be more careful to economise labour by keeping arrears in check if they had to find the funds for it from their own local resources. Statistics were collected of the actual cost of record-room establishments in the district executive courts, and the district receipts from copying fees were compared with an estimated scale of the amount of copying which could ordinarily be done by a single copyist in a year; and from these data a scheme of establishments was fixed for every district, and made a charge upon the district income from copies and other miscellaneous sources. The High Court introduced the same system into judges' courts, and the sanction of the Government of India was obtained to forming a special or 'appropriated' fund out of the combined income, the yearly surplus of which, after paying the attendant charges, accumulates for the benefit of the provincial Government. The receipts of 1875-76 have been

Rs. 43,600, and the expenditure Rs. 27,100; and both may be expected to increase, but the income will increase more than the expenditure.

Departmental reports.

30. A saving of time, labour, and expense will be gained by the changes made in the style of departmental reports, in obedience to the suggestions of the Secretary of State, which were communicated to the local Government in the beginning of the year. While it was not found possible to do away with any of the annual departmental reports, or to assign a maximum number of pages, the principles which should govern the composition of these reports were clearly laid down, and the tendency which had manifested itself of late years to unnecessary volume and diffuseness was checked. The two main objects of annual reports were defined to be the complete history, for administrative purposes, of the year's operations, and the permanent record of facts and statistics. The first object is satisfied by comparative analysis and the explanation of abnormal results; the latter is especially important in a country like India, where the changes of public officers are frequent, where the public memory is short, and where daily contact with a higher civilization is ever suggesting new expedients, and shifting the forms and modes of administration to suit the varying demands and capabilities of the hour. Accurate facts and figures, so far as in India accuracy can be attained, with concise and intelligent criticism, which may serve as a trustworthy and easily accessible record of the experience and working of past years, condensed within reasonable compass, will in future be looked to as the characteristics required of all the annual reports furnished by heads of departments to the Government.

Vernacular press.

31. For some years the Government has assisted a number of vernacular newspapers by taking copies for distribution in the schools. The newspapers thus aided in 1874 were twenty-eight, of which 1,329 copies were taken, at an annual cost of Rs. 11,559. Some of these papers were almost wholly dependent on State aid, and were by no means so well informed

or ably conducted as to deserve it; while others of higher pretensions were not infrequently objectionable on account of their moral or social or political tone. The Government subscription list was accordingly revised, and assistance was restricted to seven newspapers, of approved merit, of which 470 copies are now taken, at a yearly cost of Rs. 4,080. The number of magazines taken for circulation in the schools was at the same time reduced from nine to seven. Very few of these publications can be said to be wholly unobjectionable, but they are useful as vehicles of information, such as it is, and as a means of keeping alive a spirit of interest in public questions.

Minor measures.

32. It may be useful to enumerate some of the minor points of internal administration with which the Government have been occupied during the year. Rules have been framed for the treatment of cases of alluvion and diluvion in the permanently settled districts, for procedure in the acquisition of land for public purposes, and for guidance in awarding compensation, for the management of estates under the Court of Wards, for making partitions of lands between joint owners, for the appointment and duties of kánúngos, for ensuring the recognition of habitual criminals, and instructing magistrates how to deal with them, for furnishing reports to the military and civil authorities in time of epidemic cholera, and for the custody of lunatics under temporary medical observation preparatory to final disposal. The scale of camp equipage for every executive officer of the Government has been revised and determined. Definite principles, and a regular course of procedure, have been prescribed for the submission to the Government of projects in the Department of Public Works. The list of private subscriptions received by the Government for public objects—schools, dispensaries, and other charitable purposes—has been revised, and care has been taken to assert the distinctly voluntary character of these contributions.

Civil Administration Committee.

33. Measures of re-organization and reform, much more comprehensive and important than any of the above, have followed the labours of the committee which was appointed in the early part of the year to suggest improvements in the departmental working of the various branches of the administration; but as these did not assume their final shape till late in 1876, the account must be reserved for next year's report.

PART II.

CHAPTER I.

Physical and Political Geography.

PHYSICAL FEATURES OF THE COUNTRY, AREA, CLIMATE, AND CHIEF STAPLES.

POLITICAL.

HISTORICAL SUMMARY.

FORM OF ADMINISTRATION.

CHARACTER OF LAND TENURES. SYSTEM OF SURVEY AND SETTLEMENTS.

CIVIL DIVISIONS OF THE BRITISH TERRITORY. DETAILS OF THE LAST CENSUS. TRIBES AND LANGUAGE.

For the above, see pages 39 to 58 of Administration Report for 1872-73.

CHANGES IN THE ADMINISTRATION.

See para. 1 of General Summary.

RELATIONS WITH TRIBUTARY STATES AND FRONTIER AFFAIRS.

There is nothing that deserves special notice under this head.

CHAPTER II.

Administration of the Land.*

1.—Surveys.

Two districts only remain under survey, Moradabad and Bánda. In the former, the Ganges khadir of pargana Hasanpur has been purposely left until the season of 1876-77, in order that the survey may immediately precede the settlement officer's inspection. It will be finished in the present cold season. The survey of Bánda will most probably occupy another two years.

The progress in survey is shown below. It represents the work of the Revenue Survey Department, there being now no survey going on under the charge of the settlement officer :—

District.	Area surveyed during year.	Remaining.
Moradabad	535,454	96,000
Agra	185,952	...
Bánda	391,169	1,127,606
Hamírpur	155,364	...
Azamgarh	134,399	...
Total ...	1,402,338	1,223,606

The survey of the permanently-settled parganas in Azamgarh, which was commenced in the previous year, was completed last season. The question of making a cadastral survey of the other permanently-settled districts is for the present in abeyance.

* The year referred to in the first two sections of this Chapter is the settlement year, from June, 1875, to June, 1876.

2.—Settlement.

Inspection.

The area inspected for assessment purposes during the year was 2,136,282 acres, of which 1,611,368 acres are in districts under professional survey, and 524,914 acres in districts the measurements of which were carried out by the Settlement Department. In the districts under professional survey, inspection work cannot be begun until the maps have been supplied to settlement officers by the Survey Department. During the year, the area for which maps were furnished was 2,139,985 acres.

Progress in inspection work.

The following table shows the progress in inspection work up to the 30th June, 1876 :—

District.	Area surveyed.	Area for which maps have been supplied.	Area inspected.			Percentage of column 6 to column 3.
			In past year.	During year.	Total.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Aligarh ...	1,252,707	1,252,707	1,252,707	...	1,252,707	100
Tarai (Kashipur)	121,367	121,367	...	121,367	121,367	100
Moradabad ...	1,431 640	1,287,223	565,000	298,521	863,521	67
Muttra ...	1,043,091	1,043,091	638,438	262,797	901,235	86
Agra ...	1,191,994	1,016 838	486,898	287,583	774,481	76
Cawnpore ...	1,495,720	1,495,720	1,313,744	181,976	1,495,720	100
Fatehpur ...	1,044,202	1,044,202	810,468	233,734	1,044,202	100
Bánda ...	813,370	613,994	1,382	269,928	271,310	44
Hamírpur ...	1,517,360	1,489,022	645,522	371,172	1,016,694	68
Allahabad ...	1,848,835	1,848,835	1,739,631	109,204	1,848,835	100
Azamgarh ...	1,627,040	1,504,945	1,371,777	...	1,371,777	91
Total ...	13,387,326	12,717,939	8,825,567	2,136,282	10,961,849	86

The inspection of pargana Kashipur has been finished, as also that of the remaining parganas in Cawnpore, Fatehpur, and Allahabad. Inspection work in Azamgarh was completed

last year. In the remaining districts, Bánda excepted, more than half the available area has been inspected, while in Muttra and Agra not much remains to be done. The settlement work is rather behind the survey in Bánda. It is probable that many of the maps were received at a late period of the year. *In Fatehpur, Cawnpore, and Allahabad, the year's* work completed the inspection of the district.

Assessment.

Fair progress has been made in assessment in all the districts with the exception of Agra, Bánda, and Hamírpur.

Progress in assessment work.

The following table shows the progress in assessment work up to the close of 1875-76. The names of those parganas the assessments of which were declared within the year are shown in *italics* :—

District.	Parganas assessed.	Fiscal results of assessment			Parganas remaining to be assessed.
		Old revenue	New revenue	Increase or decrease.	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Tarai	None	...	..	...	Káshipur.
Mutt-Moradabad.	Moradabad ...	2,02,254	2,58,784	+56,530	Sambhal.
	Thákurdwára ...	1,81,912	1,82,521	+609	Hasanpur.
	Bilari	2,46,527	3,38,556	+92,029	Amroha.
	Sadabad ...	2,86,811	3,16,161	+29,350	Cháta.
	Mahában ...	2,88,262	3,20,800	+32,538	Kosí.
	Muttra ...	2,15,289	2,50,142	+34,853	Mát.
Agra.		...	...	...	Itimádpur.
		3,04,122	3,71,800	+67,678	Firozabad.
		...	...	...	Pináhat.
		...	...	...	Fatehabad.
	Jalesar ...	...	...	...	Irádatnagar.
		...	...	...	Agra.
		...	...	...	Fatehpur Síkri.
		...	...	...	Farah.
		...	...	...	Khairagarh.
Cawnpore.	Bilhaur ...	1,89,147	1,94,110	+4,963	Ghátampur.
	Shiurájpur ...	2,74,396	2,74,195	−201	
	Jájmau ...	2,84,226	2,61,880	−22,346	
	Rasúlabad ...	1,91,557	1,95,750	+4,193	
	Akbarpur ...	2,09,424	2,22,675	+13,251	
	Sárh Salímpur ...	2,35,481	2,27,415	−8,066	
	Derapur ...	1,21,548	1,39,240	+17,692	
	Sikandra ...	1,32,692	1,38,735	+6,043	
	Bhognipur ...	1,89,848	2,11,580	+21,732	

District.	Parganas assessed.	Fiscal results of assessment.			Parganas remaining to be assessed.
		Old revenue	New revenue.	Increase or decrease.	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Fatehpur.	Fatehpur ...	1,79,880	1,72,760	−7,120	Hathgaon.
	Haswa ...	1,16,189	1,13,890	−2,299	Kotila.
	Bindkí ...	92,765	86,630	−6,135	Ekdala.
	Tappa Jár ...	1,11,591	94,270	−17,321	Dhata.
	Kutia Gunír ...	77,155	73,781	−3,374	
	Kora ...	2,03,995	1,92,370	−11,625	
	Gházipur ...	1,08,871	97,730	−11,141	
	Muttaur ...	67,762	60,640	−7,122	
	Ayá Sáh ...	41,613	40,338	−1,275	
Bánda.	None	...	...	...	Bánda.
		...	...	...	Pailání.
		...	...	...	Sihonda.
		...	...	...	Badausa.
		...	...	...	Augasi
		...	...	...	Darsenda.
		...	...	...	Tarhawan.
		...	...	...	Chibu.
Hamírpur.	None	...	...	...	Hamírpur.
		...	...	...	Sumerpur.
		...	...	...	Jalálpur.
		...	...	...	Kâth.
		...	...	...	Panwári Jaitpur.
		...	...	...	Mahoba.
		...	...	...	Maudha.
Allahabad.	Karra	1,65,912	2,04,140	+38,228	Khairágarh, and 8 villages of the Mirzapur District.
	Karári ...	92,191	1,37,337	+45,146	
	Atharban ...	1,01,969	1,00,647	−1,322	
	Nawábganj ...	88,293	1,06,940	+18,647	
	Soraon ...	1,2 ,550	1,71,40	+4 ,856	
	Cháil ...	2,00,378	3,20,632	+1,20,254	
	Mirzapur Chauhári	18,977	23,765	+4,788	
	Sikandra ...	1,32,211	1,58,607	+26,396	
	Jhúsi	1,04,294	1,42,087	+37,793	
	Arail	2,24,826	2,65,660	+40,834	
	Kiwái	1,51,877	1,65,780	+13,903	
	Mah	1,39,780	1,51,482	+11,702	
	Barah	1,40,989	1,30,550	−10 439	
Azamgarh.	Deogaon ...	1,18,682	1,25,687	+7,005	
	Belhábáns ...	39,937	45,0 7	+5,150	
	Bela and Daulatabad	90,032	1,13,242	+23,210	
	Nizámabad ...	2,17,751	2,93,601	+75,850	
	Máhul ...	1,63,637	1,99,706	+36,069	
	Kauria ...	36,744	44,649	+7,905	
	Atraulia ...	81,526	94,740	+13,214	
	Sagri ...	1,25,741	1,50,528	+24,787	
	Gopálpur ...	29,014	35,301	+6,287	
	Ghosi ...	93,973	1,12,681	+18,708	
	Muhammadabad ...	1,62,529	1,99,533	+37,004	
	Maunath Bhanjan	11,667	14,451	+2,784	
	Chiria Kot ...	43,919	53,414	+9,495	
	Kirait Mithu ...	13,935	16,086	+2,151	
	Náthupur ...	33,095	39,010	+5,915	
	Total ...	74,98,746	84,53,496	+10,64,536 −1,09,786	

Fiscal results.

The result of the assessments declared during the year has been an increase of Rs. 2,11,378 to the land revenue.

Mapping.

The progress in mapping made during the year by the Survey Department is shown in the following table :—

District	Number of villages.	Number of sheets or village plans.	Number of sheets printed.	Number of sheets remaining to be printed.
Tarai (Kashipur) ...	181	310	...	310
Moradabad ...	2,846	3,763	193	3,570
Muttra ...	726	1,669	396	1,273
Agra ...	1,462	3,002	696	2,306
Bánda ...	434	1,352	...	1,352
Hamírpur ...	945	2,950	424	2,526
Azamgarh ...	755	916	...	916
Total ...	7,349	13,962	1,709	12,253

Little has been done, because the establishment necessary and the plans required for the work have not yet been got together. It is expected that the arrangements will be completed in January next, and an annual outturn of 3,200 sheets in editions of 50 each may be then expected.

The mapping work under the immediate supervision of the Board of Revenue relates to the three districts of Farukhabad, Etáwah, and Etah ; and the subjoined table shows what has been done towards tracing and lithographing the maps of these three districts up to the present time :—

District.	Number of villages of which maps are required.	Number of maps traced.	Number of maps sent to Press to be lithographed.	Number of maps printed.	*Number remaining.*	
					To be traced.	To be printed.
Farukhabad...	1,789	1,201	1,009	992	588	797
Etáwah ...	1,542	680	650	514	862	1,028
Etah ...	1,527	1,082	873	862	445	665
Total ...	4,858	2,963	2,532	2,368	1,895	2,490

The expenditure in tracing in the Board's office has been Rs. 10,068, being at the rate of Rs. 3-6-5 per map (notsheet).

In Aligarh, Mainpuri, Cawnpore, Allahabad, and Fatehpur, the maps have been drawn on transfer paper by the settlement officers. The progress made in these districts has been as follows :—

District.	Number of villages of which maps are required.	Number of maps traced.	Number of maps sent to Government Press to be lithographed.	Number of maps printed.	*Number remaining.*	
					To be traced.	To be printed.
Aligarh ...	1,809	894	894	453	915	1,356
Mainpuri ...	1,433	982	982	982	451	451
Cawnpore ...	2,088	748	711	648	1,340	1,440
Fatehpur ...	1,626	1,626	1,626	958	...	668
Allahabad ...	3,987	2,536	2,745	2,225	1,451	1,762
Total ...	10,943	6,786	6,958	5,326	4,157	5,677

Progress has been impeded both in the Board's and the settlement offices by the necessity of re-tracing maps which had been kept in the Press until the ink dried. The maps were traced faster than they could be printed with the means at the disposal of the Press. The number of presses has now been increased, and the work is going on satisfactorily. The maps are lithographed in editions of twenty-five copies.

Records.

The records are the khasra, the jummabandi, the khewat, and the wajib-ul-arz. The results of the year's work have been as follows :—

Of the khasras there remain—

to be prepared in rough, 16 per cent., against 19 per cent. last year.
to be faired „ 42 „ 60 „ „
to be copied „ 49 „ 53 „ „

Of the jummabandis there remain—

to be prepared in rough, 11 per cent., against 36 per cent. last year.
to be attested „ 21 „ 42 „ „
to be faired „ 51 „ 70 „ „
to be copied „ 53 „ 67 „ „

Of the khewat there remain—

to be prepared in rough, 20 per cent., against 34 per cent.
to be faired „ 53 „ 69 „
to be copied „ 59 „ 79 „

Of the wajib-ul-arz there remain—

to be prepared in rough,	18	per cent.,	against	37	per cent.	last year.
to be faired	„	56	„	65	„	„
to be copied	„	62	„	76	„	„

Settlements closed within the year.

The settlement of the following parganas was declared to be closed, by notification under section 37, Act XIX. of 1873, during the year:—

District.	Pargana or tahsíl.	Date of closing of settlement.
Aligarh ...	Háthras ...	2nd October, 1875.
	Mursán ...	„
	Sikandra Rao ...	„
	Akrabad ...	„
Bareilly ...	Ballia ...	21st February, 1876.
	Sarauli ...	„
	Farídpur ...	„
	Karor ...	„
	Saneha ...	„
	Aonla ...	„
	Mírganj ...	„
	Kabar ...	„
	Sirsawan ...	„
	Nawábganj ...	„
	Bísalpur ...	„
	Chaumahla ...	„
	Púranpur ...	„
Cawnpore ...	Bilhaur ...	14th October, 1875.
	Akbarpur ...	4th February, 1876.
Fatehpur ...	Fatehpur ...	6th July, 1875.
	Haswa ...	„
Allahabad ...	Karra ...	„
	Karári ...	„
	Atharban ...	„
Azamgarh ...	Deogaon ...	14th October, 1875.
	Belha Bans ...	„
	Nizámabad ...	„
	Máhul ...	„
	Kauria ...	„
	Atraulia ...	„
	Sagri ...	„
	Gopálpur ...	„
	Kiriat Mithu ...	„
	Chiriákot ...	„

3.—Waste Lands.*

The sales of waste lands effected in the revenue year 1874-75 were very small, the total price paid being only Rs. 815. The table below shows the progress made in realizing

* The year referred to in the remaining sections of chapter II. is the revenue year—from October, 1875, to October, 1876.

the purchase-money on account of waste lands sold up to the year 1874-75 :—

District.	Sale price.	Realized.	Balance.	Interest realized.
	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dehra Dún	77,013	74,865	2,148	41,678
Saháranpur	31,426	31,426	...	...
Kumaun	34,808	34,119	689	749
Garhwál	17,067	17,067	...	375
Bijnor	70,739	70,739	...	22,357
Bareilly	4,787	4,787	...	...
Gorakhpur	49,992	49,992	...	3,713
Total ...	2,85,332	2,82,995	2,837	68,872

Measures have been taken for the speedy recovery of the balance due in Dehra Dún.

4.—Court of Wards.

The operations of the Court of Wards throughout the North-Western Provinces are gradually and steadily extending. There were 75 estates (against 67 of the previous year) under its charge during the year—scattered over 22 districts of the province, and yielding gross receipts of upwards of 16½ lakhs. The details marginally noted show that in the majority of cases the estates are held in trust for minors : and this is perhaps of all classes of cases the most deserving of the Court's attention. No cases under clauses *c.* and *f.* of section 194 of Act XIX. of 1873 (idiots and convicts) have as yet been borne on the Court's roll.

Females ...	7
Minors ...	47
Lunatics ...	7
Otherwise incapable	2
Disqualified on application ...	9
Mortgaged to Government ...	3

The percentage of collections on demands was 88, but this proportion is vitiated by the inclusion of arrears for past years. The percentage of actual collections on the current demand for 1874-75 is shown to be 93, a fact which speaks well for the management of the estates in the several districts and for the Court's supervision. The land revenue, a primary charge on all landed estates, was paid up in full except in five cases.*

*Chirgaon.
Bánpur.
Rajwara.
Sarai Bharat.
Rámpur.

The land revenue demand fell at something under 50 per cent. of rental assets in assessed land ; but while, as a general

average, this percentage goes far to prove the equitable incidence of the demand, the individual details* are found to vary considerably. Jhánsi (at present the subject of special enquiry) stands first in high proportion of revenue to rental; Benares with its permanent settlement stands at the bottom of the list; Rohilkhand and Meerut are below the average, while Agra and Allahabad are above it.

*Division.	Per cent.
Meerut ...	45
Rohilkhand ...	49
Agra ...	56
Jhánsi ...	66
Allahabad ...	61
Benares ...	36

The average cost of management for the year under review was 4·26 per cent. on ordinary income (rental and interest on investments), against 4·85 of the preceding year. This is certainly a very small proportion, in view of the advantages enjoyed by the proprietors from the Court's management. Here again, however, individual percentages exhibit great discrepancies: the highest being 47·8, with a net income, however, of only Rs. 26, and an expenditure on management of Rs. 12-6-0. In three† other estates only—all of a fairly large size—does the percentage of cost exceed 10.

†Har Lal ...	13·6
Barwa Khurd ...	13·3
Katahra ...	10·4

It is satisfactory to observe the small amount of litigation between the Court as managers and the tenantry, the liberal advances in the form of takávi to distressed cultivators, and the judicious expenditure on permanent and profitable improvements. It is in regard to points of this kind that the beneficial effect of the Court's influence will be most felt when the various estates have passed out of its charge.

The prosperous financial position of the estates is also matter of satisfaction. Of the 75 under the charge of the Court during the year of report, 55 were at the outset encumbered with debts to the amount of over 37 lakhs. At the close of the year 16 had been entirely cleared, while on the remaining 39 the amount due was only 22¼ lakhs. The question of the propriety of advancing loans from the surplus profits of one estate to clear off the debts of another (and of the rate of interest to be charged in such transactions) is under the consideration of the Government.

5.—Government Estates.

Besides the Taráí parganas, the Kumaun Bhábar, the Chilkia Ilaka, and the Dudhi Tappas, for which see pages 11 and 12 of the Administration Report of 1874-45, there were at the commencement of the year under report 146 revenue-paying maháls, or shares in maháls, in the proprietary possession of the Government, as shown in the following table:-

Division.	District.	Number of properties.	Annual revenue.	Number disposed of.	Annual revenue of properties disposed of.
			Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Meerut ...	Saháranpur ...	6	217 8 4	...	...
	Muzaffarnagar	13	138 14 7	...	...
	Meerut ...	2	628 12 3	...	...
	Aligarh ...	2	486 13 9	...	...
Rohilkhand	Bijnor ...	21	2,563 6 6	18	1,646 2 0
	Moradabad ...	26	9,707 9 0	1	700 0 0
	Bareilly ...	19	1,771 0 0	1	37 8 0
Agra ...	Farukhabad ...	1	400 0 0	...	...
Jhánsi ...	Jhánsi ...	1	300 0 0	1	300 0 0
	Lalitpur ...	11	1,230 5 3	...	...
Allahabad	Bánda ...	3	1,491 12 0	...	...
	Allahabad ...	23	8,362 1 0	...	..
	Hamírpur ...	15	5,407 12 3	...	...
	Fatehpur ...	1	147 0 0	...	...
Kumaun ...	Kumaun ...	2	313 0 0	...	...
	Total ...	146	33,165 14 11	21	2,683 10 0

Of these 146 properties, assessed to a revenue of Rs. 33,165-14-11, ninety had been confiscated for rebellion, one had been forfeited by order of a criminal court, twenty-seven had escheated to the Crown, eleven were assessed jungle plots, two had been acquired by ordinary purchase, ten had been bought in at sales for arrears of revenue, three were old ownerless villages, and two were properties inherited by the British from former Governments.

During the year, twenty of these properties, paying a revenue of Rs. 1,983-10-0, were disposed of,—six by private sale and fourteen at public auction; and one village in the Moradabad district, assessed at Rs. 700, was granted by Government to the heirs of the ex-Nawab of Najibabad. The only property acquired during the year was a small escheat in Dehra Dún, and the right of the Government to succeed is under dispute in the civil court.

CHAPTER III.

Protection.

1.—Legislating Authority.

See page 68 of Administration Report of 1872-73.

2.—Course of Legislation.

See General Summary.

3.—Police.

Amount of crime.

The number of cognizable cases reported during the year was 107,139 against 100,118 in 1874. Of these, 10,209 were offences against sanitary laws, and the remainder, 96,930, is 4,515 in excess of the number of corresponding crimes reported last year. The increase, however, of actual crime is rather apparent than real, for no less than 5,105 of the higher number of offences reported in 1875 were cases of hurt, the great majority of which are most trivial offences. There has been some positive increase in the offence of house-breaking, even allowing for the differences which are caused by the more correct classification adopted last year. On the other hand, there was a diminution in the number of cases of rioting, culpable homicide, robbery with violence, and theft.

On the whole there was rather less serious crime in 1875 than in 1874.

The increase in offences against sanitary laws is considerable, and is not satisfactory. They constitute now no less than 10 per cent. of all the offences reported.

If we except offences against sanitary regulations, we have the following statistics for the entire province during the last four years :—

District.	*Offences reported, excluding offences against sanitary laws.*				*Percentage of convictions obtained on offences reported.*			
	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
Kumaun ...	200	120	217	272	72·5	78·3	73·7	69·11
Garhwál ...	50	68	58	88	30·0	29·4	44 8	30 7
Tarái ...	188	189	179	198	36 1	23·3	45·2	59 09
Dehra Dún ...	355	285	348	403	50 1	44·5	41·1	37·22
Saháranpur ...	1,846	1,996	1,957	1,788	21·7	29 6	30·8	29·9
Muzaffarnagar ...	1,054	1,100	1,168	1,306	24·1	29 7	33 4	23·6
Meerut ...	2,472	2,042	1,877	2,128	25·3	31 3	36 8	34·8
Bulandshahr ...	1,638	1,535	1,696	1,841	17 6	24 9	34 2	27·0
Aligarh ...	2,053	2,019	2,310	3,047	18 8	25 5	25 9	22 4
Muttra ...	1,471	1,614	1,518	1,377	35 7	35·5	40·0	44·95
Agra ...	3,448	3,399	3,617	4,005	24·7	26 5	31·7	33·6
Etáwah ...	2,285	2,691	2,601	2,974	19·4	22·4	28 7	28·4
Etah ...	2,047	2,042	2,022	2,478	23·1	26·1	34·7	27·9
Mainpuri ...	1,340	1,524	1,613	1,880	33 3	30·3	28·7	28·3
Farukhabad ...	2,426	2,054	2,102	2,418	22·6	27·0	26·9	24·3
Moradabad ...	1,734	2,184	3,885	3,864	24·3	26·1	24·5	26 9
Bareilly ...	6,288	5,853	5,441	5,723	18·8	19·4	23 6	24 6
Budaun ...	2,547	3,446	3,985	3,698	20·8	19·6	19·7	22·8
Sháhjahánpur ...	3,128	3,226	2,946	3,514	24·8	24·3	26·1	22·8
Bijnor ...	923	1,013	1,224	1,307	31·6	27·9	33·4	30·7
Jaunpur ...	3,609	3,973	3,986	3,625	16·9	17 9	21·3	14·6
Cawnpore ...	3,997	3,849	3,925	3,537	31·0	33·7	32·4	37·1
Fatehpur ...	1,569	1,805	1,517	1,399	32·1	36·6	45 3	46·88
Allahabad ...	4,026	3,756	3,975	4,786	22·4	27·7	26·1	25·2
Hamírpur ...	2,696	3,092	2,956	3,049	34·3	28 5	32·7	31·4
Bánda ...	2,719	3,679	3,096	2,992	23·9	29·6	34·8	35·1
Jhánsi ...	2,539	1,712	2,324	1,871	29·5	27·3	27·3	29·8
Jalaun ...	1,287	1,552	1,594	1,706	26·1	28·9	32·7	36·3
Lalitpur ...	1,101	1,105	1,122	1,054	18·1	24·0	29·8	38·99
Azamgarh ...	2,887	2,853	3,903	3,844	23 5	36 0	34·1	26·3
Mirzapur ...	2,362	2,470	2,535	2,492	26·6	30·8	26·0	23 8
Benares ...	3,327	4,014	3,994	3,793	27·2	26·2	29·5	26·9
Gházipur ...	2,710	3,535	4,671	3,975	28·6	25 7	25·0	26·6
Basti ...	1,817	2,689	3,495	3,959	37 5	30 8	35·5	25·8
Gorakhpur ...	3,561	5,016	8,547	10,698	33·6	32·1	28·0	15·2
For the Province	77,917	85,441	93,555	98,034	25·7	27·6	29·3	26·9

N.B.—The figures in the first four columns include offences disposed of in the year after report.

But in order to compare 1874 and 1875 correctly with 1872 and 1873, cases of hurt* and mischief† to cattle should

* Section 323, Indian Penal Code. † Section 428, Indian Penal Code.

be excluded from the returns of the two former years, as they do not appear in the returns for 1872 and 1873. The number of offences to be thus excluded is as follows:—

	1874.	1875.
Hurt	4,717	9,823
Mischief	317	264
	5,034	10,087

When this correction has been made, it appears that the number of offences reported in 1874 and 1875 was very nearly the same, and was larger than in previous years. This increase in reports, however (as was noticed last year), does not necessarily imply any actual increase in crime or any defective working on the part of the police.

Ratio of crime to population.

The number of crimes reported, excluding offences against sanitary regulations, per 10,000 of the population, has been as follows for the last four years:—

District.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	District.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
Kumaun ...	5	3	5	6	Sháhjahánpur	33	34	31	36
Garhwál ...	1½	2	2	2	Bijnor ..	13	14	16	17
Tarái ...	10	10	9	10	Jaunpur ...	35	39	38	35
Dehra Dún ...	31	24	30	34	Cawnpore ...	35	33	34	30
Saháranpur ...	21	22	22	19	Fatehpur ...	23	27	22	20
Muzaffarnagar	15	16	15	18	Allahabad ...	29	27	28	34
Meerut ...	19	16	15	16	Hamírpur ...	51	58	55	57
Bulandshahr	17	16	18	19	Bánda ...	39	53	44	42
Aligarh ...	19	19	21	28	Jhánsi ...	80	80	72	58
Muttra ...	16	18	19·7	19·8	Jalaun ...	32	38	39	41
Agra ...	31	31	29·8	32	Lalitpur ...	52	52	52	48
Etáwah ...	34	40	38	43	Azamgarh ...	19	19	25	24
Etah ...	29	29	28	34	Mirzapur ...	23	24	25	24
Mainpuri ...	17	20	21	24·5	Benares ...	42	50	49	47
Farukhabad...	26	22	23	26	Gházipur ...	20	26	33	28
Moradabad ...	15	19	34	34	Basti ...	12	18	23	26
Bareilly ...	41	39	36	37	Gorakhpur ...	17	25	42	52
Budaun ...	27	37	42	38					

Setting aside the Kumaun division, where obvious reasons exist in the small numbers and easy circumstances of the people for the paucity of crime, and where petty offences are

commonly not reported at all, we find that the districts which show the least and the most crime in each of these four years have been the same, *viz.*, *least*, the Meerut division (except the extreme districts of Dehra Dún and Aligarh), Muttra, and Bijnor; *most*, Bundelkhand (*i.e.*, the Jhánsi division, Bánda, and Hamírpur), Benares, Jaunpur, and Bareilly. For every 10,000 of their population, none of the former districts have ever reported so many as 20 crimes, nor any of the latter less than 35. It is possible that crime may be really more common in Bundelkhand then in the upper Doab; but the true explanation must probably be sought elsewhere. If we examine the statistics of the (numerically) principal classes of crime in these two sets of districts, we find for 1875 the following proportions of reported crimes to every 10,000 of the population:—

District.	Hurt.		Burglarious offences.		Thefts and cognate offences.			
	Grievous.	Simple.	Completed.	Attempted.	Of cattle.	Over Rs. 10.	Below Rs. 10.	Receiving.
Saháranpur ...	·28	·87	4·61	4·08	·90	1·33	3·59	1·23
Muzaffarnagar ...	·25	1·33	3·06	2·04	2·20	1·61	3·33	1·42
Meerut	·17	·89	3·84	2·39	1·22	1·05	4·19	1·38
Bulandshahr ...	·24	·94	6·59	1·68	1·89	·72	4·56	·96
Muttra	·29	1·27	3·71	1·84	·91	1·04	3·28	·99
Bijnor	·15	·57	4·30	1·84	1·29	1·04	5·13	·58
Bánda	1·10	3·56	8·79	1·98	1·16	1·03	18·16	1·89
Hamírpur ...	·32	6·22	6·97	2·42	2·68	1·55	29·94	3·65
Jalaun	·79	1·21	13·56	3·76	1·95	1·76	14·48	1·58
Jhánsi	·41	5·63	13·21	1·23	2·03	1·79	26·44	1·63
Lalitpur ...	·51	2·55	6·6	·56	5·44	1·14	25·94	3·16
Bareilly ...	·45	1·76	14·04	4·84	1·27	1·24	9·47	1·34
Benares ...	1·02	3·37	11·36	5·10	1·32	3·79	15·27	·62
Jaunpur ...	·18	·46	10·61	11·59	1·6	·82	6·57	·83

It appears that the six upper districts are outnumbered by the eight lower in each of the commoner classes of crime; but the disparity is most striking in petty thefts. The average number of petty thefts in Bundelkhand is 23 to every 10,000 of the population, while in the upper Doab there are only four. The proportion of convictions to reported cases of petty theft

in Bundelkhand is 32·19 per cent.; in the upper Doab 42·52 per cent. The district figures are :—

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Saháranpur ...	... 44·97	Hamírpur ...	... 28 34
Muzaffarnagar	... 35·65	Jalaun ...	... 46·64
Meerut ...	... 48·87	Jhánsi ...	... 22·71
Bulandshahr ...	... 40 51	Lalitpur ...	... 32·91
Bánda ...	... 29·77		

The statistics of 1875 thus confirm the inference made from the statistics of 1874, that, among the districts which report most and the districts which report least crime, success in convictions varies in the contrary direction to activity in reporting. There may be some good reason why crime should really be so much less in the Meerut division and in the Bijnor district than it is elsewhere; but if so, this reason should not be very difficult to discover. In the absence of some satisfactory explanation, the most likely hypothesis is that crime is imperfectly reported in them.

Results of police action.

The following table gives a general view of the results of police action in the last four years:—

		1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
Cases reported		84,535	92,318	100,118	107,139
Cases investigated	By police *suo motu* ...	72 960	79,856	85,666	86,759
	By Magistrate's order	3,524	3,549	4,629	6,124
Percentage of investigations on reports		90·4	90·4	90 19	86 69
Convictions		27,016	30,901	34,588	35,786
Percentage of convictions on reports		31 9	33·4	34·55	33·40
Persons arrested.	By police *suo motu* ...	49,285	54,672	61,817	61,132
	By Magistrate's order	8,226	10,102	11,339	14,347
Persons convicted		43,505	50,517	57,183	59,961
Percentage of convictions on arrests	By police ...	77·7	80·3	80 82	82·17
	By Magistrates ...	63·1	61·9	63·72	67·77
	General percentage ...	75 6	77·9	78·17	79·44

These figures include offences against sanitary regulations. If we omit them—and it is better to do so in judging of the action of the police—we have the provincial percentages of convictions on arrests 74·93 for 1873, 74·31 for 1874, and 75·62 for 1875.

The subjoined figures show the success of the police in dealing with the various classes of crime. Similar statistics for 1872 and 1873 are given below :—

	Percentage of convictions on reports.		*Percentage of convictions on arrests.*	
	1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.
Class II.—Serious offences against the person	56·15	58·15	75·93	73·46
„ III.—Serious offences against the person and property.	14 34	9 50	80 01	80·14
„ IV.—Minor offences against the person	34 76	26 86	79·59	76·93
„ V.—Minor offences against property ...	29·01	28·71	85 49	84·28

	C. to R.		C. to A.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.
II.	55 45	57·15	70·04	74·03
III.	9 73	13·63	70·54	79·25
IV.	43 69	37·63	60 02	77·62
V.	28·40	27·78	84 35	84·84

The figures against class IV. admit of a satisfactory explanation. In 1873 the offence of hurt became cognizable, and in the following year 4,719 cases of hurt were reported, and convictions were obtained in 1,797, or 38·06 per cent. But in 1875 the reported cases of hurt were 9,823, and convictions could not, of course, rise in proportion : they were only 2,580, or 26·09 per cent. ; and as all the other offences in class IV. numbered only 353 in 1874, and 367 in 1875, the percentage of convictions on reports necessarily fell. So did also the percentage of convictions on arrests, though not in so great a degree.

The percentages of convictions on reports in class V. are much the same for both years, but the general success of the police in offences of this class has been less than in the preceding year, as the percentage of convictions is raised by the transfer of several thousand offences formerly shown as house-trespasses to class III.

The large number of cases thus taken from class V. (house-trespass) and entered under class III. (burglary and attempts)

raised the number of the latter offences from 19,294 to 25,162; and convictions absolutely decreasing at the same time, the percentage was lowered from 13·35 to 8·84. The general percentage of convictions to reports in class III. fell with that of the principal crime of the class.

Convictions for burglary and attempts—
1874 ... 2,576
1875 ... 2,226

Statistics of the more heinous kinds of crime.

Riots.

There were 275 cases of riot against 361 last year, and 207 were prosecuted to conviction, the percentage being 75·3 against 67·8 last year. In Gházipur, which contributed 87 cases last year, there has not been a single case in 1875. The crime has perhaps been differently classed, and an explanation has been called for. As for convictions, the worst results were in Agra (6 out of 12), Benares (8 out of 14), and Bareilly (13 out of 22).

Murder.

The following figures give the statistics of murder for the last four years :—

	Cases reported.		*Cases disposed of*		Percentage of convictions to cases disposed of.	Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.
	Of the year.	Of previous years.	Convictions.	Acquittals		
1872 ...	316	86	187	100	34·8	42 6
1873 ...	336	74	209	89	70·1	53·7
1874 ...	331	64	199	68	74·5	52·0
1875 ...	305	69	192	79	70·9	46·9

Looking to the last five figures, the annual number of these offences shows very little variation, as might be expected. It is satisfactory that the figures indicate no tendency to increase.

Rape.

The statistics of rape are singular. In the whole Meerut division there were but 18 cases in 1874 and 15 in 1875, while the two districts of Bareilly and Bijnor had 65 cases between them in 1874 and 69 in 1875; Allahabad had 3 and 4 cases in the two years, and Fatehpur 3 and 9; while Cawnpore shows 26 and 23. Generally speaking, the districts which showed

most of this crime in 1874 (they are noted in the margin) are similarly conspicuous in 1875. There is probably some want of discretion on the part of the police or of the magisterial authorities in districts where an unusual number of charges of this kind are taken up; as, judging from the result of the trials, the charge, when made, seems to be more often false than true.

	Reports.	
	1874.	1875.
Bareilly ...	31	19
Bijnor ...	34	50
Budaun ...	11	12
Farukhabad	11	13
Cawnpore ...	26	33
Benares ...	11	19

Attempts at suicide.

The increase in attempts at suicide (910 to 888) may perhaps be due to better reporting. The divisional totals of reports are—Meerut 44, Agra 82, Rohilkhand 123, Allahabad 277, Jhánsi 76, Benares 301. Reports of this crime are most frequent in the southern and eastern districts of the provinces.

Dacoities.

For the last two years we have the following statistics of dacoities :-

CLASS.	Cases reported.		Cases successfully prosecuted.	
	1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.
I.—Attacks by known bands of outlaws	9	3	...	1
II.—Attacks on villages ...	14	9	13	8
III.—Attacks on hired vehicles or marriage processions ...	21	9	7	2*
IV.—Attacks on foot travellers ...	49	18	7	6
V.—Attacks on threshing-floors ...		8		2
Total ...	93	42	27	19

The successful prosecutions were few; but, on the other hand, Adhar Singh's and Randbir Singh's gangs were completely destroyed in 1875, and there is believed now to be no gang of outlaws openly defying the aw in Bundelkhand. It is hoped also that the capture of the notorious Bareilly offender, Jita, since the close of the year under report, has delivered Rohilkhand from the band of criminals who were disturbing it.

* A third prosecution has turned out successfully since the close of the year.

The dacoities of the past year occurred in the following districts :—

Class.	District.	Number of cases.	Number of successful prosecutions.
I. ...	Lalitpur	1	...
	Moradabad	1	...
	Bareilly	1	1
		3	1
II. ...	Aligarh	1	1
	Agra	1	1
	Budaun	1	1
	Allahabad	1	1
	Jalaun	2	2
	Azamgarh	1	1
	Gházipur	1	...
	Basti	1	1
		9	8
III. ...	Muzaffarnagar	2	1
	Bulandshahr	1	...
	Aligarh	1	...*
	Moradabad	2	...
	Agra	1	...
	Farukhabad	2	1
		9	2
IV. ...	Muzaffarnagar	1	...
	Bulandshahr	1	...
	Aligarh	1	...
	Bareilly	1	1
	Budaun	3	...
	Agra	2	1
	Farukhabad	1	1
	Jaunpur	1	...
	Hamírpur	1	...
	Jalaun	1	...
	Azamgarh	2	2
	Mirzapur	1	1
	Gházipur	1	...
	Gorakhpur	1	...
		18	6
V. ...	Jhánsi	1	...
	Gházipur	1	1
	Basti	1	1
		3	2

* One prosecution proved successful after the close of the year.

Taking cases of all kinds together, we have—

District.	Cases.	Successful prosecutions.	District.	Cases.	Successful prosecutions.
Muzaffarnagar ...	3	1	Hamírpur ...	1	...
Bulandshahr ...	2	...	Allahabad ...	1	1
Aligarh ...	3	1	Jaunpur ...	1	...
Moradabad ...	3	...*	Mirzapur ...	1	1
Bareilly ...	2	2	Gházipur ...	3	1
Budaun ...	4	1	Azamgarh ...	3	3
Agra ...	4	2	Basti ...	2	2
Farukhabad ...	3	2	Gorakhpur ...	1	...
Lalitpur ...	1	...			
Jhánsi ...	1	...			
Jalaun ...	3	2		42	19

The three upper Doab districts show badly. Four of the year's cases were merely cattle-thefts, one was a robbery in the streets of Farukhabad, and one was a murder committed in consequence of a village quarrel. On the whole there appears to have been a great decrease of dacoities. The decrease in the figures under classes IV. and V. may possibly be due in some measure to a difference in classification, but that in the first three classes may be accepted as satisfactory evidence of a real decrease in this form of violent crime.

Professional poisoning.

There were 18 cases, in which 22 persons are said to have been concerned; arrests were 14, and convictions of 11 persons followed in 12 cases. The crime is no doubt never fully reported, but it is possible that the convictions of 1874 may really have had some effect in reducing the number of these offences during 1875. The offence is one which ought never to be punished by imprisonment for a short term, as appears to have been sometimes done.

* A conviction has been obtained in one of the three cases since the end of the year.

Burglary and house-trespass.

Advertence has already been made to the new principle of classifying burglarious offences. It will be convenient to separate (1) burglaries, (2) house-trespasses, (3) attempts at burglary, (4) attempts at house-trespass.

District.	Serial No. 35. Burglaries.			Serial No. 42. House-trespasses.			Serial No. 35. Attempts at burglary.			Serial No. 42. Attempts at house-trespass.			Percentage of successful prosecutions on enquiries.	
	Reported.	Enquired into.	Prosecuted to conviction.	Reported.	Enquired into.	Prosecuted to conviction.	Reported.	Enquired into.	Prosecuted to conviction.	Reported.	Enquired into.	Prosecuted to conviction.	Burglaries.	House-trespasses.
Dehra Dún ...	46	46	3	10	10	1	...	...	...	10	10	1	6·52	10·0
Saharanpur ...	401	400	24	8	8	3	361	361	5	...	...	...	6 0	37·5
Muzaffarnagar	210	209	23	1	1	1	77	77	...	126	126	...	11·0	100·0
Meerut ...	427	424	42	61	61	9	305	305	4	...	...	...	9 9	14·75
Bulandshahr...	612	612	...	3	3	2	6	6	5	155	155	2	6·37	66 66
Aligarh ...	1,406	1,405	85	18	18	13	301	301	2	7	7	3	6·05	72·22
Muttra ...	316	316	62	10	10	4	167	167	5	.	...	...	19·62	40 0
Agra ...	913	913	120	34	34	6	10	10	10	568	568	...	13·14	17 65
Etáwah ...	495	492	46	119	149	11	15	3	3	631	621	3	9·35	7 38
Etah ...	355	355	36	101	101	1	4	4	4	632	632	3	10·14	·99
Mainpuri ...	421	420	52	5	5	5	1	1	1	508	508	...	12·38	100 0
Farukhabad ...	938	931	98	3	3	3	...	...	...	427	427	13	10 53	100·0
Budaun ...	1,215	1,214	103	...	...	...	10	10	...	391	390	11	8·48	...
Sháhjahánpur	738	736	52	11	11	2	4	4	2	362	362	1	7 07	18·02
Bareilly ...	2,078	2,076	71	33	32	27	712	712	16	27	27	4	3·42	84·37
Moradabad ...	386	383	46	112	112	25	323	323	1	...	...	...	12·01	22 32
Bijnor ...	312	307	47	9	9	6	136	136	1	...	...	...	15·31	66·66
Jaunpur ...	1,087	1,081	43	1	1	...	1,188	1,188	9	1	1	...	3·98	...
Cawnpore ...	565	565	86	161	161	42	...	...	...	377	377	1	15·22	26·08
Fatehpur ...	195	193	55	11	11	3	41	41	7	251	251	3	28·49	27·27
Allahabad ...	1,059	1,055	82	500	500	14	12	12	2	677	677	4	7 77	2·6
Hamírpur ...	325	324	104	38	38	20	2	2	2	126	126	1	32·09	52 63
Bánda ...	614	612	115	...	...	...	139	139	4	...	..	...	18 78	...
Jhánsi ...	386	382	67	34	34	10	40	40	5	...	...	...	17·54	29·41
Jalaun ...	483	483	102	64	64	20	126	126	2	26	26	...	21·11	31 25
Lalitpur ...	129	127	30	12	12	2	1	1	1	11	11	1	23·62	16·66
Azamigarh ...	809	808	115	76	76	6	4	4	4	933	933	8	14 23	7·89
Mirzapur ..	622	620	54	6	6	4	11	10	10	528	528	1	8·88	66 66
Benares ...	655	652	44	245	245	5	59	59	4	346	346	7	6 75	2 04
Gházipur ...	525	517	55	185	185	7	7	7	6	378	378	2	10 63	3 78
Basti ...	835	829	72	13	13	2	...	...	...	385	384	7	8·68	15·38
Gorakhpur ...	1,103	1,103	101	33	33	18	665	665	16	...	...	...	9·16	54 54

The second figured column of this table (headed serial No. 42) includes only those cases of lurking house-trespass or house-breaking in which the intent to commit a further offence cannot be established by presumption or proof. Now, these cases must be extremely rare. We find accordingly that 15 districts record less than 20 cases each, and five more record less than 40 each; and in these 20 districts the

percentage of convictions is, on the whole, very satisfactory. But the figures given by the following districts are less intelligible :—

	Lurking house-trespass and house-breaking, without additional circumstances.	
	1874.	1875.
Etáwah	160	149
Etah	39	101
Moradabad	312	112
Cawnpore	143	161
Allahabad	564	500
Benares	234	245
Gházipur ...	183	185

Aligarh, Bareilly, Farukhabad, and Gorakhpur recorded respectively 387, 712, 243, and 290 offences of this kind in 1874, but only 18, 33, 3, and 33 in 1875. It seems probable that some at least of the districts which still show high figures under serial No. 42 have classed the offence wrongly.

There is evidently a great discrepancy also in the mode in which attempts are shown, *e.g.*—

	Attempts under serial No. 35.	*Attempts under serial No. 42.*
Saháranpur	261	...
Jaunpur	188	1
Azamgarh	4	933
Etah	4	632

This is probably to be accounted for by a misconception of the law, which steps have been taken to remove. The cases properly falling under serial No. 42 can never be very numerous.

Under burglary, the percentages of successful prosecutions are somewhat reduced by the separation of cases under serial No. 36, which are not, strictly speaking, burglaries, as they are committed without concealment, and not necessarily by night. Hamírpur comes first with a percentage of 32·09; then Fatehpur with 28·49; Lalitpur, 23·62; Jalaun, 21·11; Muttra, 19·62; Bánda, 18·78; Jhánsi, 17·54; Bijnor, 15·31; Cawnpore, 15·22. The Jhánsi division has done best. Bareilly (3·42) is worst, and Jaunpur (3·98) little better. The provincial percentage is lower than last year. This was in

some measure to be expected from the importation of so many cases from the class of attempts. But even allowing for this last cause, the results in some districts are extremely unsatisfactory. If other districts can show more than 10 per cent. of convictions to reported cases, there is no good reason apparent why Jaunpur, Bareilly, and Benares should fall so very far beneath even this low standard of general success. They have to contend with no greater difficulties than their neighbours, and it is difficult to see what excuse there can be for their complete failure in the detection and repression of these offences.

Voluntarily causing hurt.

In the year 1874, 4,718 cases of hurt were reported. In 1,790, or 37·9 per cent., of these cases convictions were obtained; the action of the police was characterised as incautious, and in September instructions were circulated regarding the discretionary power of police officers to investigate cases of this kind. The effect of this circular will be discernible in next year's returns. For 1875 we have the following figures:—

Cases of hurt caused otherwise than on grave and sudden provocation.

District.	Reported.	Investigated.	Successfully prosecuted.	Percentage of successful prosecutions to reports.
Dehra Dún	11	11	8	72 72
Sahárunpur	76	76	33	42 85
Muzaffarnagar	24	24	...	...
Meerut	114	114	81	71·05
Bulandshahr	87	88	33	37·5
Aligarh	58	58	26	43 33
Muttra	111	111	84	75·0
Agra	477	480	208	43·33
Etáwah	128	128	83	64·84
Etah	206	206	127	61·65
Mainpuri	78	75	41	51·9
Farukhabad	70	68	38	54·28
Budaun	319	309	31	10·0
Sháhjahánpur	257	258	55	21 40
Bareilly	257	257	241	93·41
Moradabad	224	224	117	52 0
Bijnor	42	39	36	85·66

District.	Reported.	Investigated.	Successfully prosecuted.	Percentage of successful prosecutions to reports.
Jaunpur	44	44	32	68·08
Cawnpore	261	262	146	55·72
Fatehpur	42	42	31	72·09
Allahabad	513	511	228	43·93
Hamírpur	330	165	34	10·30
Bánda	239	222	112	45·16
Jhánsi	175	176	54	30·16
Jalaun	49	49	18	36·73
Lalitpur	54	41	28	51·85
Azamgarh	353	353	75	21·18
Mirzapur	169	169	73	42·19
Benares	262	262	126	47·19
Gházipur	619	557	104	16·40
Basti	90	90	38	42 22
Gorakhpur	3,978	372	197	4·95
Total ...	9,823	5,951	2,590	26·05

It would appear from this return that the practice in Gorakhpur is different from that which prevails in other districts, and enquiry has been made with a view to correcting this, for it does not seem desirable to swell the crime returns of the province, and to vitiate the percentages of arrest and conviction by including all charges of hurt, an immense number of which are exceedingly trivial or altogether unfounded. Deducting the exceptional figures of the Gorakhpur district, the proportion of convictions is better than it was in 1874.

Cattle-theft.

The special return of cattle-theft dates from 1874 only, and the general statistics given in statement A. of former years are not proper for comparison, as they do not, like the special return, include cattle-thefts recorded under other serial numbers. For the last two years then we have—

	I. Cattle stolen.	II. Cattle recovered.	III. Percentage of II. on I.	IV. Cases.	V. Successful prosecutions.	VI. Percentage of V. on IV.
1874 ...	8,084	5,511	68·17	4,812	1,406	29·22
1875 ...	9,285	6,896	74·27	6,364	2,289	35·96

The percentages of recoveries to losses and of successful prosecutions to reported cases are as follows :—

District.	1875.	
	Percentage of	
	Recoveries to losses.	Successful prosecutions to reported thefts.
Dehra Dún	56·00	85·71
Saháranpur	70·25	34·59
Muzaffarnagar	62·80	23·56
Meerut	66 66	25·66
Bulandshahr	72·18	33·05
Aligarh	69·49	36·8
Muttra	97·16	44·63
Agra	73·68	33·18
Etáwah	102 98	54·41
Etah	55·15	30·77
Mainpuri	61·25	28·73
Farukhabad	79 77	34·96
Budaun	78·04	33·46
Sháhjahánpur	70·8	41·62
Bareilly	76 68	34·27
Moradabad	52 07	17·34
Bijnor	51·1	13·47
Jaunpur	54·54	27·88
Cawnpore	64·59	51·13
Fatehpur	80 71	62·74
Allahabad	80·16	38·03
Hamírpur	86·81	54·78
Bánda	91·66	43·86
Jalaun	46·79	42·03
Jhánsi	73·33	28·19
Lalitpur	83·33	49·47
Azamgarh	58·88	34·36
Mirzapur	75·21	44·15
Benares	60·54	23·25
Gházipur	68·30	24·0
Basti	108 95	41·31
Gorakhpur	106·00	42·66

The figures for some of the districts are extraordinary, *e.g.*, the recoveries in Etáwah, Basti, and Gorakhpur exceed the entire amount of losses. Even supposing that many cattle were recovered in 1875 which had been stolen in preceding years, it is still difficult to believe that the thieves who carried off the cattle in those districts during 1875 should have been so strangely unsuccessful in retaining their booty. It would almost seem as if no cattle had been reported in these districts as stolen, except those which had been recovered. It can hardly

be the fact either that three-fourths of all the cattle that are stolen in the North-Western Provinces are received back by their owners: and yet this is what the return shows. His Honor is not prepared to draw any inference from the percentage of convictions shown until he feels better assured that he has the true figures before him.

Theft.

The statistics of theft are the following:—

District.	Rs. 10 AND UPWARDS.			UNDER RS. 10.		
	Reported.	Convicted.	Percentage.	Reported.	Convicted.	Percentage.
Dehra Dún ...	90	20	22·22	157	60	38 21
Saháranpur ...	118	33	27 96	318	143	44 97
Muzaffarnagar ...	111	19	17 11	230	82	35 65
Meerut ...	132	27	20 45	534	261	48 87
Bulandshahr	69	20	28 98	427	173	40·51
Aligarh ...	92	17	18 47	660	228	34·54
Total ...	612	136	22·22	2,326	947	40·71
Muttra ...	96	35	36 45	291	158	54·29
Agra ...	191	55	28 79	711	318	44·72
Etáwah ...	160	21	16 87	780	234	30 0
Etah ...	77	10	12·98	630	239	37·94
Mainpuri ...	66	20	30 60	420	155	36·9
Farukhabad ...	64	16	25·00	473	189	39·96
Total ...	654	163	24·92	3,305	1,293	39·12
Budaun ...	88	17	19·31	897	197	21·96
Shahjahánpur	119	25	21 0	1,267	272	21·47
Bareilly ...	183	30	16·39	1,427	363	25·44
Moradabad ...	175	29	16·57	1,553	367	23·63
Bijnor ...	74	21	28 37	375	98	26·01
Total ...	639	142	22·26	5,519	1,297	23·49
Jaunpur ...	84	13	15·47	674	158	23·29
Cawnpore ...	271	90	33·21	1,035	435	42 03
Fatehpur ...	33	11	33·33	397	223	56·17
Allahabad ...	210	44	20 95	1,128	376	33 33
Hamírpur ...	81	23	28·39	1,584	449	28·34
Bánda ...	72	19	26·38	1,266	377	29·77
Total ...	751	200	26·63	6,084	2,088	33·16
Jalaun ...	72	18	25·0	585	272	46·64
Jhánsi ...	57	21	36·84	841	191	22·71
Lalitpur ...	25	8	32 0	550	181	32 91
Total ...	154	47	30·52	1,976	654	33·10
Azamgarh ...	49	20	40 81	803	289	35·99
Mirzapur ...	101	28	27 72	588	162	27·55
Benares ...	301	97	32·22	1,211	409	33·77
Gházipur ...	156	31	19 87	997	270	27·08
Basti ...	99	28	28·28	1,513	319	21·08
Gorakhpur ...	143	27	18·87	3,598	577	12·98
Total ...	849	231	27·20	8,710	2,026	23·23

These figures show, as usual, that convictions are more easily obtained in cases of petty than of graver theft. The provincial average of convictions in the former class is about 35, and in the latter about 25 per cent. For graver thefts we find the highest percentage of convictions to be 40·81, (Azamgarh), while for petty thefts Fatehpur and Muttra can show respectively 56·17 and 54·29 per cent. of convictions. It is noticeable, however, that the thefts reported in these three districts are singularly few. It may be that the high percentages shown by them are rather due to imperfect reporting of crime than to greater success in detecting it.

Looking to the amount of crime shown, as well as to success in dealing with it, the Cawnpore district appears to deserve most credit. It is remarkable that while there is no great difference either in the number of graver thefts or in the proportion of successful prosecutions between the Meerut and Rohilkhand divisional totals, the number of petty thefts reported in Rohilkhand is more than double what they are in the Meerut division. It is perhaps partly in consequence of this that its percentage of convictions is not much more than half of that which Meerut exhibits. Comparing it, however, with other divisions, the proportion of cases successfully prosecuted in Rohilkhand is still very low. The small number of petty thefts reported in the Meerut division is very noticeable. His Honor knows of no good reason which would justify the belief that thefts are much fewer here than in the other divisions.

Mischief and criminal negligence.

A class of offences, in dealing with which the police are singularly unsuccessful, is that comprising the aggravated forms of mischief and certain instances of criminal negligence. The result of 367 investigations, 349 of which were made *suo motu*, was only 30 convictions; and of 121 persons arrested, not more than 40 were convicted. The offence, however, is of a kind in which evidence is rarely procurable; and of which charges are often made when there is nothing beyond suspicion to support the belief that an offence has been committed at all.

Municipal bye-laws.

The subjoined table shows the number of punishments for breaches of municipal regulations as compared with the number of the municipal population :—

District.	Number of municipalities.	Aggregate population by census of 1872.	Convictions for breaches of municipal bye-laws.
Dehra Dún	2	18,445	155
Saháranpur	3	85,582	319
Muzaffarnagar	4	48,861	93
Meerut	7	108,106	420
Bulandshahr	4	69,353	451
Aligarh	5	120,098	148
Muttra	3	97,211	68
Agra	4	190,600	496
Mainpuri	1	18,601	39
Etáwah	2	35,696	82
Farukhabad	1	74,225	35
Etah	5	54,592	26
Bijnor	5	71,006	120
Moradabad	5	158,131	118
Budaun	4	62 059	7
Bareilly	3	130,585	30
Sháhjahánpur	2	97,712	83
Cawnpore	1	98,476	665
Fatehpur	1	18,949	90
Bánda	1	27,805	101
Allahabad	1	145,864	2,234
Jaunpur	1	35,003	97
Gorakhpur	1	51,633	181
Azamgarh	1	15,980	73
Gházipur	2	49,270	251
Benares	1	187,341	615
Mirzapur	2	89,518	158
Jhánsi	2	24,719	140
Jalaun	3	38,487	14
Lalitpur	1	8,976	40

The very large number of convictions in the single municipality of Allahabad, as compared with Agra, Moradabad, Bareilly, Benares, and Meerut, at once arrests attention. The Magistrate of Allahabad has been asked if he can explain why it should have been necessary to resort in that town so much more largely to punishment than in others, and why the convictions there in 1875 exceeded those in 1874 by nearly 1,000 cases.

Vagrancy and bad character.

Security for good behaviour was required in 1,567 cases against 1,330 last year, and imprisonment was inflicted in 1,204, or

76·8 per cent. against 75·4. The following districts exhibit a considerable increase in this class of offences :—

District.	1874.	1875.
Moradabad	35	82
Bareilly	95	138
Gorakhpur	53	93
Azamgarh	14	132

Ten* boys and 79 girls were kidnapped. All the boys and 77 of the girls were recovered. Arrests were 192—134 men and 58 women—and convictions 132. Allowing for the 21 persons under trial at the close of the year, the percentage of convictions was 77·65. These results appear very satisfactory.

Kidnapping.

	Children kidnapped.	*Children recovered.*
*1871 ...	60	54
1872 ...	55	46
1873 ...	90	85
1874 ...	107	99

The 1874 recoveries include those made after the end of the year. Two of the 107 cases are ascribed to wolves.

Offences against the excise, salt, and customs laws.

The following are the statistics of offences against the excise, salt, and customs laws :—

District.	Excise reports.	Successful prosecutions.	Salt and customs reports.	Successful prosecutions.
Dehra Dún	5	3	...	...
Sahárnpur	12	8	...	...
Muzaffarnagar	8	7	...	...
Meerut	10	6	11	1
Bulandshahr	3	2	11	10
Aligarh	3	3	...	...
Muttra	12	7	333	31
Agra	23	16	446	142
Etáwah	22	18	...	...
Etah...	17	15	...	...
Mainpuri	11	10	...	...
Farukhabad	...	...	...	...

District.	Excise reports.	Successful prosecutions.	Salt and customs reports.	Successful prosecutions.
Budaun	52	47	...	...
Shâhjahânpur	23	15	...	...
Bareilly	87	80	1	1
Moradabad	24	16	...	...
Bijnor	28	21	...	..
Jaunpur	25	22	...	...
Cawnpore	42	38	...	...
Fatehpur	50	43	42	40
Allahabad	78	74	...	...
Hamírpur	17	14	4	4
Bánda	30	23	11	11
Jalaun	11	10	3	3
Jhánsi	24	20	33	33
Lalitpur	...	...	...	...
Azamgarh	43	39	...	...
Mirzapur	14	12	...	...
Benares	60	41	...	...
Gházipur	35	31	37	35
Basti	137	135	...	...
Gorakhpur	88	84	...	...

The divisional totals for excise offences are :—

Division.	Reports.	Convictions.
Meerut	41	29
Agra	85	66
Rohilkhand	214	179
Allahabad	242	215
Jhánsi	35	30
Benares	377	342

The Agra and Meerut divisions show very unfavourably. Two districts of the Jhánsi division report nearly as many offences as the entire division of Meerut, and convict more. It is true that there are greater facilities for smuggling in the districts which report the greatest number of offences, as Gorakhpur, Basti, and Benares, and the paucity of reports in the upper Doab may be due in some measure to the want of such opportunities ; but, even allowing for this, it seems safe to infer that there has been neglect on the part of the police or of the excise officers, or of both, in all the Meerut districts, and in Muttra, Mainpuri, and Farukhabad, of the Agra division. Again, there is an obvious reason why Agra, Muttra, and Jhánsi, districts traversed by the customs

barrier, should show numerous convictions under the salt and customs laws; but the figures against Fatehpur, Gházipur, and Bulandshahr seem to show that the blank returns of other districts are due rather to want of interest and activity on the part of the police or magisterial authorities than to absence of offenders.

Old convicts and absconded offenders.

There were 8,062 old convicts on the register at the end of 1874, and 9,295 at the end of 1875. Each year adds about 3,500 names of convicts released in their villages, and subtracts about 2,500 names of old convicts who have either (1) reformed, or (2) emigrated or died, or (3) come back to jail. Thus the number under surveillance must increase yearly. The difficulties in the way of making this surveillance effective are no doubt great; but the Lieutenant-Governor, however, is of opinion that a good deal more may be done in this direction than has yet been accomplished.

The year began with 1,312 absconded offenders on the registers; it added 524 and took away 514—84 by death and 430 by apprehension,—leaving 1,322 at the beginning of 1876. Only 24 of the convicts who escaped from jail in the mutiny have succeeded in evading justice until the present day, and ten of these were not guilty of heinous crimes. This result deserves commendation; but His Honor would be glad to see some diminution in the total number of absconded offenders.

† The six tests.

For the reasons given last year,* the Lieutenant-Governor does not think it advisable to adopt the six tests as a standard for measuring the relative efficiency of the police of different districts, and must not be understood as accepting the order resulting from the application of them as a standard of relative

* See Administration Report, 1874-75, page 21.

† *Test I.*—Proportion of investigations to reports.
Test II.—Proportion of convictions to reports.
Test III.—Proportion of convictions to cases tried during the year.
Test IV.—Proportion of persons convicted to persons tried during the year.
Test V.—Proportion of persons convicted to persons arrested by the police *suo motu* and tried during the year.
Test VI.—Proportion of recoveries to losses of property by theft.

merit. One or two general remarks, however, are suggested by an examination of them. In the first place, the proportion of convictions throughout the North-Western Provinces is a good deal reduced by the large number of cases of simple hurt that are recorded. If, for instance, the 3,948 charges of this sort in Gorakhpur be excluded, the provincial percentage rises to about 28 instead of 26·91, and excluding all such charges made during the year, it becomes 26·97. There can be no doubt that by far the larger portion of these complaints should not be taken into account as offences. There were fewer cases also expunged in 1875 than in 1874, which must have further tended somewhat to lower the percentage of convictions. The general results of the year therefore are more favourable in this respect than they appear at first sight.

Secondly, the results of test No. V., if the arrests are all correctly shown, would indicate that the police generally exercise great caution in making arrests. It is probable that care in this respect has been pushed as far as it ought to go. It is the duty of the police to arrest when there is a sufficient amount of evidence against the accused to warrant putting him on his trial. They should not wait to act until they are assured that conviction is a certainty.

Punishments.

The statistics of punishments inflicted upon policemen in these provinces for the last four years are :—

Nature of punishment.	Officers.				Men.			
	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
Departmental ...	507	568	514	674	1,217	1,114	1,097	1,354
Judicial, under Police Act ...	8	13	18	17	85	73	82	68
Judicial, under Penal Code ...	25	18	9	11	106	21	29	19
Miscellaneous ...		16	13	20		89	60	80
Total ...	540	615	554	725	1,408	1,297	1,268	1,521

No reason is assigned for the greater frequency of punishments in 1875. It is observed, however, that the increase was in departmental, not in judicial, punishments.

The total amount given in rewards to the police for each of the last four years is shown in the margin; it has more than doubled in that period. Excepting rewards from the excise and customs departments, which the police can legally claim, we have—

Rewards.	Rs.
1872 ...	... 13,444
1873 ...	... 18,272
1874 ...	... 27,953
1875 ...	... 29,512

	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Rewards from police budget ...	2,402	5,434	7,372	7,957
Ditto Government ...	2,283	2,060	2,775	5,362
Ditto Commissioners ...	214	385	200	1,180
Ditto Judicial officers ...	1,357	1,776	3,397	2,087
Ditto Private persons ...	2,887	2,395	3,952	3,937
Total ...	9,143	12,051	17,697	20,794
Number of officers and men rewarded	1,510	2,866	3,914	4,377

In 1875 Rs. 2,850 were given by the Government in the single district of Lalitpur, where Randbir Singh's gang was destroyed. But after deducting this, it remains evident that the tendency of rewards during the last four years has been to increase both in extent and in aggregate amount.

4.—Criminal Justice.

For information on this subject, the Government is dependent on the annual returns published by the High Court, which are compiled for the calendar year. The following chapter consists of the High Court's note on these returns for 1875.

Offences reported.

The number of offences reported and prosecuted in the year 1875 showed a considerable increase over the figures for the year 1874. It is observed that this increase has been progressive in the last five years.

One hundred and fifty-four thousand five hundred and seventy-eight offences were reported during the year; 76,519 were prosecuted, and 142,521 persons were under trial. Of these persons, 38,839 were acquitted or discharged, 102,394 were convicted or committed for trial, and 1,035 persons were awaiting trial at the close of the year.

Comparison of previous years.

The corresponding results in 1872, 1873, and 1874 are shown with those of 1875 in the subjoined table:—

Year.	Reported.	Prosecuted.	Under trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted and committed.	Undisposed of.
1872 ...	119,566	63,239	115,949	35,211	79,146	1,212
1873 ...	138,895	70,752	128,208	36,254	90,337	1,215
1874 ...	148,176	74,048	134,159	37,037	95,673	1,240
1875 ...	154,578	76,519	142,521	38,839	102,394	1,035

The increase in a measure is to be attributed to a truer system of reporting offences, and to the fact that closer attention than formerly has been given to petty offences, such as public nuisances, offences against municipal bye-laws, and to town offences under the Police Act. It is partly attributable to the failure of the kharif harvest in some of the western districts, which led to an increase in the offences against canal laws.

The increase in the number of persons brought to trial was due to the activity of the courts and of the police, rather than to any real augmentation of crime.

The Court has had reason to observe that the provisions of section 124 of the Criminal Procedure Code are too commonly

ignored altogether in practice, and it is feared that the police sometimes detain accused persons in custody more than twenty-four hours. The Court has, however, issued stringent instructions that any occurrence of the kind should be at once brought to its notice.

Pending files.

The state of the pending files in the criminal courts at the close of the year was very satisfactory. The heaviest pending files (85) were in the districts of Agra and Azamgarh, and the next heaviest (63) is found in Sháhjahánpur. These have been sufficiently explained. Most of the other districts show creditable results in this respect.

The Court notices with much regret that the number of cases which had been protracted for more than six weeks increased from 118 in 1874 to 155 in 1875. In Aligarh so many as 44 were protracted for more than six weeks in the course of the year, in Basti 28, and in Bulandshahr and Jaunpur 21 respectively. The delays in Basti, Bulandshahr, and Jaunpur have been sufficiently explained. The Judge of Aligarh has been called upon for an explanation of the delay.

* Percentage of convictions.

	Per cent.
Tarái	... 87
Cawnpore and Kumaun	... 82
Allahabad ...	... 80
Meerut and Budaun	... 79
Saháranpur, Etáwah, and Lalitpur ...	... 78
Bijnor and Basti...	... 77
Mainpuri ...	... 76
Hamírpur ...	... 76
Etah and Gorakhpur	... 74

The percentage of persons convicted and committed (72) was the same as in the previous year. Prosecution was most successful in the districts shown in the margin. Of these districts, Cawnpore, Basti, Mainpuri, and Allahabad maintain the creditable position in this respect which they occupied in the years 1872, 1873, and 1874.

The worst results were from the districts of Garhwál (54 per cent.), Jaunpur (59), Benares (60), and Agra (61). All these districts were similarly conspicuous in the previous year.

Heinous offences.

Offences against the person, of the more heinous sort, are shown for the last six years in the annexed table :—

	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
Murder ...	339	322	321	354	349	324
Culpable homicide	215	263	293	285	298	274
Grievous hurt ...	935	1,073	1,069	1,199	1,186	1,045
Hurt ...	7,788	8,858	8,725	11,695	14,618	17,077

Offences against property are exhibited in the following statement :—

	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
Theft ...	26,992	22,541	31,139	35,381	30,898	32,047
Robbery ...	488	404	391	470	433	378
Dacoity ...	79	80	83	118	131	41
House-breaking for theft ...	17,868	20,238	19,771	23,433	22,941	27,379

The increase, as stated above, was in non-bailable offences, and chiefly under the head of house-breaking and theft, and is due to a better system of reporting offences by the police. The offence of house-breaking with a view to theft has apparently not been materially checked by the recent alterations in the system of village police. The paucity of prosecutions is still out of all proportion to the number of cases reported. Some of the judges have of late tried the effect of severe sentences. It is hoped that thereby the offence may be materially repressed.

Four hundred and thirty-six cases were reported in 1875 under the Infanticide Act against 530 in the previous year; 2,101 offences against the revenue laws, and 6,022 under the Municipalities Act were brought before the courts in the year.

Three thousand one hundred and seventy attempts to commit offences were recorded.

Four thousand two hundred and seventy-three persons were dealt with under the provisions of the law for keeping the peace, 2,351 persons were required to find security for good behaviour, and 307 persons were reported as vagrants, having no means of livelihood.

Working of the magisterial courts.

The next subject is the working of the magisterial courts of the provinces in the year under review.

One thousand two hundred and thirty-one persons were awaiting trial from the previous year, 66,124 persons were arrested, and 74,824 were summoned before the magisterial tribunals, making in all, with 748 transferred for trial from other parts of the country, a total of 142,927 persons for disposal, against a total of 134,739 persons in the previous year.

These persons were disposed of as follows:—

Discharged without trial	22,131
Acquitted	16,631
Convicted, including committed	102,899
Died, escaped, or transferred	235
Awaiting trial at the end of the year	1,031

Of the latter, 501 were in custody and 530 were at large on bail or recognizance.

Compared with the results of the three previous years, these figures were—

	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
Discharged	19,034	19,210	19,592	22,131
Acquitted	16,177	17,041	17,400	16,631
Convicted, including committed ...	79,146	90'337	96,090	102,899
Died, escaped, or transferred ...	350	405	417	235

Percentage discharged without trial.

Of the entire number of persons disposed of, the percentage (15) discharged without trial was the same as in the previous year, 1874. Excessive averages of persons discharged without trial were found in the following districts :—

	Per cent.
Benares	33
Muzaffarnagar	28
Agra	28
Bulandshahr	21

The number of persons discharged without trial in some of the districts does not speak well either for the police or for the magisterial officers who summoned the accused. The attention of the several officers concerned has been called to this subject, and the Court trusts that future returns will show better results.

The proportion of acquittals was 12 per cent., as compared with 13 in the previous year.

The Court has reason to be satisfied generally with the result of the despatch of criminal business in the past year.

Pending files.

One hundred and fifty-five cases of more than six weeks' duration were pending at the end of the year ; 44 were in Aligarh, 28 in Basti, 21 in Bulandshahr and Jaunpur, 11 in Dehra Dún, 10 in Bánda, 8 in Bijnor, 6 in Budaun, 2 in Benares, and 1 in Agra, Farukhabad, Etáwah, and Fatehpur.

Punishments.

The punishments imposed by the magisterial courts during the year were as follows:—

	Persons.
Fined	59,261
Imprisoned	24,048
Flogged	6,092
Ordered to find security for good behaviour ...	2,351
Ditto to keep the peace...	1,158
Ditto to enter into recognizance	3,115

				Persons.
Imprisoned and fined	...	...	...	3,602
Ditto and flogged	...	...	...	886
Fined and flogged	...	...	...	7
		Total	...	100,520

The total of the previous year amounted to 92,814.

The entire amount of fines imposed during the year was Rs. 3,70,281, of which Rs. 2,92,019, or 79 per cent., were realized, and Rs. 18,086 were paid as compensation to injured parties.

Of the persons fined, 56,746 were sentenced to fines not exceeding Rs. 10; 5,513 were fined sums not exceeding Rs. 50; 481 persons were sentenced to fines not less than Rs. 50 and not exceeding Rs. 100; and 145 persons were fined in sums ranging from Rs. 100 to Rs. 500.

Twenty-six thousand five hundred and twenty-nine persons were sentenced to rigorous, and 1,494 persons to simple imprisonment during the year. The various imprisonments thus inflicted were as follows :—

Imprisonment not exceeding 15 days, 4,071 rigorous and 688 simple; not exceeding six months, 14,924 rigorous and 787 simple; not exceeding two years, 7,431 rigorous and 21 simple; and in excess of two years, 100 rigorous and none simple.

Nine hundred and six boys and 5,186 men were flogged; the average number of stripes being 16, and the highest number inflicted being 30.

Two thousand and eight persons were imprisoned in default of finding security for being of good behaviour and for keeping the public peace.

Imprisonment in default of security for good behaviour.

Comparing the very different results exhibited in different districts, the Court sees reason to fear that the extraordinary powers under which magistrates require security are not always exercised with sufficient discretion. In support

of this view, the annexed table will show the use of these powers in certain adjacent districts :—

	Ordered to find security for good behaviour and to keep the peace.	Imprisoned in default of furnishing security
Aligarh	151	77
Etah	20	14
Agra	112	67
Muttra	41	10
Cawnpore	251	251
Fatehpur	24	24
Mainpuri	58	19
Etáwah	120	95
Bánda	147	147
Hamírpur	55	25
Azamgarh	202	78
Jaunpur	63	40
Mirzapur	156	88
Benares	34	22
Gházipur	204	66

From the above it will be seen that in Cawnpore, Fatehpur, and Bánda all the persons required to find security were imprisoned.

Punishments of the last five years.

The statistics of punishment for the last five years are summarized in the annexed tabular statement :—

	Fined.	Imprisoned.	Flogged.	Security for good behaviour.	Security to keep the peace.	Recognizance to keep the peace.	Imprisoned and fined.	Imprisoned and flogged.	Fined and flogged.	Total.
1871 ...	44,721	14,901	3,280	1,296	1,802	2,370	2,376	408	6	71,352
1872 ...	43,869	18,837	4,652	1,258	2,174	1,810	2,809	582	13	75,999
1873 ...	48,088	22,719	6,550	1,683	1,927	2,276	3,114	784	21	87,414
1874 ...	49,644	24,672	7,418	2,202	1,493	2,600	3,634	935	7	92,814
1875 ...	59,261	24,048	6,092	2,351	1,158	3,115	3,602	886	7	100,520

Witnesses.

As for the number of witnesses who attended the magisterial courts, and the period of their detention there,—301,105 witnesses were examined in the year, of whom 278,905 were dismissed by the

courts on the first day; of the rest, 22,200 in number, 20,382 were detained between one and three days, 1,769 were detained above three and less than seven days, and 49 above seven days. Of these latter, the magistrate of Basti was answerable for 27, the Bulandshahr and Gházipur courts for six, Hamírpur for four, and Bijnor and Budaun for three.

Duration of cases.

The average duration of cases in the magisterial courts in the year was eight days, as compared with seven days in the previous year, or the same as in the year 1873.

The best results were attained in Meerut and the Tarái, where it was three days only; in Dehra Dún and Allahabad, where it was four; and in Bareilly and Bánda, where it was five. The duration was high in Garhwál (17 days), but, as remarked in previous years, the circumstances of this district are peculiar; in Mirzapur, Gházipur, and Kumaun (10 days), in Muzaffarnagar, Moradabad, Bijnor, Agra, Fatehpur, Hamírpur, Gorakhpur, Basti, Jhánsi, and Jalaun (8 days).

Appeals.

The results of appeals from subordinate magistrates to the magistrates of districts were as follows:—3,153 appeals were preferred, of which 431 were rejected, 1,689 were dismissed, 969 were wholly or partially successful, and 27 remained undecided at the end of the year.

The percentage of successful appeals to the entire number disposed of was 30 in 1875, as compared with 36 in 1874.

The results of appeals to the sessions courts in the provinces were as follows:—

Four thousand three hundred and eight persons appealed, being 341 in excess of the previous year; 818 appeals were summarily rejected, 2,274 failed on the hearing, 948 succeeded, and 77 resulted in remands, while 112 remained pending at the close of the year. The percentage of successful appeals in the sessions courts was ·93 in 1873, as compared with ·25

in the previous year. The largest number of appeals was made to the sessions courts of Benares (269), Moradabad (263), Gorakhpur (256), Aligarh (228), and Allahabad (205).

The smallest number of appeals was in Tarái (15), Dehra Dún (16), Hamírpur (26), Garhwál (28), and Budaun (35).

Committals.

Two thousand and nine hundred and eighty-one persons were sent for trial to the sessions courts in the year. This total was 533 less than in 1874, a diminution partially explained by recent changes in the law.

The sessions courts disposed of 2,697 of these commitments, convicting 1,986 persons and acquitting 711, being an average of 74 per cent. in 1875, as compared with 78 in the previous year.

One hundred and eighty-two persons were awaiting trial at the end of the year.

The largest number of commitments was made in the districts of Basti (218), Cawnpore (177), Sháhjahánpur (163), Bareilly (153), Gházipur (147), and Bánda (143).

The fewest commitments were in the districts of Saháranpur (47), Bulandshahr (40), Kumaun (14), Lalitpur (7), Garhwál (5), Dehra Dún (3), and Tarái (2).

Percentage of convictions in judges' courts.

The percentage of persons convicted to the number disposed of was highest in the districts of—

Hamírpur	96
Sháhjahánpur	94
Fatehpur	91
Budaun, Farukhabad, and Gházipur ...	90
Bánda	86
Mirzapur	83
Garhwál	80
Cawnpore	79
Muttra	78
Benares	77
Bareilly and Jalaun	76

The worst results were found in the following districts :—

Lalitpur and Tarái	...	...	...	50
Muzaffarnagar	...	...	...	48
Moradabad	...	...	...	34

The heaviest pending files at the end of the year were in the courts of the judges of Moradabad, Sháhjahánpur, and Cawnpore.

Two thousand and fifty-nine persons were punished by the sessions judges in 1875, of whom 129 were sentenced to death, 199 to transportation for life, 70 to transportation for terms, 1,447 to rigorous imprisonment, 21 to simple imprisonment, 134 to fine with imprisonment, 20 to fine without imprisonment, 19 to whipping in addition to other punishment, and 20 to whipping in lieu of other punishment.

Punishments in judges' courts.

The fines imposed by the sessions judges during the year aggregated Rs. 12,989, of which Rs. 4,532 were realized.

Sentences of solitary confinement in addition to imprisonment were passed on nine persons by the judge of Farukhabad, three by the judge of Gorakhpur, and two by the judge of Sháhjahánpur.

In one district solitary confinement was regarded as a peculiarly appropriate punishment in the cases of twice convicted women, and the Court enjoined that great care should be exercised that only persons physically fit to undergo this punishment are subjected to it.

One thousand one hundred and ninety-eight cases were tried with the aid of assessors during the year. The judges agreed with the assessors in 1,045, and differed from them in 148 cases. As in previous years, the great majority of the assessors were drawn from the landholding, banking, and trading classes.

The cases of one hundred and thirty-one persons sentenced by the sessions judges to death came in the year before the High Court for confirmation ; 92 of these sentences were confirmed by

Business of the High Court.

the High Court, 31 were modified, and 8 annulled: 760 cases came before the High Court in appeal or revision; the Court modified the order or remanded the case in 186 instances, and annulled the sentences in 82.

Four hundred and fifty cases came before the Court under sections 322, 295, and 296 of Act X. of 1872; the Court confirmed the sentence in 297 cases, modified it in 177, and annulled it in 36.

The High Court on the original side disposed of one case during the year.

5.—INFANTICIDE.

Proclaimed villages and population.

The year 1874-75 closed with a proclaimed population of 389,280, inhabiting 3,168 villages scattered over 27 districts. The present year opened with 3,113 villages in 28 districts, with a population of 393,529 under proclamation. These changes were caused mainly by addition of a new district, Jhánsi, with a population of 1,615, the exemption of 283 villages, and the proclamation of 228. The following table illustrates these changes:—

Number.	District.	Returns of 1874-75.	Exempted at close of last year.	Proclaimed at close of last year.	On list, 1st April, 1875.
1	Meerut	6	...	70	76
2	Aligarh	83	26	...	57
3	Mainpuri ...	435	157	...	278
4	Etáwah	169	10	..	159
5	Moradabad ...	64	...	12	76
6	Budaun	116	3	...	113
7	Sháhjahánpur ...	167	11	...	156
8	Cawnpore ...	217	40	...	177
9	Jaunpur	214	35	...	179
10	Mirzapur ...	19	1	...	18
11	Gházipur ...	17	...	140	157
12	Jhánsi	...	...	6	6
	Total ...	...	283	228	...
		Net decrease ...		55	

In the middle of the year 51 more villages were exempted—19 in the Agra and 32 in the Etah district,—and one village

was proclaimed in Sháhjahánpur. The result is that the year closed with 3,063 villages on the list.

Birth and death rates.

The following table compares the English infant birth and death rates with those of the North-Western Provinces :—

	England.		N.-W Provinces.	
	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.
1. Number of births of girls and boys	393,347	404,081	7,960	8,636
2. Percentage of births of girls on total births	...	49 32	...	47·96
3. Ditto ditto of boys ...	...	50·68	...	52 04
4. Number of deaths of boys and girls under one year ...	56,169	69,699	1,984	2,243
5. Percentage of deaths of girls under one year on total deaths under one year ...	...	44 62	...	46 93
6 Ditto ditto of boys ditto ...	...	55 38	...	53·07
7 Percentage of deaths under one year on births during the year,	...	15·78	...	25·46
8. Percentage of deaths of female infants under one year on female births	...	14·27	...	24 92
9. Percentage of male ditto on male ditto	...	17 24	...	25 97
10. Number of population between one and twelve years ...	3,250,197	3,470,160	30,264	77,557
11. Percentage of female deaths on girl population of this age ...	...	1·63	...	4·0
12. Ditto of male ditto on male ditto,	...	1·59	...	2·2

Tests deducible from them.

Following out the principles of comparison adopted in the past by the Government, we arrive at the following results :—

Test A.—*Percentage of girl and boy births on total births.*

	English rate.	N.-W. P. rate for 1874-75.	N-W. P. rate for 1875-76.
Girls	49·32	47·91	47 96
Boys	50·68	52·09	52 04

The difference between the English figures is 1·36 in favour of boys. The difference in our case is 4·08 in favour of boys. Our divergence from English rates is 2·72 in favour of boys.

In the following districts the birth-rate in favour of boys exceeds the English rate by 5, or, in other words, the divergence of birth-rate in favour of boys is 6·36 per cent. or more :—

Number.	District.	Percentage of births of girls on total births.	Difference in favour of boys.
1	Meerut	46·34	7·32
2	Agra	46·12	7·76
3	Fatehgarh	45·85	8 30
4	Etáwah	44·92	10 16
5	Bijnor	46·27	7 46
6	Bareilly	46 48	7 04
7	Cawnpore	45·54	8·92
8	Allahabad	42·1	1·58
9	Basti	46·46	7·08

TEST B.—*Percentage of infant boy and girl deaths on total infantile deaths.*

	English rate.	N.-W. P. rate for 1874-75.	N.-W. P. rate for 1875-76.
Girls	44·62	48·35	46·93
Boys	55·38	51·65	53·07

The English difference in favour of girls is 10·76, ours is 6·14 only. Again, selecting those districts in which the rate differs 5 per cent. from the English rate, *i.e.*, which show less than 5·76 in favour of girls, we find the following :—

		Percentage of deaths of girls under one year.
1.	Muzaffarnagar	49·82
2.	Bulandshahr	54·69
3.	Agra	50·88
4.	Mainpuri	47·58
5.	Etah	52·55
6.	Budaun	52·72
7.	Bareilly	47·25
8.	Fatehpur	50·
9.	Bánda	47·22
10.	Hamírpur	52·83
11.	Jaunpur	49·19
12.	Azamgarh	50·
13.	Mirzapur	47·82
14.	Gházipur	49·36

TEST C.—*The death-rate of all infants of both sexes on births, i.e., the infantile mortality rate.*

The English rate is 15·78, as compared with 22·57 in 1874-75 and 25·46 in 1875-76 for the North-Western Provinces. We must here adopt an Indian standard, as our total provincial rate is not merely 5, but 10 per cent. in excess of English rates. Assuming 25 per cent. as a normal rate, the following districts exceed it by 5 per cent., and the rate obtained is in most cases double the English rate. In Azamgarh, for instance, the rate is 17·88, and in Gházipur 17·13.

		Per cent.
1.	Aligarh	31·
2.	Fatehgarh	30·33
3.	Etáwah	30·24
4.	Benares	38·23
5.	Jhánsi	35·08

TEST D.—*Percentage of the deaths of each sex under one year calculated on the births of that sex, i.e., on the living population of each sex under one year of age.*

	English rate	N.-W. P. rate for 1874-75.	N.-W. P. rate for 1875-76.
Girls	14 27	22·78	24·92
Boys	17·24	22·38	25·97

This test serves to show us whether female infants whose births are reported are allowed to live. Suppose we assume the rate 25·97 (or 26) to be a normal death-rate for boys, and apply thereto our English standard, we get 17 : 14 : : 26 : 21 ; but we have actually here a death-rate of 24·92 (say 25) for girls, or 4 per cent. in excess of what it ought to be. Or, again, if we assume the general death-rate 25·46 to be correct, then the rates on the English populations of 17·24 and 14·27 ought to be 28·74 for boys and 23·79 for girls, or a death-rate of 5 per cent. in favour of girls, whereas our death-rate is only 1 per cent. in favour of girls. However we take it, the whole death-rate shows about 4 per cent. against girls; in other words, 4 per cent. of girl infants die

in the whole province over and above the rate of nature. Applying this combined English and Indian standard of 28·74 for boys and 23·79 for girls, we find that the following districts show more than 5 per cent. divergence therefrom to the prejudice of girls :—

	Death-rate of girls.	The natural rate is	
1. Bulandshahr	28·2	19·	nearly.
2. Agra	30·37	20·	do.
3. Mainpuri	27·36	22·2	do.
4. Etah	29·06	21·4	do.
5. Bijnor	27·22	22·22	do.
6. Budaun	24·3	19·	do.
7. Bareilly	28·28	22·2	do.
8. Fatehpur	21·96	15·6	do.
9. Hamírpur	29·16	22·2	do.
10. Azamgarh	19·0	14·0	do.

TEST E.—*Death-rate of children between one and twelve years of age, calculated on the population of each sex of that age.*

This test shows whether female infants, after being spared till all danger of police inquisition and inspection is past, are allowed to live or die.

	English rate.	N.-W. P. rate for 1874-75.	N.-W. P. rate for 1875-76.
Girls	1·63	3·6	4·0
Boys	1·59	2·0	2 2

Roughly speaking, about twice as many girls of this age in proportion have died as boys, while the rate is two and a half times greater than the English rate. The following districts exhibit two girls or more dying for each boy who dies, in proportion to the population of each sex :—

	Boys.	Girls.
1. Saháranpur	1·64	3·82
2. Fatehgarh	2·83	6·5
3. Etáwah	1·95	5·38
4. Bijnor	2·44	5·10
5. Moradabad	1·4	3·52
6. Sháhjahánpur	2·17	6·04
7. Bareilly	1·55	4·52
8. Budaun	1·8	4·44
9. Benares	2·94	5·88

To sum up: these tests prove to us—(1) that concealment of girl births is still practised; (2) that 4 per cent. of female infants die in excess of natural rates; and (3) that the infantile mortality rate all round is high.

Natural increase.

The following table shows that the female element in the child population has risen naturally by 1·48 within the year. The rise last year was close on 2 per cent. By natural rise is meant the rise due solely to births and deaths. All incidental causes of change, such as arrivals, departures, &c., are excluded from calculation:—

	Boys.	Girls.	Percentage of girls.
Initial population	84,747	36,203	29·93
Births	8,636	7,960	
Total	93,383	44,163	
Deduct deaths	3,955	3,195	
Net population ...	89,428	40,968	31·41

The subjoined table gives the necessary details. It will be seen that progress has been made in every district:—

Statement showing the increase and decrease in the minor population during the year ending 31st March, 1876.

Serial number.	District.	*Minor population at the commencement of the period.*			Percentage of girls to total minor population.	*Add births within the period.*		*Deduct deaths of minors both under one year and between one and twelve years.*		*Total minor population at the end of the period.*			Percentage of girls to total minor population.
		Boys.	Girls.	Total.		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
1	Saháranpur	8,479	3,386	11,865	28·53	911	810	373	316	9,017	3,880	12,897	30·08
2	Muzaffarnagar ...	4,147	2,081	6,228	33·41	540	537	230	215	4,457	2,403	6,860	35·02
3	Meerut	3,346	1.468	4.814	30·49	367	317	163	119	3,550	1,666	5,216	3·49
4	Bulandshahr	3.772	1.935	5,707	33·9	348	351	190	198	3,930	2,088	6,018	34·69
5	Aligarh	1,928	707	2,635	26·83	170	159	134	79	1,964	787	2,751	28·6
6	Agra	2,286	1,174	3,460	33 93	250	214	115	102	2,421	1,286	3,707	34·69
7	Fatehgarh	3,281	814	4,095	19·87	307	260	182	113	3,406	961	4,367	22·
8	Mainpuri	8,809	3,749	12,553	29·85	888	793	430	345	9,267	4,197	13,464	31·17
9	Etáwah	2,230	819	3,049	26 86	244	199	122	76	1,352	942	3,294	28·59
10	Etah	5,248	2,596	7.844	33·09	462	461	219	214	5,491	2,843	8,334	34·11
11	Bijnor	4,110	1,877	5,987	31·35	469	404	223	195	4,356	2,086	6,442	32·38
12	Moradabad	2,530	1,280	3,810	33·59	267	248	96	85	2,701	1,443	4,144	34·82
13	Budaun	4,625	1,491	6,116	24·37	330	358	179	128	4,776	1,721	6,497	26·48
14	Bareilly	1,660	538	2,198	24·47	175	152	72	63	1,763	627	2,390	26·23
15	Sháhjahánpur ...	1,679	534	2,213	24·13	207	205	98	71	1,788	668	2,456	27·19
16	Cawnpore	4,154	1,447	5,601	25·83	458	383	213	152	4,399	1,678	6,077	27·61
17	Fatehpur	1,611	742	2,353	31·53	193	173	70	52	1,734	863	2,597	33·23
18	Bánda	1,540	802	2,348	34 41	161	150	64	63	1,637	895	2,532	35·34
19	Allahabad	399	110	509	21·61	44	32	25	9	418	133	551	24·13
20	Hamírpur	908	562	1,470	38·23	92	96	55	57	945	601	1,546	38·87
21	Jaunpur	4,968	2,287	7,255	31·52	447	446	179	147	5,236	2,586	7,822	33·06
22	Basti	2,471	1,075	3,546	30·31	303	263	135	94	2,639	1,244	3,883	32·03
23	Azamgarh	2,908	639	3,547	18·01	225	200	108	68	3,025	771	3,796	20·31
24	Mirzapur	374	168	542	30 99	36	44	13	14	397	198	595	33·27
25	Benares	184	81	265	30·56	18	16	14	8	188	89	277	32·13
26	Gházipur	4,842	2,674	7,516	35·57	477	445	151	125	5,168	2,994	8,162	36·68
27	Jalaun	1,993	988	2,981	33·14	219	215	81	79	2,131	1,124	3,255	34·53
28	Jhánsi	265	173	438	39·49	28	29	21	8	272	194	466	41·63
	Total ...	84,747	36,203	120,950	29·93	8,636	7,960	3,955	3,195	89,428	40,968	130,396	31·41

Arrivals and removals.

Arrivals and removals have been fairly well reported this year. Last year there were 53,342 such reports: this year they reached a total of 72,387. So, too, with pregnant women: last year 1,122, this year 1,400 are said to have come and gone. Removals are better reported than arrivals. In many districts the coming and going of pregnant women are badly reported. For instance—

Jalaun,	with	3,721	women,	has not a single report,			
Cawnpore,	„	6,632	„	only 22 such reports,			
Muzaffarnagar,	„	5,897	„	„	17	„	„
Gházipur,	„	7,956	„	„	5	„	„
Azamgarh,	„	4,478	„	„	6	„	„
Jaunpur,	„	7,905	„	„	32	„	„

On the other hand—

Budaun,	with	3,492	women,	has	120	such reports,	
Mainpuri,	„	11,470	„	„	240	„	„
Saháranpur,	„	9,912	„	„	336	„	„
Bijnor,	„	5,593	„	„	119	„	„

It has frequently been pointed out that the easiest way of evading the law is the removal of a pregnant woman to another district or to an unproclaimed village, and from nearly every district magistrates bring this method of evading the law to light.

Transfers.

The number of registered boys was 85,933; their transfers were 5,749, or 6 per cent. Girls were 37,394; their transfers were 1,189, or 3 per cent. The cause of this apparent paucity of transfer of girls is due to the fact that the action of the law in the preservation of female infant life is of recent date. In Allahabad, Jaunpur, and Jalaun no transfers are shown.

Family exemption.

In the thirteen districts noted below family exemptions took place:—

		Families.
1.	Saháranpur	543
2.	Bulandshahr	2,112
3.	Aligarh	228
4.	Fatehgarh	1,016

		Families.
5.	Etáwah	180
6.	Etah	152
7.	Moradabad	1,239
8.	Budaun	397
9.	Sháhjahánpur	320
10.	Cawnpore	794
11.	Jaunpur	3,939
12.	Jalaun	56
13.	Jhánsi	79

Most of these exemptions took effect from the beginning of the year 1876-77, but in some cases exemptions were made in the middle of the year, which led to much confusion and complication.

Specially guilty villages from which pregnancies are reported.

There were at the close of the year 523 specially guilty villages. In most districts the register of pregnancies, kept up for each of these villages, has been carelessly prepared. It should be kept with scrupulous accuracy. It is unjust to insist on reports of pregnancies from any village that does not fulfil the two-fold condition—(1) minor population of not less than 25, (2) with a girl percentage below 25—requisite to the legality of its retention on the register.

Midwives.

The register of midwives is now complete in all districts except two, Basti and Jhánsi, and here it is expected that they will be prepared before the close of the next year.

Inquests, judicial action, &c.

One thousand four hundred and nine inquests and 679 post-mortem examinations resulted in 51 cases being considered suspicious: 21 of these cases were enquired into judicially, in 9 conviction, and in 11 acquittal being obtained, while one was left under trial at the close of the year. Of persons, 33 were tried; 14 were convicted and 19 were acquitted.

Punishments.

These lesser punishments to midwives, heads of families, and chaukidárs were 1,296 this year, as compared with 732 of the preceding year. This increased severity of punishment argues rather

increased attention to the enforcement of the rules, than greater culpability on the part of the offenders.

Establishment and rates.

Special police were employed in 18 out of 28 proclaimed districts. The force entertained consisted of one inspector, six sub-inspectors, 109 head constables, and 48 chaukidárs. The cost of this establishment and its incidental expenses were Rs. 25,355-9-2. The net sum collected was Rs. 26,144-4-7. The rates imposed varied, being 1 rupee, 12 annas, and 8 annas on specially guilty families; and 8, 6, 5, 4, and 3 annas on ordinarily guilty families.

6.—Prisons.

Staff.

The jail department was administered during the calendar year 1875 by Surgeon-Major W. Walker, Inspector-General of Prisons, North-Western Provinces.

Number of jails.

The number of jails in these provinces is 39. Of these six are central and 33 district jails. The central jails are those of Allahabad, Bareilly, Benares, Meerut, Agra, and Fatehgarh. There are also 22 lock-ups for the confinement of prisoners under trial.

Number of convicts.

The year began with 22,106 convicts; it brought in 35,758 more, and took away 35,852, leaving 22,012 at the close. The daily average of the convict population was 22,594, against 21,631 in 1874. Besides this, the daily averages of 1,147 persons in custody pending trial and 176 civil prisoners made up the gross average jail population for each day of 1875 to 23,918, against 23,146 in the previous year. But the larger daily average of 1875 is due mainly to the crime of 1874, when the admissions of convicts were as many as 37,140.

Yearly quota of convicts.

Omitting the central prisons, where the annual quota of convicts does not depend solely on the number of sentences passed by the

courts of the district, the following are the statistics of persons sentenced to imprisonment in the last three years :—

District.	1873.	1874.	1875.
Dehra Dún	114	147	242
Saháranpur	851	737	582
Muzaffarnagar	469	577	513
Meerut	810	910	834
Bulandshahr	728	852	719
Aligarh	917	888	1,152
Bijnor	595	777	812
Moradabad	1,256	1,849	1,917
Bareilly	1,754	1,847	1,811
Budaun	1,122	1,211	1,289
Sháhjahánpur	1,151	1,090	1,168
Muttra	900	848	856
Agra	863	1,221	1,347
Etáwah	915	1,110	1,135
Mainpuri	710	755	935
Etah	908	921	848
Farukhabad	1,055	1,008	1,361
Cawnpore	1,627	1,611	1,671
Fatehpur	947	925	943
Allahabad	1,745	1,413	1,806
Bánda	1,263	1,217	1,373
Hamírpur	925	1,075	843
Jaunpur	1,248	1,231	914
Mirzapur	1,141	999	1,025
Benares	1,420	1,519	1,332
Gházipur	1,174	1,507	1,422
Azamgarh	1,736	1,874	1,223
Gorakhpur	1,814	2,363	1,593
Basti	1,050	1,627	1,104
Almora	127	250	248
Orai	602	659	793
Jhánsi	777	722	550
Lalitpur	362	416	495

The general decrease in the eastern districts bracketed together is probably due to the greater plenty and cheapness of food in 1875.

Civil prisoners.

There were 2,118 men and 42 women received as civil prisoners in 1875; the daily average was 173 men and 4 women; and 2,112 men and 39 women were released, leaving 148 men and 3 women in custody at the end of the year.

Religion of prisoners.

Of the whole body of prisoners, 83·4 per cent. were Hindus and 16·3 per cent. Muhammadans. Of the 107 Christians, 40 were Europeans,

22 Eurasians, and 45 Native Christians. With few exceptions, the Europeans were all confined in the Allahabad central prison.

Occupation of convicts.

The number of convicts belonging to each of the main classes into which the population of these provinces may be divided in respect of occupation is shown in the following table :—

	1873.	1874.	1875.
Of independent property ...	776	913	1,180
Agriculturists ...	24,907	26,317	26,558
Non-agriculturists ...	16,928	20,048	19,238
Domestic servants ...	2,773	3,253	3,724
Government servants ...	1,549	1,783	1,694
No occupation ...	1,450	1,559	2,046

Europeans imprisoned.

The number of Europeans imprisoned during the last five years is shown below. Of the 40 prisoners in 1875-76, 35 were confined in the Allahabad central prison, 3 in the Agra central prison, 1 in the Bareilly central prison, and 1 in the district jail at Cawnpore :—

1871-72	33
1872-73	34
1873-74	30
1874-75	58
1875-76	40

Female prisoners.

Out of 2,162 female convicts released during the year, 851 were received by their friends at the gates of the jails and 1,311 left unattended. It has been further ascertained that of the whole number released, 993 are living with their friends, while 1,169 have either not returned to their homes, or their fate is altogether unknown.

Prisoners under age.

The number of prisoners under 16 years of age was 529—475 boys and 54 girls—against 809 last year, being a decrease of 34·6 per cent., of whom 81 were detained in the district jails on account of short terms or bad health, while the rest (448) were imprisoned in the central prison reformatories. At the close of the year

there were of this class in the several reformatories 154 boys, distributed thus :—

Meerut	29	Allahabad	24
Bareilly	21	Benares	38
Agra	42		

Reformatories.

Reformatories proper, as distinguished from the separate classification of boy and girl prisoners in the jails, are at present under consideration. Hitherto it has only been possible to modify the jail discipline and management in some degree to suit the requirements of prisoners under age; some kind of instruction has been given, and the pupils have, as far as possible, been kept to themselves, but, at the best, the conditions which surround them have never been of a satisfactory nature.

Length of terms of imprisonment.

The following table shows the classification of terms of imprisonment according to their length, and the several proportions of the whole convict population whose sentences fell under each class. These proportions are very much the same year by year. The percentage of persons sentenced to simple imprisonment was the same as in 1874, namely, 5·49 :—

		1873.	1874.	1875.
A.	Not exceeding 1 month ...	19·03	18 73	19·43
B.	Between 1 and 6 months ...	30 71	29 79	29 55
C.	Ditto 6 and 12 „ ...	16·86	17·84	17·06
D.	Ditto 1 and 3 years ...	20·08	21·88	22·40
E.	Ditto 3 and 5 „ ..	6·64	5·30	5·48
F.	Ditto 5 and 10 „ ...	4 66	4·65	4·42
G.	Above 10 years ...	0 90	0·69	0·55
H.	Sentenced to transportation beyond seas— ...			
	For life ...	0·78	0 82	0·70
	For a term ...	0·13	0·11	0·23
I.	Sentenced to death ...	0·21	0 19	0·18
		100·00	100·00	100·00

Releases under the good-conduct rules.

The number of convicts who might have earned remissions of sentence under the good-conduct rules was 15,695 : those who actually did earn remissions were only 598, of whom 35 were women.

The Inspector-General of Prisons observes that this is a very small percentage of interference with judicial sentences, and that it is far more than compensated by the good results on the discipline of the jails arising from the action of the rules themselves. While accepting this opinion with satisfaction, the Government have always insisted that these rules should be worked with great caution. Anything like a wholesale interference with judicial sentences would be an evil so great that it could not be balanced by any secondary advantages in the way of jail discipline. Moreover, it is almost impossible to work the rules properly, because of the commonly untrustworthy character of the subordinate establishment, and it is notorious that criminals condemned for the most heinous offences are often the best behaved in jail. Although a man has sense enough to behave well in jail, if he knows that by so doing he will earn a remission of his sentence, this unfortunately is no guarantee that he will not proceed to prey upon society immediately he is released. It was therefore decided that, at any rate for the present, no measures were to be adopted with the view of giving these rules a wider extension than they now have.

Escapes.

There are at present 118 convicts at large, of whom 112 escaped at various times in the last ten years, and six escaped in 1875, and got clear off, while nine others were re-captured before the year was out. The details of the escapes of 1875 are :—

	Escaped.	Recaptured.
Meerut central prison	1	...
Bareilly ditto	3	1
Agra ditto	1	...
Allahabad ditto	1	1
Dehra Dún ditto	1	...
Meerut	1	...
Moradabad	1	1
Budaun	2	2
Etáwah	2	2
Gházipur	2	2

Offences and punishments.

The discrepancies as regards offences and punishments are very great. For example, for 77 breaches of prison discipline in the

Bareilly central prison, for 53 in the district jail, and for 92 in the Benares district jail, the only punishment used was flogging. In the Benares central prison 181 such offences were punished in 176 cases by flogging, and in five by short rations, but the Budaun jail shows 36 instances of short rations and 115 of solitary confinement,* against 107 of flogging; while in Muttra there were five cases of solitary confinement and 61 of short rations,† against only 18 of flogging; and so in other cases. The matter has been taken into consideration with a view to the classification of offences, and the determination of some limits of punishment for each class, by which superintendents should ordinarily be guided. Nothing is further from the wish of the Government than to lay down hard-and-fast rules on such a subject. A large discretion must always be confided to superintendents, but it might be to some extent regulated by such principles as the experience of the head of the department and that of other skilled judges would suggest. It is a positive and great evil that some jails should be, as it is believed they are, comparatively popular with the criminal classes, or that a thief imprisoned in district A should have reason to think himself much worse off than his brother thief in district B.

With short rations.

† With or without solitary confinement.

Out of an average daily population of 21,594, there were 17,958 'effectives,' and the various employments were—as prison officers, 498; as prison servants, 4,022; on building and repairs, 7,300; in the garden, 824; in manufactures, 5,047; beyond the walls, 267; but the last figure is too large, including occasional as well as regular extramural gangs. Hardly more than one-eighth of the men employed in manufactures worked at their own trades. It appears that prisoners prefer out-door labour to manufactures, because their work can be measured in the latter case, and in the former they can succeed in shirking a good deal. This fault of out-door work, however, will be remedied before long, and then the preference for labour of this kind may be expected to abate.

Employment.

Education.

Of the convicts who came into jail during the year, seven per cent. could read and write, and of these, every third man could read and write well. Alterations in the statement on this subject (VII.) preclude the comparison of the statistics of 1874.

Cost per head.

The first of the financial tables gives the following information regarding *convicted* prisoners :—

	Average cost per head.					
	1874.			1875.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Rations	18	3	5	14	6	7
Superintendence ...	4	2	1	4	0	5
Office establishment ...	4	4	7	4	5	2
Hospital ditto ...	0	11	11	0	11	8
Intramural guards ...	4	3	2	4	2	1
Police ditto ...	...			2	9	3
Hospital charges ...	0	12	5	0	12	2
Clothing	2	9	10	2	10	5
Contingencies ...	2	0	2	1	15	0
Total ...	36	15	7	35	8	9

The new statements comprehend the cost of the police guard and of European medicines,—items not shown in former years. If these items be deducted, there remains an expenditure on the same objects as last year, but considerably less, *i.e.*, Rs. 32-11-3½ against Rs. 36-15-6½. The great decrease, Rs. 3-11-10, in the average cost of rations explains the difference. The total cost, deducting the two items now first shown, was Rs. 7,38,937, against Rs. 7,99,759 in 1874 ; a decrease of Rs. 60,000, which is satisfactory.

Rations, establishments, and police guards are regulated on fixed principles, but in hospital charges, clothing, and contingencies there is a large discretion left to superintendents.

1. Hospital charges.

The average expenditure on medicines, &c., per head of the provincial convict population, was nearly twelve annas; and the

extremes of expense and saving are found in the following jails :—

	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.
Almora	2	9	11	Gházipur ...	0	3	5
Meerut central prison ...	1	9	5¼	Ditto temporary jail.	0	3	9¾
Basti	1	8	11	Mainpuri ...	0	4	1¾
Bánda	1	8	4½	Bijnor ...	0	5	0½

The cost per head of the average daily number of patients does not furnish an exact criterion of hospital economy. In Dehra Dún, for instance, where Rs. 73 were spent on medicines in 1875, the average daily cost of all the sick is shown as Rs. 125-13-9, because the daily average of sick was 0·58 ; but the fact is that 26 persons were treated, as the average annual expenditure per head was Rs. 2-12-11. The expenditure should be judged by the number of patients taken together with the average duration of treatment. Looked at in this way, hospital management has been cheapest in Mainpuri and dearest in Dehra Dún ; but the expenditure depends to a great extent upon the nature of the diseases treated.

2. Clothing and bedding.

Taking the average of five years, the cost of clothing and bedding in some of the highest and lowest cases is as follows :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Bareilly jail	4	12	10
Bareilly central prison	4	10	3
Sháhjahánpur jail	3	9	3
Muttra „	3	6	7
Bulandshahr „	1	13	10
Sahéranpur „	1	15	5
Bijnor „	2	11	0

The Bareilly average is unaccountably high, and may be compared with the similar charges in the lunatic asylum. Sháhjahánpur comes next, then Muttra ; while Saháranpur and Bijnor, where the winter cold is severe, are among the districts where clothing costs least. These discrepancies are under enquiry.

3. Petty expenses.

The provincial average of contingent expenses is lower than it has been for five years :—

1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
2 2 0	2 8 0	2 13 0	2 0 0	1 14 0

Attention has been called to the subject of these petty incidental expenses.

Factories.

The jails began the year with plant and raw material in hand to the value of Rs. 70,923, and manufactured goods in store representing Rs. 52,626; that Rs. 2,39,488 in cash were expended on the factories; and that the year closed with plant and raw materials in hand to the value of Rs. 65,279, and manufactured goods in store valued at Rs. 57,396, while the factories had brought in Rs. 3,57,033 in cash, and saved the Government Rs. 41,557 in home produce. Three jails did not cover their cash expenditure by their cash receipts—the Bareilly and Fatehgarh central prisons, and the Lalitpur jail, but in the two former the deficit is due to credit given :—

			Deficit.	*Outstanding debts.*
			Rs.	Rs.
Bareilly central prison	...	...	117	4,932
Fatehgarh ditto	...	...	325	783
Lalitpur jail	...	...	489	163

The outstanding debts are very large in Agra, Bareilly, and Allahabad and other jails.

The general results are that during 1875 the value of plant and machinery was increased by Rs. 1,834, and that of raw and manufactured stock was diminished by Rs. 2,714, while cash receipts exceeded disbursements by Rs. 1,17,545, and the State was saved Rs. 41,557 besides. This last item has been made out by calculations at the arbitrary rates for the valuation of prison labour which prevail in the North-Western Provinces. It appears that Rs. 5,209 of the cash profit represents old debts collected; thus the proper cash profit of 1875 was Rs. 1,12,336, and deducting the loss on plant and stock

together, Rs. 1,11,456 is the ultimate gain on the year's transactions. But if the outstanding debts have been reduced by Rs. 13,754, with only Rs. 5,209 recovered, the proportion of irrecoverable debts must have been very large.

Net cost per head.

Taking all the expenses and all the receipts of the department, the net cost per prisoner was Rs. 35-15-10 in 1875, or much less than it ever was in the four preceding years; their average was Rs. 42-9-0. The aggregate cost of the department is reckoned by the financial year, and comes into consideration in reviewing the provincial accounts.

Mortality.

The jails with the highest death-rate are the following :—

	Per thousand.		
	1873.	1874	1875.
Bánda jail	106·3	60·4	81·2
Meerut central prison	76·7	128 3	54·
Gorakhpur jail	75·1	201·4	53·5
Bareilly central prison	87·2	49·2	53·4
Jhánsi jail	9·5	56·8	51·7
Meerut „	105·5	55·9	51·

The italics mark those which preserved during 1875 their evil reputation of the two previous years, but all, except Bánda, in a considerably less degree. The following jails, which showed a large death-roll in 1873 or 1874 were comparatively healthy in 1875 :—

	Per thousand.		
	1873.	1874.	1875.
Bareilly district jail	60·9	20·9	25 3
Bulandshahr „	44·7	92 8	23·2
Sháhjahánpur „	87·7	39 8	21·2
Fatehpur „	65·5	38·3	21·7
Mirzapur „	81·4	33·1	25·2
Basti „	143·9	109·3	19·6
Almora „	21·4	43·5	25·5

The causes of the mortality in the most unhealthy jails seem to have been accidental, except in Bareilly, where the high death-rate is ascribed, in part at least, to "continued and excessive labour of individual gangs on the building works."

This was a mistake, the gravity of which is enhanced by the ample opportunities for recognising it, and for which a severe censure was administered.

The catalogue of punishments inflicted on the subordinate officials of the department during the past year does not differ materially from the account of previous years. Of the European subordinates, 5 were fined once, and 1 three times, 5 were dismissed, and 1, a jailor, was degraded. The higher native subordinates numbered 275. Of these 40 were fined once, 27 twice, 3 three times, and 4 four times, 21 were dismissed, and 1 imprisoned.

Sections 504-506, Criminal Procedure Code.

The districts in which the greatest number of persons were imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour were:—

	1872.	1873.	1874	1875.
Cawnpore	29	84	164	212
Gorakhpur	116	120	124	182
Bareilly	172	84	136	159
Budaun	59	90	90	152
Mirzapur	59	37	59	149
Moradabad	30	33	75	143

In 1872 the percentage of prisoners imprisoned in default of security to the total jail population was 3·7. It has gradually risen to 6·9 in 1875. Act X. of 1872 has therefore added perceptibly to the jail population under this head; but the remarkable fluctuations in some districts seem to show that the law is applied very irregularly, and that its operation depends a great deal upon the views of the magistrate for the time being.

7.—Civil Justice.

As at present constituted, the civil courts of these provinces are of two classes, those immediately subordinate to the High Court and those under the direct control of the Government. Under the first class come the courts of the regulation districts of the North-Western Provinces and in the Jhánsi division; under the second, those of non-regulation districts of Kumaun, Garhwál, and Tarái. For the former, Act VIII. of

1859 is the general procedure law; the latter are governed by special rules prepared under the authority of the local Government. For the regular civil courts' returns Government is indebted to the annual statements (prepared for the calendar year) submitted by the High Court. The figures for the Kumaun division are furnished by the Commissioner. The present chapter will thus be divided into (1) courts subordinate to the High Court, and (2) courts not subordinate to the High Court. To these are added a third head (3) on civil litigation to which the Government was a party.

I.—Civil courts subordinate to the High Court.

Grades of courts.

The regular staff of these courts consist of three grades—district judges, subordinate judges, and munsifs. The two last are courts of original jurisdiction; the court of the district judge is mainly a court of appeal. But it is in the power of the district judge to withdraw suits from the subordinate courts for trial before himself, and he has also the power of referring appeals from the decisions of munsifs to the court of the subordinate judge.

Small cause courts.

Besides these regular courts, there are a number of courts of summary jurisdiction called courts of small causes. Their decisions are final, and admit of no appeal; but their limit of jurisdiction is Rs. 500, and full powers to this extent are not always granted. At Allahabad and Agra there are special judges for these courts; at Benares, Cawnpore, Meerut, Saháranpur, Bareilly, and Farukhabad the office of the subordinate judge is amalgamated with that of the small cause judgeship. In cantonments, to which special magistrates are appointed, the cantonment magistrate has usually small cause court powers, though not always up to the full amount of Rs. 500.

The working of the civil courts is reviewed by the High Court of Judicature at the close of each calendar year. The High Court's note on the returns for 1875 is subjoined.

Amount of litigation.

In 1875 the civil suits (original and appellate) amounted to 98,422, being

1,558 in excess of the total of the previous year. Of this litigation, original suits account for 88,796, and appeals for 9,626.

	Original.	Appeals.	Total.
1874 ...	86,939	9,925	96,864
1875 ...	88,796	9,626	98,422

Litigation has decreased in the districts of Saháranpur, Meerut, Farukhabad, Mainpuri, Cawnpore, Bánda, Allahabad, Jaunpur, Benares, and Gházipur, but the number of suits instituted in other districts has increased, *viz.*, in Aligarh, Moradabad, Bareilly, Sháhjahánpur, Agra, Gorakhpur, Azamgarh, Mirzapur, and Jhánsi.

Ninety-seven thousand five hundred and twenty-eight suits were finally disposed of against 96,971 in the previous year. The increase in suits disposed of (557) is commensurate with the increase in litigation.

Arrangement of districts according to number of cases finally disposed of.

The following table will show the districts arranged according to the number of cases finally disposed of in the ordinary civil courts during the year:—

Number.	District.	Total number of cases finally disposed of during the year 1875, exclusive of transferred cases.	Number.	District.	Total number of cases finally disposed of during the year 1875, exclusive of transferred cases.
1	Agra ...	9,943	12	Farukhabad ...	4,323
2	Moradabad ...	8,578	13	Allahabad ...	4,217
3	Bareilly ...	8,549	14	Jhánsi ...	3,314
4	Aligarh ...	7,153	15	Azamgarh ...	2,944
5	Sháhjahánpur ...	6,506	16	Benares ...	2,618
6	Mainpuri ...	6,302	17	Jaunpur ...	2,313
7	Meerut ...	6,148	18	Mirzapur ...	2,253
8	Saháranpur ...	5,659	19	Bánda ...	1,315
9	Gorakhpur ...	5,579			
10	Gházipur ...	5,376			
11	Cawnpore ...	4,488		Total ...	97,528

Pending cases.

There was an increase of 1,054 in the number of cases pending at the close of the year, being 8,425 at the end of 1875, as compared

with 7,371 at the close of the previous year. The increase was in the districts of Saháranpur, Meerut, Moradabad, Sháhjahánpur, Agra, Farukhabad, Cawnpore, Gorakhpur, Azamgarh, Benares, Gházipur, and Jhánsi. The Moradabad civil courts account for the largest number (632), the increase being chiefly in the courts of the subordinate judge and munsif of Bilari; in the former it is attributed to the increase in litigation, and in the latter to the retirement and death of the late munsif, causing a vacancy which was not immediately filled up. The subordinate judge and munsif of Moradabad have now been invested with the powers of a small cause court, and this measure will, it is hoped, by reducing the appellate business, help to keep down the accumulation of arrears.

In other districts the increase in the file of pending cases is due generally to the increase in litigation.

Fifty-three thousand and twenty-five cases were disposed of without contest, and 36,416 after trial. The contested cases in 1875 were, as in the previous year, 38 per cent. of the total disposed of.

The number of cases pending for more than a year at the close of 1875 was 21, as compared with 33 at the close of the previous year: of these, 13 were in Allahabad, three in Mainpuri and Benares respectively, and two in Moradabad. The delay in some of the cases seemed insufficiently explained, but further explanations were called for, which were found to be on the whole satisfactory.

Value of property in dispute.

The total value of suits, original and appellate, disposed of in 1875 was Rs. 1,93,57,387, against Rs. 2,30,06,392 in the previous year, being a decrease of Rs. 36,49,005.

Cost of litigation.

The total costs of the civil litigation of all kinds disposed of in 1875 amounted to Rs. 27,25,302, being Rs. 54,018 less than in the previous year. The percentage of costs to value was 14 against

12 in the previous year, or the same as in the year 1873; and the average cost per suit was Rs. 28, or the same as in the previous year. Stamp charges of all kinds aggregated Rs. 11,58,048 against Rs. 11,97,228, being a decrease of Rs. 39,180.

The judicial work of the revenue courts is next to be exhibited.

REVENUE COURTS.

	Instituted.
1874	66,474
1875	69,155
Increase ...	2,681

Sixty-nine thousand one hundred and fifty-five suits and appeals were instituted in the year, being 2,681 in excess of that of the previous year. The litigation in these courts exhibits thus an increase over the previous years, though it is still less than in the year 1873. The figures for the last four years are given in the margin.

Instituted in last four years.

1872.	1873	1874.	1875.
68,930	71,586	66,474	69,155

The cases disposed of in 1875 amounted to 70,580, against 65,152 in 1874, being an increase of 5,428.

Of the litigation thus disposed of in 1875, 33,701 were decreed without contest, and 22,765 after trial in court. The contested cases bore a ratio of 32 per cent. to the aggregate of cases disposed of, as compared with 37 in 1874.

1874.		1875	
Un-contested.	*Contested*	*Un-contested.*	*Contested.*
26,072	24,208	33,701	22,765

The pending file at the end of the year (4,279) was less by 1,361 than that of the previous year. The heaviest pending files were in the following districts—Etah (385), Gorakhpur and Gházipur (354 respectively), Mainpuri (353), Moradabad (249), Azamgarh and Aligarh (233 respectively), and Budaun (230). As in previous years, the column of suits pending above one year for the year 1875 was blank.

Pending at end of 1874 ...	5,640
Ditto ditto 1875 ...	4,279
Decrease ...	1,361

The revenue litigation of 1875, as compared with 1874, may be classified as follows :—

Revenue litigation.

	1875.	1874.
For arrears of rent	55,006	48,339
Enhancement or abatement of rent suits	982	6,154
Regarding illegal exactions, distraints, &c.	2,817	2,001
Ditto ejectments	1,959	1,427
Ditto accounts, agents, &c. ...	304	138
To resume or assess lakhiráj ...	108	703
Other suits	5,995	5,390
Total ...	67,171	64,152

The small cause court litigation in 1873, 1874, and 1875 is summarized in the margin. It will be seen that the business of the small cause courts of Cawnpore, Benares, Allahabad, Bareilly, and Meerut showed a decrease; that of Agra, Dehra Dún, and Farukhabad a slight increase.

	1873.	1874.	1875.
Small Cause Courts			
Cawnpore ...	1,066	1,359	1,180
Benares ...	1,526	1,583	1 439
Allahabad ...	2,514	2,113	1,680
Agra ...	2,958	3,208	3,345
Bareilly ...	190	145	122
Dehra Dún ...	462	1,051	1,079
Meerut ..	1,145	1,146	782
Mirzapur ...	...	..	359
Farukhabad ...	...	675	693

The proportion of suits decided on their merits to those determined in other ways in the civil courts was 40 per cent., as compared with 42 in the previous year, and 40 in the revenue courts, as compared with 48 in the previous year.

Proportion of civil suits decided on their merits.

Civil appeals bore a ratio of 10 per cent. to the total litigation, and of 26 to the cases contested and decided in court. The former proportion was the same, and the latter a little less than in the previous year.

Proportion of appeals.

The subjoined statement shows the number of suits in each of the main classes for the last three years :—

Classes of suits.

	1873.	1874.	1875.
Simple money suits, bonds, &c. ...	69,841	73,718	70,069
Immoveable property	12,739	7,012	11,946
Other suits	6,567	6,015	6,474

In 1875 the proportion of suits for money due on contract to the mass of litigation was 71 per cent., and the percentage of suits for immoveable property was 12.

Suits for immoveable property preponderant in Gházipur, Gorakhpur, Moradabad, and Agra.

The largest number of suits for immoveable property was found in the districts of Gházipur (1,286), Gorakhpur (1,088), Moradabad (988), and Agra (873); but the proportion of suits of this class was, as has always been the case, by far the highest in the Benares division generally, where it was 33 per cent. of the total litigation in Gházipur, 28 in Azamgarh, 24 in Jaunpur, and 22 per cent. in Gorakhpur.

Proportion highest in Benares division.

Lowest in Lalitpur, Aligarh, Jalaun, Meerut, Mainpuri, Moradabad, Bareilly, Allahabad, and Mirzapur.

The proportion of such suits was lowest in Lalitpur (4 per cent.), Aligarh and Jalaun (7 each), Meerut (9), Mainpuri (11), Moradabad, Bareilly, Allahabad, and Mirzapur (12 each).

Revenue appeals.

The statistics of appellate business in rent suits instituted and disposed of by the civil and revenue courts respectively in the last two years are exhibited in the following table:—

	Number of appeals for disposal		*Disposed of in favour of appellant.*		*In favour of respondent.*		*Cases disposed of during the year appealable.*	
	Before judge.	Before collector.	By judge	By collector.	By judge.	By collector.	To judge.	To collector.
1874	2,148	2,147	619	694	978	1,106	2,983	10,783
1875 ...	951	2,105	231	666	423	1,086	3,716	11,836

Twenty-eight of the judgments of the revenue courts of the first instance heard in appeal by judges were reversed or modified in 1875, and 35 per cent. of those disposed of by collectors. These ratios in the previous year were 33 and 34 respectively.

The judgments of the revenue courts fared worst in appeal before the judges in Bánda (75 per cent. disturbed), Jaunpur (65), and Azamgarh (53). The percentage of appeals successful before collectors was highest in Bánda (67), Bijnor (63), Muzaffarnagar (57), Basti (55), and Sháhjahánpur and Agra (50 each).

Two-hundred and thirty-seven revenue appeals were pending at the close of the year in the judges' courts, and 215 in those of the collectors. The pending file before the collector of Etah was the highest, being 107.

Average duration of cases.

The average duration of contested cases in the civil courts of these provinces was as follows :—

	Contested.	*Uncontested.*
Judges' courts	131 days	61 days.
Subordinate judges' courts	90 „	42 „
Munsifs' courts	47 „	23 „
Small cause courts	12 „	10 „

The average in the judges' courts was highest in the districts of Mainpuri (441 days), Moradabad (308 days), Gorakhpur (224 days), Aligarh (193 days), and Bareilly (180 days). These high averages have been duly noticed, and greater punctuality has been enjoined. The average duration in the judge's court at Mainpuri was attributable to the fact that in some heavy cases the parties in the case were Government servants, and the plaintiff requested the court to allow him time to make certain references to the Board of Revenue, and his request, being reasonable, was granted. This, combined with the delay in the return of commissions issued for the examination of witnesses residing in other districts, prolonged the cases for more than a year. The Court has satisfied itself that the delay in the case which affected the average in Gorakhpur arose from causes beyond the power of the local court to control.

The average duration of contested cases in the collectors' courts was 29 days, as compared with 26 days in the previous year.

The average duration of contested cases in the first class assistant collectors' courts was 36 days, and in those of the second class 27 days, as compared with 33 and 28 days respectively in the previous year.

The number of original suits disposed of during the year was only 37, the largest number (14) being taken up by the judge of Gházipur. The remaining cases (23) were distributed as follows: 4 by the judge of Mirzapur, 3 by the judge of Azamgarh, 2 each by the judges of Gorakhpur, Bareilly, Aligarh, Farukhabad, Mainpuri, Sháhjahánpur, and Benares, and 1 each by the judges of Meerut and Cawnpore.

The number of appeals heard from munsifs' decisions is small in the courts of the judges of Allahabad (97), Gházipur (44), Cawnpore (63), Sháhjahánpur (50), Moradabad (2), Benares (24), and Bánda (41).

Percentage of appeals to appealable cases decided by the district judges.

The general percentage of appeals to appealable cases decided by the district judges was 31. The best results were in the districts of Sháhjahánpur (13), Mainpuri (16), Cawnpore (18), Agra (21), Bareilly (22), Farukhabad (23), and Gorakhpur and Gházipur (25), and the worst results in the districts of Moradabad (93), Benares (60), Meerut (56), Allahabad (46), and Bánda (42).

Percentage of appeals from the judgments of district judges reversed by the High Court.

The general percentage of cases appealed in which the judgment of the district judge was reversed or modified by the High Court to total number decided by the High Court was 39.

Work performed by subordinate judges.

The following table shows the work performed by the subordinate judges in the North-Western Provinces, arranged according to the number of cases disposed of:—

Allahabad ...	...	...	...	719
Gházipur ...	...	...	...	714
Mirzapur ...	...	...	...	562
Saháranpur	...	...	...	340

Bánda	211
Bareilly	208
Gorakhpur	180
Meerut	157
Agra	148
Aligarh	146
Benares	144
Cawnpore	140
Moradabad	128
Jhánsi	111
Azamgarh	95
Farukhabad	83
Sháhjahánpur	71
Mainpuri	59
Jaunpur	48

In explanation of the large proportion of cases decided in Allahabad and Gházipur, it is to be noted that there are two subordinate judges at Gházipur, and the subordinate judge of Allahabad is also invested with the jurisdiction of a munsif over certain parganas.

Work performed by munsifs.

The amount of work performed by the munsifs in each district is shown in the subjoined table :—

Moradabad	7,678
Bareilly	7,166
Aligarh	6,245
Sháhjahánpur	5,937
Agra	5,790
Mainpuri	5,663
Meerut	4,746
Gházipur	4,520
Gorakhpur	4,436
Farukhabad	3,171
Saháranpur	3,489
Cawnpore	2,722
Azamgarh	2,281
Jaunpur	2,068
Allahabad	1,482
Mirzapur	1,146
Bánda	945
Benares	843

Income and expenditure of the civil courts.

The income of the civil courts was composed of the following items: value of stamps, deducting refunds, amount of penalties

for insufficiently stamped documents and fines, and savings from the talbána and amíns' fee funds. These figures are shown in the annexed table for the last two years :—

Years.	Income.				Total.
	Value of stamps filed.	Penalties realized on insufficiently stamped documents and fines.	Surplus talbána.	Surplus amíns' fees.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1874 ...	16,18,025	7,190	1,00,475	85,378	18,11,069
1875 ...	15,78,990	5,648	1,03,532	86,085	17,74,258

The expenditure of the courts in the year amounted to Rs. 16,01,576, leaving a net gain to the Government of Rs. 1,72,681.

Execution of decrees.

The civil courts had 124,903 applications for execution of decrees before them, of which 19 per cent. were completely executed.

The application of coercive processes in execution of decrees is shown in the annexed table :—

	1873.	1874.	1875.
Sales of immoveable property	8,893	8,966	8,697
Sequestration of ditto	115	97	1,052
Sales of moveable ditto	3,467	3,946	3,361
Imprisonment	1,282	1,050	1,075

Business before the High Court.

The civil business which was before the High Court in the year 1875 was as follows :—

On the appellate side.

Regular appeals	236
Special ditto	1,968
References from small cause courts ...	7
Miscellaneous orders	1,256
Ditto regular appeals	108
Ditto special ditto	123
Ditto applications, &c.... ...	324
Appeals under section 10, letters patent ...	9

The court disposed of the following:—

Disposed of.

Regular appeals	151
Special ditto	1,531
References from small cause courts ...	6
Miscellaneous orders	1,256
Ditto regular appeals	84
Ditto special ditto	101
Ditto applications, &c.	312
Appeals under section 10, letters patent ...	5

The regular and special appellate business of the court was disposed of as follows:—

How disposed of.

Dismissed in default	1	15
Adjusted or withdrawn	1	12
Confirmed	86	1,037
Amended	29	105
Reversed	27	286
Remanded	7	126
Total ...	151	1,531

II.—Courts not subordinate to the High Court.

Work done.

The following comparative table shows the amount of work disposed of in 1874 and 1875, and the cases pending at the end of those years:—

District.	*Instituted.*		*Disposed of.*		*Pending.*	
	1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.
Kumaun ...	2,709	2,692	2,692	2,737	318	273
Garhwál ...	1,732	1,343	1,741	1,364	85	64
Tarái ...	368	278	107	299	59	38
Total ...	4,802	4,313	4,777	4,400	462	375

The decrease of litigation may partly be explained by the sickness in Garhwál, and partly by the temporary nature of the causes of the increase in 1874, *viz.*, cattle disease and the effects of previous scarcity. The number of cases left pending at the close of the year is satisfactorily small.

Disposal of cases.

The year's work was disposed of as follows :—

How disposed of.	*Kumaún.*		*Garhwál.*		*Tarái.*	
	1874.	1875.	1874	1875.	1874.	1875.
Ex-parte	391	451	128	113	9	4
By confession	234	352	89	97	75	30
„ compromise	220	380	278	203	51	53
„ arbitration	26	4	9	6	25	20
On the merits	984	779	709	610	102	120
Total ...	1,855	1,966	1,213	1,029	262	227

In the remaining 1,178 cases no decree passed; they were either dismissed for default, withdrawn, or transferred to other courts. The above statement shows that only 1,509 cases, or 34 per cent. of the total number disposed of, were decided on their merits. Decisions in favour of the plaintiff were more than double those in favour of the defendant; and looking also to the large number of *ex-parte* decrees and confessions of judgment, it would seem that the inhabitants of the division rarely sue without good grounds.

Principal working courts.

The courts which did the bulk of the work are the following :—

District.	Court.	1874.		1875.		*Percentage of cases decided on merits to total disposed of.*	
		Decided.	Pending.	Decided.	Pending.	1874.	1875.
Kumaun ...	Assistant Commissioner, Naini Tál.	566	43	632	81	22·09	29·43
	Sudder Amin, Almora.	837	216	840	149	75·50	53·33
Garhwál ...	Sudder Amín, Garhwál.	1,069	62	951	54	59·77	59·88
Tarái ...	Assistant Superintendent, Tarái.	177	33	167	15	38·93	58·44

Thus the above four officers disposed of more than three-fourths of the total number of civil suits instituted in the division during the year, and it is most satisfactory to see that their pending files were very much lighter at the end of 1875 than at the end of 1874.

Duration of cases.

The average duration of suits was greatest in the following courts :—

Courts.	1874.		1875.	
	Contested.	Uncontested.	Contested.	Uncontested.
Court of the Assistant Commissioner, Naini Tál ...	48 days.	29 days.	39 days.	22 days.
Ditto ditto ...	...	...	30 „	27 „
Court of the Junior Assistant Commissioner ...	64 „	32 „	42 „	17 „
Court of the Cantonment Small Cause Court, Ranikhet ...	2½ „	3 „	98 „	20 „
Court of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Garhwal ...	24 „	25 „	77 „	77 „

The average of the Naini Tál court shows a slight improvement. The apparently startling figures of the Ranikhet cantonment court are explained by the fewness of the suits, and the voluntary or involuntary delays of the parties and their witnesses, and the deputation of the Extra Assistant Commissioner to Kumaun is the reason of the delays in his court.

Execution of decrees.

The execution of decrees presents much the same features as last year. Out of a total number of 2,205 applications for execution—

610	were completely executed.
285	were partially executed.
1,082	were not executed at all.
228	were left pending.
Total ... 2,205	

Only 30·85 per cent. of the total number of applications disposed of were fully executed. The results of 1874 were almost exactly the same, and the principal cause has always been considered to be the prevalence of private settlements of disputes after adjudication.

Appeals.

The number of appeals, and their results, stands thus:—

		Appealable cases.	Appeals.	Percentage of successful appeals.	Percentage of successful appeals, 1874.
KUMAUN ...	Assistant Commissioner	563	38	23·5	35·0
	Sudder Amin ...	706	103	34 3	45 65
GARHWÁL,	Sudder Amin ...	951	74	23·6	18·08
TARÁI ...	Superintendent ...	60	1	...	33 0
	Assistant Superintendent.	167	18	21·4	...

This statement is very creditable to the sudder amin of Garhwál; the appeals from his decisions have been comparatively few, and the percentage of decisions reversed is not high.

Attendance of witnesses.

While 610 summonses issued on witnesses by the sudder amin of Kumaun, only 448 witnesses attended in answer to them. The attendance of witnesses should no doubt be a matter of compulsion. The sudder amin last year explained this by the fact that many cases are settled out of the court after summonses are issued, and the witnesses hearing this do not attend. The results, however, in that particular court are somewhat exceptional, and point probably to some irregularity of procedure. In the Garhwál sudder amin's court 1,203 witnesses attended on 627 summonses.

Value of property in dispute.

The following table shows the total value of property which was the subject of litigation (original and appellate), with other details:—

	1874.	1875.
	Rs.	Rs.
1. Total value of property	2,52,446	2,21,320
2. Total cost of litigation	34,151	31,226
3. Percentage of cost to value	13·52	14·10
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Average cost per suit	6 10 1	6 9

There has thus been a slight decrease in the average cost per suit.

Income of the courts.

The surplus talbána income, after paying the peons' fixed salaries, was Rs. 3,323 against Rs. 5,113 last year; the decrease is explained by the stoppage of the practice of giving an excessive number of summonses to the same peon to serve. The gain to the Government from the amins' courts was Rs. 2,800 in 1875 against Rs. 4,222 in the preceding year; the decrease here also is ascribed to the same cause.

III.—Litigation to which the Government was a party.

General view of the litigation of the year.

The following table affords a view of the litigation of 1875-76 as compared with that of 1874-75:—

		1874-75.				1875-76.			
		Suits laid in court.	Decided. For the Government.	Decided. Against the Government.	Pending.	Suits laid in court.	Decided. For the Government.	Decided. Against the Government.	Pending.
Government, plaintiffs or appellants.	Suits of 1st instance,	102	69	8	25	76	61	5	10
	Regular appeals...	12	2	5	5	11	4	5	2
	Special appeals ...	4	...	3	1	3	2	...	1
	Total ...	118	71	16	31	90	67	10	13
Government, defendants or respondents.	Suits of 1st instance,	187	54	102	31	133	76	20	37
	Regular appeals ...	33	16	10	7	35	19	3	13
	Special appeals ...	12	4	4	4	8	6	1	1
	Total ...	232	74	116	42	176	101	24	51
	Grand Total ...	350	145	132	73	266	168	34	64

The decrease in the number of suits and the much larger proportion of success are alike satisfactory. Five compromised cases and five cases which were withdrawn are understood to be included among the cases decided during the year; all the latter and four of the former were suits against the Government.

Success in appeals.

During the past year 2 appeals were won out of 10 brought by the Government and decided within the twelve months; this year decrees were obtained in 6 out of 11 decided Government appeals. In defending appeals, the success of the Government in 1875-76, as compared with the previous year, is still more marked, for while 14 cases were lost out of 34 decided in 1874-75, of the 29 decided in 1875-76, 25 were won.

Departmental division of litigation.

From the following table it will be seen that the Court of Wards, as usual, appears most frequently as a plaintiff, and the fact that 52 original suits were won, out of 55 instituted, shows that action has not been taken inconsiderately. As defendants, municipalities have been the most successful, winning 27 cases out of 29.

		Government.				Municipalities.				Court of Wards.			
			Decided.				Decided.				Decided.		
		Laid in court.	For.	Against.	Pending	Laid in court.	For.	Against.	Pending.	Laid in court.	For.	Against.	Pending.
Suits brought.	Of 1st instance	14	9	2	3	...	...	...	...	62	52	3	7
	Regular appeals	6	2	2	2	2	2	...	...	3	...	3	...
	Special appeals,	..	...	...	..	2	1	...	1	1	1	...	...
	Total ...	20	11	4	5	4	3	...	1	66	53	6	7
Suits defended.	Of 1st instance,	72	37	12	23	28	23	2	3	33	16	6	11
	Regular appeals,	23	14	1	8	6	3	...	3	6	2	2	2
	Special appeals,	2	1	1	...	2	1	...	1	4	4	...	...
	Total ...	97	52	14	31	36	27	2	7	43	22	8	13
	Grand Total ...	117	63	18	36	40	30	2	8	109	75	14	20

Classification of suits.

The three classes of suits which recur annually are (1) suits based on a contract; (2) suits arising from relations resembling those created by a contract; and (3) suits for the declaration of right to real property, or to recover possession of real property. In suits brought against the Government another class commonly appears,—suits to recover damages for torts; and suits affecting the Government revenue make a very large figure in 1875-76, as the single suit of this kind, the Hearsey case, involves a sum of five lakhs and three-quarters.

Financial results.

The financial results of the year's litigation appear to have been the following:—

	I.—Government Plaintiff or Appellant.			
	Government.	Municipalities.	Court of Wards.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Value of claims decided within the year	18,608	170	32,784	51,562
Decreed	16,960	170	30,818	47,948
Lost	1,648	...	1,966	3,614

The sums decreed were realized in part only:—

	Decreed.			Realized.			Total.	
	Government.	Municipalities.	Court of Wards.	Government.	Municipalities.	Court of Wards	Decreed.	Realized.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Claims and costs...	17,394	920	36,160	8,012	724	14,764	54,474	23,500

The proportion of sums realized to sums decreed was nearly 43·2 per cent.

	II.—Government Defendant or Respondent.			
	Government.	Municipalities.	Court of Wards.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Claim in suits decided within the year	74,903	5,520	7,93,782	8,74,205
Lost by the State within the year	38,712	200	29,883	68,795

These losses may, however, be modified by the decision of appeals which were pending at the close of the year. The sums actually paid by the State in satisfaction of decrees have been :—

	Government.	Municipalities.	Court of Wards.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Decrees	32,042	200	6,933
Costs	3,300	44	1,475
Total ...	35,342	244	8,408

making a grand total of Rs. 43,994. Thus the disbursements exceeded the realizations by Rs. 20,494 ; and it seems that we must add the expenses incurred by the State in the conduct of litigation, which were—

	Rs.
Government	6,250
Municipalities	693
Court of Wards	6,594
Total ...	13,537

The loss on the year's transactions, pending the result of appeals, and the success of attempts to realize decrees in favour of the State, would thus appear to be Rs. 34,231.

Outstanding debts.

The progress made in the recovery of outstanding debts is shown below :—

	Government.	Municipalities.	Court of Wards.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Opening balance ...	21,918	1,311	86,557	1,09,786
Recovered	2,093	776	5,037	70,906
Remitted	3,329	...	17,712	21,041
Recoverable	5,861	531	23,473	29,865

If all the debts classed as recoverable be ultimately recovered, the State will have realized Rs. 37,771 out of claims amounting to Rs. 1,09,786, that is, 34·4 per cent. of the demands of the State will have been satisfied.

8.—Registration.

The number of documents registered during the past four

The growing popularity (to judge from the registration returns) of perpetual leases is deserving of notice. The number of such leases registered in the last four years has been—

1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
543	718	919	1,012

that is, in four years their number, though not yet very considerable, has almost doubled. The returns show that leases of this kind are most numerous in six districts, as follows :—

District.	Number of perpetual leases.			
	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
Saháranpur	6	72	64	113
Meerut	56	76	58	166
Agra	43	61	135	184
Jaunpur	44	62	124	52
Benares	183	174	206	189
Gházipur	66	42	83	116
Total ...	398	487	670	820

The small number of other leases compulsorily registered in the North-Western Provinces, as compared with other provinces as Bengal, where the number of such registrations in 1873-74 was 142,390 to 8,338 in the North-Western Provinces, is explained by the exemption from compulsory registration in July, 1871, of leases in the North-Western Provinces for not more than five years in term of fifty rupees in annual rent. The small decrease in the number of optional registrations affecting immoveable property is due to the fact that the increase in Saháranpur and Meerut is outweighed by the decrease in Gházipur, Gorakhpur, and Azamgarh, the variations in other districts being inconsiderable. The same features reappear in the returns of registrations affecting moveable property, but here the increase exceeds the decrease, Gorakhpur alone showing any noticeable decrease, while the increases in Meerut, Saháranpur, Agra, and Sháhjahánpur are comparatively large. In the last district the figures are explained by the good cane harvest, and the consequent increase of money transactions relating to sugar from Rs. 1,313 to 1,898.

The returns of the value of property, moveable and immoveable, affected by the documents annually registered, are in some degree vitiated by double registration ; but the principal figures of the last two years may be quoted :—

		Number of documents.		Value of property.	
		1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76.
				Rs.	Rs.
Affecting immoveable property.	Deeds of gift .	532	713	5,17,134	7,30,888
	Deeds of sale...	25,913	24,826	1,34,47,599	1,30,60,225
	Deeds of mortgage ...	55,385	56,129	2,14,80,609	2,16,34,649
Affecting moveable property.	Deeds of sale...	2,826	2,730	5,79,357	5,94,933
	Agriculture advances ...	8,238	8,811	7,67,367	8,06,654
	Other obligations ...	22,768	23,680	53,95,311	46,93,236

Thus, while the value of immoveable property sold has decreased by three and three-quarter lakhs, the value of mortgaged property has increased by a lakh and a half. The grand total of the value of all kinds of property affected by registration was in 1874-75 Rs. 5,13,58,245, and in 1875-76 Rs. 5,17,54,220.

The average cost to the public of the registration of each document is shown below :—

	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Registration fees ...	1 7 0	1 6 4	1 6 5	1 6 2
Copying fees	1 7 0	0 7 0	0 2 2½	0 1 5
Total ...	2 14 0	1 13 4	1 8 7½	1 7 7

Dividing documents according to classes, in the manner adopted in last year's review, we find that the average registration fee is pretty constant :—

Class of deeds.	Average fee per deed.		
	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
	Rs a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Sale and mortgage of property over Rs. 100 in value.	2 8 5	2 8 6	2 8 2
Obligations for payment of money ...	0 10 8	0 10 2½	0 10 0
Sale and mortgage of property under Rs. 100 in value.	0 7 0¼	0 8 0	0 8 0
Compulsorily registered leases not perpetual ...	0 7 2	0 7 1	0 6 11
Leases for one year and less	0 5 11	0 6 1	0 5 10

Copying fees, on the other hand, have greatly decreased both on the average and in the aggregate :—

Copying fees.

1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
68,482	72,128	18,869	12,763

In April, 1874, documents containing less than 500 words were experimentally exempted from copying fees, and on the 24th of March, 1876, this exemption ceased. A considerable increase in copying fees may therefore be expected in the current year. The decrease observable, when the year under review is compared with the year preceding, arises from the introduction, in August, 1875, of a graduated scale of fractions of a rupee at the rate of the full rupee for every 1,200 words, whereas previously in many districts the full rupee used to be the minimum charge.

The following table exhibits the receipts and expenditure of the department for the last four years :—

	Receipts.			
	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ordinary fees on compulsory registrations affecting immoveable property ...	1,55,190	1,60,552	1,47,594	1,47,929
Ordinary fees on similar optional registration ...	20,971	24,056	20,910	19,494
Ordinary fees on registration affecting moveable property (including authorities to adopt)	32,874	34,518	29,721	31,353
Extraordinary receipts, fines, and copying fees ...	1,00,286	1,02,716	48,720	42,367
Total ...	3,09,321	3,21,836	2,46,945	2,40,143

	Expenditure.			
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Salaries of registering officers ...	73,523	75,681	71,772	78,025
Percentages paid to the same ...	2,146	2,066	2,711	3,289
Cost of establishments	56,135	56,181	52,377	54,286
Miscellaneous expenses	15,761	8,576	6,768	7,902
Total ...	1,47,565	1,42,504	1,33,629	1,43,482
Excess of receipts over disbursements,	1,61,756	1,79,332	1,13,316	96,661

The receipts are nearly Rs. 7,000 less, and the charges nearly Rs. 10,000 more than they were in 1874-75; so that the gain to the provincial revenues from the department has fallen by nearly Rs. 17,000, and is now not very much more than half what it was in 1873-74, but the renewed operation of the copying charges on documents of less than 500 words will no doubt add considerably to the net receipts of the department in 1876-77. The increase of the salaries of 14 sub-registrars from Rs. 25 to Rs. 50 a month, the average receipts of their offices having risen to Rs. 2,000 a year, and the correction of a mistake by which the salary of the Inspector-General had been incorrectly shown in 1874-75, account for the difference under the first head of expenditure between that year and the year under review. Under the head "Establishments" the difference is due to the opening of five new special registry offices, the full cost of which has for the first time been shown in the accounts of 1875-76.

9.—Municipal.

There are 81 municipalities in the North-Western Provinces, and the following is a summary of their administration during the year 1875-76.

During the year the octroi was abolished in the town of Ujhani, and a tax on circumstances and property substituted. The tax on houses was also abolished in the Deoband municipality. Tobacco was exempted from octroi in Kairana, and metals in Orai and Shahdara. No other changes of importance have taken place, beyond the partial modification of the octroi schedules of certain municipalities.

In most municipalities the members of the committee are elected by the inhabitants. The particulars under this head are given below—

	1874-75.	1875-76.
Number of towns in which the non-official members are appointed wholly by popular election ...	63	64
Number of towns in which appointment is partly by election, partly by nomination	12	11
Number of towns in which appointment is wholly by nomination	6	6

A comparison is made in the margin of the number of towns in which the ordinary systems of taxation have been in force during the past two years.

Tax.	Number of towns.	
	1874-75.	1875-76.
Octroi	72	72
House-tax	10	8 (*a*)
License-tax ...	9	9 (*b*.)
Tax on carriages and animals.	4	4
Tolls on ditto ...	6	3

(*a*.)—Excluding Bareilly and Orai, where the tax falls on houses in the European station only, and Saháranpur, where a tax is levied on a small village in municipal limits.

(*b*.)—Excluding Allahabad, Mau Ranipur, and Gorakhpur, where the tax is only imposed on particular trades.

Special taxes sanctioned under section 17, Act XV. of 1873, by the Supreme Government are in force in the towns of Sahaswán and Naini Tál, and they have been further introduced during the current year into three other towns. Formerly a house-tax used to be levied in the Sahaswán municipality, and this accounts for the difference in the figures under this head for the two years. Tolls are now levied in only two towns, Mussooree and Káshipur. During the year tolls were also levied at Dhanaura, but a tax on trades and professions has been substituted with effect from the 1st April, 1876.

The income from all sources, exclusive of the opening balance, compares thus for the past two years:—

	1874-75. Rs.	1875-76. Rs.
Income from taxation ...	15,55,673	15,93,954
Miscellaneous	4,16,526	4,42,558
Total ...	19,72,199	20,36,512

The income from each tax, and the percentage of realization from each to total income from taxation, are given below for the past two years :—

Tax.	1874-75.		1875-76.	
	Realizations.	Percentage.	Realizations.	Percentage.
	Rs.		Rs.	
Octroi	13,89,045	89·28	14,15,532	88 80
House-tax	40,344	2 59	36,127	2·26
License-tax	84,947	5·46	96,765	6·19
Tax on carriages and animals	11,597	·75	12,941	·71
Tolls on ditto ...	11,169	·73	13,110	·82
Special taxes	18,571	1·19	19,479	1·22
Total ...	15,55,673	100·	15,93,954	100·

The increase in the receipts from octroi is due in a great measure to large importations, especially of grain, owing to the good harvests of the year. The decrease in the receipts from house-tax are due to its abolition in the towns of Deoband and Ujhani. The income from license-tax was about Rs. 11,000 in excess of the actuals of the previous year, but it must be remembered that Chandausi has been added to the towns which levy a tax on professions and trades. The sum realized by this municipality in 1875-76 from the tax amounted to Rs. 12,366. Besides Chandausi there are two other towns which depend for their income solely on license-tax. The figures for the past two years in these towns are compared below :—

	1874-75.	1875-76.
	Rs.	Rs.
Cawnpore	67,945	71,728
Ballia	1,566	1,641

There is a slight increase in the receipts from tax on carriages and animals. This is due to the Allahabad municipality having realized a larger amount under this head during the year. The following statement gives details as to the income from tolls :—

	1874-75.	1875-76.
	Rs.	Rs.
Mussoorce	7,181	4,870
Gházíabad	2,185	...
Bagpat	2,404	...

			Rs.	Rs.
Shahdara ...	...	...	1,360	...
Dhanaura...	...	...	2,811	4,212
Orai ...	...	...	65	...
Káshipur ...	...	...	2,344	4,028
	Total	...	18,350	13,110

So there is really a large decrease under this head, due to the abolition of tolls in four municipalities. In Mussooree people leaving the sanitarium were exempted from paying tolls, and this explains the decrease as far as the figures of that municipality are concerned.

The increase in Káshipur is due to enhancement of the rates levied on animals and carts entering the municipality.

The inclusion of Sahaswán among the towns which levy special taxes accounts for the increased income under this head.

The octroi was levied in all but the nine municipalities noted on the margin, and in 55 municipalities it was the only tax in force.

Dehra.	Ballia.
Mussooree.	Jhánsi.
Dhanaura.	Naini Tál
Sahaswán.	Káshipur.
Cawnpore.	

The total receipts from octroi, after deducting refunds, the proportion contributed by each of the eight classes to the whole, the general incidence of the tax per head of the population who pay it, and the particular incidence of the receipts in each class, are compared in the following statement for the past two years :—

Classes.	1874-75.				1875-76.			
	Receipts.	Incidence.			Receipts.	Incidence.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs	Rs.	a.	p.
I.—Articles of food and drink for men and animals.	8,10,538	0	6	3	8,35,378	0	6	6
II.—Animals for slaughter.	40,216	0	0	4	38,664	0	0	3¾
III.—Articles used for fuel, lighting, or washing.	82,557	0	0	7	88,010	0	0	8¼
IV.—Articles used for the construction of buildings.	65,445	0	0	6	76,047	0	0	7
V.—Drugs, gums, and spices,	64,277	0	0	6	65,142	0	0	6
VI.—Tobacco	36,351	0	0	3	35,332	0	0	3
VII.—Cloth	1,81,001	0	1	5	1,82,437	0	1	5½
VIII.—Metals	40,469	0	0	4	38,518	0	0	3½
Total ...	13,20,854	0	10	2	13,59,528	0	10	7

As stated before, the large importations of grain and oil-seeds account for the enhanced receipts under classes I. and III. There is a large increase observable in the receipts from class IV., and this shows that there was a large demand for building materials during the year. In regard to classes VI. and VIII., the decrease can be accounted for by reductions of duty on the articles comprised in these classes, and also the exemption from duty of metals in Shahdara and Orai, and tobacco in Kairána.

The average incidence of the tax was 10 annas 7 pies per head, the maximum Re. 1-0-7 at Saháranpur, and the minimum, excluding towns where duty is not levied on all articles liable to taxation, 5 annas 9 pies at Bisalpur. In the following municipalities the incidence of the octroi was less than 8 annas per head :—

Municipalities.	Income.	Incidence.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.
Jaunpur	13,282	0	6	0
Amroha	15,737	0	7	2
Sambhal	16,621	0	7	7
Nagina	8,251	0	6	8
Kairána	7,481	0	6	8
Jalesar	8,219	0	7	5
Kúnch	6,795	0	7	5
Chunar	5,313	0	6	11
Chándpur	4,644	0	6	2
Kandhla	4,852	0	7	0
Bisalpur	3,261	0	5	9
Anúpshahr	4,534	0	7	9
Marehra	3,674	0	6	4
Fatehpur Sikri	3,921	0	7	4
Aliganj	3,200	0	6	5
Shahdara	2,628	0	5	9
Pilkhua	2,885	0	7	4

With the exception of Jaunpur, all the rest are small outlying towns in the district.

A sum of Rs. 56,004 was granted in refunds, against Rs. 68,191 in the previous year. Of this amount Rs. 24,423 was refunded by the Farukhabad municipality alone, as compared with Rs. 33,431 in 1874-75.

The municipalities which paid away more than Rs. 1,000 in refunds are noted below:—

Municipalities.	Amount.	Incidence.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
Shámli	2,018	0 13 4
Koil	1,201	0 12 8
Muttra	1,295	0 11 6
Agra	1,192	0 11 9
Etáwah	1 307	0 12 2
Farukhabad	24,423	0 9 6
Bareilly	1,951	0 13 1
Allahabad	5,861	0 14 3
Benares	7,978	0 9 4
Kálpi	3,481	0 9 7

The incidence of the net receipts are still high in Shámli, Koil, Etáwah, Bareilly, and Allahabad. With the exception of Shámli, all the others are large towns from which neighbouring villages draw their supplies. Wherever it is found that even a careful system of refunds does not protect the through-trade in certain articles, such articles are always exempted from taxation.

The consumption per head represented by the total net duty-paying imports of the chief articles is compared in the following table for the past two years with the standard adopted by Government :—

Article.	Average of 1874-75.	Average of 1875-76.	Government standard.
	Mds. s. c. Rs. a. p.	Mds. s. c. Rs. a. p.	
Grain ...	7 6 11×0 13 1 Say 7½ mds.	7 19 4×0 1 7 Say 7¾ mds.	7 maunds.
Refined sugar,	0 9 4„1 2 2 „ 13¾ seers.	0 9 15„0 11 10 „ 13 seers.	From 5 to 6 seers.
Unrefined sugar.	0 31 9„0 6 11 „ 36½ „	0 36 1„0 2 10 „ 38 „	15 seers.
Ghi ...	0 3 11„0 3 2 „ 4½ „	0 4 6„0 1 4 „ 5½ „	From 3 to 4 seers.
Oil and oil-seeds.	0 18 8„0 0 9 „ 19 „	0 20 2„0 0 9 „ 20½ „	1½ seers of oil.
Drugs, gums and spices.	0 3 9„1 2 2 ...	0 3 7„1 4 1 ..	From Re. 1 to Re. 1-4.
Tobacco ...	0 3 4„0 1 1 „ 3½ „	0 3 6„0 0 10 „ 3½ „	4 seers.
Cloth ...	... 10 14 1 ..	... 11 2 7 ...	From Rs. 4 to Rs. 6.
Metals ..	0 2 7×1 5 7 „ Rs. 3-2-9	0 2 8×1 3 2 „ Rs. 3-0-4	From Re. 1-8 to Rs. 2.

The receipts from miscellaneous sources for the past two years is shown below :—

1874-75	... Rs.	4,16,526	Increase Rs. 26,032.
1875-76	... „	4,42,558	

The sale of houses and lands brought in a large sum of money, and in two municipalities—Benares and Chandausi—Government promissory notes were sold at a premium. The sale of manure brought in Rs. 23,699 against Rs. 22,835 in the previous year, and Rs. 18,592 in 1873-74. It is satisfactory to notice the increase under this head. The income from fines amounted to Rs. 17,320 against Rs. 17,059 in 1874-75. Of the total sum realized, Rs. 10,370 were imposed as penalties for nuisances, Rs. 5,017 for smuggling, and Rs. 1,933 for gambling.

The total income from all sources, the total expenditure, and the reserves compare thus for the past two years :—

Year.	Income.	Expenditure.	Reserve.
	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
1874-75	23,16,555	20,36,696	2,79,859
1875-76	23,17,534	20,14,928	3,02,606
Increase ...	979	...	22,747
Decrease ...	...	21,768	...

The increase in the reserves is due in a measure to some committees saving up money for the purpose of carrying out large works of local improvement, and to the fact that the budget estimates were not worked up to in every case. The Government are averse to the accumulation of large balances, and it may be hoped that a great part of the money now in hand will be utilised in the current year.

The total expenditure, and the proportion borne by each item to the whole, are compared in the following statement for the past two years :—

Head.	1874-75.		1875-76.	
	Amount.	Percentage.	Amount.	Percentage.
	Rs.		Rs.	
Collection	1,80,849	8·87	1,73,707	8·62
Head-office	32,194	1·58	34,366	1·70
Police	4,10,386	20·15	4,08,732	20·29
Conservancy	2,91,484	14·31	2,93,125	14·55
Road-watering	98,754	1·22	27,987	1 39
Lighting	48,315	2·37	54,773	2·72
Total establishments ...	9,87,982	48·50	9,92,690	49·27
Original works	4,55,264	22 35	4,10,034	20·35
Repairs	2,49,933	12 27	2,62,967	13·05
Education	57,001	2 80	54,560	2·70
Dispensary	27,338	1·35	32,802	1·63
Vaccination	10,690	·53	10,657	·53
Other charities	14,022	·69	16,832	·84
Refunds	68,191	3·35	56,004	2·78
Miscellaneous	1,66,275	8·16	1,78,382	8 85
Total ...	20,36,696	100·	20,14,928	100·

It is satisfactory to note a decrease in the collecting establishment. The standard adopted by the Government is that the charges for collection must not exceed 16 per cent. as a maximum of the proceeds of taxation, and the rule is, with a very few exceptions, observed strictly by municipal committees.

The decrease in the police charges is due, as stated in previous reports, to the entertainment by many municipalities of a non-constabulary force, which is far cheaper than a purely constabulary force.

The following table shows the numbers of the police force entertained by municipalities during the past two years :—

Rank.	1874.	1875.
Constabulary.		
Inspectors	3	3
Sub-inspectors	13	12
Head-constables	205	203
Mounted ditto	1	1
Foot ditto	1,941	1,929
Non-constabulary.		
Jemadars	194	192
Daffadars	9	9
Chaukidars	3,389	3,405
Total ...	5,755	5,754

The expenditure on conservancy is somewhat higher than in the previous year. Every effort is made to economise the charges under this head consistent with efficiency. It may be possible in time to make the expenditure lighter by a better system for disposal of night-soil and city sweepings, and the sum realized could be set-off against the conservancy charges.

There is a small increase in the expenditure on road-watering. The same number of roads are watered as in 1874-75, *viz.*, thirty-six. The charges for lighting streets were higher than in the previous year, but the number of towns so lighted were 56 against 52 in 1874-75.

Thirty-three per cent. of the total expenditure was spent on public works, and greater progress was made in paving and draining, which are no doubt the most important works of local improvement which can be undertaken by municipal committees.

The following are some of the larger works which deserve mention :—

In Saháranpur an extensive drainage scheme has been nearly completed. In Benares and Meerut projects for drainage have been set on foot, and the work is steadily going on. In Hardwár and Chandausi large sarais for accommodation of travellers are in course of construction. The Allahabad municipal committee have contributed Rs. 35,000 towards the Mayo Memorial, and of this sum Rs. 10,000 were allotted to the building during 1875-76.

There is a small decrease in the expenditure on education. As stated in previous reports, the money is expended chiefly in the tuition of the children of the poorer classes.

As regards the grants for dispensaries, there is really no increase in the expenditure. In 1874-75 the Allahabad municipal committee were unable from insufficiency of funds to make the usual contributions, and hence the difference between the figures of 1874-75 and those of 1873-74. The number of dispensaries in municipalities, or aided by municipal funds, continues the same as before.

Of the eighty-one municipalities, no less than seventy-eight either entertained vaccinators themselves, or shared the services of a man with a neighbouring town. The number of men employed in 1875-76 was 91½ against 93 in the previous year. The average monthly operations mounted to 170·82, a little less than last year, when it was 175·27, and of this number 88·91 per cent. were successful against 86·94 in 1874-75.

The contributions towards the support of blind and leper asylums, poor-houses, and similar objects exceeded the actuals of the previous year by Rs. 2,810. Grants for such purposes were made by thirty-six municipalities against thirty-two in 1874-75.

The expenditure on refunds and miscellaneous charges shows a trifling increase over the figures for the previous year.

The following table gives particulars of the registration of vital statistics during the past two years:—

	1874.	*Ratio per mille*	1875.	*Ratio per mille.*
Births ...	71,396	31·91	71,597	32·00
Deaths ...	62,920	28·12	71,530	32·11

There is an improvement in the registration of births, but the death-rate is rather high.

Towns under Act XX. of 1856.

Besides the municipalities, there were three hundred and eighteen towns under Act XX. of 1856 which provide for administration on an humble scale out of funds raised by a kind of income-tax upon the townspeople. The population of these towns was 1,475,356, and they were distributed among the seven divisions of the province in the manner shown in the following table:—

Division.	Number of towns.	Population.	Incidence of taxation per head.	Expenditure on public works.
			Rs. a. p.	Rs.
Meerut ...	82	393,021	0 5 2	40,641
Agra ...	63	264,306	0 2 11	11,041
Rohilkhand ...	61	298,679	0 2 10	12,931
Allahabad ...	51	235,935	0 3 4	9,441
Benares ...	46	222,103	0 2 11	6,971
Jhánsi ...	14	54,566	0 3 0	1,882
Kumaun ...	1	6,746	0 2 10	459

Thus the operation of the Act is to provide for the watch and ward and cleanliness of the streets, and to leave a small annual margin for public works of an extremely modest character, which, nevertheless, as they go on steadily year after year, are gradually transforming many of the towns for the better; and though the tax is not a popular one, its incidence is very light, and it affords the only means of improving the condition in which the people of the small towns and larger rural villages are accustomed to live.

10.—Military. 11.—Marine.

These chapters are blank.

CHAPTER IV

Production and Distribution.

1.—Agriculture.

Agricultural statistics.

A NEW system of village records was introduced tentatively in some of the lately re-settled districts,* under which village accountants (patwáris) are required to make tours of villages under their charge when crops are on the ground, and note in writing for each field circumstances of tenure, rent, and agriculture during the year. The record thus framed forms the basis of the series of statistical statements which it has always been their duty to file.

The method has been found to work well, and will now be introduced into all temporarily settled districts (the absence of village maps rendering its introduction into permanently settled tracts impossible). The chief aim of the new system is to maintain statements of such accuracy as to obviate the recurrence of the extensive and costly revisions of records which was found necessary during the recent re-settlement of the provinces. It will at the same time provide for the agricultural classes more trustworthy registers of their rights, and for the Government a valuable collection of agricultural statistics.

Revenue officers having for some years justly represented their inability to cope unaided with the task of supervising the preparation of records (involving the statistics of several millions of fields), it was determined to put into operation the powers given by the new Rent Act of utilizing a portion of

* Shâhjahânpur, Farukhabad, Etâwah, Saháranpur, Mainpuri (re-settled portions of), Cawnpore, Agra, Muttra, Fatehpur, Allahabad.

the cess collected for the payment of village accountants (patwáris) for the purpose of creating a subordinate supervising agency.

Every district is provided with a certain number of hereditary officials (generally two in each tahsil), designated kanúngos, whose duties have always been, under native governments as well as our own, closely connected with the maintenance and preservation of agricultural records.

Their number has been increased, and their duties confined more strictly than before to the supervision of village records and accounts. They are now required to make annual tours of inspection in the villages within their jurisdiction, and are made personally responsible for the correct compilation of annual records by patwáris, as well as for the compilation of a series of statistical volumes, in which the entries made in each successive year will exhibit under appropriate heads the fiscal and agricultural history of every village for the period over which they extend, and thus provide a sound basis for future revenue and settlement operations.

The executive management of the arrangements, connected as they are with agricultural statistics, has been made over to the Department of Agriculture, under the control of the Board of Revenue.

2.—Weather and Crops.

The agricultural aspect of the year may be described as follows :—

Agricultural aspect of the year.

The rainy season of 1875 was on the whole not unfavourable; the rains, however, commenced too late in the north-westerly districts, where there was no regular fall until the end of July: sowings were therefore late. Heavy downfalls occurred at the end of the season which did a good deal of damage to cotton and Indian-corn in the same tracts. The following summary of the district reports shows that the harvest of the principal kharíf or rain crops was generally successful :—

Division.	Rice.	Indian-corn.	Cotton.	Millets (jawar and bajra.)
Meerut division ...	Good or average.	Injured by rain	Poor and injured by rain.	Injured by rain.
Rohilkhand „ ...	Good or fair	Fair ...	Fair ...	Good.
Agra „ ...	Good ..	Moderately good.	Fair ...	Good or average.
Allahabad „ ...	Good ...	Good ...	Moderately good.	Good.
Benares „ ...	Good ...	Good ...	...	Good or average.
Jhánsi „ ...	Good on the whole.	Fair ...	Not much grown.	Ditto.
Kumaun „ ...	Good except in Tarái.	Good except in Tarái.		Not grown.

The heavy falls of rain in September were favourable for the sowings of the rabi or cold weather crops, and, notwithstanding the absence of winter rains, the harvests were, as a rule, satisfactory, especially in irrigated tracts. Prices fell, and some districts in which irrigation was scanty suffered greatly from the combinations of short crops and reduced values, Mirzapur being the most notable instance. The following is an abstract of the district returns of the rabi harvest for each division :—

Division.	Arhar.	Wheat.	Barley.	Gram and peas.	Oil-seeds.
Meerut ...	Good ...	Moderately good	Indifferent and fair.	Indifferent or fair.	Good.
Rohilkhand	Fair and good	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Indifferent	Ditto.
Agra ...	Good ..	Fair and good	Fair and good	Good and fair	Ditto.
Allahabad,	¾ crop ...	Good ...	Good ...	Good on the whole.	Ditto.
Benares ...	Ditto ...	Moderately good.	Indifferent or fair.	Ditto ...	Moderately good.
Jhánsi ...	Ditto ..	Fair ...	Good ...	Moderately good.	Fair.
Kumaun ...	Good ...	Good except in Tarái	Good except in Tarái	Good except in Tarái	...

No exceptional floods, hailstorms, or other seasonal calamities occurred, and, as is generally the case in dry years, there was very little blight. On the whole, therefore, the agricultural season may be said to have been a prosperous one, although, owing to low prices, the holders of produce, rather than the cultivating classes, will benefit thereby. The price of barley

fell to nearly a rupee per maund of 80 lbs., *i. e.*, to about 12*s.* 8*d.* per quarter of 492 lbs.

Meteorological features of the year.

The following is a detail, month by month, of the principal meteorological features of the year :—

April, 1875.—The atmospheric pressure was below the average, but showed no rapid or important variations. The temperature was very considerably higher than usual, and the humidity everywhere in defect, on some days being lower than any previously observed in these provinces. The most important features of the weather were therefore extreme heat and dryness.

May.—The mean pressure was slightly in excess, but there was a sudden decrease on the 1st and 2nd, accompanied on the latter day by a storm felt generally over the province. The temperature was very considerably below the average, and the humidity was in excess. The prevalent winds were easterly, but there was a succession of thunderstorms at intervals, in most of which the wind was westerly. These storms were generally accompanied by rain or hail. The rain was trifling in amount, except at Dehra, but the comparatively low temperature of the month was no doubt in part due to it.

June.—The chief features of atmospheric pressure were a slight general deficiency over the province, and slow and simultaneous oscillations to a slight extent. The prevalent direction of the wind was westerly at the beginning of the month, but during the first week the monsoon from the Bay of Bengal began to make itself felt in the eastern districts. West of Agra this change in direction was delayed till the last ten days of the month. The effects of this delay were a higher temperature and lower degree of humidity than usual. The rains commenced in the hills and in the eastern districts on the 8th, but to the west of Cawnpore and Jalaun the fall in June was very slight.

July.—The winds were very variable, especially in the eastern stations, and the humidity in the earlier part of the month was defective. The eastern monsoon from the Bay of

Bengal seems to have been less powerful than usual, the result being the passage between the Aravali and the Vindhya mountains of a strong vapour-laden current from the Arabian Sea. The zone of least pressure indicating an upward current where the two opposing winds meet was shifted eastwards from its usual position as far as Bánda and Allahabad. This was particularly noticed during the storm, accompanied by extraordinary heavy rain, between the 27th and end of the month.

Rain was general and almost everywhere excessive in July, but especially so during the last few days. The rainfall of this period was exceptionally heavy in the Allahabad, Bánda, Fatehpur, and Hamírpur districts, the heaviest registered being 17 inches in 24 hours at Allahabad. This excessive general rainfall, combined with the exceptional fall of these four districts, produced the destructive floods which form the distinguishing feature of the year. The mean excess of the July rainfall above the average was about 1·91″.

August.—The atmospheric pressure showed no important variations, the temperature was rather below the average, and the humidity above it. The westerly winds, which brought the excessive rainfall of July, continued during the first week of August, and were then replaced by variable or easterly winds. There were two marked periods of rainfall, the first of which was a continuation of that of July. The rain of the latter period, from the 11th to the 23rd, came from the Bay of Bengal. During this month the rain was slightly in excess of the average at all the stations except Agra.

September.—The prevailing wind direction was easterly, the humidity was considerably in excess, and the temperature and pressure of the air differed but slightly from the average. The barometer showed more considerable oscillations than are usual in September, and these were in every case accompanied by a heavy rainfall. July was characterized by an excessive amount of rain in the southern and eastern districts, and September showed the same phenomenon in the north and west. This was noticeable at the hill stations, and at Dehra, Meerut, Agra, and Lucknow, but was still more marked in the

trans-Jumna district, where the rainfall was so excessive as to produce disastrous floods at Delhi. The mean excess of rainfall over the province for the month was 1·47″.

October.—As usual, during this month the winds were from the west in the Gangetic plain and from the north-east in Rajputana. Rain ceased all over the province, with the exception of a slight fall in the sub-Himalayan districts, and at the eastern stations during the first week. The meteorology of the month presented no unusual features of any kind.

November.—The winds were normal during the month, the only exception to their general westerly direction being a persistent south-easterly current at Roorkee, which was also noticed in October, after the general change of direction. This, however, seems to be a usual feature of the meteorology of the sub-Himalayan districts at the close of the rains. The atmospheric pressure was slightly above the average, being highest at Agra, which seems to have been a centre of high pressure during the greater part of August, September, and October also. The temperature and degree of humidity were somewhat lower than usual, and no rain fell at any of the observing stations.

December.—The oscillations of the barometer were rather frequent, but of no great extent; the temperature at the majority of the stations was above the average, and so also was the humidity. Nevertheless, the Christmas rains were defective, the fall being general, but inconsiderable, everywhere except in the Agra and Mainpuri districts, where it averaged three-quarters of an inch. The air was unusually calm in December. On some days there were local east winds of slight velocity, but the prevailing direction was south-west.

January, 1876.—The most important feature of the meteorology of the month was the strong day winds from the north-west. These were most violent from the 23rd to the 27th, and were preceded by a marked fall of the barometer. With this exception, the barometric variation from the mean was very small. The temperature was generally higher than

usual, and the humidity in defect. The only rainfall was a few slight showers on the first two or three days.

February.—The strong day winds of January continued, but the northerly element in their direction was more marked. The barometric variations were somewhat abnormal, and probably account in part for the unusual absence of cold weather rain. The temperature of the month very nearly corresponded with the average, but the humidity was defective. Rain was confined to the hills and the portion of the plains bordering them.

3.—Horticulture.

(*a.*)—*Botanical Gardens.*

Distribution of seeds, plants, and trees.

The work done by the three botanical gardens of Sahá-ranpur, Mussooree, and Háwal-bágh, in the distribution of seeds and plants, compares as follows with the statistics of last year :—

Year.	Parcels of seeds.	Flowering shrubs and timber trees.	Fruit trees.
1874-75	6,816	208,753	43,480
1875-76	6,074	158,044	29,363

The subjoined abstract shows the various departments among which the supplies of 1875-76 were divided :—

Department.	Parcels of seeds.	Flowering shrubs and timber trees.	Fruit trees.
Canal department	997	100,200	...
Civil do.	3,001	4,218	21,425
Customs do.	16	...	18
Forest do.	40	98	243
General do.	205	6,265	...
India Office	49	...	697
Jail department	101	135	657
Military do.	154	1,883	...
Police	4	21	320
Public gardens	173	4,450	123
Public works department ...	986	39,643	2,795
Railway department	72	779	265
Soldiers' gardens	275	304	950
Stud department	1	48	...

Complaints have been common of the bad quality of the seeds supplied to soldiers' gardens. There is reason to believe that the seeds are good, but the imperfect cultivation is to blame; and a few practical hints for gardening in India have been furnished, which, it is hoped, will lead to better results.

The following medical stores have been issued:—

Extract of hyoscyamus.	Dried leaves of hyoscyamus.	Aloes tubers.	Oak bark.	Kamaila powder.
lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.
276	159	1,520	30	145

To the Royal Gardens of Kew, Edinburgh, Dublin, Calcutta, to the Acclimatization Society of Germany, and to various public institutions at home and abroad, large supplies of seeds have been sent in exchange for seeds and plants received.

Experimental cultivation.

The experiments in cultivation were not very important. More than 36,000 rhea plants were distributed, but a means of making full use of the fibre remains to be discovered. Another year's cultivation afforded one more proof that Tartarian oats and Carolina rice refuse to thrive in India. A large consignment of potatoes was received from the India Office, and will be very useful in supplying fresh seed to the potato cultivation of the plains, regarding which statistics are in course of compilation. Vine-cuttings were also received from England in large quantities, and are doing very well.

Training of gardeners.

There are always a number of active young men in training, the sons of respectable citizens and zemindars, who for three hours in the day are learning the scientific and Hindi or local names of plants and trees. They are also taught to give a formal description of the trees and their parts—the stem, leaves, flowers,

seeds, the uses of the wood, &c. ; and during the rest of the day they go through a general routine of work in the nurseries. When a situation falls vacant, an examination is held, and the best of the competitors gets the post. The young men are also trained in all the different branches of horticulture, especially in the use of English garden tools, which are a great improvement upon the native instruments.

Receipts and expenditure.

The receipts and expenditure of the three gardens were as follows :—

	Receipts.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
Saháranpur	3,517	17,536
Mussooree	581	2,258
Háwalbágh	254	2,218
Total ...	4,352	22,912

(*b.*)—*Model Farms.*

The two model farms of Cawnpore and Allahabad have only recently been placed under the supervision of the provincial Agricultural Department, and their administration hitherto has suffered so much from a want of system that no accurate summary of the results is possible at present.

(*c.*)—*Tobacco.*

An experiment in tobacco cultivation was set on foot at Gházipur, under the Department of Agriculture, in April, 1875.

The Government of India having removed the horse-breeding stud from that station, and desired that some portion of it might be devoted to the purposes of a model farm, Sir John Strachey sanctioned the proposal to enter into arrangements with the firm of Begg and Sutherland (of Calcutta and Cawnpore) to utilise the stud lands as an experimental tobacco farm. The terms which have been made are these :—About

forests has been reduced from 1,348 to 119 square miles. The 22,844 acres of forest in the Jhánsi division at present unreserved will shortly be put under forest rules.

Conservancy.

The work of protecting the forests from fires has progressed satisfactorily and well. Thirty-eight thousand acres had in previous years been brought under conservation, and large areas have been added during the current year. In the Dehra Dún division four fires occurred in April, 1875, destroying 3,200 out of 7,685 acres of strictly conserved forests. In February, 1876, a further fire broke out, destroying 640 acres of fresh forests and 640 acres of forests burnt in April, 1875. In Gorakhpur about 33,900 out of 73,408 acres were burnt.

Plantations.

Planting has been extensively carried on in the Naini Tál and Ránikhet sub-divisions, and in the Jaunsár and Gorakhpur divisions. The result of the working of the Ránikhet nurseries will be seen from the following table :—

	Planted out.	In stock.	Distributed gratuitously.	Total.
Apples of kinds	...	1,210	...	1,210
Apricots	...	3,709	122	3,831
Mulberry	...	33	...	33
Cherries	...	5,307	69	5,376
Currant	...	51	...	51
Pears of kinds	...	5,168	133	5,301
Loquat	...	105	...	105
Plums	...	953	47	1,000
Sweet chestnuts	...	1,250	...	1,250
Gums	6,788	49,271	276	56,335
Acacias	...	16,942	60	17,202
Deodar	...	28,804	404	29,208
Walnut	38,560	32,510	87	71,157
Horse chestnuts	10,000	3,329	201	13,530
Chil	...	3,220	...	3,220
Cypress	...	232	42	274
Willows	...	15,024	418	15,442
Oat	...	135,862	...	135,862
Ash	...	7,547	...	7,547
Maple	...	1,810	...	1,810
Alder	...	2,230	...	2,230
Total ...	55,348	314,567	1,859	371,774

Boundaries.

Considerable progress has been made in demarcating forest boundaries. In the Naini Tál sub-division the boundaries have all been demarcated. In Kumaun the northern boundary has been marked by masonry pillars, as has also the northern boundary of the Garhwál forest.

In Jaunsár the boundaries of the reserved forests have been marked with pillars. It is expected that in a few years, with the aid of the maps furnished by the Forest Survey Department, the exact area of forests in the North-Western Provinces will be ascertained. The information at present available on the subject is merely approximate.

Roads and bridges.

With the exception of the construction of 7½ miles of the Nindhan valley cart-road, works under the head of communications have been restricted to repairs and maintenance.

Breach of forest rules.

There have been 222 prosecutions for breach of forest rules, involving 702 persons. In 205 cases convictions have been obtained, or the cases are still pending.

5.—Mines and Quarries.

This heading is blank.

6.—Manufactures.

There are no statistics of manufactures in the North-Western Provinces. The only factories on the English model are the Elgin and Muir cotton mills of Cawnpore, the Sháhjahánpur rum manufactory, and the breweries at Mussooree and Naini Tál.

7.—Trade.

Registration of land trade.

This subject had been brought before the local Government.

The want of statistics had been seriously felt whenever projects for improvement of communications by railway, bridges,

&c., were brought forward by the Public Works Department, and a scheme for the registration of provincial statistics was already under the consideration of the Government when the orders of the Secretary of State were received to prepare land trade statistics for British India. The result was a conference held at Allahabad in March, 1875, at which delegates from the various provinces of Upper India met, and in pursuance of which registration posts were established on the frontiers in the following cold weather.

The character of the registration is three-fold, showing trade—

(1) Between foreign states and British India.

(2) Between the North-Western Provinces and adjacent provinces.

(3) On lines of communication internal to the provinces.

The number of posts established under each class was on the 31st March, 1876—

Under (1).	Under (2).	Under (3).
33.	33.	27.

8.—Public Works.

(a) *Roads.* (b) *Railways.*

Under the head (a) have been included public works of all kinds, whether buildings, roads, bridges, or works of reconstruction and repair. The head (b), besides the usual statistics of traffic on the main lines, contains an account of the actual and contemplated provincial light railways.

The gross outlay for the year under report has been from :—

		Rs.
Imperial funds		4,68,256
Provincial imperial funds		18,25,000
Ditto local ditto ...	Rs. 22,86,695	
Ditto ditto, light railway ...	„ 4,67,198	
		27,53,893
Local appropriated fund		2,49,883
Contribution fund		95,577
Outlay made for, and transferred to, other departments ...		82,235
Excess in suspense balances		12 821
Grand Total ...		Rs. 54,87,615

divided thus—

	Original works.	Repairs.	Tools and plant.	Establishment.	Establishment, Roorkee College.	Suspense balance.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Buildings, military ...	2,652	17,594	...	...	...	...	20,246
Ditto, civil ...	9,67,424	3,66,006	...	...	..	...	13,33,430
Communications ...	6,21,870	16,49,783	...	...	...	...	22,71,653
Miscellaneous public improvements.	1,81,367	25,519	...	...	...	...	2,06,886
Railways	4,26,720	19,287	...	...	...	...	4,46,007
Tools and plant ...	...	...	41,240	...	...	...	41,240
Establishment ...	...	...	...	9,79,545	...	...	9,79,545
Roorkee College establishment.	...	...	...	...	1,75,787	...	17,51,787
Suspense balances ...	...	...	...	..	...	12,821	12,821
Grand Total ...	22,00,033	20,78,189	41,240	9,79,545	1,75,787	12,821	54,87,615

The gross outlay gives 17·9 per cent. on establishment.

Works in progress.

The following describes some of the principal works completed and in progress during the year :—

BENARES DIVISION.

Tahsil at Haria, Basti district.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 19,429.

Tahsil at Muhammadabad, Azamgarh district.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 17,944.

Joint Magistrate's kutcherry and residence, Balia, Gházipur district.—The kutcherry has been completed for the residence of the Joint Magistrate. Some materials have been collected at site, and about three-quarters pucka masonry finished. Estimate Rs. 24,304, expenditure Rs. 22,202.

Additions to Collector's kutcherry, Gházipur.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 25,011.

1st class police station at Chilia, Basti district.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 5,664.

1st class police station at Turwa, Azamgarh district.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 10,821.

2nd class police station at Barhaj, Gorakhpur district.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 6,091.

Police lines at Gorakhpur.--Completed at a cost of Rs. 29,536.

Jail at Azamgarh.—Reconstructing portions injured by the floods of 1871. The work has been completed at a cost of Rs. 22,749.

Hawalat at Kasia, Gorakhpur district.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 7,748.

Hawalat at Azamgarh.—Work well in hand; the superstructure is in progress, the iron gratings ready, and the trusses have been framed. Estimate Rs. 14,026, expenditure to date Rs. 8,292.

Hawalat at Ghâzipur.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 10,000.

Central prison, Benares.—The works in this prison were thrown back in consequence of a change in the superintending. Expenditure to date Rs. 2,80,080, on an estimate of Rs. 4,93,900.

Jail at Basti.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 92,833.

Jail at Gorakhpur.—The extension of this jail is approaching completion, and has cost to date Rs. 31,342, on an estimate of Rs. 34,112.

Zila school, Gorakhpur.—On the school Rs. 5,072 have been expended against an estimate of Rs. 16,860, and on the two wings which are under construction Rs. 5,192 have been expended against an estimate of Rs. 9,754.

Lunatic asylum, Benares.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 93,672.

Raising and metalling Basti and Fyzabad road.—Completed to end of 29th mile at a cost of Rs. 92,886, against an estimate of Rs. 1,20,831.

Mindâwal road, Basti district.—Completing earthwork; ten miles set out, two miles nearly finished. Expenditure Rs. 10,428, estimate Rs. 25,121.

Bridge over Koana river, Basti district.—Well-sinking completed; hearting of wells commenced; girders *en route* from Roorkee. Expenditure Rs. 79,605, estimate Rs. 1,28,918.

Bridge over the Jhirjhirwa nala, Basti district.—Materials have been collected; the well kerbs are nearly ready. Expenditure Rs. 5,988, against an estimate of Rs. 22,253.

Iron girder bridge over Turainah river, Gorakhpur distvict.—In progress. The wells for piers and abutments have been about three parts sunk. The girders are ready. Expenditure Rs. 35,984, against an estimate of Rs. 45,963.

Rapti river works.—On the Benares and Gorakhpur road. Work in progress. The lower spur or pocket has been completed. The upper spur is about one-third completed. Estimate Rs. 10,174, expenditure to date Rs. 3,670.

Bridge on Kullan nadi, Kurmynee Ghát road, Gorakhpur district.—A plan of the bridge is annexed to this report as No. 2. The work has been completed at a cost of Rs. 9,903.

Road from Jalilpur to Ramnagar.—Construction of road completed at a cost of Rs. 7,914.

Raising road from Gházipur to Pipna, Gházipur district.—Work in progress, and has cost to date Rs. 4,974, on an estimate of Rs. 9,615.

Raising and bridging Ahraura road, Mirzapur district.—Earthwork very nearly completed. Estimate Rs. 21,858, expenditure to date Rs. 12,000.

Jail tank at Gorakhpur.—This tank, which is a nuisance to the station, and affects the health of the jail, is being improved, and has cost to date Rs. 12,306, on an estimate of Rs. 43,019.

Bunds on the Gogra river, Azamgarh district.—The civil officers report, in reference to this bund, that there has been no changes since February, 1875, in the revenue summarily assessed for the years 1873—1876, but sanction has been accorded to a new settlement in the coming cold weather, and the part of the country that was damaged has again been brought under cultivation. The Gogra has not risen above its natural bank for the last three years, and so the bund, so far as it runs over high ground on the top of the bank, has not been much tried; but it has been established beyond question that the

dams across the deep nalas, which, cutting through the bank at right angles by the Gogra water through the Rahtor Tál, have fully answered their purpose, keeping the Gogra water out, and stopping the yearly increasing injury that was resulting from it.

ALLAHABAD DIVISION.

Surwal tahsil, Allahabad district.—Lower storey of main building completed, and whole of wood-work ready. Expenditure to date Rs. 9,892, on an estimate of Rs. 14,527.

Police station, city Allahabad.—This building was completed in 1874-75 at a cost of Rs. 75,663, of which Rs. 23,040 was for the site.

Hawalat at Fatehpur.—Bricks have been collected at site for rebuilding this hawalat. Estimate Rs. 11,378, expenditure Rs. 7,190.

Hawalat at Bánda.—Wood and iron work ready, foundations filled in. Expenditure Rs. 4,580, against an estimate of Rs. 8,840.

Hawalat at Cawnpore.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 8,000.

Central prison, Allahabad.—Hospital barrack No. 3 completed; new solitary cell barrack No. 3 nearly completed; well to new solitary cell completed; dead-house nearly completed. Expenditure to date Rs. 3,48,993, on an estimate of Rs. 4,74,874.

District jail at Allahabad.—The estimate for additions and alterations to this jail is Rs. 1,00,088, and the expenditure to date Rs. 78,557. A large number of works have been completed during the year, and the remainder are progressing in proportion to the funds available.

Zila school, Jaunpur.—Masonry of foundation and plinth finished; but may have to be taken down, as the work is of doubtful quality. Work stopped. Expenditure Rs. 10,707, against an estimate of Rs. 16,841.

Muir Central College, Allahabad.—At the close of the year the building was throughout level with the spring line of

verandah arcading. In addition to which nearly all the verandah arches of arcading of lecture-room and ground-floor of hall were completed, besides some of the transverse arches in lecture-room verandahs and arches over doors to one room of the lecture-room; 32,790 cubic feet of white, and 22,092 cubic feet of yellow stone have been collected; all ordinary bricks required for the work are stacked at site; the supply of iron girders for the roof has also been ordered. The cost of the superstructure to date has been Rs. 1,39,030, against an estimate of Rs. 5,96,190.

Memorial Church, Cawnpore.—This building was completed and consecrated in December, 1875. The actual cost of the work, including furniture and fittings, to end of the year was Rs. 1,83,061.

Roman Catholic Cathedral, Allahabad.—A grant-in-aid of Rs. 12,000 has been given for this building. Work is being carried out by private agency.

Dispensary at Jaunpur.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 23,378.

Out-offices to public offices, Allahabad.—Two of four sets completed, costing Rs. 8,804, on an estimate of Rs. 12,432.

Government House, Allahabad.—Renewing roof of public rooms, completed at a cost of Rs. 27,774, and a marble floor supplied to passages to wings at a cost of Rs. 5,368.

Thornhill-Mayne Memorial, Allahabad.—The work is completed, with exception of supplying ridge tiles, tinted glazing, which is coming out from England, and the final coat of plaster to terrace roof of verandahs. The roof of tower is unfinished, as some changes are contemplated. The cost of the work to date has been Rs. 94,222.

Museum attached to Thornhill-Mayne Memorial, Allahabad.—The foundations of the building have been laid. Estimate Rs. 39,468, expenditure Rs. 6,585.

Bridge at Cawnpore.—The pontoon bridge across the Ganges at Cawnpore, having fallen into comparative disuse by the opening of the railway bridge, was removed to Kálpi.

The Railway Company, who had the bridge in mortgage from the late lessee, have been paid Rs. 1,50,175 as the surrender value of the bridge.

Bridge over Ohan nadi, Bánda district.—Work in progress on an estimate of Rs. 1,19,219. Expenditure to date Rs. 74,785.

Bánda and Manickpur road.—Completing earthwork. Culvert and metalling second section completed at a cost of Rs. 51,809.

The raising of the first section of the road, which is in hand on an estimate of Rs. 20,093, will be completed early in the coming year. Expenditure to date Rs. 18,247.

Chandráwal bridge on Hamírpur and Kabrai road, Hamírpur district.—Bricks for the work have been manufactured. Expenditure to date Rs. 13,821.

Raising Hamírpur and Kabrai road, Hamírpur district.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 10,072.

Bridge over the Sendar nadi on Cawnpore and Kálpi road, Cawnpore district.—The bridge is one of 4 spans of 40 feet each. The well-sinking is in progress. Expenditure to date Rs. 72,894, against an estimate of Rs. 90,919.

Bridge over the Nún nadi on the Cawnpore and Hamírpur road, Cawnpore district.—Materials are in course of collection, and some progress has been made in building. Expenditure Rs. 23,242, against an estimate of Rs. 32,212.

Drainage of the town of Fatehpur.—The object of this work is to prevent the flooding of the town and adjacent lands of Fatehpur, and was undertaken on an estimate of Rs. 19,647. It has cost to date Rs. 11,874.

Protective works at Allahabad.—To guard against the flooding of the Ganges and Jumna, certain works have been completed at a cost of Rs. 9,087.

JHANSI DIVISION.

Deputy Commissioner's kutcherry, Lalitpur.—Alterations and additions completed at a cost of Rs. 16,924.

Deputy Commissioner's kutcherry, Orai.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 67,671.

Metalling Jhánsi and Saugor road in the Lalitpur district.—Metal has been collected, and one coat 4½ inches thick consolidated over a length of nine miles at a cost of Rs. 1,11,724.

In the Jhánsi district metal has been collected and consolidated over ten miles at a cost of Rs. 20,258. The estimate for the two sections amounts to Rs. 2,11,445.

Causeway across river Jamini, Lalitpur district.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 20,453.

Bridges over the Malanga nadi on road through town of Jalaun, Jalaun district.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 36,366 and Rs. 6,114 respectively.

Jalaun and Shergarh road, 2nd class, Jalaun district.—In progress. Expenditure to date Rs. 14,169, against an estimate of Rs. 27,812.

AGRA DIVISION.

Tahsíli at Bhongaon, Mainpuri district.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 14,523.

Tahsíli at Karhal, Mainpuri district.—Work in hand, and has cost to date Rs. 268, against an estimate of Rs. 13,860.

New treasury at Muttra.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 5,642.

Central prison at Agra. Extension.—The buildings are going on rapidly, and are reported on satisfactorily by Superintending Engineer. Expenditure to date Rs. 96,849, on an estimate of Rs. 1,04,390.

District jail at Agra.—Estimate Rs. 1,26,504. Completed at a cost of Rs. 1,23,666.

Central prison at Fatehgarh.—The works are in full progress, and are being done carefully and economically. Expenditure to date Rs. 1,92,128, on an estimate of Rs. 2,68,599.

Hawalat at Fatehgarh.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 18,501.

Lock-up at Etáwah.—Nearly completed. Expenditure to date Rs. 7,242, against an estimate of Rs. 7,286.

Works of antiquity, Agra.—The works undertaken under this head are composed of—

	Estimate.	*Expenditure to 1875-76.*
	Rs.	Rs.
Restoration of the Táj and buildings, &c. ...	2,47,282	79,588
Ditto of palace buildings in the fort ...	2,24,919	87,905
Ditto of Akbar's tomb and buildings, &c., at Sikandra	70,691	...
Ditto of Itmad-ud-Daula's tomb and buildings	1,07,264	...
Total ...	6,50,156	1,67,583

leaving a balance of Rs. 4,82,573 to be expended in future years.

In addition to the foregoing, work has been in progress in the restoration of the temple of Gobindji at Brindaban, in the Muttra district, on an estimate of Rs. 29,365, the expenditure to date being Rs. 19,533.

An expenditure of Rs. 1,968 has been incurred in the restoration of the Fatehpur Sikri buildings, but for these and the restoration of the Atala Masjid and other magnificent buildings at Jaunpur the probable expenditure may be about two lakhs of rupees.

Zila school and boarding-house at Fatehgarh.—It is expected that the school-room will be ready in April. The boarding-house is well in hand, and is almost ready for the roof. Expenditure to date Rs. 13,765, against an estimate of Rs. 13,877.

Bridge over the Rind nadi near Sonthra, Etáwah district.—Work in progress on an estimate of Rs. 11,744. Expenditure to date Rs. 9,854.

Sarái at Fatehgarh.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 11,406.

MEERUT DIVISION.

Jail at Saháranpur.—Re-roofing of certain barracks on south side have been completed at a cost of Rs. 23,798, on an estimate of Rs. 28,829.

District jail at Meerut.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 1,51,019.

Police barracks at Meerut.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 14,535.

Police hospital at Meerut.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 10,918.

1st class police station at Behat, Saháranpur district.—Walls raised to roof level, and timber for half the roof collected. Expenditure to date Rs. 9,313, against an estimate of Rs. 12,568.

Dispensary at Meerut.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 7,549.

Dispensary at Saháranpur.—Materials under collection, and foundation being put in. Expenditure to date Rs. 12,850, against an estimate of Rs. 17,806.

Tahsíli school at Shámli, Muzaffarnagar district.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 7,012.

Boarding-house to zila school, Meerut.—Work which is in progress has cost to date Rs. 2,999 on an estimate of Rs. 11,837.

Boarding-house at Saháranpur.—Completed, with exception of a few minor details, at a cost of Rs. 7,178.

Hindan bridge, Gháziabad.—The construction of a new platform is in progress, and has cost to date Rs. 18,873 on an estimate of Rs. 20,764. The protective works, which have been very successful, are completed at a cost of Rs. 4,868.

Sirsáwal and Chilkána road, Saháranpur district.—The raising and bridging of this road has been completed at a cost of Rs. 9,225.

Muzaffarnagar and Shámli road, Muzaffarnagar district.—The work of filling in the scour below the Káli nadi bridge

and lowering the Shámli roadway have been completed at a cost of Rs. 34,191.

Bridge over the Damola stream, Saháranpur district.—Well-sinking in progress. Cost to date Rs. 12,280, against an estimate of Rs. 17,028.

Dehra and Ambari 2nd class road, Dehra Dún district.—On this road much work has been done, the masonry works being five over-bridges, enlargement of two, and altering of five bridges, besides a large quantity of earthwork and metalling. Expenditure to date Rs. 17,971, against an estimate of Rs. 18,578.

Dák bungalow at Chakráta.—A building suitable for the purpose was purchased for Rs. 5,000.

Meerut drainage.—These works are estimated to cost Rs. 7,69,491, against which an expenditure of Rs. 83,961 has been incurred. The following works have been undertaken :—

	Estimate.	*Expenditure.*	
	Rs.	Rs.	
Deepening Abu nala	62,006	28,000	Will be completed during 1876-77.
Ditto diversion cut	28,954	4,500	
Masonry works, Abu nala ...	3,75,135	26,000	In progress.
Normal school and jail drainage ...	15,840	3,000	
Deepening and straightening Kali nadi	1,67,803	14,272	
City main drain remodelling ...	25,725	2,500	
Main drain for sudder and north-east of city.	70,225	1,000	
Minor works	22,905	4,689	
Total ...	7,68,593	83,961	

Saháranpur drainage.—Is estimated to cost Rs. 1,45,626, of which Rs. 1,41,827 have been expended on the following works, all of which are approaching completion :—

	Estimate.	*Expenditure.*
	Rs.	Rs.
Pandhoi nala	91,420	90,937
Craigi nala	31,905	30,681
Northern drainage cut	13,196	12,650
Minor works	9,105	7,559
Total ...	1,45,626	1,41,827

ROHILKHAND DIVISION.

Collector's kutcherry at Bijnor, additions to.—The superstructure is in progress, and has cost to date Rs. 9,142, on an estimate of Rs. 26,992.

Collector's kutcherry at Bareilly.—The additions to this building have been brought up to roof level, at which point work was suspended, pending decision regarding the use of hexagonal tiles in the roof. Expenditure to date Rs. 14,947, against an estimate of Rs. 31,448.

Joint Magistrate's kutcherry at Pilibhít.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 47,038.

Tahsíli at Aonla, Bareilly district.—This building has cost Rs. 15,113, and is very nearly completed.

Tahsíli at Baheri, Bareilly district.—Completed, with exception of some minor details, at a cost of Rs. 15,220.

District jail at Bijnor.—The additions to the jail are in progress, and have cost to date Rs. 5,927, on an estimate of Rs. 8,877.

Central prison, Bareilly.—The police guards' quarters have been completed, one barrack of the solitary cells and the inner inclosing wall of the left circular block have been begun. Work has been slow, and confined mostly to making bricks. Expenditure to date Rs. 2,34,235, against an estimate of Rs. 5,20,301.

Jail at Budaun.—The work of providing an outer inclosure wall to this place has been nearly brought to completion, and has cost to date Rs. 7,783, against an estimate of Rs. 8,877.

Hawalat at Sháhjahánpur.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 6,939.

Lunatic asylum, Bareilly.—The inclosure wall has been completed at a cost of Rs. 33,355.

Boarding-house to Bareilly College.—Completed, except gateway, at a cost of Rs. 23,518.

Bijnor and Dhámpur road, Bijnor district.—Improvements to this road are in hand, and have cost to date Rs. 632, on an estimate of Rs. 12,031.

Moradabad and Naini Tál road, Moradabad district.—The Darhiyal section has been completed. The metalling of the Kosi section has been completed from the 23rd to the 29th mile, the 30th and 31st miles remain to be done, the 41st and 42nd miles have been consolidated. The Ramganga crossings have been metalled, and the Kosi embankment and the bund on the Rámganga have been completed. The entire work has cost Rs. 1,44,751, on an estimate of Rs. 1,47,593.

Rohilkhand trunk road, Moradabad district.—The Kosi and Ramganga section will be completed by July. Expenditure to date Rs. 50,110, against an estimate of Rs. 56,602.

Rebuilding Arail nadi bridge, Moradabad district.—Will be completed to top of superstructure before setting in of rains of 1876. Expenditure Rs. 10,695, on an estimate of Rs. 22,209.

Sháhjahánpur and Katra road, Sháhjahánpur district.—This road has been re-metalled at a cost of Rs. 20,104.

Culverts on Bareilly and Bísalpur road, Bareilly district.—Two culverts remain to be finished. Cost to date Rs. 10,187, against an estimate of Rs. 11,610.

Sarái at Chandausi, Moradabad district.—The work is up to arched roof springing, and cost to date Rs. 18,433.

Sarái at Bareilly on Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway station.—Nearly completed, and has cost to date Rs. 23,366, on an estimate of Rs. 28,776.

KUMAUN DIVISION.

Diocesan Girls' School at Naini Tál.—Completed, with exception of spire and some trifling items, at a cost of Rs. 31,817.

Church at Naini Tál.—The necessary additions to this church have cost to date Rs. 9,675, on an estimate of Rs. 13,635.

Cart road from Almora to Ránikhet.—Road open throughout, except at Kosi crossing; the walling and culverts are almost finished. Expenditure to date Rs. 74,891, against an estimate of Rs. 76,529.

Bridge over the Kosi river, Kumaun district.—The masonry is nearly finished; iron-work is at site. Expenditure to date Rs. 9,177, against an estimate of Rs. 15,487.

Bridge (wire rope) over the Gumti river near Bágesar, Kumaun district.—Completed at a cost of Rs. 10,937.

Widening, &c., part of Kotdwára and Panri road, Garhwál district.—Road from Kotdwára to Dalu Mandi, with some wooden and arched bridges, completed at a cost of Rs. 10,000, against an estimate of Rs. 10,150.

Dák bungalows en route to Pindári Glacier.—The bungalow at Takula is approaching completion, that at Kupkôt is in progress, and for that at Bagesar materials are being collected. Work to date cost Rs. 1,500 on an estimate of Rs. 11,815.

Water-supply at Almora.—About a mile concrete channel completed. Materials are collecting, and arrangements are in progress for the remainder of the work. Expenditure to date Rs. 5,912, on an estimate of Rs. 19,950.

Contributed Fund Works.

The condition of the funds raised by tolls on the river Ganges on the 31st March, 1876, was—

	Rs.
Receipts, including balance to end of 1875-76 ...	23,056
Expended in 1875-76	27,226
Expenditure excess over receipts	4,170

The tolls collected in 1875-76 are Rs. 10,000 less than they were a few years ago. The establishment for collecting the tolls is the same now as then, and in 1875-76 cost 28 per cent. of the collections.

Some of the principal works undertaken by the Public Works Department from funds placed at their disposal during the year were :—

	Rs.
Diocesan Girls' School at Naini Tál	3,426
Additions to church at do.	6,176
Thornhill Museum at Allahabad	6,585
Improving jail tank at Gorakhpur	8,321
Opium trash godown, Gházipur	5,833
Opium chest godown, do.	4,167
Aril bridge on Moradabad and Chandausi road	7,891
Sarái at Chandausi	10,963
Saháranpur city drainage	4,487
Meerut ditto	5,816
Benares ditto	4,721

Repairs.

The expenditure on repairs was—

	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Civil buildings	1,97,066	2,66,777	2,65,142	3,32,381
Communications ...	13,53,413	15,82,161	14,12,249	16,49,577
Miscellaneous public improvements.	982	18,447	84,136	25,519
Total ...	15,51,461	18,67,385	17,61,527	20,07,477

Under civil buildings the expenditure is thus divided:—

	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Revenue	65,573	70,961	67,797	70,469
Customs	...	963	...	...
Judicial	19,225	18,325	16,737	17,716
Public offices	...	2,489	6,581	10,796
Excise	...	5,550	8,492	6,537
Jails	19,802	31,151	24,078	25,822
Police	42 460	68,598	73,368	78,653
Educational	14,139	35,732	26,828	27,194
Medical	...	2,173	2,453	1,330
Ecclesiastical	12,184	7,284	7,335	10,675
Public works	3,933	4,993	4,222	5,564
Government House, &c. ...	1,644	4,443	3,730	4,202
Monuments	8,227	21,566	18,711	67,161
Scientific institutions ...	1,919	1,086	2,230	1,700
Charitable ditto ...	2,170	1,113	2,505	3,392
Total ...	1,91,277	2,66,427	2,64,067	3,31,211
General Department ...	5,789	...	...	...
Local ditto ...	...	350	1,075	1,170
Total ...	1,97,066	2,66,777	2,65,142	3,32,381

Under communications, excluding ferries, &c., the expenditure has been:—

	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-45.	1875-76.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1st class metalled roads ...	9,98,727	11,20,300	9,79,739	10,13,628
2nd ditto unmetalled but bridged roads.	1,40,775	1,26,296	1,15,039	1,57,119
3rd class unmetalled and unbridged but raised roads.	56,324	1,04,744	1,28,856	97,301
4th class village roads ...	11,951	24,089	18,797	21,807
Total ...	12,67,777	13,75,429	12,42,431	12,89,855

Ten and a half lakhs may be considered as the normal annual expenditure for the maintenance of the main communications of the province.

Establishment.

The total outlay on establishment for the entire province was Rs. 9,79,544, and compared with previous years, omitting collection and ferry establishments, shows as follows :—

	Cost of works and repairs.	Cost of establishment.	Percentage.
	Rs.	Rs.	
1872-73	28,84,976	4,29,610 or	15
1873-74	35,15,251	5,34,955 or	15·2
1874-75	45,98,641	6,39,609 or	14
1875-76	41,00,953	6,81,383 or	16·5

Revenue.

The revenue realized by the Public Works Department amounted to Rs. 62,761, of which the details are as follows :—

	Rs.
Tolls, dues, fines, and refunds	28,707
Rents	7,640
Sale of old stock	10,282
Sale of produce	15,896
Revenue from Roorkee Workshops	...
Gain by exchange	236
Total ...	62,761

TARÁI DISTRICT.

The public works of the Tarái district are carried out from local funds, under supervision of officers unconnected with the department.

The expenditure was in—

	Rs.
Original works	21,204
Repairs	17,369
Establishment	5,327
Tools and plant	512
Stock	9,104
Total ...	53,816

ROORKEE WORKSHOPS.

In the year under review the Roorkee Workshops did a much larger amount of business than in any previous year of their existence, and made a larger profit on their work. But owing to remissness in collecting debts, the shops have been unable to repay the advances received by them from Government, to the extent of Rs. 1,25,075. This debt, however, is only temporary, and will disappear in the coming year. The working of the shops will be seen from the following table :—

	Rs.
Net outstandings for work sent out on the 31st March, 1875	9,370
Value of work sent out to public departments and private individuals in 1875-76	5,50,387
Total dues	5,59,757
Realized and made over to the Government in 1875-76	3,45,855
Balance still outstanding and to be realized on the 31st March, 1876	2,13,902
The shops received from the Government in 1875-76—	
In cash	3,46,463
In London supplies	1,24,467
Total	4,70,930
and paid over to Government in cash and by book transfer,	3,45,855
Short paid	1,25,075

The profits of the shops, after paying all expenses since they became a provincial institution, have been—

	Rs.
From 1871-72 to 1874-75 inclusive	4,72,901
From 1875-76	1,68,837
Total for five years	6,41,738
Of this they have as yet paid over to Government only	2,67,333
Leaving still to be paid	3,74,405

It would be more satisfactory if the Government received its profits faster than it does; but under the system of indenting on England through the India Office, very little control can be exercised over the stores, which go on increasing in value. Moreover, the business of the shops has very much extended, and the profits are in reality diverted to meet those increases instead of being paid into the treasury. A comparison with the values of certain balances so affected on the 31st March, 1871, and 31st March, 1876, the period during which those profits have accrued, will show this to be the case :—

	Balances or values.		Difference.	
	31st March, 1871.	31st March, 1876.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	
Block	1,43,991	1,63,771	19,780	
Plant	2,28,804	2,66,744	37,910	
Stores	6,38,079	9,06,560	2,68,481	
Works in progress ...	2,01,495	2,36,471	34,976	
Bills renewable	88,091	2,13,902	1,25,814	
Cash	1,967	16,944	14,977	
Total ...	13,00,470	17,87,248	5,01,965	

This increase in the value of the shops' assets of Rs. 5,01,965 clearly accounts for the unpaid liabilities, *viz.*, to Government—

	Rs.
For cash and stores ...	1,25,075
„ profits	3,74,405
Total ...	4,99,480

ARBORICULTURE.

The total expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 37,060, and has been incurred in extending and maintaining avenues, and in raising and maintaining existing nurseries.

FERRIES.

The expenditure on boat bridges and ferries was Rs. 1,27,248, against an income of Rs. 6,62,814. The income and expenditure contrasted with the year 1869-70 shows thus—

	Income.				*Expenditure.*			
	1869-70.	1875-76.	More.	Less.	1869-70.	1875-76	More.	Less.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Large bridges.	3,11,358	2,71,019	...	40,339	1,45,993	89,030	...	56,963
Minor do. and ferries.	3,43,179	3,91,795	48,616	...	18,636	38,218	19,582	...
Total ...	6,54,537	6,62,814	48,616	40,339	1,64,629	1,27,248	19,5 82	56,963

PRIVATE WORKS OF PUBLIC UTILITY.

The expenditure by private individuals from their private sources on works of public utility was Rs. 1,86,681, and is thus classified:—

Division.	*Character of works.*									
	Wells.	Bridges.	Tanks.	Dharmsálas.	Saráis.	Gardens.	Schools.	Baoli.	Suitors' sheds.	Total cost.
										Rs.
Benares ...	73	1	10	2	...	1	1	1	...	40,145
Allahabad ...	80	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	24,588
Jhánsi ...	27	...	1	1	..	...	...	...	...	10,065
Agra ...	27	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	12,250
Meerut ...	45	...	...	5	2	2	...	...	1	32,633
Rohilkhand ...	80	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	67,000
Kumaun ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	332	1	14	10	3	3	2	1	1	1,86,681

(*b.*)—*Railways.*

Rajputana State Railway.

On 1st April, 1875, 328 miles of railway, stretching from Sámbhar to Agra and Delhi, were open, the portion from Jeypur to Sámbhar having been opened in the previous month. No extension took place until the 1st August, when Ajmere, 48½ miles from Phalera (Sámbhar junction), was brought into the railway system. On 14th February, 1876, the 14½ miles between Ajmere and Nasirabad were opened for traffic, while on 1st January the bridge across the Jumna at Agra had been opened for the passage of broad gauge trains.

The expenditure on the line up to 31st March, 1876, has been Rs. 2,21,33,877.

During the year 1875 there were on the average 344·35 miles of line open and under working. Rs. 11,18,692 were expended in carrying traffic in 517·475 train miles, which earned Rs. 17,46,962, leaving Rs. 6,28,270, or 35·4 per cent., of the earnings as net profits.

In round numbers, the maintenance of the line cost 30 per cent. of the whole expenditure; the locomotive and carriage branch 38 per cent.; the traffic branch 16 per cent.; while general administration and miscellaneous expenses swallowed up the remaining 16 per cent.

Of the earnings, coaching traffic contributed about 35 per cent., goods traffic 62 per cent., and sundries 3 per cent.

Engineering.

On the 1st January, 1876, the Jumna bridge at Agra was opened for broad gauge traffic. The bridge has both broad and narrow gauge trucks: the latter being needed to carry trains to the transhipment or goods transfer station which has been in progress on the left bank of the river, and is now almost complete with a platform 1,200 feet long, partly roofed, and sidings for both gauges.

The Agra fort station on the right bank of the river has not yet assumed its permanent shape, owing to the alteration of design, which the alignment of the Scindia State Railway and experience of the requirements of the broad gauge traffic have shown to be necessary. Various works of completion and improvement were in progress during the year. Rest sheds for passengers were built at Bhartpur, Mandáwar, Dosa, Jeypur, Bandikni, Baswa, Rajgarh, Alwar, Rewari, Jatasli, Sarhi Harsaru, and Gurgaon. New rest sheds at Delhi and Ajmere were also in hand. Quarters for European and native hands, which were very much needed, were built at Agra, Bandikni, Ajmere, and other places on the line. Some are still incomplete, as at Phalera and Jeypur. Refreshment-rooms were built at Jeypur.

Traffic—passenger.

In the year 1875, 998,853 passengers were booked and carried an average distance of 53 miles, against 685,409 passengers carried an average of 35 miles in the year 1874, showing an increase of 313,444 passengers and of 18 miles in the average length of journey. The passenger mileage, or number of passengers carried one mile in 1875, was 52,557,488, or about 418 passengers per mile open per day.

The earnings from passengers were Rs. 5,71,615 in 1875, against Rs. 2,16,425 in 1874.

The fares in force were 8 annas, 4 annas, and 1½ anna per station distance, averaging about 8¾ miles. The cost of carrying each passenger one mile, according to the authorized system of calculation, was in the second half of the year 1875 36·02, 11·97, and 1·26 pies, and in the first half-year 39·12, 9·87, and 0·95 pies for the first, second, and third classes respectively.

Goods.

Excluding railway materials and telegraph stores, 143,278 tons of various goods were booked in 1875 against 80,037 tons in 1874.

Expressed as tons of goods carried one mile, the ton mileage of all goods was 14,351,459 in 1875, and 5,111,844 in 1874.

Of the 143,278 tons of goods carried in 1875 salt accounts for 72,888 tons, grains and pulse for 24,062 tons, sugar for 19,679 tons, and cotton for 9,023 tons, these four commodities making up six-sevenths of the whole trade.

The broad gauge railways which touch the Rajputana Railway at Agra and Delhi brought to it 25,425 tons, and took away 28,093 tons, which were booked through and were not warehoused in Agra or Delhi. Thus, besides the through traffic mentioned above, and excluding railway and telegraph materials, Agra received 55,131 tons from Rajputana and returned 7,857 tons of various goods, Delhi received from Rajputana 5,754 tons and returned 4,962 tons.

Neither Agra nor Delhi are manufacturing cities, nor does Rajputana supply them with much, beyond salt and a little grain that is consumed within their walls.

Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

The length of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway line is 543 miles, and it has cost Rs. 4,96,09,136.

The Ganges bridge at Cawnpore, of 25 spans of 110 feet each, was opened for traffic on the 15th July, 1875; the subway for road traffic was opened on the 1st February, 1876.

The result of the working is as follows :—

	Number.	*Earnings.* Rs.
Upper class passengers ...	19,262	70,166
Lower ditto ...	2,372,739	12,65,508
Luggage, &c.	...	98,281
Goods, tons	334,274	13,08,351
Company's goods, tons ...	89,514	53,629
Sundries, tons	...	87,710
	Total ...	28,83,645

There has been a large increase both in the quantity and receipts of the passenger and goods traffic. The growth of

traffic during the past two years will be seen from the following :—

	Passengers.	*Goods.*
	No.	Tons.
1874-75...	2,089,601	252,742
1875-76 ..	2,398,558	390,445

Six-tenths of the receipts for outward and inward traffic were collected at five stations, two-tenths came from five stations, one-tenth from nine stations, and the remaining one-tenth from sixty-one stations.

One hundred and fifty-one accidents occurred during the year over the whole line, of which 49 were in the North-Western Provinces ; 12 persons were killed and 11 hurt.

East Indian Railway.

East Indian Railway Main Line.

The length of the main line of this railway is 1,279¾ miles, of which 410½ are double.

The receipts and expenditure of the year are as follows :—

	Rs.		Rs.	
Earnings	2,72,89,251	or	21,324	per mile.
Expenses	1,04,39,298	or	8,150	ditto.
Profits	1,68,59,953	or	13,174	ditto.

The total capital expenditure is Rs. 28,25,61,728, and the capital on which guarantee is paid is Rs. 28,72,26,153 ; the percentage of profits on capital expended is Rs. 5·9.

The results of traffic are thus shown :—

	Passengers.		Increase over 1874.
	Number conveyed.	Receipts.	
		Rs.	Rs.
1st Class ...	45,031	4,99,475	74,593
2nd „ ...	116,661	4,32,101	1,36,521
Intermediate Class ...	440,692	4,21,519	73,296
3rd Class ...	5,813,706	64,26,368	3,82,005
Total ...	6,416,090	77,79,463	6,66,415

		Decrease from 1874.
Goods—Weight carried	Tons 1,549,871 ...	Tons 594,676
Receipts	Rs. 1,77,22,814 ...	Rs. 79,25,300

Jubbulpore Line.

The length of this line is 223¾ miles.

The receipts and expenditure are as follows :—

	Rs.	Rs.	
Earnings	20,18,725 or	9,022	per mile open.
Expenditure	11,70,840 or	5,233	ditto.
Profits	8,47,885 or	3,789	ditto.

The total capital expenditure is Rs. 3,68,33,623, and the capital on which guarantee is paid is Rs. 3,53,48,331; the percentage of profits on capital is Rs. 2·4.

The results of traffic are as follows :—

	Passengers.		Increase over 1874.
	Number conveyed.	Receipts.	
		Rs.	Rs.
1st Class	4,485	75,624	16,839
2nd „	16,512	82 233	47,073
Intermediate Class ...	5,956	27,647	9,670
3rd Class	237,142	5,18,158	55,313
Total ...	264,095	7,03,662	1,28,895

		Decrease from 1874.
Goods—Weight carried	Tons 128,670 ...	Tons 48,324
Receipts	Rs. 10,06,193 ...	Rs. 4,24,491

Light Railway.

In addition to the Háthras and Muttra Light Railway, surveys were undertaken for the line from Cawnpore to Farukhabad.

On the Háthras and Muttra line the construction of works began at the end of the year 1873-74. The estimates sanctioned for the works and the total outlay on capital account were as follows :—

	Estimates.	Outlay.
	Rs.	Rs.
Preliminary expenses	1 001	925
Land compensation	10,304	9,898
Construction of line	52,369	31,663
Ballast and permanent way	5,39,512	5,19,492
Stations and buildings	1,39,803	1,15,849
Plant	6,225	6,209
Rolling stock	2,15,504	1,39,666
Establishments	85,000	69,044
Contingencies	5,000	1,728
Unclassified expenditure	...	58,389
Total	10,54,718	9,53,863

It is not anticipated that the capital outlay will exceed the total of the estimates, as the works on the 31st March, 1876, were approaching completion. Interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum is charged on this capital outlay. It is calculated monthly on the total expenditure to the end of each month, and on the 31st March, 1876, the amount due on this account aggregated Rs. 44,966, which becomes a first charge on the net earnings of the railway.

On the 19th October, 1875, the line was opened for traffic and trains commenced running. In the 165 days from that date to the 31st March, 1876, the earnings amounted to Rs. 34,213, but of this Rs. 1,062 were not realized, so that the actual receipts were Rs. 33,151. The working expenses

during the same period amounted to Rs. 19,287, giving a net income of Rs. 13,864. The nature of the earnings and working expenses were as follows :—

	Amount.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.
Earnings, coachings, on passenger traffic ...	26,243	
Goods, ditto ditto ...	7,955	
Sundries	15	
Total earnings ...	34,213	
Deduct remaining to be collected ...	1,062	
Actual receipts ...	...	33,151
Working expenses.		
Maintenance of way and works	2,793	
Locomotive expenses	7,487	
Carriage and wagon expenses	347	
Traffic expenses	4,727	
General charges	1,574	
Special and miscellaneous	2,359	
Total working expenses ...	...	19,287
Net income or profit ...	...	13,864

On these data the earnings and working expenses for a whole year would be Rs. 75,683 and Rs. 42,665, or 8 and 4·4 per cent. per annum respectively on the capital outlay of Rs. 9,55,863. The net income would be consequently 3·6 per cent., or less than the 4 per cent. interest which has to be paid on the capital outlay. But the undertaking is in its infancy, and the small amount earned for goods traffic suggests that considerable improvement in this respect may be anticipated as local trade is drawn to the railway, and a greater surplus of income over expenses may be confidently looked for in the future.

For the capital expended to the 31st March, 1876, the railway is liable :—

	Rs.
To shareholders	3,24,100
„ provincial funds	6,31,763
Total ...	9,55,863

The shareholders receive interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum on their subscriptions, without reference to what may be the amount of income, and have been paid on this account :—

	Rs.
For 1874-75	6,967
„ 1875-76	12,964
Total ...	19,931

so that they have had a return of 6·15 per cent. on their shares of the capital. The provincial funds have received up to the 31st March, 1876, the net receipts (Rs. 13,864), or 2·2 per cent. on the capital they have invested; and provincial funds have paid away for interest Rs. 6,067 more than they have received up to that date. The financial condition of the undertaking on the 31st March, 1876, is represented by the following :—

	Rs.
Interest due on capital outlay	44,966
Working expenses for 165 days in 1875-76 ...	19,287
Total ...	64,253
Total receipts for earnings of 165 days in 1875-76 realized and paid into treasury	33,151
Balance still to be realized	31,102

This balance will be cleared off by the excess of the total receipts in the current and future years over the interest on capital and working expenses. After it has been realized, the surplus receipts will be rateably divided between the shareholders and provincial funds, in proportion to the capital they have respectively invested.

(c.)—Canals.

Capital sunk.

The capital sunk on the six systems of irrigation works of the North-Western Provinces, mentioned in last year's report as in operation,

was Rs. 3,98,56,800 at the end of the year 1875-76, and of this Rs. 14,93,626 were spent during the year. The expenditure on works under construction was Rs. 93,16,489 at the close of the year, of which Rs. 28,44,755 was incurred during the year. The works in progress were the Lower Ganges Canal and the surveys for the proposed projects in Bundelkhand. The expenditure on abandoned works, *viz.*, the Agra irrigation works, stands as last year at Rs. 2,21,970. The total capital sunk on all works was thus Rs. 4,93,95,159, of which Rs. 40,38,381 was spent during the year.

Income.

The direct income received for works in operation was Rs. 28,38,863, and the land revenue credited to irrigation works was Rs. 9,22,825, making a total credit, direct and indirect, of Rs. 37,56,688.

The working expenses were Rs. 14,50,149, so that the net profits were Rs. 23,06,539, which is 5·78 per cent. on the capital of Rs. 3,98,56,800 sunk at the end of the year.

Interest charges.

The interest charges for the year were Rs. 17,13,782, so that after paying all charges the works in operation showed a net profit of Rs. 5,92,757. Including works under construction and abandoned, the interest charges were Rs. 20,86,642 ; thus the works in operation paid all the year's charges on capital, and had a balance of Rs. 2,19,897 to the good. The accumulated charges for interest on capital were greater than the accumulated net revenue by Rs. 82,16,977. This deficit has decreased by Rs. 5,92,756 since 1874-75.

Profit.

The assignments for the year under review, that is, the revenue due for the operations of the two seasons, as distinguished from the revenue paid in for the operations of other seasons, were Rs. 29,53,510, and this, increased by the indirect revenue of Rs. 9,22,825, and diminished by the working charges, gives a net profit of Rs. 24,26,186, which is 6·08 per cent. on the capital sunk, and is Rs. 7,12,404 greater than the interest charges.

The net profits on assessment for the last ten years are shown in the usual table below :—

	Percentage on capital.	
	From direct profits only.	From direct and indirect profits.
1866-67	3·94	6·33
1867-68	3·44	4·81
1868-69	8·21	9·55
1869-70	5·18	6·51
1870-71	5·10	6·45
1871-72	3·47	6·99
1872-73	3·46	5·35
1873-74	4·73	6·72
1874-75	5·15	7·85
1875-76	3·77	6·08

The capital cost of the Agra Canal is included in calculating the profit of the year, which accordingly appears much less than usual. Excluding the Agra Canal from the account, the percentages would be—

From direct profit ... ... 4·65

From direct and indirect ... ... 7·47

Profit on the Ganges and Eastern Jumna Canals.

The following table shows the profit upon the Ganges and Eastern Jumna Canals, from which 94 per cent. of the year's revenue is derived :—

	Net direct profits.				Net direct and indirect.			
	Ganges Canal.		*Eastern Jumna Canal.*		*Ganges Canal.*		*Eastern Jumna Canal.*	
	Amount.	Percentage.	Amount.	Percentage.	Amount.	Percentage.	Amount.	Percentage.
	£		£		£		£	
1866-67	76,985	3·50	43,571	24·87	93,701	4·27	60,559	34·56
1867-68	54,384	2·44	34,168	18·97	71,214	3·20	51,156	29·14
1868-69	164,734	7·21	47,140	25·37	181,703	8·14	64,129	34·44
1869-70	195,943	4·09	44,647	23·33	113,044	4·82	61,636	32·21
1870-71	103,312	4·30	38,461	19·76	122,362	5·09	55,450	28·49
1871-72	66,234	2·74	32,882	16·66	88,646	3·66	49,870	25·27
1872-73	70,764	2·74	30,770	15·01	105,191	4·05	47,659	23·30
1873-74	94,630	3·63	35,856	17·14	129,057	4·98	54,345	25·43
1874-75	104,665	3·96	40,938	19·70	160,850	6·08	63,091	30·37
1875-76	107,420	3·80	36,221	15·63	170,000	6·01	58,375	25·19

Areas irrigated.

The following table shows the areas irrigated during the kharif and rabi for the last ten years. Although the last five years have been years of ordinary rainfall, the area of irrigation has steadily increased, which is a proof of the general prosperity of the canals:—

	Areas irrigated in acres.		
	Kharif or autumn harvest.	Rabi or spring harvest.	Total.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1866-67	321,476	661,933	983,409
1867-68	289,910	471,570	761,461
1868-69	484,485	957,413	1,441,898
1869-70	501,625	588,048	1,089,673
1870-71	396,399	654,409	1,050,808
1871-72	330,120	519,374	852,494
1872-73	353,621	586,965	940,586
1873-74	401,576	647,736	1,049,312
1874-75	389,707	752,745	1,142,452
1875-76	429,784	758,403	1,188,187

Crops irrigated.

The following table, however, shows that there has been a decrease of 32,295 acres in the irrigation of the most profitable crop—sugarcane. Investigations into the cause of this show that it is due partly to a fall of 3 to 5 seers in the price of sugar during 1875-76, and partly to a failure in the sugarcane seed of 1874-75. There was a satisfactory increase in the irrigated areas of rice, indigo, and cotton, but a decrease in the cheaper rabi grain crops, due principally to the low price of grain:—

Crop.	1866-67	1867-68	1868-69	1869-70	1870-71	1871-72	1872-73	1873-74	1874-75	1875-76
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Sugarcane,	76,896	87,050	97,555	104,596	112,141	94,810	97,814	130,514	141,727	109,431
Rice ...	116,355	97,867	111,019	117,548	96,476	77,081	84,055	73,876	58,205	80,304
Indigo ...	73,290	77,976	76,687	130,248	118,897	199,617	130,985	144,073	156,271	165,784
Cotton ...	27,144	8,265	52,992	55,883	35,070	20,365	14,799	16,354	4,702	21,735
Total ...	292,665	271,158	338,253	408,275	362,587	311,873	327,653	364,346	360,905	377,204

The rainfall of the season was favourable to agricultural operations, and therefore unfavourable to canal irrigation. The

abundant rain in September enabled the cultivators to dispense with preliminary waterings, and when the want of water was felt in December an opportune fall of rain occurred over a great part of the irrigated districts. There was again a general fall in March.

Agra and Rohilkhand Canals.

On the newly opened Agra Canal there was an irrigated area of 27,235 acres; the rabi area was 21,579 acres, against 14,130 of the previous year's. On the remodelled Rohilkhand Canals, now nearly complete, there was an increase of 27,039 acres for the year.

New works, Ganges Canal.

The expenditure on new works was Rs. 35,76,811 from extraordinary, and Rs. 4,41,508 from ordinary funds. For the Ganges Canal we have—

	Rs.
Extraordinary outlay	5,82,549
Ordinary	68,439

Good progress was made on the dams and weirs above Hardwár, which are being gradually consolidated into permanent head works. The protection of falls, now nearly complete, was continued, as funds and closures allowed. Four of the new weirs and locks which form part of the remodelling scheme were nearly completed, and the Saláwa lock, which has been reconstructed, was finished. The completion of the Anúpshahr branch down to mile 57 was carried on rapidly. Progress in the extension of the distributaries was good everywhere, except in the Meerut and Cawnpore divisions.

Eastern Jumna Canal.

For the Jumna Canal we have an ordinary expenditure of Rs. 1,09,535. The improvements to the canal and distributaries were continued so far as urgent drainage works would permit, but the principal expenditure was upon the latter.

Agra Canal.

All the works on the Agra Canal are now complete, except the Hindan cut (which will, it is hoped, be finished during the year 1876-77), the Muttra navigation channel (complete, with the exception

of one lock), and the Agra navigation channel (on which several locks and part of the channel are still unfinished). All the distributaries are complete except two. The heavy floods of the year severely tried the works of the canal, and some expensive works have been found necessary for passing drainage in future years. The expenditure on this canal was Rs. 6,39,990 from extraordinary funds.

Lower Ganges Canal.

A sum of Rs. 17¾ lakhs was spent on the works of the new Lower Ganges Canal. By the end of the year, the foundations and flooring of the weir sluices were completed, and the piers partially raised. Similar progress was made on the canal head; the river wall was built to a height of 7 feet, and the line of wells of the weir proper was completed right across the river. The effect of the river works was most satisfactory, and by the end of September, 1875, the river was flowing square across the line of the weir.

Great progress was made on the Rámghát cutting, the Káli nadi aqueduct, and on several bridges and inspection-houses. Complete data were collected for the alignment of the distributaries. The year's progress on the canal may be considered satisfactory, although it was hampered by the want of sanctioned estimates.

Other minor canals.

The improvements on the Rohilkhand and Dún canals have been continued, but these small works call for no special remark. The project for the Betwa canal in Bundelkhand has been a second time forwarded to the Government of India. A project for another canal in the same district from the Ken river has been worked out completely, and will shortly be submitted to Government.

Drainage works in the Upper Doáb.

The drainage works begun last year have been continued. The expenditure was Rs. 3,24,863 on the Ganges Canal, and Rs. 82,925 on the Eastern Jumna Canal. The works, even in their incomplete state, have been productive of great good in reducing

the water-level in sluggish or stagnant streams, in drying up swamps, in rendering towns and villages healthy, and lands fit for cultivation.

(d.)—Telegraph.

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(e.)—Post Office.

The postal system of these provinces is divided into two branches, imperial and provincial. The former is a part of the postal system of all India; the latter, which is called the district dák, is maintained out of the proceeds of the ten per cent. cess on the land revenue of each district. It furnishes a field over part of which the operations of the imperial dák are yearly extended, under the rule by which a district postal office is absorbed into the imperial system as soon as its receipts are sufficient to cover its expenditure. It is the administration of the district dák with which the local Government is most nearly concerned, but a brief notice of the working of the imperial dák also is necessary in order to show the entire postal system of the provinces, and how far it is used by the people. An unqualified comparison cannot be made between the imperial and district statistics, as the district dák works only in places where postal service has not yet become self-supporting, and year by year yields its best offices to be incorporated in the imperial system. Similarly, in comparing the working of the district dák in successive years, allowance must be made for the offices which have become imperial in each year.

1.—Imperial Post.

Post-offices.

The number of post-offices and letter-boxes in existence, and the number of rural messengers and letter-box peons on the imperial postal establishment in 1874-75 and 1875-76 was as follows:—

	Post-offices.	Letter-boxes.	Rural messengers.	Letter-box peons.	Total.
1874-75 ...	499	199	15	2	715
1875-76 ...	505	210	19	5	739
Increase ...	6	11	4	3	24

Great care is taken in opening new post-offices and letter-boxes, or in entertaining additional rural messengers and letter-box peons, and unless there is a certain hope of the measure being remunerative to the department it is not carried out, the requirements of the public being met as far as possible through the agency of the district post.

Postal lines.

The total extent in miles of each class of postal lines is shown below in contrast with the return of the previous year :—

	Railway.	Mail-cart.	Runners.	Total.
1874-75 ...	1,071	351¾	3,390	4,812¾
1875-76 ...	1,100	347¼	3,424	4,871¼
Increase ...	29	...	34	63
Decrease ...	...	4½	...	4½

The increase of 29 miles under the head "Railway" is due to the opening of the provincial light railway between Háthras and Muttra, while the decrease of 4½ miles in the mail-cart lines can be accounted for by the transfer to the control of the Chief Superintendent, Travelling Post Office, of the establishment employed for the conveyance of mails between the post office and railway station at Cawnpore. The increase of 34 miles in the runners' lines has been effected partly by the transfer to this circle from Bengal of the Baksâr and Balia line (20 miles), and partly by casual changes in the route of the existing mail lines, as detailed below :—

Mail lines newly opened.

	Miles.
Rúra to Kálpi	32
Barwaí to Katkút	15
Samthar to Alampur	12
Mau to Tehrí	40
Moth to Samthar	9
Naini Tál to Ránikhet	26
Total ...	134

Deduct lines closed.

			Miles.
Agra to Muttra	...	...	36
Cawnpore to Kálpi	...	...	51
Jhánsi to Saugor	...	...	15
Naini Tál to Almora	...	...	1
Kherna to Ránikhet	...	...	17
Total		...	120
Net increase		...	14

Mail robbery.

It is satisfactory to remark that there have been only six cases of robbery of the mails recorded during the year under report, against ten cases in the preceding year. Of the six cases that occurred in 1875-76, five took place within British territories in the districts named in the margin, and only one in a native state (Scindia's territory). Of the five cases perpetrated within the British territories, in two cases no trace could be found either of the plundered mails or of the robbers, and in the remaining three cases the mails were recovered and the parties suspected of having committed the offence were sent up to take their trial before the magistrate of the district. The offenders in two of these cases were convicted and committed to the sessions court, but in the third case, there not being sufficient evidence, the accused parties were acquitted by the magistrate.

Agra	... 1
Meerut	... 1
Aligarh	... 2
Gházipur	... 1

There has been only one case of an unsuccessful attempt to rob the mail. On the night of the 22nd November, 1875, the runner carrying the district mail from Biláspur to Dankaur, in zila Bulandshahr, came across two men, who struck him and attempted to snatch the mail-bag, but the runner successfully opposed the attempt and got clear off with the mails. The occurrence was brought to the notice of the district authorities, in view to steps being taken to prevent the recurrence of such outrages.

Correspondence.

The following table shows the totals of the correspondence returns for the year under report as contrasted with the result of the preceding year. These figures have been deduced from the

return of the enumeration of covers taken during the two selected weeks in each year :—

Years.	Letters.				Papers.	Packets.	Parcels.
	Paid.	Unpaid.	Service privileged.	Total.			
Result of 1874-75,	8,274,708	6,207,006	1,574,118	16,055,832	1,312,402	185,042	143,208
Ditto of 1875-76,	9,165,416	6,218,342	1,628,302	17,012,060	1,430,858	228,540	165,490
Increase,	890,708	11,336	54,184	956,228	118,456	43,498	22,282
Percentage ...	10·76	·18	3·44	5·95	9·02	23·50	15·55

It is satisfactory to find that there is a fair increase under each head, and the result may fairly be attributed to the natural growth of the correspondence of the country.

2.—District Dák.

The only event worth notice that has taken place in the working of the district dák during the year under report is that, for the first time since its establishment, dated stamps have been supplied to each office in these provinces. These stamps indicate not only the date, but also the postal circle, the district, and the district post-office itself.

Post-offices.

The district post-offices, receiving-houses, and letter-boxes in all the districts, as they stood on the 31st March, 1876, were 380, against 382 in the previous year, as detailed below :—

	District Post-offices.	Receiving-houses.	Letter-boxes.
On 31st March, 1875 ...	218	148	16
On 31st March, 1876 ...	218	146	16
Decrease ...	...	2	...

Changes in post-offices.

Kandrapur in Azamgarh.
Thotibari in Gorakhpur.
Chota Mirzapur in Mirzapur.

To meet the increased wants of the police and the public at large, three new district post-offices have been opened at the places named in the margin, and an additional letter-box placed at Súpa in the Hamírpur

district. The district post receiving-house at Kusumkhor, in the Farukhabad district, was abolished, and the letter-box at Sarendi, in the Agra district, was removed, on the recommendation of the district authorities, as being no longer required. The correspondence of the district post-offices at Ghiror and Kishni, and the district post receiving-house at Phurha in the Mainpuri district, and that of the Jagamanpur district post-office in Jalaun, having increased so as to render these offices self-supporting, they were converted into imperial post-offices.

Correspondence.

A return showing the number of covers received for delivery and posted for despatch at the several district post-offices during the year under report, as compared with the previous year, is subjoined :—

	Covers sent from imperial offices for delivery by district post.			*Covers received from district post for despatch by imperial.*		
	Letters.	Papers.	Parcels and packets.	Letters.	Papers.	Parcels and packets.
Totals for 1874-75	793,970	25,894	9,526	717,243	4,290	7,229
Deduct for receipts, &c., of district post-offices converted during 1874-75 into imperial post-offices for the portion of that year during which they remained district post-offices (included in the above figures).	30,603	1,024	583	24,557	70	349
Totals for 1874-75 for those offices which remained district post-offices on 1st April, 1875.	763,367	24,870	8,943	692,686	4,220	6,880
Total district dák figures for 1875-76	841,139	23,323	12,160	769,499	3,250	8,049
But these figures include the receipts, &c., of four district post-offices converted during 1875-76 into imperial post-offices only for the lesser portion of the year during which they remained district post-offices. Therefore for purpose of comparison with the 1874-75 totals of offices remaining district post-offices on 1st April, 1875, it is necessary to add to these figures *pro rata* on their receipts, while they were district post-offices for the portion of the year 1875-76 during which four converted offices were imperial.	11,932	158	250	11,468	23	191
Gross totals for 1875-76 of those offices whose totals for 1874-75 are given above.	853,071	23,481	12,410	780,967	3,273	8,440
Increase	99,704	...	3,467	88,281	...	1,360
Percentage	13·06	...	38·76	12·74	...	19·76
Decrease	...	1,389	...	...	947	...
Percentage	...	5·58	...	...	22·44	...

It will be observed that there is a fair increase under every head except newspapers, which show a decrease of 5·58 per cent. in receipt, and 22·44 per cent. in despatch. The falling off is most probably due to the Government patronage of the vernacular newspapers having been curtailed, and consequently their circulation among the teachers of the village schools having considerably diminished. The total number of covers received by district post for delivery during the year under report was 876,622, while those posted for despatch amounted to 780,798, bearing a proportion of 1 to 89, against 1 to 87 in the previous year.

Envelopes misdirected.

The total number of covers returned undelivered by the district post amounted to 78,710; of this number 59,022 consisted of articles missent to district post-offices by the imperial post, or redirected by the former and returned to the latter for transmission to their final destination, and therefore the amount of correspondence which actually could not be delivered was 19,688 only, which bears, as in the year 1874-75, a percentage of 2·24 to the total number received by the district post for delivery.

Taking the imperial and the district post together, the total number of articles received for delivery was 16,310,858, against 15,326,838 in 1874-75, exhibiting an increase of 984,020, or 6·42 per cent. It is satisfactory to remark that while there is a steady increase in the correspondence received by the post-office, the number of covers returned undelivered is decreasing, the percentage of decrease in 1875-76, as compared with 1874-75, being 5·66, as shown in the margin.

No. of covers returned undelivered.	
1874-75 ...	775,002
1875-76 ...	731,220
Decrease ...	43,782
Percentage ...	5·66

Proportion to population.

For each hundred of total population nearly 53 letters are received per annum, whilst taking the educated portion thereof only, 3557·46 letters per hundred are received. The result for last year was 49·79 for each hundred of total, and 3342·84 for each hundred

of educated population, showing an increase for the year under report of 3·20 generally, and 214·62 letters for the educated portion of the population.

Classification of correspondence.

Of the total correspondence, 22·52 is official and 17·48 non-official, and each class of correspondence, when divided into the different characters in which it is written, exhibits the following result:—

		Letters.	Papers.	Packets.	Parcels.	Average of articles sent by post.
OFFICIAL.	English ...	45·	69·17	48·43	86·47	46·77
	Urdu ...	52·50	27 89	51·27	12·61	50·81
	Hindi ...	2·50	2·94	·30	·92	2·42
	Total ...	100 00	100 00	100·00	100·00	100·00
NON-OFFICIAL.	English ...	26 52	85·31	84·45	48 21	32·14
	Urdu ...	40·31	13 34	13 67	36·60	37·77
	Hindi ...	33·17	1 36	1·88	15·19	30·09
	Total ...	100·00	100·00	100 00	100·00	100·00

The above figures relate only to post-offices situated within the jurisdiction of the Government, North-Western Provinces, and do not include the native states which also form part of the North-Western Provinces postal circle.

Establishment and expenditure.

The staff of the district dák establishment as it stood at the close of the year under report was as follows:—

Clerks and muharrirs	265
Peons	525
Overseers	52
Runners	1,439
Total ...	2,281

The actual expenditure of the district dák for the year under report amounts to Rs. 1,51,992-1-5; of this sum

Rs. 1,50,221-14-7 is on account of office and road establishments, and Rs. 1,770-2-10 on account of contingencies.

The cost of carriage per article posted and received in the district post-offices during the year under report is 1 anna 5·52 pie, as detailed below :—

Total number of articles passed through district dák offices during the year 1875-76.	Total cost of district dák department during the year 1875-76.			Rate per article.	
	Rs.	a.	p.	a.	p.
1,657,420	1,51,992	1	5	1	5·52

CHAPTER V.

Revenue and Finance.

(a)—IMPERIAL REVENUE AND FINANCE.

1.—Land Revenue.

Rainfall.

The average rainfall throughout the North-Western Provinces during the year under review (48·8 inches) was the heaviest on record, except that of 1871-72, within the last five years; and, with the exception of Allahabad, it was fairly divided among the seven divisions of the province. As a rule, the autumn harvests were found, save in the case of rice crops, to be inferior; but this was compensated for by what turned out to be an excellent rabi, except in places where the severe frost injured the arhar.

Floods.

The only flood of sufficient importance to justify enquiry and to warrant remedial measures occurred in the Bareilly district, from a sudden overflow of the Bahgul river, due partly to the exceptionally heavy rainfall, and partly to the want of waterway consequent on the diversion of the waters of the Sukhi into the channel of the Bahgul. Orders have issued sanctioning the payment of adequate compensation for the injury done to the zemindars and cultivators of the damaged villages. For the future there seems good reason to hope that the bed of the Bahgul will before long accommodate itself to the increased volume of water which it has to carry.

Hailstorm.

A hailstorm of unusual violence visited the Etáwah, Mainpuri, Farukhabad, and Sháhjahánpur districts in the middle of February, and about 65,000 acres are estimated to have suffered more or less. The measures taken to afford relief were prompt and adequate, and extensive use was rightly made of the provisions of section 23, Act XVIII. of 1873 (for remission and suspension of rent

and revenue. The entire loss caused to the state by this single storm cannot have been less than a lakh of rupees.

Prices.

According to the returns published in the *North-Western Provinces Gazette*, prices have been generally much lower than in the preceding year; and, as a result of this, some difficulty has been experienced in recovering rent; and the continuance of such prices may result in undue pressure in districts where, under the revised settlement, enhanced rates have been imposed. It is probable, however, that prices will not long remain so low as they now are. The prices of the chief grains—joár, bájra, and wheat—for the years 1874 and 1875 are (approximately) as under*:—

Division.	*Joár.*		*Bájra.*		*Wheat.*	
	1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.
Meerut	25⅛	27½	22½	26¼	19	23
Rohilkhand	23¾	22⅞	21¾	22⅛	15½	19
Agra	20⅕	23⅜	18	21⅔	15	18
Allahabad	21	22	19⅓	24	14	18½
Benares	18	24½	15½	23	15	17⅞

It will be observed from these figures that the greatest variation is found in the wheat crop, which is accounted for by the excellent and abundant rabi. In the Benares division the differences are uniformly greatest, both crops of 1874-75 having been good in the eastern districts. But the figures given above only exhibit in part the great reduction in prices which has taken place since the beginning of 1875. If this were to continue, it would, no doubt, have a serious effect upon the land revenue.

Condition of the Jhánsi division.

The state of the zemindars and cultivators of the Jhánsi division has of late engaged the serious attention of Government, and a special officer has been deputed to enquire into and report on the

* These are the average prices of the year ending 30th September 1875: hence they differ from those shown in para. 2 of the General Summary.

causes which have operated to bring about the present state of affairs, and to suggest remedial measures. Pending the submission of this report, no definite orders can issue. The subject will be fully discussed in a separate communication when the results of the enquiry have been placed before the Government.

Receipts.

The aggregate receipts of the year under review show a net increase over those of the preceding year of Rs. 8,45,779, as shown in the margin. The most important item is that of land revenue, where the increase is Rs. 1,70,521, or Rs. 1,72,220, including revenue not on the roll. It is satisfactory to observe that the accounts connected with the collection of the land revenue have at last undergone a thorough scrutiny, and that up to the close of 1873-74 they have been finally verified.

	1873-74	1874-75.
	Rs	Rs
1. Land revenue (current) ...	4,12,82,108	4,14,52,629
2. Outstanding balances ...	83,233	2,14,16[illegible]
3. Land revenue not on the revenue-roll.	3,72,835	3,99,68[illegible]
4 Excise ...	20,98,235	20,49,940
5. Stamps, judicial and non-judicial.	35,75,368	35,02,487
6. Canal revenue (current and outstanding).	24,28,017	26,76,230
7. Miscellaneous revenue (sayer), net receipts.	72,012	72,493
8 Surplus process fees ...	15,706	9,909
9. Sale of confiscated estates ..	43,403	76,259
10. Sales of waste land in fee-simple.	10,162	7,827
11. Local cesses, ten per cent. road cess, and acreage rate	38,88,147	40 92,455
12. Patwáris' fees	16,98,934	18,90,135
13. Chaukidars' commuted jagirs and cash payment	1,02,715	72,442
Total ...	5,56,70,875	5,65,16,654

The total balance due on account of land revenue, of Rs. 4,56,470, is divided over every district in the North-Western Provinces, except the Tarái; but of this sum Rs. 1,87,639 are nominal, so that the real balance (Rs. 2,68,831) is only 88 per cent. of the demand. It is noteworthy, moreover, that of this sum Rs. 1,43,086 are classed as "doubtful," and that the greater part of this item (nearly a lakh of rupees) is due to the severe hailstorm of February, 1875, in the Etáwah,

Mainpuri, Farukhabad, and Sháhjahánpur districts. Of the current year's balances, the largest item stands against Sháhjahánpur (Rs. 60,849), due mainly to the hailstorm of February, 1875. Every effort will be made to collect the sum remaining after deducting sanctioned remissions. Of outstanding balances of past years, other than nominal sums and amount due to reduction of settlement, the largest items are found in the Jhánsi, Lalitpur, Bánda, and Gházipur districts.* The cases of Jhánsi and Lalitpur are exceptional, and are being treated separately. The amount due in Gházipur is accounted for by sanctioned remissions of revenue allowed in the case of alluvial maháls. The balances of land revenue not on the roll are inconsiderable, and call for no remark.

* Jhánsi	... Rs.	99,197
Lalitpur	... „	27,610
Bánda	... „	18,104
Ghazipur	... „	14,741

Land appropriation.

Four thousand one hundred and eighty acres of land were taken up permanently, and 1,144 temporarily, during the year, for public purposes under the Land Acquisition Act; the total amount paid as compensation being Rs. 1,34,562 (Rs. 1,20,100 permanent and Rs. 14,462 temporary). The following table shows the results as compared with those of the preceding year:—

Area (permanent and temporary),	*Compensation.*	*Average per acre.*
		Rs. a. p.
1873-74 ... 7,135 acres	Rs. 3,39,644	47 9 7
1874-75 ... 5,264 acres	„ 1,34,562	25 9 0

For roads the compensation per acre averaged (approximately) Rs. 52, for canals Rs. 18-4-0, for railways Rs. 24, for buildings, &c., Rs. 36-8-0. The high rate of compensation for roads is mainly due to two acres which were taken up in the city of Benares at a cost of Rs. 14,569.

The revised rules lately sanctioned by the Government for the guidance of officers in awarding compensation will, it is hoped, conduce to greater uniformity of practice in determining the amount to be given. His Honour is of opinion that while the extravagant awards sometimes made by Collectors are

occasionally due to a desire to save time and avoid an appeal to another authority, the majority of such cases are to be accounted for by the great divergence in the views of individual officers, and to the absence of trustworthy data in regard to the market value of land. The number of cases in which land has been occupied and no compensation paid is very considerable (573), and the area involved (7,295 acres) is large.

Lapses and resumptions.

The assessed area due to lapses and resumptions of revenue-free tenures during the year was 10,159 acres, the revenue demand thereon being fixed at Rs. 9,976. The rate per acre (Re. 1-15-8½) is very low, but this may be partly attributed to a proper reluctance to assess the holders heavily at first. A further explanation will be found in the fact that nearly half of the whole area resumed lay in the Lalitpur district.

Canal dues.

In regard to the realization of canal dues, the owners' rate only came into operation with the spring harvest of 1875, that is, for the latter half of the year under report. The demand over the twelve districts in which the rate was imposed was Rs. 13,503; and (allowing for remissions Rs. 345) only Rs. 770 are reported to be in balance.

The question of the expediency of levying the rate on villages in which canal irrigation has been extended since the settlement received the careful consideration of the Government; but it has been decided that the difficulties in the way of imposing the rate in these places are at present too great to admit of its assessment. It is believed, however, that these difficulties will not be found to be insuperable. At present the interests of the state are being largely sacrificed. The Lieutenant-Governor is well aware of the numerous difficulties to be encountered in this new subject of revenue administration. The primary responsibility no doubt rests with district and canal officers in regard to the imposition of the rate, and the determination of the cases in which it is or is not fairly demandable; but His Honour is convinced of the necessity of

exercising, as far as possible, a close supervision over the action thus taken; and steps will be taken to ensure such supervision.

The question of how revenue coming under the head of "owners' rate" should be credited has formed the subject of much discussion. Sir John Strachey decided that the owners' rate levied on canal-irrigated land should be treated in the same way as increased land revenue due to canal irrigation; and that as the Supreme Government had ruled that the latter item should appear in the accounts under the head of "Land Revenue," the same principle should apply to the former, the Irrigation Department receiving departmental credit for all such sums. This course has accordingly been followed, pending further orders on the subject. The result arrived at, by which (in the 18 districts which enjoy canal irrigation) the amount of indirect revenue to be credited to the Irrigation Department is put at Rs. 8,58,873 for the year 1874-75, is satisfactory.

Occupiers' rate

The demand on account of the occupiers' rate for the year under review amounted to Rs. 26,98,617, and it was generally collected without difficulty; the balances at the close of the year being Rs. 50,023 (or 1·8 per cent. of the demand), more than one-half of which sum was suspended under the orders of the Irrigation Department on account of the damage caused by the hailstorm of February, 1875.

Confiscations and escheats.

During the year 1874-75, 15,259 acres of confiscated and escheated land were disposed of, realizing Rs. 93,995, or an all-round price of Rs. 6-2-6 per acre. This seems a low rate, considering the fact that the greater portion of the land in question must have been under cultivation. The district rates range from over Rs. 13 per acre in Gorakhpur to Rs. 2-9-4 in Bijnor. The waste land sales call for no remark. Revised rules for grant on lease of waste lands have lately been issued for all parts of the North-Western Provinces, except the Kumaun division, for which separate rules are under preparation.

The local cesses.

It is matter of satisfaction that the ten per cent. cess accounts, from the first imposition up to the commencement of the year under report, have now been cleared up in regard to all revenue paying maháls. The amount actually collected during the year was Rs. 36,99,754-6-8, the balance amounting to Rs. 22,237-9-3 (or ·59 per cent. on the full demand), more than half of which is reported to be irrecoverable. It has been laid down as a general principle that cesses should not ordinarily remain uncollected even when (as in the case of a hailstorm) land revenue is remitted. Whenever possible, they should be recovered by instalments if necessary ; and only where realization is clearly impossible, or would be matter of extreme hardship, should application to remit be made.

The acreage and chaukidari cesses in the permanently settled districts call for no special remarks.

Revenue and rent-law and litigation.

The year under report was the first during the whole of which the new Rent Code was in operation in the North-Western Provinces. No precise comparison with the results of previous years can therefore be made. Taking the litigation as a whole, it appears that the general percentage of cases to revenue stands at 22 for 1874-75, against 19 in 1873-74. The increase is most marked in the Etáwah and Bulandshahr districts. It appears that of the 62,175 suits for disposal, 16,500 (28·24 per cent.) were disposed of on the merits, and 41,941 otherwise, of which 14,415 were decided *ex-parte*. The average duration was 23 days. The districts marginally noted show exceptionally low percentages of cases disposed on the merits ; while in Cawnpore, Allahabad, and Mirzapur the average duration of suits exceeded one month. The increase of suits for arrears of rent in the Etáwah district is remarkable. It is probable that the increase may be ascribed to enhancements of rent occurring simultaneously with a fall in prices, and in some degree also to special and temporary causes ; but another year or two must elapse before any certain judgment can be formed.

Muzaffarnagar ...	14·03
Bulandshahr ...	16 21
Sháhjahánpur ...	19·73

Applications under section 95 of Act XVIII. (for the determination of the rights of landlord and tenant in particular cases) were over 33,000 in number at the commencement of 1874-75; and of the 28,976 disposed of, 18,922 (or 65 per cent.) were decided on the merits. The proportion of contested applications is very great. In suits, the percentages of cases contested, and of those decided on the merits, were much smaller. But nearly nine-tenths of all the suits brought were on account of arrears of rent or revenue, and a probable explanation of this difference in the numbers contested is to be found in the fact that arrears, when sued for, are in the great majority of cases really due, the defendant being simply unable or unwilling to pay, and wishing to gain time rather than to dispute the claim; whereas in applications, where more than four-fifths of the litigation comes under the heads of enhancement and ejectment, the merits are not nearly so one-sided, and there is a real issue to be fought out between the parties.

Ejectments.

In the matter of ejectments (other than for arrears) the number of cases in the Bulandshahr district is exceptionally large, 2,155 notices having been served (735 of which were contested), and 1,337 applications to enforce ejectment having been filed. This is probably due partly to the rising value of land, and partly to the presence of powerful and exacting landlords. Enquiry will be made in this and the Muzaffarnagar district to ascertain whether these ejectments are common to the district generally, or confined to a few of the larger estates.

Civil court appeals.

Appeals to the civil courts under Act XVIII. of 1873 were few in number (920), and the percentage of unsuccessful appeals to the total disposed of—65·5—points to a judicious and careful working of the law. The only districts in which the percentage fell below 50 are those of Bareilly, Cawnpore, Bánda, and Jaunpur. The corresponding proportion in appeals to Commissioners from orders on applications is remarkably high, *viz.*, 89·7.

Remission and suspension of rent.

Amended rules have been prepared and issued for regulating procedure under section 23 of Act XVIII. of 1873. It is expected that the new rules, besides diminishing the bulk and cost of the statements, will also have the effect of limiting the application of this section to cases of serious and general calamity. There has been a tendency on the part of some district officers to resort to its use too readily.

The action taken under sections 173-74—to avoid the last resort of sale in execution of decrees under Act XVIII.—seems to have been judicious and successful. Of 200 cases in which execution by sale was applied for, 60 were compromised by the district officers and 113 were reported to the Board of Revenue. In 101 of the 113 cases the Board sanctioned sale; but in only 50 of the 101 was the sale proceeded with. The Board of Revenue have been instructed to draw the attention of Collectors to the very important functions devolving on them under these sections.

Rent deposits.

The largest deposits of rent are again found, as last year, in the Aligarh, Bulandshahr, Muttra, and Moradabad districts; but all show a decrease except Bulandshahr, where the relations between the more powerful landlords and their tenantry seems to be unsatisfactory.

Writs of demand.

As for the details of "dastaks" or writs of demand for the present and the preceding year, the main points of contrast may be summarized as under; a larger number of mahâls or groups of mahâls* (presumably due to revision of settlement and partitions); a smaller number of writs issued; † decreased receipts; ‡ larger disbursements; § and consequently a smaller balance.‖ The variations in cost of issue—in districts similarly circumstanced—is a matter which deserves consideration: they would seem to be chiefly due to want of system, and to the greater or less amount of attention paid to the subject by individual officers.

	1873-74.	1874-75.
*	80,315	85,553
†	85,591	80,119
‡	Rs. 55,554	Rs. 50,089
§	„ 39,104	„ 40,078
‖	„ 15,706	„ 9,909

Sales of land.

The total number of transfers by sale under the orders of the courts and by private arrangement is 12,683 against 12,013 of the preceding year. In the case of revenue-paying land transferred by private arrangement, the best prices, measuring them by the Government demand, continue in force in Gorakhpur, Basti, Bulandshahr, and Dehra Dún, and are due probably to the lightness of assessment in these districts. It is not possible to draw any detailed conclusions from the returns of sale statistics, as their accuracy for such a purpose is open to too much doubt. It seems safe, however, to infer broadly that the average price of land in these provinces, when sold under order of court, is seven times the annual revenue, and that it fetches about double that price when privately sold. It appears to be most valuable, as might be expected, in the Benares division, a great part of which is permanently settled.

Partitions.

The details of partition cases point to very great delay in some instances. The procedure under the old law was complicated, and the completion of a partition was necessarily a work of time; but after making every allowance, it is difficult to understand how, in the cases marginally noted, the operations have been so long protracted. The delay has been mostly in the Benares Division, and may possibly be due to the defective state of the records there. Attention has been directed to the matter.

District.	*Date of pending cases*	
	Perfect.	Imperfect.
Etah ...	...	23rd June, 1866
Jaunpur ..	12th April, 1868 ...	...
Mirzapur ...	19th July, 1867 ..	...
Benares ...	...	2nd August, 1869
Gházipur ...	9th October, 1866,	28th October, 1865

Takávi advances.

The question of takávi advances under the Land Improvement Act, and the rules framed in accordance therewith, need not be discussed here. The advisability of substituting for the rules now in operation a simpler and more elastic code is under the

consideration of the Supreme Government. Provision is being made in the proposed amendment of Act XIX. of 1873 for the punctual recovery of advances which may be made by the Government for purposes other than those contemplated by Act XXVI. of 1871. During the year under report such advances were confined to the Bundelkhand districts (the circumstances of which are peculiar) and to Sháhjahánpur, where the occurrence of a severe hailstorm rendered immediate aid necessary. The only large outstanding balances are found in the Jhánsi and Lalitpur* districts. Since the close of the year under report, considerable remissions have been sanctioned by Government, so that the real balances are considerably below the marginal figures noted above. His Honour has been careful to impress upon the Board of Revenue the fact that advances of this kind are apt to be detrimental rather than advantageous, unless repayment is strictly insisted upon, and that to give away money under the fiction of a loan is demoralizing to the people. In Lalitpur it appears that about one-half of all the money lent will have to be abandoned as irrecoverable. It is very different when, as in some cases, the transaction is a *bonâ fide* loan, the advance being covered by ample security, and punctual repayments being in progress.

* Jhánsi ... Rs. 9,683
Lalitpur ... „ 23,248

2.—Canal Revenue.

For the revenue derived from canals, see the section upon Irrigation, Chapter IV., 8 (*c*).

3.—Customs. 4.—Opium. 5.—Salt.

The headings (3) and (5) are blank, for (4) see under Excise, next below.

6.—Excise.

Sources of reveuue.

The excise revenue of the North-Western Provinces is derived from four sources:—(1) opium; (2) intoxicating drugs, made from hemp and opium, and tari, the juice of the date palm; (3) spirits made by native process of distillations; and (4) spirits (*i.e.*, rum) distilled after the English method.

Mode of levying duty.

The revenue from the first of these sources is the price of opium supplied to each district by the Government Opium Agent at Gházipur. The monopoly of the farm of drugs and tari in each pargana is sold by auction at the beginning of the revenue year. The revenue from country spirits is collected in two different ways, according to the circumstances of the district or pargana. The commoner method is to have a central distillery at the head-quarters of each tahsíl, within the walls of which each seller of country spirits is obliged to set up and work his still. Under this arrangement the receipts of Government are twofold: a duty of a rupee and a half per gallon is levied at the still-head, and a separate license fee is also required for each shop at which the manufactured spirit is sold. There is also a small rent—a rupee a year—payable for the right of keeping up each still within the central distillery.

Farm of country spirits.

The distillery system, however, is not the best adapted for the poorer and more sparsely populated districts, or for places where, owing to the abundance of jungle, or the proximity of native states, smuggling can easily be carried on. Under such circumstances, the farm of the right to distil and sell country spirits in a district or pargana is sold by auction in the same manner as the farm of drugs. This is the method adopted in the division of Kumaun, the districts of Hamírpur, Jalaun, Jhánsi, Lalitpur, and Bánda, and in the trans-Jumna parganas of Allahabad, the Robertsganj pargana of Mirzapur, and the pargana of Thákurdwára in Moradabad.

Period under review.

The present review deals with the period from 1st October, 1874, to 30th September, 1875, the excise year conciding with the revenue year.

Receipts and charges of the year.

After two years of unusual depression the excise revenue has begun to recover itself. The gross receipts of the year were Rs. 20,49,940 against Rs. 19,56,813, or Rs. 93,127 more than those of the preceding year. The average gross receipts of the three

preceding years had been Rs. 19,97,978, and of the two preceding years Rs. 19,76,897.

The receipts from country spirits under the distillery system have been as follows for the last three years :—

Item.	1872-73.	1873-74	1874-75.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Still-head duty	7,16,128	6,59,878	7,55,975
Distillery fees	893	693	487
Retail licenses	2,90,893	3,01,612	2,87,223
Total ...	10,07,914	9,62,453	10,43,685

These figures do not include the duty on Sháhjahánpur rum, but they do include the receipts* on account of Bengal rum manufactured in the cantonments of Allahabad and Cawnpore. They show that while the revenue from retail licenses has fallen, that from still-head duty has risen. Last year the contrary was observed. Such contrasts are easily explained; a good year stimulates competition, and at the ensuing auction prices are run up to excess; a bad year follows, and the bidding at the next auction suffers a corresponding depression. The gradual decrease in distillery fees arises from the decrease in the number of stills, chiefly in the districts of Dehra Dún and Budaun.

	Rs
* License-fees ...	3,059
Still-head duty ...	42,158

Consumption.

There were 2,656 shops in 1874-75 and 2,642 in the previous year, and the number of gallons taxed was 484,087 against 423,363.

Farming system.

The farming system gave Rs. 1,11,714 against Rs. 1,10,458 in the previous year. There were 1,283 shops against 1,392. Where whole districts were farmed the rents fell, except in Kumaun and the Tarái, though the introduction of Rosa rum was supposed to prejudice the farmers' interests in Kumaun. Where parts of

districts were rented higher than in the previous year, the revenue from the distillery system shared in the improvement; it cannot, therefore, be inferred that the farmers bid high for the chance of smuggling.

English liquor.

License fees brought in Rs. 14,292 against Rs. 14,291 last year, but the still-head duty on Rosa rum has gone on steadily increasing year by year.

1872-73.	1873-74	1874-75.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
74,223	97,600	1,24,362

Drugs.

The revenue from drugs was Rs. 3,23,355 against Rs. 3,41,345 in 1873-74, and an average of Rs. 3,46,846 for the five years preceding the year under review.

The tari farms were much less productive than usual in 1874-75.

The receipts from opium were Rs. 20,284 over those of the preceding year. Part of the increase is attributed to the rule obliging madak farmers to buy their opium from the Government treasuries.

Cost.

The cost of the department was Rs. 1,06,822 against Rs. 1,03,793 in the preceding year. The fact that Rs. 4,000 more were given to informers in 1874-75 than in 1873-74 explains the difference.

Balances.

The largest balances due are in—

	Rs.
Dehra Dún	414
Kumaun	1,300
Moradabad	805
Farukhabad	6,767
Jaunpur	452
Basti	1,303
Mirzapur	500
Gházipur	934

Punishments under the Excise Act.

The police were more active than in 1873-74; they arrested 1,749 persons, and obtained 1,473 convictions against 1,217 last year. Rs. 17,993 were collected in fines, of which Rs. 15,980 were given to the officers who made the arrests.

7.—Stamps.

Stamp revenue

The stamp revenue is derived from the sale of stamps under (1) the General Stamp Act, which prescribes certain stamps for mercantile and other documents; and (2) the Court Fees Act, which prescribes stamps to be used in litigation. The following are the general financial results of the last five years:—

	Gross charges.	*Net receipts.*	*Percentage of charges on receipts.*
	Rs.	Rs	
1875-76 ...	... 66,314	31,44,981	1·91
1874-75 ...	.. 73,076	34,53,179	2·11
1873-74 ...	... 68,374	36,15,830	1·89
1872-73 ...	... 89,474	32,04,373	2·79
1871-72 ...	... 99,645	28,48,768	3·49
Average	... 79,376	33,13,426	2·39

The gross charges this year are the lowest of the five years, the net receipts are above the average, though below those of last year, and the percentage of charges on receipts was lower only in 1873-74.

General Stamp Act.

The figures relating to stamps under the General Stamp Act are the following —

	Gross charges.	*Net receipts.*
	Rs.	Rs.
1875-76	50,503	7,77,458
1874-75	48,890	7,84,076
1873-74	47,893	8,41,025
1872-73	44,504	8,31,785
1871-72	45,387	7,40,399
Average	47,435	7,94,948

Charges.

The increased charges in this branch are chiefly caused by two items, Rs. 847 under refunds, and Rs. 1,117 for establishment. The

latter will be found chiefly in the districts of Dehra Dún, Aligarh, Bareilly, Allahabad, Benares, Gorakhpur, Kumaun, and Garhwál. In the Dún the apparent increase is owing to the Mussooree stamp vendor's salary having been previously debited to contingencies. In all the other districts the increase arises from the appointment of stamp vendors sanctioned by Government in March, 1875.

Receipts.

The receipts are again below both the average of the five years and those of last year. The decrease, amounting to Rs. 6,618, will be found chiefly under the heads "Bills of Exchange" and "General Stamps," the deficit being to some extent recouped under "Rev enue Adhesive Stamps" and "Share Transfers."

The increase under revenue adhesive stamps is chiefly in the districts of Agra, Dehra Dún, Jhánsi, and Kumaun. The first named district no doubt owes its increase to the great influx of people at the camp in the cold season. For the other districts no special cause is assigned. Mirzapur shows a very considerable falling off. This, it appears, is owing to the Railway Company providing themselves from elsewhere with receipt stamps. They used to take on an average Rs. 500 worth per annum. There has been a considerable increase in the sale of share transfer stamps, confined, however, almost entirely to Dehra Dún, Meerut, and the embossing press.

Bills of exchange stamps.

The sale of bills of exchange stamps has again fallen by nearly Rs. 2,000. The principal decrease occurs in Farukhabad, Cawnpore, Allahabad, Moradabad, Muttra, Meerut, and Aligarh. This decrease has luckily been in a measure met by the great increase at Agra, and in a smaller way at Mirzapur, Benares, and the embossing press. In almost every instance the decrease in this class of stamp is said to be caused by resort to the use of money-orders and currency notes, and the fraudulent re-use of adhesive stamps most probably is another

cause; but the subject is one on which accurate and complete information has not yet been obtained.

General stamps.

In general stamps there has been a great falling off in receipts in the Gorakhpur, Farukhabad, Gházipur, Budaun, Azamgarh, Basti, and Etah districts. This has in a measure been covered by the increased receipts in Bulandshahr, Saháranpur, Muzaffarnagar, Muttra, Dehra, and the embossing press, the result being a net deficit of Rs. 7,035. The decrease in the Gorakhpur district is accounted for by the fact that the receipts in 1874-75 were larger than usual, owing to the increased number of sales and mortgages arising out of the scarcity of the previous year, whilst the successful harvest of the past year has had just the reverse effect. All the other districts attribute the decreased sales to agricultural prosperity, except Etah, where the cause is said to be partly the decrease in indigo seed cultivation. The increased sale in Bulandshahr is, on the other hand, attributed to the healthiness of the past year, in contradistinction to the year before, when business was quite paralysed by sickness. No special reason is given for the increase in Saháranpur, Muzaffarnagar, or Muttra, but in Dehra Dún it is attributed to the transfer of some large estates during the year.

Court fee stamps.

The following table gives the income from court-fee stamps for the past five years:—

	Gross charges.	*Net receipts.*
	Rs.	Rs.
1875-76	15,810	26,67,522
1874-75	24,186	26,69,103
1873-74	20,481	27,74,805
1872-73	44,970	23,72,588
1871-72	54,258	21,08,369
Average	31,941	25,18,477

The charges are considerably below those of any of the past five years, there being a decrease of over Rs. 7,000 in refunds under section 13 of the Act. The receipts, though slightly below last year, are considerably above the average of the five years.

The increase and decrease in some districts is very remarkable, as shown below :—

Moradabad	...	...	...	+28,716
Aligarh	...	...	...	+15,090
Agra	...	...	...	+14,219
Muzaffarnagar	...	...	...	+12,190
Allahabad	...	...	...	−35.891
Benares	...	...	...	−22,320
Bareilly	...	.	...	−16,625
Farukhabad	...	...	...	−15,502
Mainpuri	...	...	...	−12,961

The increase in the revenue is generally attributed to increased litigation and process-serving, and the decrease at Allahabad is attributed to litigants before the High Court sending the stamps required for their suits from the different districts, instead of purchasing them in Allahabad. In Benares and Bareilly the decrease is attributed to agricultural prosperity, and from Farukhabad and Mainpuri we have a sufficient reason—the close of settlement operations.

Prosecutions.

There has been a considerable increase in prosecutions, 119 people in 97 cases having been convicted before the Magistrate, against 71 convicted last year; the proportion of convictions to acquittals has also improved.

Licensed vendors.

The number of licensed vendors has increased from 636 to 656.

8.—Currency.

Notes.

On the whole, the number of notes *issued* was larger than last year, although, owing to a decrease in the issue of notes for Rs. 10,000, their value is less. The Bank of Bengal, the principal customer for such notes, did not require notes of this denomination for remittance to Calcutta. It is worthy of remark that the issues of notes of Rs. 5 has very much fallen off during the last year. During 1874-75, 19,316 notes of this denomination were sent to outlying treasuries from the Allahabad treasury, while during 1875-76 only 6,810 were so sent.

The number of notes received over the counter this year exceeds that of notes received during last year; but, as in the case of issues, their value is less. This is owing to notes of higher denomination not having been presented.

The following table compares the receipts and cancellations of notes during the years 1874-75 and 1875-76:—

	1874-75.		1875-76.	
	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.
Notes received at the counter...	23,350	88,56,155	24,235	45,78,800
Do. cancelled elsewhere ...	106,997	1,67,91,165	83,163	68,18,275
Do. do. at Allahabad ...	9,187	24,23,085	10,979	12,16,230

The general results are that the circulation of currency notes of this circle has improved and that business has been slack, and mercantile transactions involving large remittances to the presidency towns have been fewer during the last year. The daily receipts, issues, and cancellations of notes over the counter of the Allahabad Currency Office have much exceeded those of the two previous years.

The number of foreign circle notes cancelled is also in excess of previous years, owing to greater freedom in cashing such notes, and to remittances of such notes from the various treasuries to the Allahabad treasury.

Coins.

The receipts and issues of small change and copper coins are much greater than during last year. Small change and copper are chiefly issued to the troops and office establishments near the currency office, and the increase is not due to issues to the general native public.

The receipts of coin at the Allahabad Currency Office during 1875-76 were slightly less than last year; the issues were less by more than one crore, no remittances having been made this year.

Forgery of notes.

No cases of forgery have come to notice during the year. A case, however, occurred of a note being presented for payment the value of which had already been allowed.

(*b.*)—REVENUE AND FINANCE OTHER THAN IMPERIAL.

The following is an account of the provincial income and expenditure of 1875-76.

In 1874-75 the Government of the North-Western Provinces had at their disposal an income of Rs. 1,78,10,114, and balances in hand amounting to Rs. 49,39,443. The expenditure was Rs. 1,83,98,021, reducing the balances to Rs. 44,15,445, besides Rs. 2,08,250 due on outstanding advances. The income of 1875-76 was Rs. 1,75,04,074, and the expenditure Rs. 1,88,16,977, so that the deficit of the year was Rs. 13,12,903, and the balances were reduced to Rs. 30,40,916, besides Rs. 1,46,830 outstanding on advances of various kinds.

Divided in the usual manner between 'provincial,' 'appropriated,' and 'municipal' funds, according as the sums concerned are free for the general purposes of the administration, or restricted to certain objects or certain local limits of expenditure, or devoted to municipal government and improvements, the accounts of the province for the last two years show as follows:—

	1874-75.		1875-76.	
	Receipts.	Expenditure	Receipts.	Expenditure.
	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Municipal ...	24,66,833	25,57,953	25,15,675	25,13,352
Appropriated ...	21,12,106	22,73,000	21,68,731	22,44,970
Provincial ...	1,32,31,175	1,35,67,068	1,28,19,668	1,40,58,655
Total ...	1,78,10,114	1,83,98,021	1,75,04,074	1,88,16,977

The municipal revenues are a tolerably constant quantity, and the municipal expenditure is of course regulated by them. All the 'appropriated'* funds, especially that one which belongs to the Tarái, have been more productive this year than in 1874-75, and the excess of disburse-

* These are the following:—
1. The patwári fund.
2. The dispensary and vaccination funds.
3. The Tarái improvement fund.
4. The police remount fund.
5. The infanticide fund.

6. The record fund
The patwári fund is by far the largest of these, possessing an income of some 18 or 19 lakhs; the dispensary fund comes next, with an income of about a lakh.

ments over receipts is due to the financial revision of the patwári system, involving an apparent immediate deficit of three-quarters of a lakh. The 'appropriated' expenditure of 1874-75 contains three lakhs and a quarter from the balances of old 'appropriated' funds, now absorbed in the provincial balances, and shown, in so far as they have been spent in 1875-76, as charges under the proper 'provincial' heads. Allowing for this, the 'appropriated' expenditure of 1875-76 is in reality nearly three lakhs in excess of that of 1874-75. Two funds account for this difference: the patwári fund, for the reasons already mentioned, shows an increased expenditure exceeding two lakhs and a half, and the Tarái fund, which depends a good deal upon the chances of the agricultural seasons, has been able to spare Rs. 31,000 more than in the previous year.

The 'provincial' balance sheet for 1875-76 presents in round numbers a deficit of Rs. 12,38,000. The year was not an unfavourable one for the 'provincial' revenues; for, irrespective of the imperial grant, the increase in which was merely intended to cover the cost of the new botanical department, the income* from all branches of the administration, the Public Works Department excepted, exceeded by nearly half a lakh the corresponding receipts of the previous year; and, on the side of expenditure, the small additions to the cost of the police, education, registration, and medical departments, amounting to half a lakh between them, the accidental extra charge of half a lakh on account of the Government press, and the increased expenditure under certain miscellaneous heads, as the department of agriculture and commerce, local improvements, botanical gardens, were to a great extent balanced by the lakh and a half saved in jail administration by the cheapness of food. The *net* ordinary cost of all the 'provincial' departments,† except that

* 'Provincial' income of all departments, except the Public Works Department:—

1874-75.	1875-76.
Rs.	Rs.
53,61,328	54,04,332

† They are the following:—
Jails.
Registration.
Police.
Education.
Government press.
Dispensaries.
Vaccination.
District dák.

Miscellaneous minor departments.
Refunds.

* A fairer comparison, however, would be obtained by omitting from the accounts of both years the expenditure by district officers on various petty works from grants made out of old 'appropriated' balances. The figures for 1874-75 would then be Rs. 78,68,834, and those for 1875-76 Rs. 79,11,023.

of public works, in 1875-76 was Rs. 79,36,079, against Rs. 80,11,034* in 1874-75. The sources from which this surplus cost has to be defrayed are the imperial allotment and local taxation for 1875-76; these yielded Rs. 1,08,28,315, leaving a surplus of Rs. 28,92,136 at the disposal of the local Government for public works and extraordinary expenses. To this must be added the income of the Public Works Department, Rs. 8,98,836, which raised the sum to Rs. 37,91,072. Extraordinary charges were Rs. 1,29,453, and Rs. 49,00,603 were spent on public works, so that the deficit at the end of the year amounted to the sum stated above.

The income and expenditure of the Public Works Department for the last two years, if we eliminate from the figures of 1874-75, the receipts and expenditure on account of the construction of the Háthras and Muttra Railway, and the imperial reimbursement of the famine expenditure of 1873-74, will appear as follows:—

	Receipts.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
1874-75	10,55,780	44,19,126
1875-76	8,98,837	49,00,603

The difference in receipts is due to the much smaller credits on account of the Roorkee workshops in 1875-76; the difference in expenditure is due to more extensive operations of the department.

MEMORANDUM EXPLANATORY OF THE PROVINCIAL ACCOUNTS OF 1875-76.*

Imperial Grant.

	Rs.
1873-74	64,68,405
1874-75	64,89,838
1875-76	65,16,500

* For these accounts see supplement I. of the appendices.

A special grant of Rs. 28,000 for the adjustment of certain charges on account of aided schools in 1869-70 was made in 1874-75. The increase in the grant of 1875-76 is the difference between this and two new grants—Rs. 69,500 for botanical gardens and Rs. 5,000 for the diocesan schools at Naini Tál.

Provincial and Local Rates and Taxes.

				Rs.
Actuals, 1873-74	...	...	...	43,02,103
„ 1874-75	...	...	...	42,96,749
Estimate, 1875-76	...	...	...	43,30,000
Actuals, 1875-76	...	...	...	43,11,815

These figures represent the sum of the local cesses in the permanently settled districts, and of the ten per cent. cess in the temporarily settled districts. According to this division, the details of the receipts of the last three years are as follows :—

		Permanently settled districts.		
		1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs
Road cess	...	49,158	47,773	48,786
Acreage cess	...	3,10,480	3,22,245	3,15,736
Chaukidari cess	...	1,02,715	1,04,866	1,13,090

The assessment of these cesses has been under revision for the last four years, and the annual receipts have, in consequence, fluctuated a good deal. The normal demand on account of the acreage cess is about Rs. 3,16,000 ; but in 1874-75 there were considerable collections of arrears, and in 1875-76 some remissions were made, especially in the district of Jaunpur. Of the increase of Rs. 8,200 in the chaukidári cess of 1875-76, a part, Rs. 4,000, represents an advance payment for 1876-77, and the rest is due to the recovery of arrears.

		Temporarily settled districts.		
		1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ten per cent. cess	...	37,40,709	37,79,182	38,33,440
Other cesses	...	96,280	41,808	...

The ten per cent. cess having now been introduced into all the temporarily settled districts, has superseded the cesses

which used to be levied for police, roads, schools, and the district post. It will be seen from the detailed accounts that the actual receipts of the ten per cent. cess fell short of the estimated receipts by Rs. 28,000. Of this, Rs. 17,500 are a merely apparent deficit, arising from a change in the dates of payment in the Cawnpore district; and the rest is due chiefly to reductions of revenue in Fatehpur, and remissions in Etah and Allahabad.

Patwári Fund.

			Appropriated	
			Receipts.	Expenditure
			Rs.	Rs.
Actuals,	1873-74	...	16,98,934	17,32,675
„	1874-75	..	19,03,574	17,45,677
Estimate,	1875-76	...	18,55,000	20,58,149
Actuals,	1875-76	...	19,23,058	20,02,225

Since the estimates of 1875-76 were framed, a systematic revision of the patwári cess, which was not everywhere assessed on the same principles, and in some districts had never been assessed at all, has been undertaken, and was partly accomplished within the year. This accounts for the difference between the receipts of 1875-76 and those of the previous year, and for a part of the difference in expenditure; but by far the greater portion of the latter is a purely nominal item, explained by the regular monthly payment of patwáris, and the consequent charge for six months' arrears of 1874-75, amounting to Rs. 2,41,000, which fell into the accounts of 1875-76, in addition to the usual salaries for twelve months.

Half of the cost of the office of the Director of agriculture and commerce, in his capacity as superintendent of patwáris, is charged against this fund. The annual charge is about Rs. 17,000.

Jails.

				Receipts.	Expenditure.
				Rs.	Rs.
Actuals,	1873-74	...	...	1,12,543	8,66,254
„	1874-75	...	...	3,30,050	11,63,057
Estimate,	1875-76	...	...	3,60,000	11,47,000
Actuals,	1875-76	...	...	3,65,242	10,10,998

Before 1874-75 only the net profits, not the gross outlay and gross income, on account of the jail factories used to be exhibited; hence the apparent increase of receipts in 1874-75. The factories were more productive, by Rs. 35,000, in 1875-76, and were worked at a cost of about Rs. 46,000 less.

Establishments cost Rs. 16,000 less than in 1874-75, and supplies, from the comparative cheapness of food, Rs. 94,000 less; so that on the whole the gross cost of the department was diminished by a lakh and a half.

Registration.

				Receipts.	Expenditure.
				Rs.	Rs.
Actuals,	1873-74	...	...	3,20,253	1,42,340
„	1874-75	...	...	2,47,547	1,37,167
Estimate,	1875-76	...	...	2,33,000	1,50,000
Actuals,	1875-76	...	...	2,40,374	1,43,540

The abolition, after 1873-74, of the copying fees on documents of less than five hundred words caused a yearly loss of about half a lakh, which will be partly recovered by the reimposition of these fees on a graduated scale from the beginning of the present financial year. The increase of charges is due to the raising of the grade of certain registration offices, and to the opening of new offices in a few places.

Police.

		Provincial.		Appropriated.	
		Receipts.	Charges.	Receipts.	Charges.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Actuals,	1873-74...	1,71,460	50,17,615	48,123	35,263
„	1874-75 ..	1,79,630	50,23,054	43,133	37,033
Estimate,	1875-76...	1,68,000	50,31,000	37,000	37,000
Actuals,	1875-76 .	1,75,543	50,38,346	43,126	43,311

A less extensive employment of police guards by private persons and a smaller income from miscellaneous sources account for the Rs. 11,600 by which the 'provincial' receipts of 1875-76 fall short of those of 1874-75. The 'provincial' charges are Rs. 28,000 more on account of clothing, which varies in cost as the heavy clothing wears out and has to be replaced at intervals of two or three years, and Rs. 13,000 less on account of guards supplied to private persons, than in the previous year.

The 'appropriated' receipts and charges—a technical item of Rs. 9,000 being eliminated from the receipts—belong to the remount and infanticide funds. The annual income and expenditure of each of these funds nearly balance each other; the latter fund has increased with the systematic extension of the infanticide police cess.

Education.

			Receipts.	Charges.
			Rs.	Rs.
Actuals, 1873-74	...	...	1,02,728	14,01,643
„ 1874-75	...	...	86,263	14,29,917
Estimate, 1875-76	...	..	92,000	14,51,000
Actuals, 1875-76	...	...	87,610	14,49,149

Since 1873-74 a large class of subscriptions has ceased to pass through the treasury accounts, and hence an apparent loss of income. The difference between the estimated and the actual income of 1875-76 is also to a large extent apparent, and is due to a similar cause, in the case of the interest on certain securities and endowments. The increase of expenditure is due to the opening of some new schools, the raising of the grade of others, and to the leave taken by some officers in the higher grades.

Government Press.

			Receipts.	Expenditure.
			Rs.	Rs.
Actuals, 1873-74	...	...	84,882	2,73,851
„ 1874-75	...	...	49,959	3,15,287
Estimate, 1875-76	...	...	54,000	2,78,600
Actuals, 1875-76	...	..	53,104	3,69,149

The income of the press has not yet recovered from the interruption caused by the transfer of the establishment to its new quarters in 1874-75, and the apparent large increase of expenditure is explained by the debit in 1875-76 of the cost of a three years' supply of stores procured from England.

Medical.

	Provincial.		Appropriated.	
	Receipts.	Charges.	Receipts.	Charges.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Actuals, 1873-74...	5,352	3,80,728	1,01,417	81,103
„ 1874-75...	4,593	4,03,006	85,094	1,00,081
Estimate, 1875-76...	2,000	4,18,577	73,544	68,544
Actuals, 1875-76...	4,349	4,11,733	1,00,630	96,322

The 'provincial' receipts are the proceeds of the labour of lunatics; the 'appropriated' receipts are dispensary and vaccination subscriptions; the former have considerably increased. The expenditure against these subscriptions is supposed to balance their annual amount. As for the 'provincial' expenditure, the cost of medicines, which is debited at irregular intervals, accounts for Rs. 6,000 of the excess over the figures of 1874-75, and the rest is explained by the larger outlay on district sanitation, which again depends upon the health conditions of the year.

Tarái Improvement Fund.

			Appropriated.	
			Receipts.	Charges.
			Rs.	Rs.
Actuals,	1873-74	... ...	31,948	32,630
„	1874-75	... ...	49,210	44,053
Estimate,	1875-76	... ...	50,700	50,000
Actuals,	1875-76	... ...	58,269	75,984

This fund consists of the yearly surplus of the Tarái income, after paying the Government revenue and cesses. It has a considerable balance in hand. The surplus varies from year to year, according to the seasons.

District Dâk.

					Charges.
					Rs
Actuals,	1873-74	...	...	...	1,42,968
„	1874-75	...	...	...	1,49,674
Estimate,	1875-76	...	...	...	1,55,000
Actuals,	1875-76	...	...	...	1,52,348

The revision of establishment, involving a larger expenditure, which was sanctioned two years ago, is gradually being introduced.

Office Rent.

					Charges.
					Rs.
Actuals,	1873-74	...	...	...	16,388
„	1874-75	...	...	...	17,104
Estimate,	1875-76	...	...	...	15,000
Actuals,	1875-76	...	...	...	16,224

These charges represent the rents paid for the offices of the local Government in Naini Tál.

Miscellaneous.

	Provincial.			Appropriated.	
	Receipts.	*Charges.*		*Receipts.*	*Charges.*
		Ordinary.	Extraordinary.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Actuals, 1873-74 ...	1,56,741	2,81,598	...	...	72,365
„ 1874-75 ...	1,54,378	2,50,454	...	30,161	1,62,380
Estimate, 1875-76 ...	1,56,400	4,77,500	...	31,300	27,000
Actuals, 1875-76 ...	1,66,292	4,03,542	1,29,453	43,649	27,128

The 'appropriated' receipts and charges are those of the record fund. The 'provincial' receipts are those of the pound and nazúl funds, and of model farms, all of which vary but little from year to year. The large increase in expenditure is due to the creation of the office of Director of agriculture and commerce, half of the charges of which are 'provincial' (Rs. 17,000); to the transfer of botanical gardens from the imperial to the local accounts (Rs. 46,000); to larger nazúl and pounds expenditure, both in management and in utilization of the annual surplus (Rs. 42,000); to the expenditure of Rs. 28,000 by district officers from balances of old funds, formerly 'appropriated,' and shown as such in last year's accounts, but now incorporated with the 'provincial' balances; and to an increase of about a quarter of a lakh in expenses of a miscellaneous nature.

Public Works.

	Receipts.	Charges.
	Rs.	Rs.
Actuals, 1873-74...	9,78,240	44,72,336
„ 1874-75...	13,80,009	50,00,270
Estimate, 1875-76...	9,74,000	46,49,140
Actuals, 1875-76...	8,98,836	49,00,608

The large decrease in receipts is due to the fact that there were no credits in 1875-76 on account of (1) the Roorkee

workshops, (2) famine relief indemnity from the imperial revenues, or (3) Muttra and Háthras Light Railway scrip,—three items which in 1874-75 amounted respectively to Rs. 1,20,000, Rs. 1,22,000, and Rs. 3,24,000. On the other hand, Rs. 51,000 more were credited under refunds than in the previous year, and Rs. 33,600 were the first year's earnings of the light railway. The completion of that railway in 1874-75 raised the expenditure of that year by three lakhs, but the large outlay on public works and establishments of other kinds in 1875-76 left the charges of that year only a lakh below those of the year before.

Closing Balances.

	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Municipal	1,19,588	3,77,595	3,79,918
Appropriated ...	21,90,705	10,14,476	9,38,237
Provincial	26,29,140	30,23,330	17,22,761
Total ...	49,39,433	44,15,401	30,40,916

The 'appropriated' balances have been reduced since 1873-74 by the transfer of the balance of extinct funds to the 'provincial' side, and the large decrease in the sum of 'provincial' and 'appropriated' balances is due to the grants which have been made from them for important public works.

Outstanding Advances.

The receipts and disbursements on account of advances made from the provincial funds, or of adjustments of accounts, are shown as Rs. 85,248 and Rs. 1,46,830 respectively. A large part of both these sums represents merely nominal transactions—transfers from one head of account to another. A sum of about Rs. 6,000 consists of 'permanent' advances, involving annual book debits and credits. Cash recoveries of over-payments amounted to Rs. 16,700, adjusted by book debits against the respective heads of account; and the actual advances of 1875-76 amounted to Rs. 95,043, of which Rs. 46,843 were recovered within the year, and the balance, with the unrecovered advances of 1874-75, left Rs. 60,806

still outstanding on the 31st March, 1876. Half of this is a sum of Rs. 30,000 advanced for the Mayo Memorial at Allahabad; and the items which principally compose the rest are explained by the sinking of wells in the Government farms (Rs. 9,650), charitable relief to the sufferers by the inundations of August, 1875, in the Allahabad district (Rs. 7,042), supplies of medicines (Rs. 5,122), and police expenses at darbárs (Rs. 5,284).

CHAPTER VI.

Vital Statistics and Medical Services.

1.—Census.

There was no census taken in the year under review.

2.—Births and Deaths.

The mortuary statistics of the year will be found in the section on Sanitation.

3.—Emigration.

This heading is blank.

4.—Medical Relief.

Dispensaries.

Nature of Government dispensaries.

The dispensaries of the North-Western Provinces are partly charitable and partly Government institutions. They are based on the principle that where the residents of any town establish a suitable building and guarantee a permanent local contribution sufficient to meet the cost of native medicines, diet, menial servants, and other contingencies, public funds shall be provided, out of which the salaries of a native doctor and compounder shall be paid; the Government also supplying a small amount of European medicines. Dispensaries are either sudder or branch, and each of these classes is divided into two grades, according to the amount of local contribution guaranteed. At first-class sudder dispensaries an assistant surgeon is provided; at the others a native doctor of higher or lower grade. All dispensaries are supervised, and those at the sudder stations constantly visited, by the civil surgeon of the district, by whom, in most cases, the more important surgical operations are performed.

Number of dispensaries.

During the year there were opened one 2nd class sudder, one 1st class branch, and two 2nd class branch dispensaries, making a total increase of four. The total number of dispensaries has thus increased from 150 in 1874 to 154 in 1875, of which 106 received house-patients, as well as distributed out-door relief. The number of dispensaries now stands as follows:—

				1874.	1875.
1st class sudder	...	...	...	35	35
2nd ditto	...	...	...	7	8
1st class branch	...	...	...	59	60
2nd ditto	...	...	...	48	50
European hospital	...	...	...	1	1

In-door patients.

There were 961 in-door patients remaining under treatment at the close of 1874, and 23,168 were admitted during the year, making a total of 24,129, which shows a decrease of 606 as compared with the preceding year. Excluding the Garhwál pilgrim dispensaries, the circumstances of which are peculiar, the dispensaries where there was the greatest falling off were these—

Gorakhpur	... 59 per cent	Etah	... 33 per cent.
Moradabad	... 40 „	Bisauli	... 31 „

Out-door patients.

The out-door patients under treatment at the close of 1874 were 7,085 in number; 762,551 more were treated during 1875, making a total of 769,636, as compared with 747,517 last year. Adding in-door and out-door patients together, there has been a total increase of 21,513 persons receiving medical aid of one kind or another during the year.

Treatment of serious cases in branch dispensaries.

The Lieutenant-Governor's opinion, expressed last year on the subject of the treatment of serious cases in branch dispensaries was, that such cases should, when possible, be treated in sudder dispensaries, where they have skilled medical treatment and suitable accommodation, rather than where they have neither. It is impossible to lay down any hard-and-fast rule on such a matter, and it was supposed, and supposed, as subsequent events have shown, correctly, that the common sense of officers would show them that the principle could not apply to cases where the transfer from the branch to the head quarters institution would probably be attended with danger to the patient.

Police cases.

As regards the proportion between police and voluntary cases, the percentage is slightly better than it has been for the last two years, 67 in every 100 house-patients coming to the hospitals of their own accord, and the rest being sent by the police. Out of 106 dispensaries receiving house-patients, there were in

1874, 14 in which the proportion of police patients was over 66. In 1875 there were only 9 where this was the case, namely :—

	Percentage.		Percentage.		Percentage
Nagína	... 80	Soron	... 73	Amroha	... 85
Dátaganj	... 76	Pírnagar	... 93	Katra	... 75
Kásganj	... 73	Ráth	... 93	Jalálabad	... 82

Surgical operations.

Although the total number of surgical operations was somewhat less than last year, the number of important operations was greater by 329. It is satisfactory to find that the number of lithotomy operations has increased from 557 to 589, and the number of operations for cataract from 173 to 573. It has been discovered that three classes of cases, namely, reduction of dislocations, setting of fractures, and opening of abscesses, are allowed to be entered as "major" at the discretion of the surgeon. It is a matter of opinion whether an operation should be classed as major or minor, and it is clear that the large number of operations so classed at some dispensaries is due to the surgeon in charge holding an exceptional opinion as to what constitutes a major operation, rather than to any real difference in the class of cases there dealt with.

Mission dispensaries.

There were during 1875 four aided mission dispensaries in Kumaun and one under Miss Seward, M.D., at Allahabad. No account of the work done by the Kumaun dispensaries has been procurable; but at Miss Seward's dispensary medical aid was given to 398 women and 591 children, the numbers for the previous year being 446 women and 349 children. The average daily attendance was six women and eight children.

European medicines.

As regards the debits on account of European medicines (which heading really comprises all medicines, supplies, and stores furnished by the Medical Department), the figures for the past four years stand thus :—

	Rs.		Rs.
1872	10,542	1874	19,174
1873	12,895	1875	31,235

While the dispensaries have increased by 14 per cent., the cost of these supplies thus appears to have trebled; but these accounts obviously show only the debits made by the Account Department within a certain year, and not the actual expenditure within the year.

Financial position.

The receipts were Rs. 3,60,266, being an increase of Rs. 583 over last year; while the disbursements were Rs. 2,57,562, being an increase of Rs. 14,245 over last year. Of the total receipts, Rs. 1,18,056 came from local sources and Rs. 1,52,883 was the Government contributions, against Rs. 1,43,438 last year.

Cost per patient.

The total number of cases treated during the year being 7,93,765, and the total expenditure incurred being Rs. 2,52,877, the average cost per patient treated was therefore Re. 0-5-1. The average charge in 1874 was Re. 0-4-11, and in 1873 Re. 0-4-6.

Dieting of patients.

The number of house-patients dieted during the year was 11,126; to these patients 219,178 diets were issued at an average cost per diem of Re. 0-1-0¼. The average cost in 1874 was Re. 0-1-0½, and in 1873 Re. 0-1-2¼.

Administrative changes.

Attention has been called to the principle of local subscription, which is the basis of the dispensary system. A practice had grown up of supplementing the deficient subscriptions of one place by the surplus subscriptions of another. This has been stopped, and each institution must henceforth stand or fall on its own merits. It is probable that under this rule many branch dispensaries will have to be closed, but this will be no cause of regret, for it is very generally true that these institutions, under the management of men without sufficient knowledge, are worth little or nothing.

5.—Sanitation.

The relative mortality for the three seasons in the past four years appears in the following table :—

Year.	Season.			Proportion of 10,000.		
	Cold.	*Hot.*	*Rains.*			
	January. February. November. December.	March, April.. May. June.	July. August. September. October.			
	Total deaths.	Total deaths.	Total deaths.	Cold season.	Hot season.	Rains.
1872 ...	210,234	205,107	287,907	299	292	409
1873 ...	204,237	231,997	268,690	290	329	381
1874 ...	206,022	207,519	258,718	306	309	385
1875 ...	201,785	203,293	266,413	300	303	397

The figures show that the past hot season was more favourable to life than the same season of the preceding year. The greatest proportion of mortality, as in all years, occurred in the rainy season, and this is due entirely to the excessive fever mortality which occurs in that season.

Deaths from the three principal zymotic causes according to season.

Season.	Fever.				Cholera.				Small-pox.			
	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
Cold ...	168,357	152,657	154,260	152,902	1,526	676	860	1,452	4,050	11,995	33,867	4,580
Hot ...	118,725	125,670	107,366	132,061	30,937	6,124	565	18,160	18,673	65,887	66,879	15,845
Rains...	203,354	180,025	187,962	171,522	88,102	8,468	4,971	21,494	7,350	19,211	12,501	5,394
Total...	490,436	458,352	448,588	456,485	50,565	15,268	6,396	41,106	30,073	97,093	93,247	25,819

The preceding table shows—

(1.) That fever was rather more fatal in 1875 than in 1874, and especially in the hot season.

(2.) That cholera, prevailing in the hot season, continued its prevalence through the rains, which is in accordance with the rule.

(3.) That small-pox was much less prevalent than in any of the past five years, but that such prevalence as obtained occurred in the hot season in accordance with the rule.

During 1875 the usual great mortality from fever was recorded. Of the total ratio of mortality for that year, namely, 21·82 per 1,000 living, 14·83 was recorded as due to fever. This is somewhat in excess of the ratio of 1874, which was 14·61. Without doubt, many deaths from forms of disease accompanied with feverishness are included amongst the deaths from fever; yet there can be no doubt that the great cause of deaths in this province is fever, and principally fever of a malarious type. In 1875 the ratio of deaths from this cause varied in the different districts from 8·92 in Garhwál to 27·9 in the Tarái. The districts of greatest mortality from this cause in 1875 appear in the following table :—

Number.	District.	Ratio per 1000 living of deaths from fever.			Number.	District.	Ratio per 1000 living of deaths from fever.		
		1873.	1874.	1875.			1873.	1874	1875.
1	Tarái ...	25·26	24·36	27·99	6	Etah ..	14·59	18·06	19·06
2	Bulandshahr ...	20·40	32·10	24 00	7	Etáwah ...	14·89	18·97	18·05
3	Muzaffarnagar,	17·29	18 77	21·04	8	Cawnpore...	17 83	17·44	17·88
4	Meerut ...	20·46	22·69	21 01	9	Agra ..	12·96	13·96	16·92
5	Mainpuri ..	15·65	18·57	19 72	10	Aligarh ...	13·10	15·74	16 39

With one exception, the Tarái, the districts in the table are districts of the northern and central Doáb. The Tarái stands at the head of the list, as it has done in all previous years, excepting 1874, when a very great mortality from fever placed Bulandshahr at the head of the list.

The Tarái.

The Tarái consists of the country immediately bordering the Himalayas, a moist country of excessive vegetation, and it would be right to expect excessive fever mortality there. Moreover the inhabitants are in large proportion immigrants from more densely-peopled parts of the country, and a considerable surface of the district is uncultivated land, thick-set with forest and jungle.

The Doáb.

But nothing of this description will apply to the land of the Doáb, which, as eastern countries go, is a beautiful region of soft dry land, drained on either hand by wide rivers of the sweetest water, its surface carefully cultivated in almost all the breadth, its people descendants of long-settled families. That fever should prevail there, in any measure approaching its prevalence in the Tarái, must be due to some unusual cause. It may be that that cause is the increased moisture brought into the land in recent years, and by hindrance to the outflow of rainfall. The only other cause that merits consideration is a fever epidemic influence of unusual severity, believed in some quarters to be affecting the people of the Doáb at this period of its history, and passing slowly from west to east. The existence of this cause is, however, doubted, and it appears somewhat more probable that the fever which causes the deaths in excess of expectation in the Doáb is the malarial fever which has prevailed amongst the inhabitants for many generations, but now prevails with increased fatality, because of the changed condition of the country and climate in many parts.

Ratio of mortality from fever.

It is true that the figures of the mortuary record, fairly trustworthy in a matter affecting so wide a stretch of country, show that during the past few years the ratio of mortality from this cause, at first greatest in the western Doáb districts, Saháranpur, and Muzaffarnagar, has become gradually greatest in the central Doáb districts; but the position again assumed by Muzaffarnagar in the table for the year 1875 shows that the cause has by no means passed away from that district. Certainly it might be expected that as the increase of moisture has been longest established in the western districts, its people would become soonest acclimatized to the new conditions, and so the stress of mortality might fall at present on the people of the central districts until they become in some measure acclimatized. Meanwhile, the drainage of the Doáb is in progress, and the works have already done much good in some places.

Cholera.

The annual mortality from cholera in the North-Western Provinces for the eleven years from 1865 to 1875 is as follows :—

Population.	Years.	Deaths from cholera registered.	Ratio to 1,000 of population.
29,405,322	1865	76,322	2·53
"	1866	8,175	0·27
"	1867	57,837	1·95
29,588,653	1868	20,080	0·61
"	1869	90,770	3·06
"	1870	13,123	0·44
"	1871	3,473	0·11
30,884,022	1872	50,565	1·64
30,769,056	1873	15,268	0·49
"	1874	6,396	0·20
"	1875	41,106	1·33

Prevalence of cholera.

During 1875 cholera prevailed in all parts of the province, excepting Jhánsi and Lalitpur in the south, and Kumaun in the north. During the months of January and February a few sporadic cases occurred in all parts of the province; in March the disease began to be epidemic in the eastern districts—Basti, Benares, Mirzapur, Jaunpur, and Allahabad. In May the epidemic influence had extended to nearly all the central and western districts. During June, July, and August this extended prevalence continued, the mortality being nowhere very

severe. In September and October the disease declined in the eastern, while it increased in the western districts. In November it prevailed only in Rohilkhand, and in December only in Basti.

Comparison of results.

Compared with the results of the past ten years, the epidemic of 1875 is seen to be less severe in point of mortality than the epidemics of 1865, 1867, 1869, and 1872. But it was more equally diffused than perhaps any epidemic of which we have figures for comparison, and it was peculiar in affecting Garhwál, which has been subject to this disease only once before in the course of ten years. The following table shows these facts well, and also points to an extraordinary freedom from this disease enjoyed by the people of Jhánsi and Lalitpur. The figures represent hundreds :—

No.	Districts.	1865	1866	1867	1868	1869	1870	1871	1872	1873	1874	1875
1	Kumaun ...	...	...	15	...	1	...	...	...	21	...	...
2	Garhwál ...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
3	Tarái ...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	4	5	...	...
4	Bijnor ...	1	1	8	..	1	...	1	2	1	1	4
5	Moradabad ...	10	3	43	1	2	2	2	11	7	1	8
6	Bareilly ...	49	4	78	5	9	2	1	15	1	1	7
7	Sháhjahánpur...	31	1	78	...	3	...	1	44	1	...	11
8	Budaun ...	6	1	8	1	11	1	1	9	5	...	17
9	Dehra Dún ...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	4
10	Saháranpur ...	3	1	9	1	2	1	2	14	...	...	5
11	Muzaffarnagar,	1	2	21	2	2	2	1	...	...	...	6
12	Meerut ...	9	7	41	3	6	1	1	5	1	...	16
13	Bulandshahr ...	2	1	7	1	2	1	...	4	...	...	24
14	Aligarh ...	2	1	11	1	4	1	1	8	4	1	24
15	Etah ...	2	1	12	1	2	1	...	3	2	...	19
16	Muttra ...	1	1	8	1	11	1	...	4	3	...	7
17	Farukhabad ...	18	2	6	1	3	...	...	25	1	1	23
18	Mainpuri ...	6	1	7	1	3	...	...	4	5	...	18
19	Agra ...	3	1	15	1	20	1	1	5	4	1	9
20	Etáwah ...	35	1	1	...	4	...	...	15	...	...	8
21	Cawnpore ...	16	2	18	1	28	...	2	16	1	...	12
22	Fatehpur ...	29	2	7	1	10	...	...	5	7	...	4
23	Jaunpur ...	14	3	2	9	29	7	4	83	6	...	14
24	Hamírpur ...	88	...	2	...	21	9	...	1	1	...	12
25	Bánda ...	27	1	25	...	14	1	...	2	8	...	12
26	Allahabad ...	42	3	5	6	29	2	2	36	9	...	14
27	Gorakhpur ...	57	3	50	40	86	27	1	30	4	40	27
28	Basti ...	13	1	51	5	43	50	...	95	1	10	40
29	Azamgarh ...	24	3	9	14	88	13	2	26	10	4	16
30	Gházipur ...	15	11	13	33	108	4	3	6	13	1	8
31	Benares ...	16	15	6	12	35	4	7	14	17	3	11
32	Mirzapur ...	23	7	4	21	48	9	1	6	13	1	22
33	Jalaun ...	102	1	...	...	26	...	...	1	...	...	5
34	Jhánsi ...	99	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	Lalitpur ...	7	...	...	...	27	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total mortality in hundreds...	763	81	578	163	695	23	34	505	152	64	411

Small-pox.

The registered mortality from small-pox in all districts for the eleven years from 1865 to 1875 is shown in the following table. The figures stand for hundreds :—

Number.	Districts	1865.	1866.	1867	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
1	Kumaun ..	...	...	..	.	...	1	...	..	1	...	...
2	Garhwal ..	...	..	.	...	.	.	...	1	..	.	...
3	Tarái ..	...	2	3	.	..	...	2	.	1	2	1
4	Bijnor ...	1	39	45	2	...	5	69	38	15	20	20
5	Moradabad ...	10	40	60	8	7	25	50	13	35	53	16
6	Bareilly	52	127	43	13	6	19	43	29	77	18	9
7	Sháhjahánpur,	86	113	11	2	67	20	35	31	52	26	8
8	Budaun ..	28	20	34	4	5	7	12	13	58	15	4
9	Dehra Dún ..	...	..	1	..	..	..	.	1	..	..	...
10	Saharanpur ...	24	103	11	32	11	20	44	53	38	18	23
11	Muzaffarnagar,	...	67	10	23	11	30	43	11	31	9	17
12	Meerut ...	72	37	9	9	50	22	13	8	25	10	3
13	Bulandshahr ..	57	199	24	18	63	16	4	10	70	11	7
14	Alígarh ...	79	10	4	19	64	5	7	6	37	13	11
15	Etah ..	52	1	5	11	35	1	3	3	50	13	4
16	Muttra ...	100	1	1	10	60	4	3	5	18	6	6
17	Farukhabad .	67	4	4	7	39	...	3	1	15	33	3
18	Mainpuri ...	24	4	13	9	42	1	1	..	8	32	2
19	Agra .	67	1	5	10	78	2	3	4	32	13	9
20	Etáwah ...	13	1	2	2	36	2	2	1	5	48	2
21	Cawnpore ..	75	3	13	4	63	3	12	2	55	74	9
22	Fatehpur ...	18	4	7	5	61	...	1	2	5	31	4
23	Jaunpur ...	8	5	13	11	13	5	1	2	10	33	2
24	Hamírpur ...	30	1	1	13	41	3	3	4	1	12	9
25	Bánda ...	25	4	8	12	70	1	2	3	3	38	22
26	Allahabad ..	6	6	7	8	14	3	2	3	18	66	4
27	Gorakhpur ...	7	11	25	3	4	2	2	11	149	138	6
28	Basti ..	27	1	17	12	4	5	8	33	89	21	4
29	Azamgarh .	40	6	5	20	12	18	3	3	23	96	2
30	Ghazipur ..	25	9	6	17	12	11	3	2	22	58	2
31	Benares ...	5	2	4	8	12	2	2	1	6	5	2
32	Mirzapur ...	23	6	3	8	23	3	3	4	9	23	6
33	Jalaun ...	2	1	.	2	15	1	1	...	1	14	2
34	Jhánsi	8	1	..	1	32	...	1	1	1	4	6
35	Lalitpur ...	9	5	2	1	10	..	...	3	..	4	39
	Total in hundreds	1,076	663	398	299	90	235	384	300	970	982	258

This table shows that during 1875 small-pox prevailed to a serious extent only in Lalitpur and Bánda in the south of the province, and Bijnor, Saháranpur, Moradabad, and Muzaffarnagar in the north. Omitting Kumaun, Garhwál, and Dehra Dún, which are exempt from this disease, owing to the labours of the vaccination department, by which all the infant population of that large tract of country is brought under the protecting influence of vaccination, it will be seen that the disease was present in a fatal form in some parts of all the other

districts of the province; and when it is remembered that death from this disease affects almost entirely that section of the population which is below twelve years of age, which, for the province, is about one-third of the total population, and for any one district may be assumed to be very near that ratio, we can conceive the amount of pain and death caused by this scourge among the children of the province.

Bowel complaints.

During 1875 deaths from bowel complaints, or principally from dysentery and diarrhœa, were most numerous in the districts shown below, which have also been the districts of greatest mortality from this cause in the past five years. In the remaining districts of the province the ratio of mortality from this cause ranged from 2·76 per cent. in Farukhabad to 0·24 in Jaunpur.

	Districts.	1871	1872.	1873.	1874	1875.
		Ratio of deaths per 1,000 living.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 living.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 living.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 living.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 living
1	Kumaun ...	3 39	4 91	5 05	3·46	4·76
2	Garhwál ...	8·34	8·31	7·11	6·53	7 65
3	Moradabad ...	3·39	5 40	4 74	3 92	4 40
4	Shahjahánpur.	3 99	6 85	4.74	3·71	3 99
5	Budaun ...	1 54	2 46	2·06	3 14	5·78
6	Dehra Dún ...	2·55	2·66	4 27	4 14	4·98
7	Saháranpur ...	2 75	2 91	2 41	3·38	4·64
8	Aligarh ...	2 26	2·92	3 87	3 03	4 85
9	Fatehpur ...	4·13	4 81	4 04	2·84	3·42
10	Hamírpur ...	6 10	7 10	6 71	4 35	4·83
11	Bánda ...	2 21	2 90	3 95	2 84	2 39
12	Lalitpur ...	2 43	4·49	4 76	4·22	5·42
13	Jalaun ...	2 83	1 00	1·86	3 08	4·23
14	Jhánsi ...	2 81	2·75	2 51	1·74	3·87
15	Bijnor ..	2·30	2·99	2 85	3 02	4·79
16	Muttra ...	1 95	1·62	2·96	2 70	4·28

These diseases appear to fall principally upon the people of Bundelkhand and the Himalayas, and of certain districts of the Doáb and Rohilkhand. It is noteworthy that the table does not contain the name of any eastern district, although dysentery might be expected to prevail more in the eastern than in the western districts.

Injuries and accidents.

During the year 1875 the deaths recorded from this cause were males 7,167, females 7,898—total 15,065. It will be noticed that under this head more female than male deaths are recorded, whereas under all other heads the contrary is the case. This peculiarity is due entirely to the record of deaths by suicide and from snake-bite or attack of wild beasts. Under these two heads 3,466 female against 2,189 male deaths were registered, while under the head *wounds and accidents* 4,978 male against 4,432 female deaths were registered. This difference bears witness to the general correctness of the registration of sex at death. For there can be no doubt that in this country suicide is effected more by the female than the male population; and women more readily fall victims to snakes and wild beasts, because they pass by far the greater portion of their lives within the houses and enclosures, in the walls of which snakes principally harbour, and because their weakness exposes them to the attack of wolves and other wild animals. Deaths from wounds or violent accidents should more affect male life, because quarrels between men more frequently end in the use of deadly weapons, and men by their occupations are more exposed to violent accidents.

Suicide.

Deaths by suicide were most frequent in the following districts in 1875, and it appears that suicide is most prevalent in these districts in all years:—

Districts.	1873. Deaths from suicide.			1874. Deaths from suicide.			1875. Deaths from suicide.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Sháhjahánpur ...	38	103	141	25	121	146	37	118	155
Farukhabad ...	35	65	100	25	84	109	22	62	84
Azamgarh ...	14	80	94	20	65	85	8	68	76
Budaun ...	16	38	54	19	58	77	20	44	64
Jhánsi ...	22	50	72	17	51	68	20	60	80
Hamírpur ...	17	42	59	10	46	56	10	54	64
Bánda ...	20	41	61	13	37	50	17	42	59
Allahabad ...	22	38	60	19	40	59	24	35	59
Gházipur ...	24	47	71	8	56	61	7	52	59

In the remaining districts the deaths from this cause during 1875 range between 59 in Gorakhpur and 1 in Dehra Dún. Self-poisoning by opium is perhaps, after drowning, the most frequently practised method of suicide in this province, and especially in the districts in which opium is grown and manufactured. This probably accounts in some considerable measure for the predominance of deaths by suicide in several of the districts of the table.

Wounds.

Deaths by wounds were most frequent during 1875 in the districts of the following table :—

Districts.	1873.			1874.			1875.		
	Deaths registered from wounds.			*Deaths registered from wounds*			*Deaths registered from wounds.*		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.
Agra ...	68	30	98	95	42	137	73	52	125
Moradabad ...	39	25	64	52	43	95	44	41	85
Kumaun ...	69	50	119	33	24	57	32	28	60
Garhwál ...	37	30	67	30	35	65	34	20	54
Budaun ...	23	15	38	23	16	39	33	23	56
Mirzapur ...	45	21	66	30	29	59	21	13	34
Farukhabad ...	39	21	60	32	22	54	24	20	44

The figures for the two previous years show that these are probably the districts in which deaths from wounds are most numerous in all years. Agra and Moradabad, countries where many Muhammadans reside, head the list, followed by Kumaun and Garhwál, where the people are almost all Hindús. The favourite weapon of the Muhammadans is the sword; the national weapon of the Himalayan people is the *kúkri*. These facts may account for the preponderance of deaths from wounds in the districts mentioned.

Snake-bite or attacks of wild animals.

Deaths from snake-bite or attacks of wild animals were most frequent during 1875 in the following districts:—

	1873.			1874.			1875.		
	Deaths registered from snake-bite and attacks of wild animals.			*Deaths registered from snake-bite and attacks of wild animals.*			*Deaths registered from snake-bite and attacks of wild animals.*		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Gorakhpur ...	183	282	465	209	231	440	231	285	516
Bánda ...	167	223	390	164	243	407	115	214	329
Allahabad ...	109	154	263	120	177	297	74	114	188
Mirzapur ...	84	141	225	104	122	226	88	140	228
Budaun ...	91	134	225	77	107	184	72	115	187
Bareilly ...	121	154	275	88	105	193	91	132	223
Bijnor ...	67	105	172	66	81	147	64	102	166
Moradabad ...	91	112	203	54	86	140	83	90	173
Sháhjahánpur ...	74	125	199	68	75	143	68	82	150
Basti ...	62	64	126	78	80	158	120	143	263
Cawnpore ...	74	85	159	53	68	121	63	88	151

In the remaining districts the deaths from this cause ranged during 1875 from 136 in Jaunpur to 9 in Dehra Dún, and there appears to be little doubt that the deaths from snake-bite and attacks of wild animals are most frequent in all years in the districts shown in the above table. It is impossible to say how many of the deaths resulted from snake-bite, and how many from wild beasts, as deaths from both causes are registered together; but it is likely that wild animals, especially wolves, caused the greatest number of deaths, for wolves are very numerous in several of the districts in the table.

6.—Vaccination.

Mode of operation.

Vaccination goes on in these provinces during the cold months only, except in Kumaun, Tehri, and the hill pargana of Jaunsár Báwar, where the climate permits it to be carried on in the summer and rains. The country is divided into four circles, each under the supervision of a European medical officer, the Kumaun and Rohilkhand circle being under the direct

management of the Superintendent-General himself, who is assisted by a Deputy Superintendent in Kumaun. Each district has a Native Superintendent, who is charged with the immediate control of the vaccinating staff, and each tahsil is provided with a vaccinator, while many municipalities and large landowners entertain vaccinators in addition to those paid by the Government.

Strength of establishment.

The following table shows the strength of the establishment during the year :—

Divisions.	*Vaccinators*, 1875-76.				1874-75.
	Government.	Municipal.	Local.	Total.	Total.
Kumaun	14	3	9	26	25
Rohilkhand	58	22	5	85	79
Agra—Meerut	88	42	23	153	137
Allahabad—Jhánsi	89	15	13	117	98
Benares	53	12	10	75	70
Total 1875-76 ...	302	94	60	456	409
Total 1874-75 ...	261	93	55	409	

There has thus been an increase of forty-one Government, one municipal, and five local vaccinators ; with the exception of nine districts—Dehra Dún, Agra, Farukhabad, Mainpuri, Etáwah, Etah, Jhánsi, Lalitpur, and Allahabad—every district in the North-Western Provinces has now two Government vaccinators for each tahsil. No further increase will be made to the number of Government vaccinators next year, as so large a number of new vaccinators will have to be provided for the towns which have granted funds for vaccination purposes that the trained men will be required to meet the demand. Speaking generally, two vaccinators can visit every village and town in a tahsil once every two or three years ; but vaccination can hardly be considered as placed on a satisfactory footing until every one has the offer of vaccination presented to him every year. With the supplementary aid now afforded from local funds, the time does not appear to be far distant

when it may be possible for the vaccinator to pay annual visits to every town and village within his beat.

Work done by establishment.

In 1874-75 the number of vaccinators was 401, and the number of persons vaccinated was 494,928. In 1875-76 the number of vaccinators was 456, and the vaccinated 529,207 persons, or 34,279 more than the year before. Taking the season at five months, the average number of vaccinations performed by each vaccinator in 1874-75 was 1,234, whilst in 1875-76 the number was 1,170. This slight falling off is chiefly attributable to the 52 new vaccinators, who are unable during their first year to work up to the standard of the old and experienced men. The average amount of work accomplished in the different circles varies considerably.

Average number of cases.

The Kumaun division stands highest, with an average of 482 cases per vaccinator per mensem; then follows Rohilkhand with 261; next in order stands the Agra and Meerut circle with 209; Benares has 193, and the Allahabad and Jhánsi circle close the list with 171. These differences are what might be expected. Vaccination is accepted most freely where it has been longest known.

Detail of operations.

The following table shows the work done in the year :—

Number.	Circle.	Total number vaccinated.	Primary.					Secondary.				
			Total.	Successful.	Doubtful and unsuccessful.	Unknown.	Percentage, deducting unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Doubtful and unsuccessful.	Unknown.	Percentage, deducting unknown.
1	Kumaun and Rohilkhand.	...	158,991	141,107	9,683	8,201	93·5					
2	Agra and Meerut.	...	157,065	135,537	13,286	8,244	91·0	58	31	18	9	67·5
3	Allahabad and Jhánsi.	..	98,519	70,326	15,716	12,477	81·0	2,078	1,053	578	447	64·0
4	Benares ...	...	486,377	409,517	44,273	32,587	90·24	42,830	6,743	31,025	5,062	17·86

Prejudices of the people.

The people apparently have to pass through three stages upon the introduction of vaccination, the first, that of terror, where the mothers hide their children in the fields on the approach of the vaccinator; the second, that of apathy or mild dislike; the third, that of a belief in the efficacy of vaccination. Kumaun may perhaps be said to have arrived at the third stage; Rohilkhand as passing into it; and the other three circles as still in the second stage. The first stage appears to have been left behind everywhere. When reviewing the work of the circles generally, the total averages must be the tests, but within each circle the most extraordinary differences exist; in some tahsíls the local average will stand as high as 630, whereas the general average will be only 193. The same thing is apparent in a small group of neighbouring villages all under the same vaccinator, and can only in most instances be accounted for by the contrariety of human nature. Of the above grand total of 529,207 vaccinations, 486,377 were primary and 42,830 secondary; almost the whole of these last were performed in Kumaun. In all the other circles primary vaccination is still too backward for re-vaccination to be thought of.

Sex of primary cases.

In 1874-75 there were vaccinated 222,086 males and 223,815 females; in 1875-76, 241,936 males and 244,441 females. This calls for no remark beyond the fact that it would appear that there is no prejudice regarding the sex of the subject.

Class of primary cases.

There were vaccinated in 1874-75, 1,316 Christians, 66,296 Muhammadans, 86,838 high caste Hindús, and 291,451 low caste Hindús; while for 1875-76 the figures stood at 1,330 Christians, 70,301 Muhammadans, 109,983 high caste Hindús, and 304,763 low caste Hindús. It is satisfactory to note that the increase has occurred chiefly amongst the high caste Hindús; these include Brahmans, Kshatris, Banias, and Kayasths only.

Age of primary cases.

Those under one year were 128,080, and over one year 317,821 in 1874-75, and in 1875-76 those under one year were 140,109

and over one year 346,268. These proportions vary but little from year to year. It is only in the Benares circle that the general average is so widely departed from; there the numbers are under one year 7,929, over one year 63,873. This is to be accounted for by the circumstance that the inhabitants of this circle have been for generations accustomed to inoculation, which is not practised on infants.

Percentage of success, excluding unknown cases.

The percentage of success, excluding unknown cases, was in 1874-75, 87·64 in primary vaccination, and 21·32 in secondary; and in 1875-76 it was 90·24 in primary, and 17·84 in secondary vaccination, being an improvement in both.

Average number vaccinated monthly.

The average number vaccinated monthly by each vaccinator during the season was in 1874-75, 246·8, and in 1875-76, 234·0. The principal cause of this decrease has been shown above. Ten cases a day, or 300 per mensem, are considered good work under present circumstances; that is to say, where so much of the time of the vaccinator is now taken up in collecting together his patients. When the people are anxious to receive vaccination and to save the vaccinator's time, double this number can easily be done. The rural vaccinators have really hard work during the season, as the distances to be got over are great; yet, notwithstanding these disadvantages, their outturn of work is better than that of the municipal vaccinators, as the villagers are less difficult to deal with than the townspeople.

Proportion of population successfully vaccinated during the year relatively to the number of births.

Assuming the birth-rate at 40 in 1,000 in a population of 30,781,204, the percentage successfully vaccinated on the birth addition (1,231,248) was 33·80, being an increase of 3·85 over the previous year. Year by year the percentage creeps upwards; the process is slow, but if it be only sure, time will effect our purpose.

The number of children vaccinated under one year of age was 140,109. Assuming 90·24 per cent. of these to have been successful, then 10·54 of the children born were successfully vaccinated. This is an increase of 1·39 over the previous year. These figures show how much yet remains to be done.

Proportion successfully vaccinated amongst children below one year of age, as compared with the assumed number of births (1,231,248).

The following table will show that practically no impression has as yet been made upon the mortality from small-pox in the North-Western Provinces :—

Deaths from small-pox.

In 1865	104,395	In 1871	38,449
„ 1866	66,312	„ 1872	80,073
„ 1867	39,715	„ 1873	97,093
„ 1868	29,983	„ 1874	93,247
„ 1869	90,770	„ 1875	25,819
„ 1870	23,564		

Only in the three districts of Dehra Dún, Kumaun, and Garhwál can vaccination be said to have made itself felt. But it is in these three districts alone where vaccination has overtaken the birth-rate. During the last two years only two deaths from small-pox occurred in the Dehra Dún; and in the Kumaun and Garhwál hills there were 47 only in 1874, and 21 in 1875.

Percentage of sex and age in primary cases.

The following table shows the percentage of sex and age in primary cases :—

Year.	Male.	Female.	Under one year.	Over one year.
1874-75	49·80	50·19	22·70	71·27
1875-76	49·74	50·25	28·80	71·19

This return shows that the prejudices against infant vaccination are gradually lessening.

The following return shows how curiously near the proportion of classes of those accepting vaccination is to the class proportions

Percentage of class in primary cases.

existing in the mass of the population, and indicates beyond all doubt that there is no such thing in the North-Western Provinces as class objection to vaccination :—

Year.	Christians.	Muhammadans.	High caste Hindús.	Low caste Hindús.
1874-75	00·29	14 86	19·47	65·36
1875-76	00·27	14·45	22·61	62·65

Comparative number of primary vaccinations per mensem, with percentage of success performed by each class of vaccinator.

The following table exhibits the comparative number of primary vaccinations per mensem, with percentage of success performed by each class of vaccinator. The municipal vaccinators, as usual, accomplish the least. The difficulties appear to be greater in cities than in villages, the inhabitants being more independent:—

Number.	Class of vaccinators.	Total number.	Number successful.	Average number monthly.	Percentage of success, excluding results unknown.
301½	Government vaccinators,	358,973	300,725	257·82	90 01
91½	Municipal ditto,	74,432	63,148	170·82	88·91
44	Local ditto.	38,467	33,153	216·55	91·43
16	Native chiefs' and landlords' vaccinators.	14,5[illegible]5	12,691	162 82	90·50

Cost per successful case.

The total amount spent in vaccination during the year 1875-76 was Rs. 1,17,539-15-7. Of this sum was contributed :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
By Government	1,04,105	15	7
„ municipalities	8,336	0	0
„ local funds	3,334	0	0
„ native chiefs and landlords	1,764	0	0

This total divided over 409,517 cases of successful vaccination makes the cost of each case Re. 0-4-7,—one pie less than last year. It does not appear that the cost will, for many years to come, fall much below 4 annas; for to ensure really

trustworthy vaccination and sound returns, the supervision must be both large and expensive.

7.—Lunatic Asylums.

Population.

The subjoined table shows the changes in the population of the three asylums during 1875 :—

	Bareilly.	*Benares.*	*Agra.*
Remaining on 31st December, 1874 ...	253	127	128
Admitted during 1875	119	64	103
Discharged or died	94	59	87
Remaining on 31st December, 1875 ...	278	132	144
Daily average	268	137	135

Discharges and deaths.

The particulars of discharges and deaths were the following :—

	Bareilly.	*Benares.*	*Agra.*
Discharged cured	30	27	41
Transferred to friends improved ...	8	11	28
Ditto ditto not improved ...	...	...	4
Died	51	19	13
Otherwise disposed of	5	2	1
	94	59	87

The large number of deaths in the Bareilly asylum is partly explained by the remarks of the Superintendent, who says that some of the new patients were admitted "actually in a moribund condition," while many others came "in a low, weak state, after suffering probably for many months from poverty and exposure." Similar instances can, no doubt, be alleged in Benares and Agra, but they may be more numerous in the Bareilly asylum, as it is the largest.

Escapes and re-admissions.

The Benares and Agra asylums had each one escape to record. In Bareilly four patients were returned as sane after examination, and one European woman was sent to the asylum at Bhawanipur. The number of re-admissions was the same as in 1874—eighteen ; of these Bareilly accounted for eleven, Benares for five, and Agra for two. One of the Bareilly cases was that of a woman whose relapse was brought about by want and privation. The principles which should regulate the discharge of patients were explained by the Government last year, with a view to prevent relapses of this kind.

Cost.

The average cost of each patient, as compared with the expenditure of the previous year, stood as follows :—

	Bareilly.	Benares.	Agra.
	Rs. a p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1874	71 14 4	94 6 1	95 6 7
1875	73 11 10	82 6 3	86 8 7

The difference in the number of patients between Bareilly and the other two asylums, and between Bareilly itself, in the two years under comparison, explains the lighter average incidence of the cost of establishments in that asylum, and the slight increase of the total average cost in the same place in 1875. The charges for food in Benares have been very satisfactorily diminished by the introduction, it is explained, of a uniform dietary, a system which was understood to have been in practice before. The cost of clothing in Bareilly, taking the average of the last two years, appears to be abnormally great—Rs. 6-14-1 against Rs. 2-15-5 in Benares, and Rs. 4-12-1 in Agra, where the winter cold is hardly, if at all, less severe.

Labour.

The results of the labour of lunatics were as follows :—

	Bareilly.	Benares.	Agra.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Remitted to treasuries	550	509	119
Value of articles used in the asylums ...	100	353	60

Besides this, the inmates of the Bareilly asylum did work in levelling walls, representing hired labour worth Rs. 300, and the produce of garden labour was Rs. 57 in Benares and Rs. 210 in Agra.

Contributions.

The contributions received from the friends of patients were Rs. 57 in Bareilly, Rs. 97 in Benares, and Rs. 194 in Agra ; but of the latter sum Rs. 115 were paid by the Military Department for three lunatic sepoys. The Benares contributions have decreased,—they were Rs. 126 in 1874—but those in Agra and Bareilly have risen from Rs. 8 and Re. 1, a satisfactory improvement, though the receipts on this account are still on the whole merely nominal.

Criminal lunatics.

The statistics of criminal lunatics are the following :—

	Bareilly.	Benares.	Agra.
Remaining on 31st December, 1874 ...	29	22	23
Admitted in 1875	18	11	16
Discharged, transferred, &c. ...	10	4	13
Died	1	1	3
Remaining on 31st December, 1875 ...	37	28	23
Daily average	33	25	25

The daily average in the Benares asylum has not varied much in the last six years, and the average of the ten years before 1875 in Bareilly is a little more than 29 ; but in Agra there has been a rapid rise, and experience shows that this class of patients must generally be expected to increase.

CHAPTER VII.

Instruction.

1.—General System of Public Instruction.

See page 173 of last year's report.

2.—Education.

General statistics.

The following table affords a general view of the expenditure on education in 1875-76. The special schools of law, medicine, and engineering have been omitted :—

	Government.			Aided.		
	Number.	Cost.	Proportionate cost.	Number.	Cost.	Proportionate cost.
English with Orientals.		Rs.			Rs.	
Colleges	4	1,40,334	26·7	...	...	...
High schools ...	15	1,69,741	32·2	28	74,237	39·1
Middle schools ...	13	42,680	8·1	131	87,264	45·9
Total ...	32	3,52,855	67 0	154	1,61,551	85·0
Oriental or Vernacular.						
Colleges	1	26,670	5·1	...	...	...
High schools ...	...	...	...	2	1,8[illegible]0	0·7
Middle schools ...	245	79,811	15·1	9	2,335	1·2
Lower schools ...	4,477	29,482	5·6	220	18,098	9·5
Normal schools ...	7	38,371	7·2	7	6,730	3·5
Total ...	4,730	1,74,334	33·0	394	28,483	15·0
Grand Total ...	4,762	5,27,189	100·0	548	1,90,034	100·0

These statistics do not greatly differ from the corresponding figures of the previous year.

Financial statistics.

The receipts and charges of the department, including expenditure from local funds, and excluding the three special schools mentioned above, were as follows :—

Receipts.			Charges.		
	1874-75.	1875-76.		1874-75.	1875-76.
	Rs	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Municipal grants,	60,947	58,058	Direction ...	42,796	45,339
Subscriptions ...	2,140	3 250	Inspection ...	1,78,342	1, 3,119
Fees ..	33,210	38,751	Instruction ...	9,85,739	9,89,878
Interest on funds,	11,074	12,628	Grants-in-aid ...	1,94,236	,90,034
Donation by native states ...	392	392	Building grant ...	12,425	5,650
Miscellaneous ...	1,[illegible]77	1,279	Rewards for book prizes, &c.	34,873	22,646
Total ...	1,09,740	1,14,358	Total ...	14,18,411	14,26,666

The increase of the fee income is due to the middle schools.

University examination.

The results of the university examinations, from matriculation to the M. A. degree, for the last seven years are shown in the subjoined table :—

Years.	*Entrance Examination.*		*F. A. Examination.*		*B. A. Examination.*		*M. A. Examination.*	
	Candidates.	Passed.	Candidates	Passed.	Candidates.	Passed.	Candidates.	Passed.
1869-70 ...	124	76	32	7	9	6	3	2
1870-71 ...	175	114	42	24	5	4	3	3
1871-72 ...	179	95	31	18	1	...	1	...
1872-73 ..	186	100	45	17	16	7	...	...
1873-74 ...	220	112	70	42	22	13	5	3
1874-75 ..	226	109	67	25	20	5	3	1
1875-76 ...	233	120	73	41	29	12	2	1
Total...	1,343	726	360	174	102	47	17	10

The candidates for matriculation for the first examination in arts and for the degree of B. A. were more numerous than

in any previous year, and the number of matriculants was the greatest yet recorded, while the number of passed candidates in the First Arts examination was only one short of the number of the exceptionally successful year 1873-74. In the B. A examination the results were not so good, and the M. A. candidates were only two, of whom one passed.

Government colleges.

The attendance in the Government colleges has considerably increased,* and so has the number of candidates for the F. A. and B. A. examinations :—

* *Rolls of the four collegiate classes.*

	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
Allahabad ...	13	23	41	56
Benares ...	32	34	52	89
Agra ...	23	25	25	31
Bareilly ...	35	32	32	33
Total ...	103	114	151	209

	F. A.		B. A.	
	Candidates.	Passed.	Candidates	Passed.
1869-70	22	5	7	5
1870-71	28	16	5	4
1871-72	22	13	1	...
1872-73	27	13	13	7
1873-74	37	26	14	9
1874-75	52	23	17	5
1875-76	58	34	26	11
Total ...	246	130	83	41

yet the results, as shown below, are in some respects hardly satisfactory :—

	F. A.				B. A.			
	Candidates.	*Passed in class*			Candidates.	*Passed in class*		
		I.	II	III.		I.	II.	III.
Allahabad ...	13	1	3	2	10	...	1	2
Benares ...	28	1	7	10	4	...	1	...
Agra ...	5	...	3	2	6	1	...	1
Bareilly ...	12	...	...	5	6	...	4	1

Bareilly has done very badly in the First Arts, and Allahabad in the B. A. examination.

Boarding-houses.

The number of students living in the Government boarding-houses has considerably increased in the last four years :—

	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
Boarders in colleges ..	311	296	258	238
In superior zila schools ...	174	241	257	295
In inferior zila schools ...	157	180	180	246
Total ...	642	717	695	779

High schools.

The number of candidates sent up by the Government high schools for entrance into the university in December, 1875, was greater than in any previous year, and nearly double what it was six years ago,* and the proportion of successful candidates, though not so good as in 1873-74, was satisfactory, the more so as 42·2 per cent. of them passed in the two upper divisions. The schools are shown as fifteen, *viz.*, the three collegiate schools and twelve zila schools. Out of these twelve the Moradabad school has in four years sent up fifteen boys for matriculation, and passed four ; the Budaun school has sent up seven boys in five years, and passed two ; the Mirzapur school has sent up fourteen boys in three years, and passed one ; the Farukhabad school has this year for the first time succeeded in passing a single boy in the third grade ; while the Bánda and Gorakhpur schools have never yet sent up any boys at all.

Years.	Candidates.	Passed.
*1869 ...	71	46
1870 ...	90	65
1871 ...	77	48
1872 ...	75	53
1873 ...	96	66
1874 ...	121	74
1875 ...	135	81
Total ...	664	438

Inferior zila schools.

There are thirteen inferior zila schools, including the branch school in Bareilly, with 1,379 boys. Their third classes contained fifty-three boys, twenty-three of whom passed the departmental examination; but the pass standard is only 25 per cent. of full marks, and even so, out of nineteen boys sent up by five schools only three passed. In two schools the third class

consisted of two boys, and in two schools all the class failed, while in a third one boy passed out of six.

Oriental middle schools.

These schools teach Urdu, with Persian, Arabic, or Sanskrit. They were started in 1873 for the special education of Muhammadans, but one or two have a Hindi character. Their cost has increased from Rs. 9,391 to Rs. 13,532.

Tahsíli and pargana schools.

The following table shows the number of tahsíli and pargana schools, and their classification in point of efficiency :—

Circle.	*Tahsíli.*		*Pargana.*		*Total.*	
	Efficient	Non-efficient.	Efficient.	Non-efficient.	Efficient.	Non-efficient.
I.	10	44	3	17	13	61
II.	29	33	8	8	37	41
III.	31	24	5	10	36	34
IV.	5	6	...	...	5	6
Total ...	75	107	16	35	91	142

The schools give a middle class education in Urdu or Hindi.

Village schools.

The statistics of village or halkabandi schools are subjoined :—

Circle.	Scholars.	*Schools.*	
		Efficient.	Non-efficient.
I.	40,670	218	1,058
II.	32,175	454	491
III.	52,129	384	1,049
IV.	4,419	60	96
Total ..	129,393	1,116	2,694

The Lieutenant-Governor notes with pleasure the increase of forty-nine schools and 1,055 scholars, and the improvement in the average daily attendance; and is glad to see that the district school committees, as a rule, take so hearty an interest in elementary education. There must, however, still be much that is untrustworthy in the returns, to judge from the instance of Jaunpur, where thirty-six teachers have been dismissed in the year for falsifying their returns; of Gorakhpur, where it is said that numbers of boys are kept on the register who do not regularly attend, but are sent for when a school is examined; of Sháhjahánpur, where twenty-six teachers were fined for false registration and absence without leave; and of Muttra, where in one school, which may be a fair example of many more, the attendance was found on strict enquiry to be never more than half what the registers showed. The committees are doing a good work, too, in revising the distribution of the schools, which must to a great extent be decided by experience; thus, in fifteen of the Meerut schools the attendance and teaching are said to be so bad as to warrant abolition; the Moradabad committee deplore the too rapid extension of the halkabandi system in 1874; the main object of the Bareilly committee has been to weed out such schools as were shams; and in Agra some of the useless schools have been closed.

Girls' schools.

The following table shows the number of girls' schools, with the number of pupils, for the last three years:—

Circle.	Number of schools.			Girls.		
	1874.	1875.	1876.	1874.	1875.	1876.
I.	119	97	84	2,082	1,912	1,761
II.	230	202	157	4,454	4,032	3,590
III.	70	64	63	1,408	1,256	1,358
IV.	13	12	12	274	296	315
Total ...	432	375	316	8,218	7,496	7,024

A steady decrease is observed in the first and second circles, where the schools are most numerous.

Normal schools.

The good service which the normal schools are said to be slowly doing has been supplemented by a general examination of uncertificated teachers. This examination is the first step towards that systematic improvement of the teaching staff in vernacular schools. The standard was comparatively low, and the proportion of successful candidates—266 out of 1,112—was by no means high, but it is satisfactory that even a beginning has been made.

Statements of caste, religion, and occupation.

The only remarkable feature in the statistics of caste, religion, and occupation is the falling off in the attendance of Muhammadans in the middle schools, vernacular and English. The numerical decrease is indeed most considerable in village schools, but the proportion of Muhammadans there is not less than in 1873-74. On the other hand, in high schools and colleges the proportion has remained unchanged for three years, and in special schools it has greatly increased in 1875-76. The proportion of Muhammadans in each class of schools is shown below :—

	Percentage of total number of scholars.		
	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
Village schools	14·7	16 9	14·7
Tahsili snd pargana	22·6	22·7	21·9
Middle Anglo-vernacular ...	18·2	18·5	17·5
High ditto	18 4	18·3	18·2
Government colleges ...	9·1	8·9	9·0
Special colleges	28·3	29 0	37·2

Aided schools.

The success of the aided schools in the First Arts and matriculation examinations will be seen from the following tables :—

First Arts Examination.

1872-73.		1873-74.		1874-75.		1875-76.	
Candidates.	Passed.	Candidates.	Passed.	Candidates.	Passed.	Candidates.	Passed.
12	3	23	11	14	2	11	5

Matriculation Examination.

		Average attendance.			1873.		1874.		1875.	
		1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.	Candidates.	Passed.	Candidates.	Passed.	Candidates.	Passed.
St. George's College, Mussooree,	For Europeans and Eurasians.	Not mentioned.	36	47	Not mentioned.				2	1
St. Peter's College, Agra ...		168	58	61	5	3	6	...	3	2
High School, Allahabad ...		75	75	106	...	...	...	...	8	3
For Natives.										
St. John's College, Agra ...	Church Missionary Society.	264	261	280	9	5	12	3	9	4
Jainarain's College, Benares ...		421	381	418	5	...	10	6	13	10
Allahabad School		293	198	211	15	4	8	...	10	2
Meerut ditto		218	221	235	2	...	3	2	...	...
Azamgarh ditto		109	103	101	2	...	...	...	2	...
Jaunpur ditto		147	108	174	1	...	1	1	...	...
Gorakhpur ditto		165	178	201	...	...	9	3	4	1
Mirzapur ditto	London Missionary Society.	192	110	178	3	1	2	1	2	1
Benares ditto		393	375	332	8	3	15	6	7	5
Almora ditto		245	236	218	1	1	...	...	4	1
Dehra ditto	American Presbyterian Mission.	126	190	182	...	...	3	3	...	...
Saháranpur ditto		89	119	135	4	...	...	...	3	...
Gházipur ditto, Lutheran Mission		159	193	213	4	...	6	5	3	1
Moradabad ditto, American Methodist Episcopalian ...		109	185	187	3	1	...	...	...	...
Sháhjahánpur Orphanage ...		156	166	134	1	1	...	..	5	1
Victoria School, Gházipur ..		147	138	142	4	4	2	...	3	1
Ditto, Agra ...		203	245	267	1	...	2	...	2	1
Christ Church School, Cawnpore		169	185	220	4	2	2	19	3	...
Bengali Tola, Benares ...		172	152	159	8	2	3	...	3	3
					80	27	84	74	86	37

The middle English schools were as follows :—

	1873-74.		1874-75.		1875-76.	
	Schools.	Scholars.	Schools.	Scholars.	Schools.	Scholars.
Subscription schools ...	86	4,579	78	4,730	73	4,919
Native committee schools ...	3	716	3	707	3	721
Mission schools	43	3,814	36	3,051	31	2,497
Total ...	132	9,109	117	8,488	107	8,138

Middle vernacular schools were as shown below :—

	1874-75.		1875-76.	
	Schools.	Scholars.	Schools.	Scholars.
Subscription	4	282	5	384
Native committee ...	2	157	1	107
Mission	3	280	4	379
Total ...	9	719	10	870

The lower schools were 64 for boys, with 2,487 boys, and 154 for girls, with 3,762 girls: each boy cost the Government Rs. 5-12-7, and each girl Rs. 10-9-7.

Unaided and indigenous schools.

The unaided schools are shown as follows :—

		Number of schools.	*Number of children.*		
			Hindu.	Musalmán.	Christian.
Boys' schools ...	High ...	5	251	75	227
	Middle ...	30	823	229	35
	Lower ..	13	285	...	...
Girls' schools ...	Middle ...	...	...	...	...
	Lower ...	21	145	106	194

Indigenous schools are recorded as 4,854, with 5,989 pupils, 123 of whom in 18 schools are girls.

3.—Literature and the Press.

Number of publications.

The number of books registered under Act XXV. of 1867 was 358, or 133 in excess of the number reported last year. The increase, however, is more apparent than real, as in 1874, owing to a mistake, no books were registered in Cawnpore.

The 358 publications of 1875 are classified with regard to language as follows :—

English	13
Urdu and Hindi [vernaculars]	216
Sanskrit, Persian, and Arabic [classics]	82
Polyglot [English-Urdu, Persian-Arabic, &c., &c] ...	47

Of the vernacular books and pamphlets, 86 are in Hindi and the remaining 130 in Urdu. Nearly three-fourths of the Hindi works are educational hand-books of various kinds, the remainder being romances, treatises on tactics and clairvoyance, with two or three religious tracts in a popular form by missionaries.

The bulk of the Urdu publications are educational works of an elementary nature, such as manuals of caligraphy and of letter-writing ; others are translations from Persian romances and from the Qurán. There are a few short treatises on Islám, and on the polemics of the Shia and Sunni parties. Medical works and journals are 25 in number against 2 in 1874.

Of the 82 publications in the classical languages of India, 64 are in Persian. The majority of these are cheap books, designed to teach that modicum of Persian which is fashionable among natives of all classes ; but, with the exception of one or two small volumes of poems, there seems to have been no work in Persian published in 1875 having any pretence to originality. The reprinting of standard Persian works is, however, a good sign. Among such reprints are found the Bostán of Sadi, some poems of Jámi, the Sháhnáma of Firdausi, and Firishtá's Indian history. Several medical works in Persian were re-published, and also a Persian translation of an Arabic work on the physical sciences. A few commentaries on the Qurán and the life of the prophet form the bulk of the religious literature.

The classification of the books into original, translation, and re-publications is as follows :—

Original		147
Translation		52
Re-publications ...	Original	141
	Translation	18
	Total	358

The vernacular press exhibits much the same statistics as those recorded on pages 197-98 of last year's report. The year was not marked by any feature of new interest.

The Press.

4.—Literary Societies.

See page 198 of last year's report.

5.—Arts and Sciences.

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CHAPTER VIII.

Archæology.

See page 199 of last year's report.

CHAPTER IX.

Miscellaneous.

1.—ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

2.—ECCLESIASTICAL.

3.—STATIONERY.

See page 199 of last year's report.

4.—GENERAL MISCELLANEOUS.

(*a.*)—*Wards' Institute, Benares.*

AT the beginning of the financial year 1875-76 there were seventeen pupils in the Institute, and at the close of the year twenty, of whom five came from the North-Western Provinces, twelve from Bengal, and three from the Central Provinces. Of the five boys from the North-Western Provinces, the estates of three only are under the Court of Wards. Only three wards have private tutors.

The expenditure was charged on the same principle as before, and was lighter than in the two preceding years, the mean monthly averages of charges, general and individual,

during the year, exclusive of salaries of private tutors, having been—

	General.	Individual.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	48 9 8	56 15 11	105 9 7
as against—			
1873-74 ...	48 2 11	68 8 8	116 11 7
1874-75 ...	55 9 6	62 0 5	117 9 11

The officiating visitor reported in April last that the boys had, with few exceptions, made fair progress as students in the college schools, and that their conduct had been satisfactory.

(*b.*)—*Government Press.*

The receipts and expenditure of the Government Press for the last three years have been as follows :—

	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.
Receipts.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
For work done for private persons ...	21,225	16,152	16,242
Ditto ditto other Governments...	43,605	19,635	23 801
Ditto ditto the Education Dept.	20,126	18,434	22,610
Total ...	84,957	54 221	62,653
Expenditure.			
Establishment	1,40,029	1,43,466	1,47,966
Contingencies	1,33,823	1,15,958	1,02,219
Total ...	2,73,852	2,54,425	2,50,185

To the expenditure of 1875-76 must be added Rs. 1,01,869, the cost of a three years' supply of stores procured from England. The receipts fell in 1874-75, when the Press was obliged to contract its operations during a change of quarters, and they have not quite recovered themselves since. The work done for the Government of the North-Western Provinces was considerably less than last year, in consequence of the orders which had been given for the curtailing of reports.

(*c.*)—*Curator's Depôt.*

The receipts of the Depôt of the Curator of Government Books were Rs. 25,177, and the expenditure was Rs. 32,791.

There were 521,126 school-books received for sale during the year, and 252,002 were disbursed, leaving 1,223,874 books, valued at Rs. 2,85,690, in stock at the end of the year. A large number of these are antiquated publications, and will be got rid of. Miscellaneous books were 139,692 in store, after the sale of 4,215 and the free issue of 2,217 ; measures have been taken to clear out old useless books of this kind also.

The value of books sold was Rs. 42,691, of which Rs. 39,233 represent school-books ; and the gratuitous distributions were school-books valued at Rs. 17,899, and official publications valued at Rs. 4,806. The receipts actually credited to the Depôt were, however, as has been shown above, less than this ; for the cost price of school-books is deducted from the selling price and credited to the Government Press.

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I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

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	Latitude.	Longitude.	
North-Western Provinces.	Between 23° 51′ and 30° 7′ North.	Between 77° 4′ and 84° 40′ East.	The territories commonly called the North-Western Provinces are bounded on the north by the snowy range of the Kumaun Himalayas, Oudh, and the Nepalese Tarái; on the south by the Ságar district of the Central Provinces, and the Native States of Bundelkhand and Rewah; on the west by the river Tons until its junction with the Jumna, thence by the Jumna to the 28th degree of latitude; on the south-west by the Native States of Gwalior, Dholepur, and Bhartpur; and on the east and the south-east by the Saran, Sháhabad, Behar, and Palamau districts of Lower Bengal. The Non-Regulation portions under this Government are Kumaun and Garhwál to the extreme north, and Jhánsi to the south-west.

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

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District.	Cultivable area.		Cultivated area.		Total area.		Total cultivated and cultivable.		Percentages of cultivated area on total area.	Percentages of cultivated area.
1.	2.		3.		4		5.		6.	7.
	M.	*A.*	*M.*	*A.*	*M.*	*A.*	*Miles.*	*Acres*		
Dehra ...	100	510	128	328	1,020	471	229	198	22·4	12·5
Saháranpur ..	309	0	1,258	0	2,217	0	1,567	0	56·7	56·7
Muzaffarnagar	325	563	1,093	102	1,659	229	1,419	25	85·6	65·9
Meerut ...	359	181	1,674	133	2,360	264	2,033	314	86·1	70·9
Bulandshahr ...	346	0	1,368	0	1,910	0	1,714	0	89·7	71·6
Aligarh ...	171	377	1,437	200	1,963	455	1,608	577	81·9	73·2
Total ...	1,612	351	6,959	123	11,131	139	8,571	474	77·0	62·5
Bijnor ...	432	405	1,036	95	1,502	606	1,468	500	77·2	55·4
Moradabad ...	429	0	1,356	0	2,271	582	1,785	0	78·6	59·7
Budaun ...	382	345	1,376	601	2,004	586	1,759	806	87·7	68·7
Bareilly ...	561	560	1,918	520	2,985	110	2,480	440	83 2	64·4
Sháhjahánpur ...	324	64	1,141	256	1,723	320	1,465	320	85·1	66·2
Taráí ...	243	19	225	230	919	633	468	249	50·8	24·5
Total ...	2,373	113	7,054	422	11,805	224	9,427	535	79·9	59·8
Muttra ...	109	445	1,293	323	1,611	498	1,403	128	87·0	80·3
Agra ...	105	346	1,365	376	1,907	339	1,471	82	77·1	71·6
Farukhabad ...	276	71	1,073	641	1,744	473	1,350	72	77·4	61·5
Mainpuri ...	190	19	949	498	1,696	186	1,139	517	67·2	56·0
Etáwah ...	255	0	880	0	1,991	0	1,135	0	67·1	52·0
Etah ...	245	0	970	0	1,512	0	1,215	0	80·4	64·2
Total ...	1,181	241	6,532	531	10,163	216	7,714	132	75·9	64·3
Jalaun ...	158	0	1,053	0	1,553	0	1,211	0	78·0	67·8
Jhánsi ...	368	0	754	0	1,567	0	1,122	0	71·6	48·1
Lalitpur ...	1,072	637	366	72	1,947	264	1,439	69	73·9	18·8
Total ...	1,598	637	2,173	72	5,067	264	3,772	69	74·4	42·9
Cawnpore ...	236	152	1,351	425	2,336	536	1,587	580	68·0	57·9
Fatehpur ...	172	77	871	115	1,585	435	1,043	192	65·8	54·9
Bánda ...	802	229	1,513	210	2,908	439	2,315	439	79·6	52·0
Allahabad ...	286	47	1,637	111	2,747	190	1,923	158	70·0	59·6
Hamírpur ...	566	64	1,250	128	2,286	384	1,018	224	79·4	54·7
Jaunpur ...	452	160	954	160	1,556	0	1,406	320	90·4	61·3
Total ...	2,515	89	7,577	509	13,421	64	10,092	596	75·2	56·5
Azamgarh ...	409	0	1,368	0	2,565	0	1,777	0	69·3	53·3
Mirzapur ...	523	185	3,093	0	5,217	313	3,616	185	69·3	59·3
Benares ...	33	25	738	6	996	121	771	31	77·4	74·1
Gházipur ...	230	519	1,567	392	2,167	600	1,798	271	82·9	72·3
Gorakhpur ...	910	171	2,701	444	4,578	508	3,611	615	78·9	59·0
Basti ...	526	0	1,882	0	2,789	0	2,408	0	86·3	67·5
Total ...	2,632	260	11,350	202	18,314	262	13,982	462	76·4	62·0
Kumaun ...	146	542	316	267	6,000	0	463	169	7·7	5·3
Garhwál ...	48	0	209	0	5,500	0	257	0	4·7	3·6
Total ...	194	542	525	267	11,500	0	7,210	169	6·3	4·6
GRAND TOTAL	12,108	313	42,173	206	81,402	529	54,281	519	66·7	51·8

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

3.—*General Statement of Area and Population.*

Division.	District.	Area in square miles.		Number of villages, mauzas, or townships.	Number of enclosures.	Number of houses.
	1.	2.		3.	4.	5.
		Miles	*Acres.*			
MEERUT.	Dehra	1,020	471	965	15,592	24,744
	Saháranpur ...	2,217	0	1,736	79,734	197,235
	Muzaffarnagar ...	1,659	229	883	64,018	155,012
	Meerut	2,360	264	1,573	131,563	268,650
	Bulandshahr ...	1,910	0	1,566	87,353	182,694
	Aligarh	1,963	455	1,750	114,196	211,446
	Total ...	11,131	139	8,473	492,456	1,039,781
ROHILKHAND.	Bijnor	1,902	603	2,002	72,147	158,583
	Moradabad ...	2,271	582	2,452	121,931	252,344
	Budaun	2,004	536	2,364	99,532	193,589
	Bareilly	2,982	110	3,548	174,348	296,441
	Sháhjahánpur ...	1,723	320	2,180	119,926	188,958
	Tarái	919	633	591	24,808	41,732
	Total ...	11,805	224	13,137	612,692	1,131,647
AGRA.	Muttra	1,611	498	972	92,494	188,975
	Agra	1,907	339	1,231	138,078	231,270
	Farukhabad ...	1,744	473	3,934	172,277	192,080
	Mainpuri ...	1,696	186	3,750	91,696	150,868
	Etáwah	1,691	0	3,529	85,978	128,707
	Etah	1,512	0	2,620	73,132	136,864
	Total ...	10,163	216	16,036	608,655	1,028,784
JHÁNSI.	Jalaun	1,553	0	840	65,404	88,977
	Jhánsi	1,567	0	607	50,831	72,795
	Lalitpur	1,947	264	646	32,336	46,773
	Total ...	5,067	264	2,093	148,571	208,545
ALLAHABAD.	Cawnpore ...	2,336	536	1,985	182,220	272,232
	Fatehpur ...	1,585	435	2,741	126,929	152,777
	Bánda	2,908	439	1,374	114,733	160,962
	Allahabad ...	2,747	190	3,503	258,742	303,900
	Hamírpur ...	2,286	384	744	79,645	121,011
	Jaunpur	1,556	0	3,221	179,545	200,438
	Total ...	13,421	64	13,568	941,814	1,211,320
BENARES.	Azamgarh ...	2,565	0	5,071	280,728	314,327
	Mirzapur ...	5,217	313	4,104	176,710	219,059
	Benares	996	121	1,919	129,561	156,200
	Gházipur ...	2,167	600	3,725	229,464	285,007
	Gorakhpur ...	4,578	508	7,097	360,949	381,237
	Basti	2,789	0	6,911	247,672	248,268
	Total ...	18,314	262	28,827	1,425,084	1,604,098
	Grand Total ...	69,902	529	82,134	4,229,272	6,224,175
KUMAUN.	Kumaun	6,000	0	4,606	50,663	77,624
	Garhwál	5,500	0	3,944	37,887	57,293
	Total ...	11,500	0	8,550	88,550	134,917
	GRAND TOTAL, N.-W. P.	81,402	529	90,684	4,317,822	6,359,092

The area of Kumaun and Garhwál is not accurately known, that given is approximate only.

I.—PHYSICAL AND

4.—*Details of*

Division.	Number.	Name of district.	Total population.	Number of houses of the better sort.
		1.	2.	3.
Meerut.	1	Dehra Dún	120,339	5,142
	2	Saháranpur	887,317	19,300
	3	Muzaffarnagar	717,685	20,372
	4	Meerut	1,324,870	19,928
	5	Bulandshahr	974,066	14,341
	6	Aligarh	1,116,035	24,420
		Total ...	5,140,312	103,503
Rohilkhand.	7	Bijnor	766,638	6,974
	8	Moradabad	1,167,016	17,128
	9	Budaun	971,722	4,334
	10	Bareilly	1,567,073	10,155
	11	Sháhjahánpur	987,450	5,589
	12	Tarái	193,073	366
		Total ...	5,652,972	44,546
Agra.	13	Muttra	882,849	22,839
	14	Agra	1,142,651	36,384
	15	Farukhabad	955,497	11,897
	16	Mainpuri	796,414	4,844
	17	Etáwah	695,324	5,081
	18	Etah	731,614	7,890
		Total ...	5,204,349	88,935
Jhánsi.	19	Jalaun	420,559	10,966
	20	Jhánsi	330,444	12,549
	21	Lalitpur	221,133	10,916
		Total ...	972,136	34,431
Allahabád.	22	Cawnpore	1,201,656	56,759
	23	Fatehpur	690,367	5,005
	24	Bánda	725,515	5,705
	25	Allahabad	1,450,015	7,041
	26	Hamírpur	550,302	19,891
	27	Jaunpur	1,066,904	1,090
		Total ...	5,684,759	95,491
Benares.	28	Azamgarh	1,592,666	496
	29	Mirzapur	1,055,904	11,063
	30	Benares	825,447	18,010
	31	Gházipur	1,399,217	950
	32	Gorakhpur	2,100,124	3,019
	33	Basti	1,531,914	442
		Total ...	8,705,272	33,980
		Grand Total ...	31,359,800	400,886
Kumaun.	34	Kumaun	450,203	42,738
	35	Garhwál	322,693	34,423
		Total ...	772,896	77,161
		Grand Total ...	32,132,696	478,047

NOTE.—Figures given are taken from the last Census of 1872, plus one per No. 511, dated 10th October, 1876,

POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

Population.

Houses.			Total males.	Total females.	Number.
Number of their inhabitants.	Number of houses of the inferior sorts.	Number of their inhabitants.			
4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	
31,591	19,602	88,748	71,766	49,573	1
98,657	177,935	820,476	503,888	415,245	2
97,378	134,640	620,307	390,632	327,053	3
95,379	248,722	1,229,491	712,820	612,050	4
77,840	168,353	896,217	513,429	460,627	5
126,841	187,086	989,191	600,353	515,679	6
527,686	936,338	4,644,430	2,792,888	2,380,227	
39,283	151,609	727,355	553,511	355,416	7
84,736	235,216	1,082,278	620,667	546,369	8
20,220	189,255	951,501	523,763	447,948	9
45,283	286,286	1,521,789	839,189	727,883	10
24,473	183,369	962,976	531,581	455,868	11
1,684	41,366	191,389	106,676	86,397	12
215,679	1,087,101	5,437,288	3,175,387	2,619,881	
106,402	166,136	816,457	499,839	423,009	13
141,822	194,866	996,128	613,144	524,807	14
43,914	180,183	911,584	519,711	435,787	15
23,584	146,044	772,830	444,033	352,381	16
31,177	123,626	664,147	384,725	310,599	17
46,023	128,974	685,601	398,056	333,568	18
392,922	939,829	4,846,747	2,859,508	2,380,151	
53,089	78,011	367,470	225,271	195,288	19
60,127	60,246	270,317	174,219	156,224	20
63,422	35,857	157,711	116,090	105,043	21
176,638	174,114	795,498	515,580	456,555	
262,991	215,473	938,665	643,902	557,774	22
23,379	147,772	666,988	359,354	331,013	23
26,963	156,257	698,553	374,155	351,360	24
25,844	296,859	142,171	743,714	706,300	25
94,880	101,120	455,422	287,244	262,958	26
7,160	199,348	1,059,743	567,528	499,376	27
4,441,217	1,115,829	3,961,542	2,975,897	2,708,781	
5,199	313,831	1,587,367	859,191	733,475	28
38,035	217,996	1,017,870	541,316	514,587	29
93,108	138,190	732,339	422,597	402,849	30
6,199	284,057	1,393,017	724,435	674,782	31
16,401	378,218	2,083,723	1,121,195	978,929	32
7,083	247,826	1,524,830	816,078	715,835	33
166,025	1,580,118	8,339,146	4,484,812	4,080,457	
5,920,167	5,833,329	28,024,651	16,804,072	14,626,052	
251,094	34,886	199,109	240,392	209,811	34
193,928	22,870	128,765	161,975	160,718	35
445,022	57,756	327,874	402,367	370,529	
6,365,189	5,891,085	28,352,525	17,206,439	14,996,681	

cent. for each year since, as authorized by Government of India, in their letter to the Madras Government.

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

4.—*Details of Population*—(concluded).

Division.	Number.	Name of district.	Hindús.	Muhammadans.	Christians and others.	Number.
		1.	9.	10.	11.	
MEERUT.	*1	Dehra Dún ...	1,06,926	12,917	497	1
	2	Sahâranpur ...	628,599	290,175	359	2
	3	Muzaffarnagar ...	518,908	198,741	36	3
	4	Meerut	1,030,875	293,131	864	4
	5	Bulandshahr ...	791,026	186,936	94	5
	6	Aligarh	993,326	122,627	79	6
		Total ...	4,069,660	1,104,527	1,929	
ROHILKHAND.	7	Bijnor	513,345	253,194	100	7
	8	Moradabad... ...	781,850	381,747	419	8
	9	Budaun	826,314	145,274	135	9
	10	Bareilly	1,245,486	321,029	557	10
	11	Shâhjahânpur ...	855,479	131,663	308	11
	12	Tarâi	127,563	65,496	13	12
		Total ...	4,350,037	1,298,403	1,532	
AGRA.	13	Muttra	845,515	77,321	13	13
	14	Agra	1,024,903	111,421	1,628	14
	15	Farukhabad ...	849,402	105,599	496	15
	16	Mainpuri	753,649	42,603	162	16
	17	Etáwah	657,200	38,034	91	17
	18	Etah	661,595	69,969	60	18
		Total ...	4,792,264	444,947	2,150	
JHÁNSI.	19	Jalaun	394,009	26,549	1	19
	20	Jhánsi	317,357	12,921	174	20
	21	Lalitpur	215,993	4,973	166	21
		Total ...	927,359	44,443	341	
ALLAHABAD.	22	Cawnpore	1,108,417	92,783	455	22
	23	Fatchpur	616,986	21,376	5	23
	24	Bánda	683,392	42,118	6	24
	25	Allahabad	1,260,249	188,837	929	25
	26	Hamírpur	515,152	35,126	24	26
	27	Jaunpur	966,706	100,171	26	27
		Total ..	5,150,902	480,411	1,445	
BENARES.	28	Azamgarh	1,387,157	205,484	25	28
	29	Mirzapur	987,630	67,495	780	29
	30	Benares	743,090	81,997	359	30
	31	Gházipur	1,270,682	128,393	142	31
	32	Gorakhpur ...	1,892,223	207,347	554	32
	33	Basti	1.297,089	234,815	9	33
		Total ...	7,577,871	925,531	1,869	
		Grand Total ...	26,868,093	4,298,262	9,566	
KUMAUN.	34	Kumaun	443,001	5,791	1,410	34
	35	Garhwál	320,734	1,871	88	35
		Total ...	763,735	7,662	1,498	
	..	GRAND TOTAL, N.-W. P.	27,631,828	4,305,924	11,064	

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

5.—*Statement of Native Chiefs in the North-Western Provinces.*

Division.	Name of Chief and State.	Present position.	Caste or race and religion.	Age.	How educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks.
Rohilkhand.	Muhammad Kalab Ali Khan, Bahádur, Nawáb of Rámpur.	Jagírdár, has criminal and civil powers within his own territory.	Pathan Musalmán.	42	Well read in Arabic and Persian. He also knows English and Hindí. Privately educated.	In the management of his territory.	Yes.	Yes.	Has one son.	The Rámpur Jagír has an area of about 945 square miles, a population of 507,013. The revenue of 1874-75 was Rs. 14,60,000, and the ordinary annual expenditure is about Rs 12,50,000. The capital Rámpur has 68,000 inhabitants, and the next largest town 9,500. Rice, sugar, hides, and a kind of damask are the principal exports; and the imports consist mainly of elephants, horses, English cloth, and groceries and salt. The Nawáb keeps a military force of about 1,800 men, besides 1,023 military police.
Benares.	Ishri Parshád Narain Singh Bahádur, Rája of Benares.	Rája of Benares.	Brahman (Bhoinhar.)	57	Privately.	In the management of his estates.	Yes.	Yes.	Has adopted his nephew.	The Rája of Benares is a descendant of Rája Balwant Singh, father of Rája Chet Singh, who was deposed by Warren Hastings in 1781. The Family Domains of the Maharája of Benares consist of the parganas of Kaswar Rája in the Benares district, and Gangapur and Bhadohi in the districts of Mirzapur. Their united area is 985 square miles, containing 1,520 villages with a population of 392,415, and an average rental somewhat exceeding Rs. 8,00,000, of which Rs. 2,98,600 are paid by the Maharája to the Government as revenue. The civil and revenue courts are those of the Maharája and his Principal and Deputy Principal Officers. The procedure is summary. In 1861 the Governor-General granted the Rája the right of adoption in accordance with Hindu law and the customs of his race. The Family Domains have been especially exempted from the operation of Act XVIII. of 1871 (the Local Rates Act).
Kumaun.	Partáb Sáh, Rája of Tehri, Garhwál.	Rája of Tehri.	Rájput, Súrajbansi.	25	Privately.	In the management of his territory.	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Succeeded on the 6th December, 1871, on the death of his father. The area of Tehri is 4,180 square miles; the population about 1,50,000 and the revenue is about Rs. 80,000. The Rájas of Tehri pay no tribute, but are required to give free passage to British subjects passing through their territories, and in case of emergency give assistance to the paramount power. The principal article of production is grain. No mines are worked, though iron and copper ore are found.

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

1.—*Approximate Return of the Outturn of the Revenue Survey and Levelling Operations in the N.-W. P., for Season 1875-76, or from 1st October, 1875, to the end of Field Season, with Estimate of cost to 30th September, 1876.*

Name of Survey Division.	Parganas surveyed. Situated in	Parganas surveyed. Portions of	Number of halkas or village circuits.	Average size of village circuits in acres.	Approximate total area in square miles.	Actual cost for six months to 31st March, including contingencies.	Probable cost for six months to 30th September, including contingencies.
	PROFESSIONAL AND CADASTRAL.					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	Scale 16″ to the mile.						
	District Moradabad.						
4th Division.	Pargana Hasanpur, and khadir lands on Ramganga and Dhela.	...	385	549	330		
	District Bijnor.						
	Forest grants survey	...	6 grants	334	16		
	District Budaun. Scale 4″ to the mile.					55,915 0 0	33,373 0 0
	Pargana Rajpura						
	„ Asadpura	...	63	549	54		
	„ Saswan ... ... and parts of						
	„ Islampur	Boundary survey	in advance	...	691		
	„ Kot						
	Scale 16″ to the mile.						
	District Bánda.	*Interior Survey.*					
vision.	Pargana Bánda						
	„ Pailani	...	223	476	639	74,252 9 11	36,283 0 0
	„ Augasi						
	„ Darsenda						

5th	*District Muttra.*											
	Khadir lands	...	...	46	445	32						
			Boundary survey in advance.		...	310						
		Scale 4″ to the mile.										
	Gowrior estate ...	...	...	12	2,651	58						
		Scale 16″ to the mile.										
6th Division.	*District Agra.*											
	Pargana Khairágarh ...	...	...	136	1,421	302	31,031	4	7	16,966	0	0
	„ Fatehpur Sikri ...	...										
		Scale 16″ to the mile.										
7th Division.	*District Hamírpur.*											
	Pargana Mahoba ...	...	...	11	...	54						
		Scale 4″ to the mile.										
	Native States.											
	Charkhari	...					36,016	5	0	34,938	12	7
	Beri	...	...	134	1,600	335						
	Baoni	...										
	Jigni	...										
		Scale 16″ to the mile.										
							Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
9th Division.	*District Azamgarh*											
	Pargana Sikandarpur ...	...	...	381	354	211						
			River survey scale 4″=1 mile ...			17	38,127	2	7	23,359	5	0
			Outlying work or principal features for one mile surveyed as connecting points.			29						
			16″ Scale ...			1,584						
			Total 4″ „			493	2,35,342	6	1	1,44,920	1	7
			Boundary in advance ...			1,001						
			Levelling operations.			*Linear miles.*						
			4th or Moradabad and Budaun districts			471	1,644	0	0	988	0	0
			5th or Muttra and Bánda districts ...			319	2,126	0	0	860	0	0
			6th or Agra district			287	1,854	8	0	785	0	0
			7th or Hamírpur district			417	1,603	15	9	1,280	13	0
			Total ...			1,494	7,228	7	9	3,913	13	0

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

24.—*Statement showing the Financial Results of Assessments in the several districts of the North-Western Provinces which have come under revision of Settlement up to the close of the Revenue year* 1874-75.

District.	Former land revenue minus cesses.	Revised land revenue minus cesses.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dehra Dún	40,200	57,972	17,772	...
Saháranpur	11,00,679	11,65,539	97,408	32,548
Muzaffarnagar ...	11,40,078	12,15,304	1,09,390	34,164
Meerut	18,26,139	21,84,675	3,58,708	172
Bulandshahr	11,13,685	12,51,658	1,38,983	1,010
Aligarh	18,48,575	21,46,794	2,98,219	...
Kumaun	2,01,301	3,42,012	1,40,711	...
Bijnor	11,82,017	11,78,901	61,845	64,961
Moradabad	2,01,944	2,60,288	58,344	...
Budaun	9,28,225	10,29,445	1,01,220	...
Bareilly	13,78,320	16,62,669	2,85,713	1,364
Pilibhít	3,11,362	4,12,052	1,00,690	...
Sháhjahánpur	9,75,356	11,84,446	2,09,131	41
Muttra	2,86,811	3,16,530	29,719	...
Agra	3,04,122	3,73,180	69,058	...
Farukhabad	11,25,458	12,46,733	1,21,275	...
Mainpuri	11,21,047	12,76,260	1,55,213	...
Etáwah	11,91,280	13,26,613	1,35,333	...
Etah	7,32,461	9,39,220	2,09,781	3,022
Cawnpore	15,05,781	15,15,375	40,208	30,614
Fatehpur	5,77,580	5,40,036	...	37,544
Allahabad	12,57,524	15,72,648	3,26,775	11,651
Jalaun	8,59,123	8,83,360	37,455	13,218
Jhánsi	5,56,825	4,59,047	...	97,751
Lalitpur	1,52,764	1,33,992	...	18,772
Gorakhpur and Basti ...	20,82,599	28,34,183	7,51,584	...
Azamgarh	12,99,693	17,11,608	4,11,915	...
Total ...	2,53,00,949	2,92,20,567	42,66,450	3,46,832

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

3.—*Statement of Settlement Charges incurred up to and during the Revenue year* 1874-75.

Number.	District.	Charges up to 1873-74.	Expended in 1874-75.	Total expenditure.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.
1	Dehra Dún	27,415 15 2	...	27,415 15 2
2	Muzaffarnagar	87,967 5 11	18,731 4 4	1,06,698 10 3
3	Meerut	...	...	...
4	Bulandshahr	...	...	...
5	Aligarh	1,13,535 6 9	45,368 14 3	1,58,904 5 0
6	Kumaun	41,324 3 0	...	41,324 3 0
7	Bijnor	1,01,314 11 4	...	1,01,314 11 4
8	Moradabad	1,27,044 7 3	*1,52,379 3 11	2,79,423 11 2
9	Budaun	15,370 11 6	...	15,370 11 6
10	Bareilly and Pilibhít ...	6,153 5 3	7,507 13 5	13,661 2 8
11	Sháhjahánpur	1,79,282 2 4	14,908 6 8	1,94,190 9 0
12	Muttra	1,65,680 11 9	1,18,964 1 9	2,84,644 13 6
13	Agra	1,01,877 3 6	1,11,252 6 8	2,13,129 10 2
14	Farukhabad	97,396 15 8	11,057 12 5	1,08,454 12 1
15	Mainpuri	70,216 5 8	...	70,216 5 8
16	Etáwah	1,12,571 8 5	12,553 13 10	1,25,125 6 3
17	Etah	57,765 1 3	12,308 15 3	70,074 0 6
18	Cawnpore	1,89,355 11 9	1,00,624 5 7	2,89,980 1 4
19	Fatehpur	1,67,255 10 4	94,498 6 11	2,61,754 1 3
20	Allahabad	2,37,550 15 5	1,34,684 3 5	3,72,235 2 10
21	Hamírpur	74,729 8 3	1,04,478 3 11	1,79,207 12 2
22	Bánda	11,892 13 4	71,385 4 7	83,278 1 11
23	Azamgarh	10,83,543 14 10	94,626 2 8	11,78,170 1 6
24	Jalaun	28,523 10 8	...	28,523 10 8
	Total ...	21,98,771 8 2	11,05,329 7 7	42,03,097 14 11

* Includes expenditure on account of pargana Káshipur.

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

4.—*Statement showing the Progress of Work in the Settlement Department during the Revenue year* 1874-75.

District.	Measured.	Remaining.	Inspected.	Remaining.	Assessed.	Remaining.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Tarái	52,245	68,477	...	120,722	...	120,722
Moradabad	330,492	568,935	309,658	899,427	199,355	1,264,517
Muttra	282,872	76,849	250,366	404,653	300,900	750,829
Agra	379,511	519,872	331,611	704,959	...	1,[illegible]3,948
Cawnpore	...	...	340,657	181,976	866,018	510,993
Fatehpur	...	...	255,809	227,948	267,090	630,527
Bánda	...	1,869,182	1,382	1,937,909	...	1,939,291
Hamírpur	490,264	609,414	502,091	871,838	...	1,512,156
Allahabad	...	...	344,472	109,204	102,451	712,784
Azamgarh	...	...	210,888	...	394,908	...
Total ...	1,605,493	3,712,729	2,546,934	5,458,636	2,130,722	8,635,767

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

5.—*Statement of partitions of Estates finished and confirmed within the Revenue year* 1874-75.

District.	Perfect partitions.					Imperfect partitions.				
	Cases pending.	Instituted.	Completed and confirmed.	*Number of Mahâls.* Before partition.	*Number of Mahâls.* After partition.	Cases pending.	Instituted.	Completed and confirmed.	*Number of Mahâls.* Before partition.	*Number of Mahâls.* After partition.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
Dehra Dún ...	2	4	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...
Saháranpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	38	112	57	57	72
Muzaffarnagar ...	48	131	19	19	60	8	67	18	2	14
Meerut	89	135	20	20	40	20	146	130	130	260
Bulandshahr ...	82	87	37	37	88	3	8	10	10	25
Aligarh	23	31	1	1	2	1	19	7	7	17
Kumaun	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Garhwál	...	...	...	...	...	31	41	26	...	...
Tarái pargana ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bijnor	39	53	23	23	57	4	9	4	4	8
Moradabad ...	14	75	9	9	27	11	39	2	1	2
Budaun	57	108	50	50	141	9	32	35	35	159
Bareilly	31	87	60	60	126	1	6	5	5	12
Sháhjahánpur ...	26	45	23	22	47	9	13	9	21	46
Muttra	54	76	15	15	41	13	58	13	13	36
Agra	51	65	24	29	39	3	11	3	1	3
Farukhabad ...	59	66	9	9	32	17	32	20	45	128
Mainpuri ...	27	31	6	6	15	16	26	13	39	58
Etáwah	32	36	27	27	105	1	13	2	2	5
Etah	6	21	8	8	16	140	35	86	86	322
Jalaun	8	8	5	5	28	2	3	3	3	17
Jhánsi	...	11	—	...	...	9	37	6	6	17
Lalitpur	4	7	6	6	15	...	2	...	...	...
Cawnpore ...	116	61	17	17	48	...	30	30	50	124
Fatehpur ...	44	25	12	7	15	11	2	1	1	2
Bánda	6	14	2	2	5	...	2	1	2	21
Allahabad ...	...	9	...	...	...	107	75	42	106	158
Hamírpur ...	23	19	3	3	6	4	31	16	4	21
Jaunpur	46	18	8	8	25	4	...	2	2	4
Gorakhpur ...	44	74	23	11	24	25	36	40	86	189
Basti	46	14	11	1	2	19	23	21	4	2
Azamgarh ...	39	40	9	9	54	28	161	33	37	216
Mirzapur ...	18	3	3	3	12	...	...	...	...	...
Benares	5	2	5	5	14	6	3	5	5	23
Gházipur ...	336	87	88	34	94	7	4	10	6	12
Total, 1874-75 ...	1,375	1,443	523	446	1,178	547	1,085	650	770	1,982

III.—PRO

A.—Po

1.—*General Statement of Crime showing the result of Police*

Recovery of

Number.	Description of Crime	Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous year and brought under enquiry during the year, including cases pending at close of last year.	Total.	By Police, *suo motu.*
		CA			
		INVES			
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
1	CLASS I., Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety, and justice ...	817	57	874	736
2	" II., Murder	350	74	424	355
3	" II., Culpable homicide	259	33	292	265
4	" II., Grievous hurt	1,186	55	1,241	1,144
5	" II., Other serious offences against person	2,245	88	2,333	2,141
6	" III., Dacoity	38	27	65	38
7	" III., Robbery	286	25	311	273
8	" III., Lurking house-trespass and house-breaking	25,566	77	25,643	25,557
9	" III., Other serious offences against person and property or against property only	374	11	385	358
10	" IV., Minor offences against person ...	10,214	68	10,282	4,843
11	" V., Lurking house-trespass ...	9,842	6	9,848	9,840
12	" V., Theft	35,864	294	36,158	74,866
13	" V., Criminal breach of trust ...	650	31	681	528
14	" V., Receiving stolen property ...	4,436	187	4,623	4,393
15	" V., Other minor offences against property	1,201	29	1,230	696
16	" VI., Belonging to gang of thugs, dacoits robbers or thieves	9	1	10	9
17	" VI., Vagrancy and bad character ...	1,567	36	1,603	966
18	" VI., Offences against religion ...	26	...	26	20
19	" VI., Cognizable offences against the Gambling Act	229	5	234	226
20	" VI., Ditto ditto, Excise Laws ...	994	7	1,001	881
21	" VI., Ditto ditto, Railway Laws ...	437	...	437	384
22	" VI., Ditto ditto, Salt and Customs Laws	322	...	322	16
23	" VI., Ditto ditto, Stage Carriage Act ...	7	...	7	3
24	" VI., Ditto ditto, Stamp Act ...	11	...	11	...
25	" VI., Nuisances and other offences against Special Laws, cognizable by Police	10,209	30	10,239	8,231
	Total ...	107,139	1,141	108,280	86,759

TECTION.

LICE.

Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime, and Property stolen.

SES.

TIGATED.		No. of cases in columns 5 to 7 how disposed of.							
			Convicted.			*Acquitted.*			
By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 680, Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate, after the Police had refused to enquire.	As per column 5.	As per column 6.	As per column 7.	As per column 5.	As per column 6.	As per column 7.		Number.
6.	7.	8.	9	10.	11.	12.	13.		
71	3	595	51	5	79	25	1	Class I.	1
7	...	216	4	...	83	3	...		2
6	...	208	6	...	41	5	...	" II.	3
46	3	770	31	2	142	8	...		4
109	14	1,189	57	12	341	50	4		5
1	...	35	...	...	14	...	...		6
15	2	150	2	1	38	7	...	" III.	7
							...		
12	...	2,284	1	...	391	1	...		8
18	...	33	4	...	37	7	6	" IV.	9
1,410	91	1,829	850	83	439	481	...		10
3	...	352	1	...	98	...	8		11
527	29	10,332	125	20	1,345	51	2	" V.	12
119	2	229	47	...	62	49	1		13
43	1	3,340	33	3	552	11	1		14
484	23	336	247	20	131	151			15
...	...	5	1	...	3	1	...		16
406	203	764	294	146	191	92	61		17
2	4	10	...	4	1	1	...		18
3	2	200	4	1	21	...	1	" VI.	19
110	4	785	80	2	84	30	2		20
52	1	214	48	1	27	4	...		21
305	1	15	295	1	1	8	...		22
4	...	3	2	...	...	2	...		23
11	...	...	8	...	...	2	...		24
1,975	2	7,463	1,928	9	433	262	1		25
5,739	385	31,357	4,119	310	4,554	1,251	88		

III.—PRO

A.—Po

1.—*General Statement of Crime showing the result of Police*

of property

CA

Number.	Description of crime.	Number of Cases in co how disposed					
		Under trial at close of year.			*Pending at end of last year.*		
		As per column 5.	As per column 6.	As per column 7.	As per column 5.	As per column 6.	As per column 7.
	1.	8.			9.		
1	Class I., Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety, and justice ...	18	3	...	121	36	6
2	" II., Murder	41	1	...	104	8	...
3	" II., Culpable homicide	20	...	...	61	2	1
4	" II., Grievous hurt	35	3	...	69	2	2
5	" II., Other serious offences against person	60	3	...	75	11	1
6	" III., Dacoity	3	1	...	86	3	...
7	" III., Robbery	6	1	...	16	5	...
8	" III., Lurking house-trespass and house-breaking	69	1	...	93	...	...
9	" III., Other serious offences against person and property, or against property only	4	...	...	19	...	...
10	" IV., Minor offences against person ...	14	2	...	78	12	...
11	" V., Lurking house-trespass	4	...	...	11	...	...
12	" V., Theft	123	3	...	204	10	5
13	" V., Criminal breach of trust	4	1	...	15	4	...
14	" V., Receiving stolen property	77	2	...	150	3	1
15	" V., Other minor offences against property,	4	3	...	14	9	...
16	" VI., Belonging to gang of thugs, dacoits, robbers or theives	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	" VI., Vagrancy and bad character ...	15	13	2	64	10	14
18	" VI., Offences against religion	1	...	...	...	...	...
19	" VI., Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	2	...	...	12	5	...
20	" VI., Ditto ditto, Excise Laws... ...	7	1	...	9	2	...
21	" VI., Ditto ditto, Railway Laws ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	" VI., Ditto ditto, Salt and Customs Laws...	...	1	...	...	...	...
23	" VI., Ditto ditto, Stage Carriage Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	" VI., Ditto ditto, Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	" VI., Nuisances and other offences against Special Laws, cognizable by Police ...	32	...	...	59	...	...
	Total ...	542	39	2	1,260	122	30

TECTION.

LICE.

Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime, and Recovery stolen—(continued).

SES.		PERSONS.								
LUMNS 5 TO 7 OF.		ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.		Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	RELEASED BY MAGISTRATE WITHOUT TRIAL.			NUMBER ACTUALLY PUT ON TRIAL		
Received by transfer.	Total pending.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate.		Arrested by Police and admitted to trial	Forwarded by order of the Magistrate.	Arrested and forwaredd by Police.	Arrested by Police	Arrested by order of Magistrate.	Number.
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.			16.		
4	167	2,535	635	8	22	68	114	2,495	609	CLASS I. 1
12	124	630	6[illegible]	10	1	8	29	696	70	2
1	65	545	62	4	3	5	28	575	59	3
...	73	1,711	274	2	12	39	70	1,687	238	„ II. 4
12	99	2,049	450	15	13	60	90	2,003	410	5
6	95	200	15	3	...	2	24	263	18	6
...	21	373	40	1	2	11	14	354	...	7
9	102	4,113	160	8	42	32	173	3,982	130	„ III. 8
...	19	96	48	...	...	14	8	107	34	9
...	90	3,643	3,474	5	52	489	193	3,472	2,998	„ IV. 10
...	11	549	17	2	4	1	22	538	16	11
18	237	15,741	920	24	61	204	552	15 244	732	12
2	21	289	164	1	3	22	22	281	144	13
26	180	6,306	308	55	41	22	280	6,090	293	„ V. 14
...	23	638	937	1	5	141	44	603	804	15
...	...	34	9	...	..	1	...	34	18	16
3	91	1,639	1,349	12	5	85	52	1,635	1,286	17
...	..	53	8	...	...	...	1	52	8	18
...	17	1,084	79	...	5	1	47	1,044	33	19
...	11	1,215	217	...	2	11	45	1,175	208	„ VI. 20
...	...	236	169	...	2	1	5	229	168	21
...	...	37	389	...	...	1	...	37	388	22
...	...	3	6	...	...	...	...	3	6	23
...	...	...	18	...	...	1	...	...	17	24
...	59	16,057	4,371	2	81	40	165	15,865	4,331	25
93	1,505	59,779	14,195	153	356	1,259	1,978	58,464	13,102	

III.—PRO

A.—Po

1.—*General Statement of Crime, showing the result of Police*

Recovery of

PER

Number.	Description of Crime.	Acquitted or discharged after trial — By Magistrate: Arrested by Police, *suo motu*	By Magistrate: Arrested by order of Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court: Arrested by Police *suo motu*	By Sessions or High Court: Arrested by order of Magistrate.
	1.	17.		18.	
1	CLASS I., Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety, and justice	338	157	30	8
2	Murder	92	12	141	24
3	Culpable homicide	80	23	72	7
4	„ II, Grievous hurt	302	89	9	9
5	Other serious offences against person	361	137	67	9
6	Dacoity	22	...	78	...
7	Robbery	71	20	18	6
8	„ III., Lurking house-trespass and house breaking	573	72	14	...
9	Other serious offences against person and property, or against property only	41	26	7	2
10	„ IV., Minor offences against person ...	643	839	5	...
11	Lurking house-trespass ...	113	9	...	...
12	Theft	1,911	273	14	2
13	Criminal breach of trust ...	52	72	...	...
14	„ V., Receiving stolen property ...	932	86	16	...
15	Other minor offences against property	163	194	3	1
16	Belonging to gang of thugs, dacoits, robbers or thieves	7	4	9	9
17	Vagrancy and bad character ...	318	350	...	...
18	Offences against religion ...	2	2	...	...
19	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	87	15	...	...
20	„ VI., Ditto ditto, Excise Laws ...	129	57	...	...
21	Ditto ditto, Railway Laws ...	22	15	...	...
22	Ditto ditto, Salt & Customs Laws	1	16	...	...
23	Ditto ditto, Stage Carriage Act,	...	3	...	...
24	Ditto ditto, Stamp Act ...	...	3	...	...
25	Nuisances and other offences against Special Laws, cognizable by police	686	618	...	...
	Total ...	6,956	3,092	483	77

TECTION.

LICE.

Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime, and Property stolen.

SONS.							PROPERTY.					
FINALLY CONVICTED, INCLUDING PERSONS ORDERED TO GIVE SECURITY FOR GOOD CONDUCT.		Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	NUMBER PENDING AT END OF YEAR.				Number of cases in which property was stolen	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.		Number.
Of arrests made by police *suo motu*.	Of arrests ordered to be made by Magistrate.		*Before being put on trial.* In custody of police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
19.		20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25	26.	27.	28.		
2,071	422	1	6	15	77	...	...	...	...	...	Class I.	1
371	19	3	6	1	39	64	68	40	2,423	806		2
387	25	...	...	...	14	26	...	...	...	...		3
1,329	161	1	10	2	45	7	...	...	...	...	„ II.	4
1,465	240	10	2	1	85	33	14	11	443	185		5
144	15	4	...	...	2	16	36	22	5,664	1,096		6
269	8	...	...	...	9	5	267	137	12,472	5,651		7
3,286	58	2	9	1	94	13	15,508	4,249	521,501	1,10,147	„ III.	8
50	5	...	...	...	4	2	2	2	71	11		9
2,886	2,154	24	6	2	29	...	...	...	...	...	„ IV.	10
417	7	1	...	...	5	...	47	31	931	181		11
13,224	450	6	17	...	148	3	35,254	15,854	3,88,737	1,74,664		12
228	72	...	...	1	5	...	591	259	33,952	13,725		13
5,039	198	3	10	4	107	...	313	4,125	5,033	88,878	„ V.	14
428	532	...	...	2	13	...	29	19	561	258		15
18	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...		16
1,285	896	2	3	...	70	...	...	...	...	...		17
47	6	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...		18
948	68	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...		19
1,035	147	1	...	2	14	...	...	...	...	...	„ VI.	20
207	153	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		21
36	370	...	...	..	2	...	...	...	...	...		22
3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		23
...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		24
15,144	3,697	...	...	...	51	...	...	...	...	...		25
50,237	9,724	58	69	33	826	169	52,129	24,748	9,71,788	3,95,702		

III.—PRO

A.—Po

2.—*Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Distribution,*

Number.	District.	Sanctioned strength of: Inspector-General and Assistant Inspectors-General.	Strength of Police paid for wholly or in part from Provincial Revenues. Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (a).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs 100 (a).	Number of mounted Police Constables.	Number of foot Police Constables.	Number of water Police Constables.
	I.	II	III.	IV.	V	VI.	VII.	VIII.
1	Meerut	...	1	...	132	27	578	...
2	Aligarh	...	1	...	97*b*	19	375	...
3	Saháranpur ...	...	1	...	88	10	334	...
4	Muzaffarnagar ...	...	1	...	75	6	293	...
5	Bulandshahr ...	...	1	...	94	23	354	...
6	Dehra Dún ...	...	1	...	44	...	165	...
7	Bareilly	...	1	...	132	21	606	...
8	Bijnor	...	1	...	78	11	318	...
9	Moradabad... ...	...	1	...	92	19	362	...
10	Budaun	...	1	...	83	14	309	...
11	Sháhjahánpur ...	...	1	...	78	12	298	...
12	Agra	...	1	...	146*c*	34	632	...
13	Muttra	...	1	..	87	14	337	...
14	Farukhabad ...	...	1	...	94	25	421	...
15	Mainpuri	..	1	...	79	22	308	...
16	Etáwah	...	1	...	83	10	302	...
17	Etah	...	1	...	66	14	237	...
18	Allahabad	...	1	...	163*d*	34	677	...
19	Cawnpore	...	1	...	106	26	419	...
20	Fatehpur	...	1	...	81	14	315	...
21	Bánda	...	1	...	104	7	378	...
22	Hamírpur	...	1	...	88	8	323	...
23	Jaunpur	...	1	...	80	14	317	...
24	Benares	...	1	...	95	21	437	...
25	Gorakhpur... ...	...	1	...	120*f*	19	*f* 453	...
26	Azamgarh	.	1	...	102	12	372	...
27	Mirzapur	...	1	...	115	22	391	...
28	Gházipur	...	1	...	98	17	400	...
29	Basti	...	1	...	87	14	311	...
30	Jhánsi	...	1	...	104	25	518	...
31	Jalaun	...	1	...	80	16	327	...
32	Lalitpur	...	1	...	79	16	309	...
	Total of District ...	...	D. S. 31	...	3,050	546	12,171	...
	Police	...	A.D.S.10	...	...	...	...	...
		...	41	148*e*		...	...	...
33	Govt. R. Police, N.-W. P	...	1	7	49	...	279	...
34	Govt. R. Police, N.-W. P., S. P. and D. Railway	...	...	1	1	...	50	...
	Total ...	4	42	156	3,100	546	12,500	...

(*a*). Columns IV. and V. include European Constables, according to pay.
(*b*). Includes one Sergeant on Rs. 80.
(*c*). Includes one Sergeant on Rs 60.
(*d*). Ditto three Sergeants on Rs. 80 and 60 respectively.
(*e*). Out of these 146 are District Inspectors, and 2 are European Sergeants on Rs. 100 each. One of Meerut, and the other of Allahabad.

TECTION.

LICE.

and Employment of Police for the year 1875.

Police Force.			Cost of Police			
Strength of Police paid wholly from other than Provincial Revenues.		Total Police of all kinds in district.	Total cost.	Payable from Provincial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Number.
Officers.	Men.					
IX.	X.	XI.	XII.	XIII.	XIV.	
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
56	662	1,456	1,52,407	1,02,657	49,750	1
42	499	1,033	1,05,359	72,456	32,903	2
35	390	858	88,634	63,463	25,171	3
22	323	720	76,629	56,415	20,214	4
30	376	878	90,444	67,500	22,944	5
7	63	279	30,251	24,962	5,289	6
37	591	1,388	1,48,023	1,07,207	40,816	7
23	236	667	76,505	61,293	15,212	8
34	455	963	1,02,224	69,974	32,250	9
12	252	671	74,095	58,796	15,299	10
26	257	672	79,916	59,201	20,715	11
40	507	1,360	1,55,109	1,09,693	45,416	12
26	385	850	92,675	66,058	26,617	13
28	374	943	1,02,792	76,203	26,589	14
10	124	544	68,623	61,241	7,382	15
9	115	520	67,665	60,084	7,581	16
15	191	524	61,793	49,874	11,919	17
32	346	1,253	1,54,629	1,25,992	28,637	18
42	392	986	1,13,451	84,263	29,188	19
5	106	522	67,319	61,811	5,508	20
9	112	611	76,818	70,015	6,803	21
12	130	562	69,249	60,981	8,268	22
6	172	590	70,362	60,260	10,102	23
34	401	989	1,20,051	82,065	37,986	24
4	158	755	93,748	85,446	8,302	25
11	151	649	78,381	70,073	8,308	26
18	337	884	1,20,840	81,397	21,443	27
16	278	810	91,682	74,672	17,010	28
1	24	438	64,163	62,771	1,392	29
5	128	776	94,438	87,634	6,804	30
11	139	574	68,184	59,658	8,526	31
1	35	441	60,150	58,177	1,973	32
659	8,709	25,166	28,98,609	22,92,292	6,06,317	
...	...	Col. IV. 148	42,000	42,000	...	
		A. D. S.	1,06,000	1,06,000	...	
		10	2,42,100	2,42,100	...	
...	...	25,324	32,88,709	26,82,392	...	
...	..	336	72,387	23,125	49,262	33
...	...	52	8,091	6,473	1,618	34
659	8,709	25,712	33,69,187	27,11,990	6,57,197	
		Col. II. 4	17,000	17,000*g*	...	
		25,716	33,86,187	27,28,990	...	

(*f*.) In addition to these strengths an increase of

		Rs.
2 Sub-Inspectors cost ...	60 0	
2 Head-contables @ Rs. 20,	40 0	
1 Ditto ...	15 0	
25 Constables,	Cost Rs. 143 12 per month.	
	Total Rs. 258 12 per month.	

Sanctioned by Government order No, 488 A., dated 18th July, 1875.

(*g*). Cost of great coats.

III.—PRO

A.—Po

2.—*Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Distribution,*

Number.	District.	DISTRIBUTION IN Guards at District and Central Jails. Officers.	Men.
	I.	XV.	XVI.
1	Meerut	8	61
2	Aligarh	2	10
3	Saháranpur	1	6
4	Muzaffarnagar	1	6
5	Bulandshahr	2	6
6	Dehra Dún	1	6
7	Bareilly	8	60
8	Bijnor	2	10
9	Moradabad	2	10
10	Budaun	1	6
11	Sháhjahánpur	1	6
12	Agra	8	65
13	Muttra	1	6
14	Farukhabad	8	66
15	Mainpuri	2	10
16	Etáwah	1	6
17	Etah	1	6
18	Allahabad	8	66
19	Cawnpore	1	6
20	Fatehpur	2	10
21	Bánda	1	6
22	Hamírpur	1	6
23	Jaunpur	2	10
24	Benares	8	65
25	Gorakhpur	3	15
26	Azamgarh	2	10
27	Mirzapur	2	10
28	Gházipur	3	15
29	Basti	21	116
30	Jhánsi	3	15
31	Jalaun	1	6
32	Lalitpur	1	6
33	Government Railway Police, North-Western Provinces	...	...
34	Government Railway Police, North-Western Provinces, Sindh, Panjab, and Delhi Railway ...	...	...
	Total	109	708

(*a*). Inspectors and Sergeants not shown in the

TECTION.

LICE.

and Employment of Police for the year 1875.

OF FORCE.						
DISTRICT.						
Gaurds over Lock-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasure.		*On other duties.*		On town or municipal duty.	In Cantonments.	Number.
Officers.	Men	Officers.	Men.			
XVII.	XVIII.	XIX.	XX	XXI.	XXII.	
14	78	110	466	558	160	1
10	47	5	417	541	...	2
9	59	91	266	411	14	3
6	42	69	250	345	...	4
8	39	84	332	406	..	5
9	44	38	111	36	34	6
14	87	110	480	593	35	7
8	41	68	278	259	...	8
9	47	82	323	489	...	9
9	43	73	274	264	...	10
13	84	64	220	258	25	11
13	63	123	540	479	68	12
9	46	72	304	411	..	13
9	51	86	320	386	16	14
8	48	68	273	134	...	15
8	52	73	255	124	...	16
8	41	55	206	206	...	17
23	144	124	509	367	11	18
13	59	91	381	361	73	19
9	47	72	270	111	...	20
13	63	89	317	121	...	21
16	85	70	241	142	...	22
15	69	62	253	178	...	23
3	24	65	388	412	23	24
11	60	109	394	162	...	25
13	74	86	301	162	...	26
5	32	39	440	351	4	27
10	59	88	340	294	...	28
21	150	4	100	25	...	29
30	162	70	362	120	13	30
10	52	68	286	150	...	31
6	39	72	280	36	...	32
		2,330 148*a*				
		2,528				
...	...	57	279	...	...	33
...	...	2	50	...	...	34
362	2,031	2,587	10,506	8,892	46	

distribution, therefore shown in a lump.

III.—PRO

A.—Po

3.—*Statement showing Equipment, Discipline, and Gene*

Number.	District.	PUNISH			
		Dismissed.		*Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own departmental officers.*	
		Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
	1	2.	3.	4.	5.
1	Meerut	5	13	13	72
2	Aligarh	3	14	22	21
3	Saháranpur	...	5	20	25
4	Muzaffarnagar	1	7	1	5
5	Bulandshahr	2	12	25	17
6	Dehra Dún	...	4	8	11
7	Bareilly	...	14	3	22
8	Bijnor	2	5	8	15
9	Moradabad	4	8	52	155
10	Budaun	...	5	13	22
11	Sháhjahánpur	...	1	15	62
12	Agra	...	13	23	114
13	Muttra	...	4	..	9
14	Farukhabad	...	3	20	33
15	Mainpuri	...	...	32	20
16	Etáwah	...	8	34	57
17	Etah	1	5	9	17
18	Allahabad	1	7	19	51
19	Cawnpore	1	5	71	79
20	Fatehpur	...	6	17	18
21	Bánda	6	8	31	58
22	Hamírpur	...	8	12	27
23	Jaunpur	1	3	12	19
24	Benares	...	7	31	94
25	Gorakhpur	3	15	35	58
26	Azamgarh	4	1	13	10
27	Mirzapur	2	14	25	48
28	Gházipur	2	8	28	35
29	Basti	7	12	12	8
30	Jhánsi	...	15	14	28
31	Jalaun	6	25	12	21
32	Lalitpur	1	3	17	22
33	Government Railway Police, N.-W. P.	3	19	30	81
34	Government Railway Police, N.-W. P., S. P. and D. Railway	...	4	...	20
	Total	55	281	677	1,354

TECTION.

LICE.

ral Internal Management of the Force for the year 1875.

MENT.								
PUNISHED JUDICIALLY BY A MAGISTRATE.								
Under Police Act.		*Under Sections* 330, 331, 348, *Penal Code.*		*Under Chapter IX. of Penal Code.*		*Other offences.*		
Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Number.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	
...	4	...	...	...	...	1	8	1
2	4	...	...	...	1	...	3	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	4
...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6
...	1	...	...	...	1	...	6	7
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
3	11	...	...	...	...	1	1	9
...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	10
...	1	...	...	...	1	4	1	11
...	1	...	—	...	...	...	5	12
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
...	1	2	...	...	...	...	4	14
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	15
3	6	...	...	2	...	1	3	16
...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	17
1	5	...	...	...	...	...	8	18
...	5	...	...	2	...	...	1	19
1	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	20
...	2	...	...	...	1	...	4	21
...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	22
3	6	...	...	...	...	...	1	23
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	7	24
1	1	...	...	...	...	2	8	25
...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	26
1	1	...	...	...	2	1	4	27
1	...	1	2	...	...	...	4	28
...	...	...	...	1	1	3	...	29
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	30
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31
...	4	...	...	1	3	...	...	32
...	5	...	...	...	1	1	2	33
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	34
17	68	5	2	6	17	20	80	

III.—PRO

A.—Po

3.—*Statement showing Equipment, Discipline, and General*

Number.	District.	Reward. Number of Police rewarded during the year. By promotion.	By money reward.	Number enlisted during the year.	Of ten years' service and upwards.
	1.	14.	15.	16.	17.
1	Meerut	152	38	123	538
2	Aligarh	...	22	34	364
3	Saháranpur	37	28	23	358
4	Muzaffarnagar	...	3	41	263
5	Bulandshahr	...	42	63	274
6	Dehra Dún	...	..	23	75
7	Bareilly	...	189	62	501
8	Bijnor	...	24	27	267
9	Moradabad	79	16	88	280
10	Budaun	33	189	16	285
11	Sháhjahánpur	16	14	18	369
12	Agra	...	82	74	460
13	Muttra	55	36	20	320
14	Farukhabad	...	41	20	427
15	Mainpuri	...	49	15	150
16	Etáwah	65	4	30	281
17	Etah	...	...	20	268
18	Allahabad	...	173	51	566
19	Cawnpore	...	15	45	329
20	Fatehpur	57	10	41	276
21	Bánda	8	11	49	271
22	Hamírpur	7	25	35	269
23	Jaunpur	...	22	31	216
24	Benares	118	76	58	488
25	Gorakhpur	2	308	90	312
26	Azamgarh	...	10	11	249
27	Mirzapur	...	39	52	284
28	Gházipur	50	62	29	386
29	Basti	22	249	33	194
30	Jhánsi	2	71	43	374
31	Jalaun	11	62	25	144
32	Lalitpur	5	31	14	113
33	Government Railway Police, N.-W. P. ..	81	15	45	132
34	Government Railway Police, N.-W. P., S. P. and D. Railway	...	2	6	7
	Total ...	800	1,958	1,346	10,090

TECTION.

LICE.

Internal Management of the Force for the year 1875.

Number who have left the Force during the year.								
On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (columns 2 and 3).	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Total.	Number.
18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24,	25.	
30	14	41	18	13	1	22	139	1
2	5	18	17	10	...	8	60	2
6	1	6	5	..	...	7	25	3
3	3	6	8	4	...	6	30	4
11	1	24	14	6	...	9	65	5
6	1	3	4	2	...	10	26	6
15	4	12	14	8	1	10	64	7
4	3	3	7	...	...	7	24	8
11	4	25	12	16	...	6	74	9
2	2	...	5	...	...	7	16	10
2	1	3	1	5	...	2	14	11
2	4	21	13	6	...	18	64	12
4	...	8	4	...	...	3	19	13
1	...	6	3	7	...	7	24	14
1	1	4	...	3	2	5	16	15
8	2	8	8	9	...	5	40	16
1	1	6	6	3	...	6	23	17
11	3	10	8	...	...	12	44	18
6	1	19	6	19	...	5	56	19
15	3	10	6	...	...	2	36	20
5	3	6	14	7	...	5	40	21
9	1	7	8	1	...	10	36	22
13	3	6	4	5	...	2	33	23
7	2	18	7	...	...	16	50	24
2	2	16	18	12	...	10	60	25
1	...	6	5	...	...	6	18	26
8	5	10	16	1	...	6	44	27
...	...	6	10	5	...	2	23	28
3	2	4	19	8	...	4	40	29
1	3	16	15	...	1	8	44	30
...	8	8	31	...	...	11	58	31
1	1	19	4	...	...	10	35	32
2	3	6	22	6	...	6	265	33
...	1	2	4	...	...	...	7	34
193	88	363	336	156	5	253	1,394	

III.—PRO

A.—Po

4.—*Return of Crime cognizable by Police shown*

Number.	District.	CLASS 1.—Offences against the State, Class. Total number of cases reported to have been committed during the year, and in previous years, but brought under enquiry during the year.	Total number of cases enquired into.	Total number of cases convicted.	Total number of cases acquitted.
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
1	Meerut	21	20	18	...
2	Aligarh	19	17	12	2
3	Saháranpur	14	14	13	1
4	Muzaffarnagar	12	12	9	...
5	Bulandshahr	10	10	6	1
6	Dehra Dún	1	1	1	...
7	Bareilly	44	43	34	4
8	Bijnor	15	15	12	...
9	Moradabad	61	59	39	13
10	Budaun	31	31	24	1
11	Sháhjahánpur	43	41	34	1
12	Agra	25	25	13	8
13	Muttra	13	13	11	2
14	Farukhabad	16	15	13	1
15	Mainpuri	18	18	13	3
16	Etáwah	22	22	19	...
17	Etah	20	18	16	2
18	Allahabad	28	25	22	2
19	Cawnpore	19	19	15	1
20	Fatehpur	25	25	18	...
21	Bánda	41	39	28	9
22	Hamírpur	14	14	11	1
23	Jaunpur	22	21	13	4
24	Benares	28	26	17	7
25	Gorakhpur	45	45	34	5
26	Azamgarh	33	31	27	2
27	Mirzapur	29	24	20	3
28	Gházipur	124	103	97	25
29	Basti	25	22	19	2
30	Jhánsi	13	13	10	2
31	Jalaun	6	6	5	...
32	Lalitpur	8	7	7	...
33	Tarai	2	2	2	...
34	Kumaun	14	14	12	2
35	Garhwál	6	2	2	...
36	Govt. R. P., N.-W. P. ...	6	6	4	2
37	Govt. P., S. P. & D. Ry. ...	1	1	1	...
	Total ...	874	819	651	106

TECTION.

LICE.

for each District of the North-Western Provinces.

PUBLIC TRANQUILLITY, SAFETY, AND JUSTICE.

Persons.					
Total number of persons arrested within the year, including those remaining at end of last year.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.	Finally convicted, including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.	Number.
6.	7.	8	9	10.	
37	1	36	4	32	1
75	25	48	13	34	2
59	2	57	10	47	3
35	...	35	1	34	4
32	9	23	6	15	5
1	...	1	...	1	6
169	6	163	38	119	7
47	...	47	...	45	8
268	1	267	58	209	9
86	1	85	4	81	10
265	...	265	56	201	11
109	5	104	28	57	12
65	15	50	4	46	13
111	...	111	18	92	14
57	1	56	10	46	15
44	...	44	...	44	16
71	9	62	4	58	17
87	...	87	4	83	18
56	...	56	11	45	19
104	...	104	16	80	20
125	...	119	21	98	21
47	...	47	15	32	22
153	25	111	2	99	23
116	24	91	24	67	24
100	18	82	10	63	25
180	...	180	38	142	26
136	...	136	37	98	27
438	42	396	62	334	28
127	...	127	16	101	29
60	19	39	3	36	30
20	...	19	11	8	31
14	...	14	...	13	32
10	...	10	2	8	33
20	1	19	5	14	34
5	...	5	...	5	35
6	...	6	2	4	36
2	...	2	...	2	37
3,337	204	3,104	533	2,493	

III.—PRO

A.—Po

4.—*Return of Crime cognizable by Police shown for each*

Number.	District.	Class II—Serious Cases. Total number of cases reported to have been committed during the year, and in previous years, but brought under enquiry during the year.	Total number of cases enquired into.	Total number of cases convicted.	Total number of cases acquitted.
	11.	10.	13.	14.	15.
1	Meerut	71	67	46	15
2	Aligarh	98	87	63	13
3	Saháranpur	64	56	46	7
4	Muzaffarnagar	60	59	29	14
5	Bulandshahr	65	65	46	...
6	Dehra Dún	8	8	6	1
7	Bareilly	193	182	134	29
8	Bijnor	78	69	46	15
9	Moradabad	185	176	79	36
10	Budaun	174	167	107	15
11	Sháhjahánpur	274	265	129	37
12	Agra	305	205	110	61
13	Muttra	65	63	48	9
14	Farukhabad	148	141	81	20
15	Mainpuri	92	84	51	21
16	Etáwah	127	117	83	18
17	Etah	110	103	60	21
18	Allahabad	194	183	136	26
19	Cawnpore	245	245	148	43
20	Fatehpur	99	96	72	12
21	Bánda	215	192	143	31
22	Hamírpur	111	106	55	19
23	Jaunpur	107	104	55	19
24	Benares	219	211	99	50
25	Gorakhpur	206	204	108	20
26	Azamgarh	121	120	68	17
27	Mirzapur	146	134	79	22
28	Gházipur	194	173	110	27
29	Basti	142	129	87	16
30	Jhánsi	78	76	50	4
31	Jalaun	89	89	50	18
32	Lalitpur	50	48	30	8
33	Tarái	6	6	5	1
34	Kumaun	37	35	22	12
35	Garhwál	3	3	3	...
36	Govt. Railway Police, N.-W. P.	9	8	4	3
37	Govt. Police, S. P. & D. Railway	2	2	2	...
	Total	4,290	4,078	2,493	680

TECTION.

LICE.

District of the North-Western Provinces—(continued).

OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.

Persons.					
Total number of persons arrested within the year, including those remaining at end of last year.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.	Finally convicted, including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.	Number.
16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	
137	8	129	36	92	1
155	28	127	23	94	2
94	14	79	8	62	3
86	14	70	16	52	4
113	21	92	2	80	5
16	6	3	1	8	6
322	8	314	65	230	7
126	1	122	34	74	8
225	7	218	65	130	9
257	35	216	11	193	10
341	2	339	91	231	11
379	22	350	159	178	12
120	20	99	22	74	13
191	...	187	48	126	14
175	2	171	72	90	15
157	8	147	32	109	16
167	34	133	30	87	17
283	4	278	70	201	18
327	...	325	101	205	19
182	...	178	41	124	20
426	...	423	92	299	21
131	9	120	27	83	22
126	27	98	9	85	23
264	19	243	87	146	24
210	13	197	29	163	25
140	2	138	44	82	26
169	...	167	51	108	27
240	27	212	23	187	28
220	11	208	50	152	29
87	5	81	8	69	30
158	2	153	40	100	31
46	2	44	7	33	32
8	1	7	2	5	33
55	6	49	13	35	34
4	...	4	...	1	35
10	...	10	4	6	36
3	...	3	...	3	37
6,150	358	5,740	1,413	3,997	

III.—PRO

A.—Po

4.—*Return of Crime cognizable by Police shown for each*

Number.	Districts.	CLASS III—SERIOUS OFFENCES. Cases. Total number of cases reported to have been committed during the year, and in previous years, but brought under enquiry during the year	Total number of cases enquired into.	Total number of cases convicted.	Total number of cases acquitted.
	21.	22	33.	24.	25.
1	Meerut	752	749	54	14
2	Aligarh	1,734	1,733	93	8
3	Saháranpur	765	764	29	10
4	Muzaffarnagar	305	302	25	10
5	Bulandshahr	628	628	49	4
6	Dehra Dún	48	48	5	2
7	Bareilly	2,830	2,826	104	19
8	Bijnor	457	450	53	8
9	Moradadad	773	770	47	19
10	Budaun	1,259	1,257	121	17
11	Sháhjahánpur	783	781	61	19
12	Agra	979	979	153	41
13	Muttra	491	491	72	19
14	Farukhabad	961	954	104	25
15	Mainpuri	437	435	59	13
16	Etáwah	524	512	58	13
17	Etah	370	369	47	8
18	Allahabad	1,116	1,111	104	25
19	Cawnpore	582	582	87	19
20	Fatehpur	249	247	66	4
21	Bánda	773	768	126	23
22	Hamírpur	349	348	112	17
23	Jaunpur	2,298	2,292	56	19
24	Benares	743	737	56	32
25	Gorakhpur	1,811	1,810	130	19
26	Azamgarh	858	855	137	19
27	Mirzapur	660	656	77	9
28	Gházipur	606	579	89	21
29	Basti	1,056	1,044	112	19
30	Jhánsi...	441	434	76	9
31	Jalaun...	624	624	111	6
32	Lalitpur	135	132	33	5
33	Tarái	...	...	...	...
34	Kumaun	6	5	4	1
35	Garhwál	...	...	...	...
36	Govt. R. P., N.-W. P. ...	1	1	...	...
37	Govt. P., S. P. and D. Ry. ...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	26,404	26,273	2,510	496

TECTION.

LICE.

District of the North-Western Provinces—(continued).

AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY, AND AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY					
Prisons.					
Total number of persons arrested within the year, including those remaining at end of last year.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.	Finally convicted, including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.	Number.
26.	27.	28	29.	30.	
93	9	84	19	64	1
162	16	146	10	130	2
63	9	54	8	44	3
87	3	84	30	52	4
105	26	79	14	58	5
8	1	7	1	6	6
194	9	185	36	143	7
124	5	114	20	93	8
113	7	106	28	65	9
232	45	187	4	173	10
126	...	136	40	94	11
342	2	339	103	225	12
156	33	121	24	91	13
215	...	215	52	163	14
139	...	139	30	108	15
119	14	103	11	83	16
88	6	81	8	72	17
224	...	224	53	171	18
206	...	206	40	166	19
125	1	124	20	92	20
237	...	235	64	169	21
173	3	170	37	130	22
126	26	100	10	84	23
136	15	121	37	81	24
251	26	223	32	190	25
301	3	298	52	240	26
139	...	136	15	117	27
202	32	170	18	151	28
345	19	325	87	227	29
151	115	140	9	113	30
227	1	225	27	193	31
54	...	54	6	47	32
...	...	...	...	...	33
9	...	9	1	8	34
...	...	...	...	...	35
...	...	...	...	...	36
...	...	...	...	...	37
5,282	322	4,940	946	3,843	

III.—PRO

A.—Po

4.—*Return of Crime cognizable by Police shown*

Number.	Districts.	Class IV.—Minor Offences. Cases. Total number of cases reported to have been committed during the year, and in previous years, but brought under enquiry during the year.	Total number of cases enquired into.	Total number of cases convicted.	Total number of cases acquitted.
	31.	32.	33.	34.	35.
1	Meerut	121	121	86	3
2	Aligarh	69	67	26	3
3	Sahâranpur	106	105	52	26
4	Muzaffarnagar	116	114	17	5
5	Bulandshahr	95	95	34	53
6	Dehra Dún	12	12	9	...
7	Bareilly	278	277	260	17
8	Bijnor	42	42	36	3
9	Moradabad	234	233	118	19
10	Budaun	320	319	35	5
11	Shâhjahânpur	263	263	56	25
12	Agra	504	504	224	263
13	Muttra	137	136	109	8
14	Farukhabad	70	68	88	5
15	Mainpuri	80	76	42	1
16	Etáwah	149	149	88	26
17	Etah	211	211	131	33
18	Allahabad	547	538	241	38
19	Cawnpore	274	274	152	79
20	Fatehpur	48	47	34	4
21	Bánda	254	228	117	39
22	Hamírpur	340	175	35	12
23	Jaunpur	60	57	36	4
24	Benares	286	281	129	49
25	Gorakhpur	4,010	404	205	17
26	Azamgarh	371	370	83	22
27	Mirzapur	180	176	76	13
28	Ghâzipur	669	592	113	96
29	Basti	98	97	41	3
30	Jhánsi	182	179	56	33
31	Jalaun	51	51	19	11
32	Lalitpur	54	41	28	3
33	Tarái	30	30	26	4
34	Kumaun	17	8	7	1
35	Garhwál	...	...	...	...
36	Govt. Railway Police, N.-W. P.	2	2	1	1
37	Govt. Police S. P. and E. Railway.	2	2	2	2
	Total ...	10,282	6,344	2,762	921

TECTION.

LICE.

for each District of the North-Western Provinces—(continued).

AGAINST THE PERSON.					
Persons.					
Total number of persons arrested within the year, including those remaining at end of last year.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.	Finally convicted, including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.	Number.
* 36.	37.	38.	39.	40.	
177	2	175	12	163	1
70	12	58	8	50	2
149	46	103	8	95	3
58	4	54	8	46	4
232	136	96	7	84	5
10	1	9	...	9	6
564	20	544	37	507	7
58	...	58	9	49	8
231	6	225	26	199	9
82	8	74	4	70	10
160	4	156	52	104	11
950	47	902	469	427	12
294	24	264	10	254	13
88	...	88	15	73	14
92	...	92	12	80	15
184	29	155	25	130	16
331	67	264	20	244	17
462	22	440	65	377	18
400	...	400	145	253	19
104	...	104	29	75	20
396	...	396	188	208	21
75	13	62	6	56	22
76	15	61	1	60	23
396	37	357	76	269	24
373	19	354	29	324	25
171	5	166	29	135	26
174	...	174	36	137	27
380	114	266	76	190	28
83	4	79	16	62	29
208	86	118	...	94	30
61	...	61	24	37	31
46	3	43	4	39	32
55	...	55	7	48	33
13	...	13	2	11	34
...	...	...	...	...	35
2	...	2	1	1	36
2	...	2	...	2	37
7,207	724	6,470	1,457	4,962	

III.—PRO

A.—Po

4.—Return of Crime cognizable by Police shown for each

Number.	Districts	Class V.—Minor Offences — Cases. Total number of cases reported to have been committed during the year, and in previous years, but brought under enquiry during the year.	Total number of cases enquired into.	Total number of cases convicted.	Total number of cases acquitted.
	41.	42.	43.	44.	45.
1	Meerut	1,103	976	492	59
2	Aligarh	1,066	924	434	55
3	Sahâranpur	756	715	329	126
4	Muzaffarnagar	769	763	197	50
5	Bulandshahr	991	956	323	17
6	Dehra Dún	318	300	117	16
7	Bareilly	2,139	1,485	685	93
8	Bijnor...	612	446	184	16
9	Moradabad	2,476	1,817	650	121
10	Budaun	1,736	1,344	409	38
11	Shâhjahânpur	2,085	1,534	475	92
12	Agra	2,021	1,870	627	198
13	Muttra	597	560	323	38
14	Farukhabad	1,225	1,142	348	60
15	Mainpuri	1,193	1,084	320	51
16	Etâwah	2,074	1,858	529	76
17	Etah	1,711	1,552	396	63
18	Allahabad	2,813	2,640	589	75
19	Cawnpore	2,240	2,085	772	157
20	Fatehpur	849	790	354	19
21	Bânda...	1,623	923	574	85
22	Hamírpur	2,188	1,203	708	80
23	Jaunpur	1,054	777	310	80
24	Benares	2,402	1,985	639	123
25	Gorakhpur	4,437	1,957	980	136
26	Azamgarh	2,286	1,948	552	50
27	Mirzapur	1,397	1,262	278	49
28	Gházipur	2,179	1,942	488	187
29	Basti	2,482	1,909	613	61
30	Jhánsi...	1,082	667	298	34
31	Jalaun...	902	761	403	54
32	Lalitpur	794	591	302	50
33	Tarâl	140	72	65	7
34	Kumaun	167	134	113	21
35	Garhwâl	77	28	21	7
36	Govt. R. P., N.-W. P. ...	512	508	166	20
37	Govt. P. S. P. and D Ry. ...	50	48	27	...
	Total ...	52,546	41,556	15,019	2,464

TECTION.

LICE.

District of the North-Western Provinces—(continued).

Against Property.					
Persons.					
Total number of persons arrested within the year, including those remaining at the end of last year.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.	Finally convicted, including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.	Number.
46.	47.	48.	49.	50.	
769	15	753	112	641	1
717	54	662	71	571	2
727	141	584	109	471	3
359	14	344	66	272	4
642	163	474	18	440	5
168	16	150	8	139	6
1,162	47	1,111	171	921	7
327	2	320	45	273	8
1,159	35	1,124	208	905	9
719	106	608	27	581	10
814	3	805	185	605	11
1,207	23	1,182	345	820	12
583	81	500	43	457	13
627	1	622	118	496	14
570	...	570	121	435	15
888	22	861	118	727	16
669	57	608	72	524	17
928	4	924	132	791	18
1,277	6	1,265	264	999	19
634	2	628	69	550	20
1,081	1	1,071	271	790	21
1,036	11	1,021	132	884	22
595	155	433	12	417	23
1,075	57	1,016	202	782	24
1,787	112	1,672	154	1,513	25
985	11	971	105	857	26
446	...	440	89	346	27
1,006	162	840	167	672	28
1,093	27	1,063	149	889	29
513	60	443	29	397	30
656	1	652	107	542	31
506	3	503	87	403	32
114	6	108	13	95	33
178	10	168	36	132	34
48	8	39	11	28	35
248	2	246	41	205	36
41	9	32	...	32	37
26,354	1,427	24,813	3,907	20,602	

III.—PRO

A.—Po

4.—*Return of Crime cognizable by Police shown for*

Number.	Districts.	Class VI.—Other Offences — Cases. Total number of cases reported to have been committed during the year, and in previous years, but brought under enquiry during the year.	Total number of cases enquired into.	Total number of cases convicted.	Total number of cases acquitted.
	51.	52.	53.	54.	55.
1	Meerut	947	946	887	58
2	Aligarh	211	209	203	5
3	Sahâranpur	476	472	443	32
4	Muzaffarnagar	141	139	125	11
5	Bulandshahr	530	530	502	15
6	Dehra Dún	216	216	208	8
7	Bareilly	270	267	221	49
8	Bijnor	225	222	190	32
9	Moradabad	274	274	228	31
10	Budaun	186	180	155	21
11	Shâhjahânpur	266	265	232	26
12	Agra	937	937	756	179
13	Muttra	165	165	145	19
14	Farukhabad	161	159	145	11
15	Mainpuri	100	100	86	14
16	Etâwah	207	202	178	13
17	Etah	85	82	67	12
18	Allahabad	2,643	2,637	2,319	278
19	Cawnpore	1,692	1,692	1,584	104
20	Fatehpur	250	246	227	19
21	Bánda	226	226	189	33
22	Hamírpur	120	119	104	13
23	Jaunpur	184	183	154	19
24	Benares	784	780	697	66
25	Gorakhpur	383	383	359	15
26	Azamgarh	272	272	236	27
27	Mirzapur	252	247	223	25
28	Ghâzipur	485	479	413	52
29	Basti	171	169	164	4
30	Jhánsi	222	217	208	6
31	Jalaun	49	49	45	4
32	Lalitpur	55	54	51	4
33	Tarái	20	20	19	1
34	Kumaun	309	308	304	4
35	Garhwál	2	1	1	...
36	Government Railway Police, N.-W. P.	370	370	203	26
37	Government Police, S. P. & D. Railway.	4	4	3	...
	Total	13,890	13,821	12,274	1,236

TECTION.

LICE.

each District of the North-Western Provinces—(concluded).

NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.					
Persons.					
Total number of persons arrested within the year, including those remaining at the end of last year.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.	Finally convicted, including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.	Number.
56.	57.	58.	59.	60.	
2,400	...	2,400	231	2,167	1
519	11	507	14	491	2
1,007	36	968	36	932	3
335	21	314	22	291	4
1,261	53	1,208	30	1,176	5
327	21	305	5	300	6
423	5	418	96	322	7
434	1	433	60	369	8
599	2	597	63	528	9
325	56	269	20	249	10
460	...	460	50	403	11
1,937	1	1,936	387	1,541	12
369	15	354	25	329	13
347	...	347	20	326	14
245	...	245	28	219	15
434	4	430	30	387	16
169	13	153	9	139	17
4,423	121	4,302	383	3,903	18
3,209	...	3,209	179	3,019	19
460	...	459	46	407	20
488	...	488	67	417	21
364	7	357	38	319	22
268	27	241	6	235	23
1,675	99	1,570	98	1,451	24
877	28	849	37	793	25
582	4	578	91	471	26
411	...	408	44	364	27
1,131	...	1,130	158	971	28
296	4	292	19	265	29
312	9	303	5	298	30
147	...	147	12	135	31
82	...	32	7	75	32
38	...	38	3	35	33
477	9	468	...	468	34
1	...	1	...	1	35
318	3	315	36	279	36
7	1	6	...	6	37
27,157	551	26,587	2,353	24,081	

III.—PRO

A.—Po

5.—*Comparative Return by Districts (of the years* 1874 *and* 1875) *with Value of Property*

Number.	Districts.	Murders.		Dacoities.	
		1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
1	Meerut	6	5	6	...
2	Aligarh	10	6	5	2
3	Sahâranpur	4	9	...	...
4	Muzaffarnagar	7	7	1	4
5	Bulandshahr	9	4	9	2
6	Dehra Dún	2	1	...	...
7	Bareilly	13	19	2	2
8	Bijnor	6	12	...	...
9	Moradabad	16	14	1	2
10	Budaun	11	12	2	4
11	Shâhjahânpur	4	12	1	...
12	Agra	21	17	5	4
13	Muttra	11	6	2	...
14	Farukhabad	19	23	1	3
15	Mainpuri	10	11	5	...
16	Etâwah	9	12	3	...
17	Etah	11	15	5	...
18	Allahabad	17	12	4	...
19	Cawnpore	24	16	12	...
20	Fatehpur	14	13	1	...
21	Bánda	20	17	1	...
22	Hamírpur	8	7	2	1
23	Jaunpur	8	4	...	1
24	Benares	4	3	4	...
25	Gorakhpur	10	5	8	1
26	Azamgarh	12	9	11	3
27	Mirzapur	11	4	2	1
28	Gházipur	2	3	8	3
29	Basti	11	7	6	1
30	Jhánsi	2	7	4	1
31	Jalaun	12	7	7	2
32	Lalitpur	1	2	2	1
33	Tarâi	2	1	...	...
34	Kumaun	2	2	...	...
35	Garhwál	1	1	...	...
36	Govt. Railway Police, E. I. Railway ...	1	...	...	...
37	Govt. Police, S. P. and D. Railway ...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	331	305	120	38

TECTION.

LICE.

of the principal Offences against Person and against Property, together stolen and recovered.

Robberies.		Lurking-house trespass in order to commission of thefts, &c., and house-breaking (excluding attempts).		Cattle thefts.		Ordinary thefts.		Number.
1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.	
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	
20	12	351	490	118	155	645	662	1
9	12	1,015	1,423	63	108	608	740	2
3	3	372	408	105	79	414	433	3
10	4	197	210	99	152	240	339	4
6	3	399	617	136	178	427	493	5
2	...	54	58	9	11	197	246	6
14	15	795	2,113	250	188	1,508	1,596	7
1	1	358	317	62	95	377	444	8
16	15	690	495	370	277	1,735	1,725	9
15	6	592	1,214	240	139	1,088	976	10
1	6	615	751	85	78	1,225	1,366	11
30	22	896	961	188	164	1,008	898	12
6	3	377	329	88	82	442	387	13
6	3	748	939	60	70	443	534	14
6	7	356	425	65	66	365	472	15
13	8	572	642	64	120	706	889	16
2	3	318	462	74	96	480	698	17
22	26	1,342	1,558	38	59	1,335	1,335	18
3	3	819	722	103	105	1,591	1,305	19
3	6	228	205	73	64	526	425	20
3	7	683	612	80	81	1,456	1,328	21
3	6	310	368	117	143	1,721	1,663	22
13	10	825	1,083	127	161	926	747	23
15	11	984	898	148	104	1,730	1,504	24
24	13	1,522	1,139	335	170	3,644	3,739	25
37	28	1,080	885	395	215	868	843	26
11	10	516	627	66	44	917	682	27
38	21	856	707	173	136	1,300	1,097	28
7	6	801	1,036	210	179	1,678	1,607	29
6	5	585	416	91	73	1,136	889	30
9	4	630	548	55	79	520	652	31
1	2	220	139	69	113	573	569	32
1	...	1	...	58	39	86	70	33
5	4	4	2	12	5	108	117	34
...	...	...	4	...	1	43	69	35
1	1	3	14	...	...	659	461	36
1	...	5	...	...	...	39	37	37
369	286	20,119	22,817	4,226	3,829	32,764	32,035	

III.—PRO

A.—Po

5.—*Comparative Return by Districts (of the years* 1874 *and* 1875) *with Value of Property*

Number.	Districts.	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.		Pro Sto Number of cases.	
		1874	1875.	1874.	1875.
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
1	Meerut	...	...	1,089	1,228
2	Aligarh	...	...	1,303	1,771
3	Sahâranpur	2	...	851	849
4	Muzaffarnagar	4	2	553	712
5	Bulandshahr	...	2	770	947
6	Dehra Dún	...	...	263	309
7	Bareilly	...	1	2,514	2,547
8	Bijnor	...	...	753	811
9	Moradabad	5	3	2,442	2,352
10	Budaun	...	...	1,936	1,678
11	Shâhjahânpur	1	...	1,773	2,024
12	Agra	2	5	2,077	1,943
13	Muttra	...	1	888	785
14	Farukhabad	1	...	1,012	1,300
15	Mainpuri	1	1	825	949
16	Etáwah	...	...	1,190	1,468
17	Etah	1	..	837	1,137
18	Allahabad	2	...	2,158	2,270
19	Cawnpore	5	2	2,567	2,077
20	Fatehpur	...	...	779	657
21	Bánda	1	...	2,010	1,812
22	Hamírpur	3	...	2,143	2,138
23	Jaunpur	1	...	1,894	1,645
24	Benares	2	1	2,702	2,330
25	Gorakhpur	...	...	5,230	4,743
26	Azamgarh	1	...	2,259	1,801
27	Mirzapur	6	...	1,485	1,296
28	Ghâzipur	2	...	2,150	1,716
29	Basti	...	1	2,610	2,616
30	Jhánsi	...	1	1,754	1,352
31	Jalaun	1	...	1,185	1,235
32	Lalitpur	...	...	851	816
33	Tarái	...	...	157	127
34	Kumaun	...	...	131	133
35	Garhwál	...	...	18	21
36	Govt. R. Police, E. I. Railway ...	...	...	691	499
37	Govt. P., S. P. and D. Railway...	...	...	47	36
	Total	41	20	53,039	52,130

TECTION.

LICE.

of the principal Offences against Persons and against Property, together stolen and recovered—(concluded).

PERTY.								
len.		*Recovered.*				Attempt at lurking-house trespass in order to commission of thefts.		
Value of property.		Number of cases.		Value of property.				Number.
1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.	1874.	1875.	
6.	7.	8.	9.	10	11.	12.		
Rs.	Rs.			Rs	Rs.			
44,990	46,981	653	662	18,895	18,270	259	305	1
26,171	48,996	637	779	9,302	12,359	186	308	2
33,202	22,745	495	449	12,097	9,796	414	361	3
16,151	28,194	319	339	7,661	8,779	181	203	4
77,845	27,529	492	509	14,988	7,917	97	161	5
8,610	13 090	142	175	5,542	5,341	7	10	6
56,637	46,382	1,263	1,246	27,030	19,598	2,016	739	7
11,925	20,736	344	349	3,980	5,236	135	136	8
56,595	33,899	1,000	1,034	16,231	17,929	77	323	9
39,409	27,713	845	711	15,140	10,907	1,008	400	10
20,0[illegible]4	23,905	828	897	8,915	10,281	316	362	11
63,317	53,224	1,141	1,072	24,316	17,275	613	578	12
28,619	43,069	525	486	10,983	20,364	232	167	13
24,298	21,490	503	743	7,913	9,954	413	427	14
26,220	20,892	488	550	10,699	12,315	431	509	15
23,542	17,832	645	773	8,617	8,023	598	634	16
13,715	22,953	556	611	10,112	8,564	560	636	17
53,918	49,342	1,022	873	14,478	8,278	394	689	18
61,963	33,551	1,267	1,059	21,424	12,587	462	377	19
16,601	13,053	568	492	10,288	6,024	269	292	20
19,463	17,360	1,060	850	7,826	9,271	158	159	21
20,535	17,448	1,243	1,185	11,699	10,231	163	128	22
29,517	31,067	917	670	10,473	8,763	1,409	1,189	23
1,04,673	67,911	1,181	943	32,334	24,[illegible]58	286	405	24
54,970	37,354	1,887	1,484	24,501	13,784	760	665	25
26,071	22,932	1,330	926	17,356	12,764	869	937	26
31,108	27,045	668	528	9,012	10,923	479	538	27
50,783	31,209	1,172	901	22,101	16,257	556	385	28
28,250	30,570	1,385	1,153	12,930	19,918	182	384	29
19,990	13,915	781	625	7,587	7,653	50	40	30
25,226	24,772	636	687	6,822	8,686	128	152	31
8,202	11,477	375	525	4,125	14,059	9	12	32
5,667	5,688	94	86	2,163	12,506	...	...	33
3,047	5,681	90	104	1,712	2,047	...	...	34
335	967	16	17	239	473	...	...	35
11,452	10,823	212	225	7,357	4,146	1	...	36
869	1,136	31	29	419	115	...	...	37
11,43,970	9,72,931	26,811	24,747	4,37,267	3,95,651	13,718	12,591	

III.—PROTECTION.

A.—Police.

6.—*Statement showing the Actuals of Police Charges in the North-Western Provinces from 1st January to 31st December*, 1875.

Number.	Items.	Actual expenditure from January to December, 1875.
	Provincial Service Charges.	Rs.
1	Superintendence	99,432
2	District Executive Police	27,44,425
3	Thugi and Dacoity Police	1,055
4	Government Railway Police	85,581
5	Kumaun and Tarái Civil Police	19,896
*	Total Provincial Services, Police	29,50,389
	Local Funds Charges.	
6	Village Chaukidári	21,75,080
7	General Police Fund	16,222
8	Police Chandá Fund	24,618
9	Infanticide Fund	22,630
	Total Local Funds, Police	22,38,550
	Total of Provincial Services Police	29,50,389
	Total of Local Funds, Police	22,38,550
	Grand Total Charges	51,88,939

III.—PROTECTION.

A.—POLICE.

7.—*Statement of Village Police arranged by Districts in the North-Western Provinces on the 31st December,* 1875.

Number.	Name of Districts.	Population of the district after deduction of the population of towns under Acts VI. of 1868 and XX of 1856.	Number of inhabited villages.	Number of chaukidárs.	Sanctioned cost per annum.	Number of inhabitants to each chaukidár.	Number.
					Rs.		
1	Meerut	1,042,979	1,515	2,574	95,364	405	1
2	Aligarh	923,453	1,803	2,020	73,440	457	2
3	Saháranpur ...	883,329	1,538	1,624	58,566	543	3
4	Muzaffarnagar ...	580,715	937	1,237	45,108	469	4
5	Bulandshahr ...	783,732	1,685	2,008	72,792	390	5
6	Dehra Dún ...	102,404	454	100	3,600	1,024	6
7	Bareilly	1,302,286	3,430	2,999	1,08,228	434	7
8	Bijnor	737,152	1,972	1,780	64,206	414	8
9	Moradabad ...	911,505	2,628	2,290	82,680	398	9
10	Budaun	823,814	2,429	1,990	71,640	413	10
11	Sháhjahánpur ...	814,848	2,556	2,013	72,522	404	11
12	Ágra	1,040,462	2,989	2,635	95,472	394	12
13	Muttra	732,371	891	1,496	54,672	489	13
14	Farukhabad ...	918,748	3,774	2,055	74,238	447	14
15	Mainpuri ..	722,692	3,767	1,850	67,140	390	15
16	Etáwah	612,303	3,170	1,470	53,412	416	16
17	Etah	602,655	2,673	1,321	47,976	456	17
18	Allahabad ...	1,209,163	3,580	3,500	1,27,272	345	18
19	Cawnpore ...	1,071,668	2,704	2,985	1,09,170	359	19
20	Fatehpur ...	598,639	1,395	1,898	68,982	315	20
21	Bánda	651,806	1,158	1,772	64,560	367	21
22	Hamírpur ...	459,949	741	1,219	44,202	377	22
23	Jaunpur	963,501	2,898	2,000	72,756	481	23
24	Benares	530,177	2,156	1,438	51,924	368	24
25	Gorakhpur ...	1,918,848	7,110	2,298	82,728	835	25
26	Azamgarh ...	1,459,122	5,124	2,538	91,368	574	26
27	Mirzapur ...	907,256	5,403	1,360	49,428	667	27
28	Gházipur ...	1,299,931	3,884	2,708	98,046	480	28
29	Basti	1,459,549	9,620	1,982	71,352	736	29
30	Jhánsi	285,547	559	722	26,010	395	30
31	Jalaun	348,046	927	1,180	42,642	294	31
32	Lalitpur	193,008	657	477	17,172	404	32
	Total ...	26,891,658	86,127	59,538	21,58,668	451	

III.—PRO

A.—Po

8.—*Statement showing the Number and Cost of Municipal*

Number.	Districts.	Number of Towns and Cantonments.	*Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors.*		*Head Constables, Mounted Constables, and Foot Constables.*		*Jemadars.*	
			Number.	Cost per annum.	Number.	Cost per annum.	Number.	Cost per annum.
				Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1	Meerut	19	1	1,200	169	14,016	6	720
2	Aligarh	25	...	...	..		20	1,704
3	Saháranpur ...	14	...	...	14	1,164	13	936
4	Muzaffarnagar ...	13	...	...	...	...	16	1,618
5	Bulandshahr ...	15	...	...	...	...	15	1,080
6	Dehra Dún ...	3	...	...	15	1,464	1	144
7	Bareilly	19	1	360	34	2,640	2	144
8	Bijnor	11	...	...	...	...	11	828
9	Moradabad ...	8	...	...	...	...	8	624
10	Budaun	15	...	...	...	...	3	264
11	Sháhjahánpur ...	7	...	...	...	...	8	672
12	Agra	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Muttra	13	...	...	...	...	7	498
14	Fatehgarh ...	21	...	...	21	1,776	6	504
15	Mainpuri ...	6	...	...	...	...	6	456
16	Etáwah	5	...	...	...	...	4	336
17	Etah	15	...	...	...	...	5	408
18	Allahabad ...	12	...	...	...	...	6	576
19	Cawnpore ...	11	1	360	76	5,952	7	528
20	Fatehpur ...	6	...	...	...	...	3	252
21	Bánda	4	...	...	...	...	5	312
22	Hamírpur ...	11	...	...	...	..	12	1,200
23	Jaunpur	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	Benares	4	...	...	23	1,752	1	96
25	Gorakhpur ...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	Azamgarh ...	12	...	...	...	...	8	480
27	Mirzapur ...	6	...	...	4	336	1	72
28	Gházipur ...	13	...	...	...	...	5	456
29	Basti	2	...	...	...	...	1	96
30	Jhánsi	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	Jalaun	4	...	...	...	...	4	240
32	Lalitpur,... ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	326	3	1,920	356	29,100	184	15,306

TECTION.

LICE.

Police in the North-Western Provinces.

Doffadars.		*Chaukidárs.*		Clothing of Constables (Mounted and Foot)	Clothing of Town Chaukidárs.	*Grand Total.*		Number.
Number.	Cost per annum.	Number.	Cost per annum.			Total number of men.	Total cost per annum.	
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.		Rs. a. p.	
...	...	188	8,982	1,108 4 0	1,128	364	27,154 4 0	1
...	...	176	8,424	...	1,056	196	11,184 0 0	2
...	...	156	7,488	93 0 0	846	183	10,527 0 0	3
...	...	226	11,160	...	1,356	242	14,196 0 0	4
...	...	205	9,840	...	1,050	220	11,970 0 0	5
...	...	22	1,512	93 0 0	24	38	3,237 0 0	6
...	...	121	4,584	232 8 0	726	158	8,686 8 0	7
...	...	109	4,578	...	654	120	6,060 0 0	8
...	...	95	4,560	...	570	103	5,754 0 0	9
...	...	103	4,632	...	618	103	5,514 0 0	10
...	...	80	3,738	...	480	88	4,890 0 0	11
...	...	30	1,128	...	180	30	1,308 0 0	12
...	...	166	6,972	...	996	173	8,466 0 0	13
...	...	133	5,802	139 8 0	798	160	9,019 8 0	14
...	...	74	3,108	...	444	80	4,008 0 0	15
...	...	48	2,238	...	288	52	2,862 0 0	16
...	...	75	3,150	...	450	80	4,008 0 0	17
...	.	93	4,464	...	558	99	5,598 0 0	18
...	...	86	3,300	511 8 0	516	170	11,167 8 0	19
...	...	70	2,940	...	420	73	3,612 0 0	20
...	...	47	1,716	...	282	52	2,310 0 0	21
...	...	130	6,288	...	780	142	8,268 0 0	22
1	84	59	2,556	...	354	60	2,994 0 0	23
...	...	19	852	162 12 0	114	43	2,976 12 0	24
...	...	92	3,864	...	552	92	4,416 0 0	25
...	...	114	4,788	...	684	122	5,952 0 0	26
...	...	42	1,698	23 4 0	204	47	2,333 4 0	27
...	...	155	6,618	...	858	160	7,932 0 0	28
...	...	24	1,152	...	144	25	1,392 0 0	29
1	72	63	2,412	...	378	64	2,862 0 0	30
...	...	49	1,764	...	294	53	2,298 0 0	31
...	...	19	798	...	114	19	912 0 0	32
2	156	3,069	1,37,106	2,363 12 0	17,916	3,614	2,03,867 12 0	

III.—PROTECTION.

B.—Criminal Justice.

1.—*Statement showing the general result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the North-Western Provinces in the year* 1875.

Class of Tribunals.	Number of Persons dealt with					Persons disposed of.					Remaining at end of the year.	Average number of days during which each case lasted.	Number of witnesses who attended.
	Remaining at end of last year.	*Brought to trial during the present year.* By arrest.	By summons or recognizance.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred	Died, escaped or transferred.			
Honorary Magistrates	32	5,024	9,259	...	14,315	2,526	1,624	10,088	35	6	36	5	19,513
Subordinate ditto	187	18,279	35,707	82	54,255	8,851	5,490	39,015	628	54	217	7	108,906
Full-power ditto	902	34,835	31,502	519	67,758	10,951	8,783	46,020	2,034	128	742	8	159,876
Magistrates of Districts	110	3,329	3,013	147	6,599	703	734	4,699	380	47	36	7	12,810
Total, Magistracy ...	1,231	61,467	79,481	748	142,927	22,131	16,631	99,822	3,077	235	1,031	7	301,105
Sessions Court	331	2,103	275	187	2,896	35	677	1,901	92	9	182	35	12,715
High Court	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	11
Grand Total ...	1,562	63,570	79,757	935	145,824	22,166	17,308	101,724	3,169	244	1,213	14	313,831

III.—PROTECTION.

B.—Criminal Justice.

2.—*Statement of persons tried, convicted, and acquitted for each Offence in the N.-W. Provinces, in the year* 1875.

Description of Offences.	Section of the Penal Code.	Number of persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
CLASS I.						
Offences against the State, the Public, and Justice.						
Against the State.						
Waging war against the Queen	121	...	...	...	...	
Collecting arms or concealing attempt to wage war	122,123	...	...	...	...	
War or depredation on allied powers ...	125 to 127	...	...	...	...	
Abetment of mutiny. Mutiny Act ...	131 and 132	...	...	...	...	
Relating to Coin, Stamps, Weights, and Measures.						
Counterfeiting coin	231 to 238	30	8	18	4	
Diminishing or altering coin	246 to 249	8	4	4	...	
Passing or possessing bad or altered coin ...	239 to 243 and 250 to 254	149	45	100	3	
Counterfeiting stamps or selling same ...	255 to 259	3	1	2	...	
Using as genuine counterfeit stamps, or effacing or altering same	260 to 263	27	11	16	...	
Making, using, or possessing false weights or measures	264 to 267	283	108	175	...	

III.—PROTECTION.

B.—Criminal Justice.

2.—Statement of persons tried, convicted, and acquitted for each Offence in the N.-W. P., in the year 1875.—(contd).

Description of Offences.	Section of the Penal Code.	Number of persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
CLASS I.—(*continued.*)						
Against Public Justice.						
Personating public servant or soldier ...	140, 170 and 171	53	13	39	1	
Concealing design to commit offence ...	118 to 120	7	2	4	1	
Omitting to give information of offence, or giving false information...	176 & 177, 181 & 182, 202 & 203,	1,351	358	976	16	
Causing disappearance of evidence... ...	201 and 204	65	21	43	1	
Resisting, or obstructing, or omitting to assist public servant	183 to 187, 189 and 190	1,376	470	898	5	
Disobedience of lawful order, causing injury ...	188	3,476	569	2,900	7	
Intentional insult or interruption in judicial proceedings...	228	368	8	360	...	
Harbouring an offender	212 to 216	51	16	33	2	
Taking gift to screen offender	213 to 215	231	97	126	8	
Resistance to lawful apprehension and rescue...	224 and 225	329	54	269	3	
Escape from lawful custody or transportation...	224 to 226	96	13	81	...	
Absconding from, avoiding or disobeying summons or notice, or order to attend, or produce, or refusing to answer or sign	172 to 175 and 178 to 180	1,195	266	919	10	
Failure to attend as Juror or Assessor ...	C. P. 414	...	...	...	...	

By Public Servants.					
Taking valuable thing by, or to influence, public servant	161 to 165	220	99	118	3
Public servant acting illegally to injure any person	166 and 167	29	14	15	...
Ditto unlawful trading	168 and 169	3	...	3	...
Ditto fraudulently defeating punishment or forfeiture	217 and 218	31	17	14	...
Ditto wilfully making order or decision contrary to law	219 and 220	4	1	3	...
Ditto intentionally omitting to apprehend, or permitting to escape ...	221 and 222	33	4	29	...
Ditto negligently suffering escape ...	129 to 223	77	11	63	3
Breach of Police Act by Police Officers ...	...	232	30	199	3
False evidence, false complaints or claims and forgery.					
Giving false evidence	193 to 196	764	224	515	25
Fabricating false evidence	193 to 196	14	3	11	...
Making, issuing, or using false statement or certificate	197 to 200	3	1	2	...
False personation in judicial proceedings ...	205 to 229	30	7	23	...
Fraudulent claim to, or concealment of property, or suffering of decree...	206 to 208, 421 to 424	68	28	39	...
False claim in Court of Justice	209 and 210	34	7	27	...
False charge of offence	211	380	136	239	3
Frivolous or vexatious complaint	C. P. 469	424	8	411	5
Forgery, or fraudulently using or possessing forged document.	465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 471, 473 to 477	196	114	60	22
Making or using false trade-marks... ...	482 to 489	89	11	78	...
Public Nuisances.					
Pubic nuisances under Penal Code... ...	269 to 294	2,649	323	2,322	3
Nuisances under Police or Municipal and Local Acts	...	10,830	646	10,172	12

III.—PROTECTION.

B.—Criminal Justice.

2. – *Statement of persons tried, convicted, and acquitted for each Offence in the N.-W. P., in the year* 1875. – (contd.)

Description of Offences.	Section of the Penal Code.	Number of persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
CLASS I.—(*concluded*).						
Relating to the Public Peace.						
Rioting or unlawful assembly	143 to 153, 157 and 158,	2,489	558	1,892	32	
Omitting to inform of, or prevent riot ...	154 to 156	108	15	92	...	
Affray	160	2,613	433	2,178	...	
Offences relating to religion	295 to 298	61	28	32	...	
CLASS II.						
Offences against the Person.						
By thugs		...	...	...	...	
By dacoits		3	...	3	...	
By robbers		47	17	25	5	

By poison ... For sake of robbery ...	302 and 303	7	...	3	4
By poison ... From other motives ...		21	6	12	3
Other murders: From motives connected with women		71	15	43	12
Other murders: From other motives ...		519	100	328	84
Attempt to murder	307	80	24	48	7
Culpable homicide	304 to 308	675	175	423	71
Abetment of suicide	305 and 306	4	3	1	...
Attempt to commit suicide	309	702	163	529	5
Causing miscarriage	312 to 316	77	44	23	10
Exposure of infant, or concealment of birth ...	317 and 318	146	27	116	3
Grievous hurt	325 and 326	1,694	409	1,216	36
Do. on grave and sudden provocation ...	335	86	21	65	...
Hurt	323 to 334	12,674	5,248	7,340	77
Do. by dangerous weapons	324	189	44	138	7
Administering stupefying drugs	328	46	19	25	1
Causing hurt to extort property or confession ..	327, 329, to 333	75	32	35	8
Act dangerous to life or safety	336 and 337	39	7	32	...
Wrongful restraint	341	907	527	372	8
Do. confinement	342 to 346	301	205	94	2
Wrongly to extort property or confession ...	347 and 348	33	7	15	11
Assault or use of criminal force	352, 355, 358	9,833	5,171	4,614	47
Criminal force to deter a public servant ...	353	60	16	42	2
Assault or use of criminal force to a woman ...	354	36	10	26	...
Criminal intimidation or insult	504 to 509	593	308	279	6
Causing annoyance in state of intoxication ...	510	45	5	40	...
Unlawful compulsion of labour	374	31	17	14	...
Buying or disposing of any person as a slave ...	370 and 371	6	4	2	...
Kidnapping or abduction	363 to 365, 367 to 369	352	124	191	24
Abducting a woman to compel marriage or for defilement	366	63	32	27	3
Causing death by rash or negligent act ...	...	5	2	3	...
Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for purposes of prostitution	372 and 373	62	31	29	2
Enticing a married woman with criminal intent	498	1,542	1,068	444	28
Fraudulent and unlawful marriages ...	493 to 496	75	65	10	...
Adultery	497	85	46	30	9

III.—PROTECTION.

B.—Criminal Justice.

2.—*Statement of persons tried, convicted, and acquitted for each Offence in the N.-W. P., in the year* 1875—(contd).

Discription of Offences.	Section of the Penal Code.	Number of persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks
CLASS II.—(*concluded*).						
Rape	376	233	138	77	18	
Unnatural offences	377	102	36	54	10	
Defamation	500 to 502	203	230	69	4	
CLASS III.						
Offences against property with violence.						
Dacoity	395, 397, 398	380	93	260	20	
Ditto	396	22	2	15	...	
Preparation or assembly for dacoity ...	399 to 402	12	...	12	...	
Robbery with hurt or deadly weapon. By poison or stupefying drugs	394, 397, 398	16	3	12	1	
Robbery with hurt or deadly weapon. By other means ...		84	9	71	4	
Robbery ... In a dwelling-house	392, 393	36	16	20	...	
Robbery ... On the highway		103	37	66	...	
Robbery ... Elsewhere		248	87	155	4	

Extortion	384, 389	341	221	107	6
House-breaking or house-trespass in order to commit theft	451, 454, 457	4,059	801	3,169	67
House-breaking or house-trespass in order to commit an offence other than theft ...	449, 450, 451, 454, 457	368	74	293	1
House-breaking or house-trespass with preparation for, or attempt at hurt	452, 455, 458, 460	55	5	41	8
House-breaking or lurking house-trespass ...	452, 455, 458	136	31	101	4
Without violence.					
Theft of cattle, ordinary	379, 380, 381	2,081	539	1,528	11
		15,783	3,350	12,303	101
Theft after preparation for causing death ...	382	4	2	1	1
Dishonestly receiving stolen property ...	411 to 414	7,000	1,617	5,216	122
Dishonest misappropriation of property ...	403 and 404	654	243	409	2
Criminal breach of trust	406 to 409	720	336	366	11
Cheating	417 to 420	761	422	317	16
Dishonest execution of deed of transfer ...	423	1	...	1	...
Malicious offences.					
Mischief, ordinary	426, 427, 430 to 433	5,491	3,084	2,364	43
Ditto by poisoning or killing cattle ...	428, 429	317	149	156	12
Ditto by destroying land-marks... ...	434	33	13	13	7
Serious mischief by fire	435, 436 to 438	122	91	29	1
Criminal trespass or house-trespass ...	447, 448	3,865	2,029	1,804	30
Breaking closed receptacle	461, 462	6	...	6	...
CLASS IV.—					
Not included in the above classes.					
Belonging to a gang of thugs	311	...	...	...	...
Ditto ditto dacoits	400	22	18	...	4
Ditto ditto thieves	401	18	...	16	2

III.—PROTECTION.

B.—Criminal Justice.

2.—Statement of persons tried, convicted, and acquitted for each Offence in the North-Western Provinces in the year 1875—(continued.)

Description of Offences.	Section of the Penal Code.	Number of persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
CLASS IV.—(*continued*).						
Vagrancy without ostensible means of livelihood	C. P. C 504	677	225	419	22	
Bad habit and repute	C. P. C. 505, 506	1,333	372	933	22	
Criminal breaches or contracts of service ...	490 to 492	35	11	24	...	
Attempt to commit offences	511	213	55	157	1	
Abetment	511	56	12	42	2	
Breaches of Special Laws for the Protection of the Revenue or on other Subjects, the Acts being specified.						
Breaches of laws relating						
To excise on spirits and drugs	Act XXI., 1856	1,496	283	1,195	17	

„ Ditto opium	...	281	50	230	1
„ Salt and saltpetre	Act XXXI. of 1851, Act XIV. of 1843.	799	55	740	4
„ Sea and Land Customs	Act XVII. of 1861	302	11	291	...
„ Stamp	Act XVII. of 1869	192	40	152	...
„ Paper Currency	Act XIX. of 1861, and Act I of 1862.	...	...	...	...
„ Mint	Act XIII. of 1866	...	...	...	...
„ Post-office	Act XIV. of 1866	52	15	36	1
„ Electric Telegraph	Act VIII of 1860	11	1	10	...
„ Payment of watchmen	Act XX. of 1866	34	4	30	...
„ Municipalities	Act VI. of 1868	10,412	1,251	9,157	3
„ Jails	„ VIII. of 1863	40	5	35	...
„ Forests	„ VII. of 1865	5	1	4	...
„ Ferries Regulation	„ VI. of 1819	6	4	2	...
„ Canals	„ VII of 1845	6,233	1,321	4,911	...
„ Railways	Acts XVIII of 1854 and (52) LII. of 1860	588	124	464	...
„ Tolls	„ VIII. of 1851	1	...	1	...
„ Stage coaches	„ XVI of 1861	21	6	15	...
„ The Press	„ XXV. of 1867	...	...	...	...
„ Gaming and lotteries	„ III. of 1867	1,189	155	1,034	...
„ Wandering and dangerous lunatics ...	...	...	...	...	...
„ Cattle trespass	„ III. of 1857	1,250	408	839	3
„ Possession of arms	„ XXXI. of 1860	336	100	233	3
„ Foreigners	„ III. of 1864	...	...	...	...
„ Emigration	„ XIII. of 1864	6	...	6	...
„ Criminal tribes	...	108	34	73	1
Contempt of Court	C. P. C 435 and 436	16	...	16	...
Purchase of Government property and that of soldiers	...	9	...	9	...
Paraos and Sarais	...	12	...	12	...
Proceeding to compel payment of penalty by accused	C. P. C. 396	46	6	40	...
Ditto by security ditto	„ 397	18	1	17	...
Personal recognizance to keep the peace ...	„ 489 and 490	2,133	367	1,759	7
Security to ditto	„ 490 and 491	2,054	313	1,700	41

III.—PROTECTION.

B.—Criminal Justice.

2.—*Statement of persons tried, convicted, and acquitted for each Offence in the North-Western Provinces, in the year* 1875—(concluded).

Description of Offences.	Section of the Penal Code.	Number of persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
CLASS IV.—(*concluded*).						
Default to enter into bond, forfeiture of recognizance	C. P. C. 497	1	...	1	...	
Breach of the peace	" 530 and 491	671	133	536	2	
Maintenance to wife and children	" 536	175	94	80	1	
Proceedings connected with disputed land or water	" 530	122	65	56	1	
Security for good behaviour	" 505	1,391	358	1,002	28	
Breach of pound	Act I. of 1871	88	18	70	...	
Restoration of forfeited property	C. P. C. 1873	1	1	...	...	
Breach of sections 92 and 93	Act X. of 1872	...	...	...	...	
Penalty for non-appearance of party under bail	398, Act X. of 1872	13	1	12	...	
Lock Hospital rules	Act XXIII. of 1868	153	2	151	...	
License tax	...	...	...	...	...	

Breach of	„ V. of 1861	2,165	107	2,058	...
Infringement of rules sanctioned by Government	„ XXII. of 1864	1,189	138	1,051	...
Infanticide	„ VIII. of 1870	879	177	698	4
Breach of laws relating to pleaders ...	...	3	1	2	...
Eunuchs	„ XXVII. of 1875	16	2	14	...
Breach of contract by workmen	...	10	6	2	2
Escape from custody	...	2	1	1	...
Obstruction dangerous to human life ...	518 C. P. C.	...	...	...	...
Forcibly opposing the seizure of cattle ...	Act X of 1871	75	26	49	...
Breach of duties of village and road policeman	„ XVI. 1873	629	117	511	1
Neglect of duty	„ XX. of 1856	17	1	15	1
Refusing to deliver up uniform	28 Act V. of 1861	...	...	...	...
Breach of Registration Act	...	18	11	7	...
Total		142,521	38,839	102,120	1,325

NOTE.—Persons convicted and remaining under trial do not correspond with general statement No. 1, because some districts have included the committed persons in the column of convicted, while others have excluded them from this column, and included them with persons whose cases were remaining under trial.

III.—PROTECTION.

B.—Criminal Justice.

3.—*Statement showing the Punishments inflicted by various Criminal Tribunals in the North-Western Provinces in the year* 1875.

Detail of punishment.	By Honorary Magistrates.	By Sub-Magistrates.	By Full-power Magistrates.	By Magistrates of Districts.	By Sessions Court.	By High Court.	Total.
Death	...	...	...	...	129	...	...
Transportation for life	...	...	...	...	199	...	...
Ditto for a certain term	...	...	...	1	70	...	...
Rigorous imprisonment { With solitary confinement ...	1	10	137	15	14	...	...
Rigorous imprisonment { Without solitary confinement	666	5,948	14,770	1,227	1,433	1	...
Simple imprisonment	46	345	818	65	21	...	...
Forfeiture of property	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Fine with imprisonment	136	1,423	1,838	205	134	...	...

Do. without imprisonment	9,014	27,096	21,228	1,923	20	...	...
Whipping { In addition to other punishment ...	12	158	666	57	19	...	...
Whipping { In lieu of punishment	157	1,287	4,199	416	20	...	...
Persons ordered to find security	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total, persons punished ...	10,032	36,269	43,656	3,909	2,059	1	...
Fines not exceeding Rs. 10	8,868	27,135	19,013	1,730	21	...	...
Ditto ditto „ 50	272	1,355	3,600	286	64	...	...
Ditto ditto „ 100	7	33	353	88	43	...	...
Ditto ditto „ 500	2	11	106	26	24	...	...
Ditto ditto „ 1,000	...	...	6	2	2	...	...
Fines exceeding Rs. 1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total number of fines ...	9,149	28,534	23,078	2,132	154	...	...
Total amount of fines ...	18,740	1,00,758	2,22,473	28,310	12,989	...	...
Amount realized ...	17,557	87,365	1,68,894	18,233	4,532	...	...
Amount paid to injured parties by way of compensation or compromise	1,276	5,059	10,129	1,622	1,293	...	...

III.—PROTECTION.

B.—Criminal Justice.

3.—*Statement showing the Punishments inflicted by various Criminal Tribunals in the North-Western Provinces in the year* 1875—(concluded).

Detail of punishment.		By Honorary Magistrates.	By Sub-Magistrates.	By Full-power Magistrates	By Magistrates of Districts.	By Sessions Courts.	By High Court.	Total.
Sentences or Imprisonments.								
Not exceeding 15 days ...	Rigorous	270	2,661	1,025	118	...	...	...
	Simple	49	243	361	33	2	...	...
Ditto 6 months ...	Rigorous	439	4,639	9,167	625	110	...	...
	Simple	15	143	588	41	15	...	...
Ditto 2 years ...	Rigorous	32	149	6,583	667	307	1	...
	Simple	...	...	17	4	5	...	...
Ditto 7 years ...	Rigorous	...	...	58	42	990	...	...
	Simple	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Exceeding 7 years ...	Rigorous	...	...	...	...	153	...	...
	Simple	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Total ...	Rigorous	741	7,449	16,833	1,452	1,560	1	...
	Simple	64	386	966	78	23	...	...

III.—PROTECTION.

B.—Criminal Justice.

4.—*Statement showing the result of Appeal and Revision in Criminal Cases in the North-Western Provinces during the year* 1875.

Tribunals.	Number of appellants or persons applying for revision under Sec. 292, C. P. Code.	Number of persons.							Pending.
		Appeals rejected.	Sentences confirmed.	Sentences modified.	Sentences reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	Further enquiry or evidence ordered.	Cases referred for revision for High Court.	
Magistrates of Districts. — Appeals from Honorary Magistrates	448	20	274	28	118	...	4	1	3
Magistrates of Districts. — Appeals from Magistrates	2,705	411	1,415	294	487	3	30	41	24
Sessions Courts. — Appeals from Honorary Magistrates	17	6	6	1	1	...	...	...	3
Sessions Courts. — Appeals from Magistrates	4,559	906	2,366	388	594	10	80	92	123
High Court	980	172	469	177	81	33	17	...	31

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

1.—*General Summary showing the distribution of the Prisoners of*

during the

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.		
Serial Number.	Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.		
				M.	F.	Total.
1	Meerut ...	Central Prison.	Convicts ...	1,051	39	1,090
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	8	...	8
2	Bareilly ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	1,668	29	1,697
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
3	Agra ...	Ditto ...	Convicts .	2,126	91	2,217
			Under-trial ...	2	...	2
			Civil ...	...	...	...
4	Fatehgarh ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	1,205	...	1,205
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
5	Allahabad ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	2,330	87	2,417
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
6	Benares ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	1,861	...	1,861
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
7	Dehra Dún ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	60	...	60
			Under-trial ...	1	...	1
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Chakrata ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	1	...	1
			Civil ...	...	...	...
8	Saháranpur ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	274	7	281
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	2	...	2
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	29	...	29
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Roorkee ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	2	...	2
			Civil ...	...	...	...
9	Muzaffarnagar	Jail ...	Convicts ...	120	10	130
			Under-trial ...	12	1	13
			Civil ...	...	...	...
10	Meerut ...	District Jail.	Convicts ...	610	...	610
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Meerut ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	27	...	27
			Civil ...	...	...	...

TECTION.

SONS.

all classes confined in the Jails and Lock-ups of N.-W. Provinces year 1875.

6.			7.			8.			
Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all causes.			Serial Number.
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total.	
1,110	100	1,210	2,161	139	2,300	971	79	1,050	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
62	1	63	70	1	71	63	1	64	
1,143	26	1,169	2,811	55	2,866	1,132	16	1,148	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,331	196	1,527	3,457	287	3,744	1,223	144	1,367	3
110	5	115	112	5	117	108	5	113	
...	2	2	...	2	2	...	2	2	
984	16	1,000	2,189	16	2,205	851	16	867	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,293	76	1,369	3,623	163	3,786	1,172	67	1,239	5
1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
886	.	886	2,747	...	2,747	985	...	985	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
237	7	244	297	7	304	236	5	241	7
149	7	156	150	7	157	148	7	155	
1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
102	1	103	103	1	104	98	1	99	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
557	27	584	831	34	865	619	21	640	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
75	2	77	77	2	79	75	2	77	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
670	27	697	699	27	726	681	26	707	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
94	5	99	96	5	101	94	5	99	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
487	27	514	607	37	644	460	27	487	
457	20	477	469	21	490	456	21	477	
8	...	8	8	...	8	6	...	6	
837	...	837	1,447	...	1,447	1,126	...	1,126	10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,211	91	1,302	1,238	91	1,329	1,213	84	1,297	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

1.—*General Summary showing the distribution of the Prisoners of the year* 1875

Serial Number.	Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	9. Remaining at end of the year. M.	F.	Total.
1	Meerut ...	Central Prison.	Convicts ...	1,190	60	1,250
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	7	...	7
2	Bareilly ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	1,679	39	1,718
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
3	Agra ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	2,234	143	2,377
			Under-trial ...	4	...	4
			Civil ...	...	...	...
4	Fatehgarh ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	1,338	...	1,338
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
5	Allahabad ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	2,451	96	2,547
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
6	Benares ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	1,762	...	1,762
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
7	Dehra Dún ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	61	2	63
			Under-trial ...	2	...	2
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Chakrata ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	5	...	5
			Civil ...	...	...	...
8	Saháranpur ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	212	13	225
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	2	...	2
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	18	1	19
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Roorkee ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	2	...	2
			Civil ...	...	...	...
9	Muzaffarnagar	Jail ...	Convicts ...	147	10	157
			Under-trial ...	13	...	13
			Civil ...	2	...	2
10	Meerut ...	District Jail.	Convicts ...	321	...	321
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Meerut ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	25	7	32
			Civil ...	...	...	...

TECTION.

SONS.

all classes confined in the Jails and Lock-ups of N.-W. P., during —(continued.)

10.			11.			Serial Number.
Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.			
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
1,161·00	60·50	1,221·50				1
...	...	...				
5·96	0·15	6·11	1,166·96	60·65	1,227·61	
1,592·50	35·25	1,627·75				2
...	...	...				
...	...	...	1,592 50	35·25	1,627·75	
2,203·00	162·75	2,365 75				3
9·50	0·50	10 00				
...	0·11	0·11	2,212·50	163·36	2,375·86	
1,265·50	...	1,265·50				4
...	...	...				
...	...	...	1,265·50	...	1,265·50	
2,359·75	91·50	2,451·25				5
...	...	...				
...	...	...	2,359·75	91·50	2,451·25	
1,895·00	...	1,895·00				6
...	...	...				
...	...	...	1,895·00	...	1,895·00	
55·75	1·50	57·25				7
3·00	0·50	3·50				
0·11	...	0·11	58·86	2·00	60·86	
...	...	...				
1·50	...	1·50				
...	...	...	1·50	...	1·50	
248·75	13·00	261·75				8
...	...	...				
5·47	0·29	5·76	254·22	13·29	267·51	
...	...	...				
18·25	0·50	18·75				
...	...	...	18·25	0·50	18·75	
...	...	...				
0·25	...	0·25				
...	...	...	0 25	...	0·25	
119·00	10·00	129·00				
16·50	2·50	19·00				
0·19	...	0·19	135·69	12·50	148·19	9
430·75	...	430·75				
...	...	...				
...	...	...	430·75	...	430·75	10
...	...	...				
26·75	1·25	28·00				
...	...	...	26·75	1·25	28·00	

III.—PRO

C.— PRI

1.—*General Summary showing the distribution of the Prisoners of the year* 1875

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.		
Serial Number.	Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.		
				M.	F.	Total.
11	Bulandshahr ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	137	9	146
			Under-trial ...	22	2	24
			Civil ...	4	...	4
12	Aligarh ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	506	11	517
			Under-trial ...	25	1	26
			Civil ...	4	...	4
13	Bijnor ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	165	9	174
			Under-trial ...	24	5	29
			Civil ...	3	...	3
14	Moradabad ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	225	13	238
			Under-trial ...	42	3	45
			Civil ...	1	...	1
15	Bareilly ...	District Jail	Convicts ...	523	16	539
			Under-trial ...	7	1	8
			Civil ...	24	...	24
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	48	1	49
			Civil ...	...	...	1
	Pilibhít ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	19	...	19
			Civil ...	...	...	...
16	Budaun ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	263	6	269
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	14	...	14
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	60	1	61
			Civil ...	...	...	...
17	Sháhjahánpur	Jail ...	Convicts ...	240	13	253
			Under-trial ...	47	3	50
			Civil ...	2	...	2
18	Muttra ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	166	2	168
			Under-trial ...	29	1	30
			Civil ...	1	...	1
19	Agra ...	District Jail	Convicts ...	496	...	496
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	12	...	12
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	38	1	39
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	Cantonment Lock-up.	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...

TECTION.

SONS.

all clases confined in the Jails and Lock-ups of N.-W. P., during
—(continued.)

6.			7.			8.			
Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all causes.			Serial Number.
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total	
707	16	723	844	25	869	693	21	714	11
477	18	495	499	20	519	471	18	489	
71	...	71	75	...	75	69	...	69	
1,201	34	1,235	1,707	45	1,752	1,265	34	1,299	12
932	36	968	957	37	994	913	36	949	
154	1	155	158	1	159	143	1	144	
780	37	817	945	46	991	799	40	839	13
634	47	681	658	52	710	638	46	684	
104	...	104	107	...	107	96	...	96	
1,845	80	1,925	2,070	93	2,163	1,743	80	1,823	14
1,382	58	1,440	1,424	61	1,485	1,380	56	1,436	
107	1	108	108	1	109	101	1	102	
1,765	53	1,818	2,288	69	2,357	1,745	49	1,794	15
118	11	129	125	12	137	122	12	134	
157	2	159	181	2	183	170	2	172	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3,017	88	3,105	3,065	89	3,154	3,024	87	3,111	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
460	15	475	479	15	494	471	15	486	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,249	50	1,299	1,512	56	1,568	1,205	41	1,246	16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
74	3	77	88	3	91	88	3	91	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,153	32	1,185	1,213	33	1,246	1,162	31	1,193	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,146	31	1,177	1,386	44	1,430	1,129	38	1,167	17
1,018	42	1,060	1,065	45	1,110	1,042	44	1,086	
33	...	33	35	...	35	30	...	30	
843	23	866	1,009	25	1,034	846	20	866	18
616	19	635	645	20	665	633	18	651	
77	2	79	78	2	80	72	2	74	
1,544	...	1,544	2,040	...	2,040	1,432	...	1,432	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
151	...	151	163	...	163	152	...	152	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2,027	81	2,108	2,065	82	2,147	2,022	80	2,102	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
109	1	110	109	1	110	108	1	109	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

1. *General Summary showing the distribution of the Prisoners of the year* 1875

Serial Number.	Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	9. Remaining at end of the year. M.	F.	Total.
11	Bulandshahr ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	151	4	155
			Under-trial ...	28	2	30
			Civil ...	6	...	6
12	Aligarh ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	442	11	453
			Under-trial ...	44	1	45
			Civil ...	15	...	15
13	Bijnor ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	146	6	152
			Under-trial ...	20	6	26
			Civil ...	11	...	11
14	Moradabad ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	327	13	340
			Under-trial ...	44	5	49
			Civil ...	7	...	7
15	Bareilly ...	District Jail	Convicts ...	543	20	563
			Under-trial ...	3	...	3
			Civil ...	11	...	11
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	41	2	43
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Pilibhít ...	Ditto ..	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	8	...	8
			Civil ...	...	...	...
16	Budaun ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	307	15	322
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial .	51	2	53
			Civil ...	...	...	...
17	Sháhjahánpur	Jail ...	Convicts ...	257	6	263
			Under-trial ...	23	1	24
			Civil ...	5	...	5
18	Muttra ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	163	5	168
			Under-trial ...	12	2	14
			Civil ...	6	...	6
19	Agra ...	District Jail	Convicts ...	608	...	608
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	11	...	11
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	43	2	45
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	Cantonment Lock-up.	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	1	...	1
			Civil ...	...	...	...

TECTION.

SONS.

all classes confined in the Jails and Lock-ups of N.-W. P., during
—(continued.)

10..			11.			Serial Number.
Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.			
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
145·75	5·75	151·50				
15·25	0·75	16·00				
4·79	...	4·79	165·79	6·50	172·29	11
475·00	10·00	485·00				
38·25	3·75	42·00				
11·75	0·01	11·76	525·00	13·76	538·76	12
143·50	6·50	150·00				
33 25	7·00	40 25				
8·75	...	8·75	185 50	13·50	199·00	13
333·25	16·00	349 25				
41·75	2 25	44·00				
6·76	0·11	6·87	381·76	18·36	400·12	14
570·25	21·25	591 50				
7·00	0·50	7·50				
21·14	0·34	21·48	598·39	22 09	620·48	15
...	...	...				
49·75	1·25	51·00				
...	...	...	49·75	1·25	51·00	
...	...	...				
7·75	0·25	8·00				
...	...	...	7·75	0·25	8·00	
304·75	12·50	317·25				
...	...	...				
6·06	0·33	6·39	310·81	12·83	323·64	16
...	...	...				
39·25	1·00	40·25				
...	...	...	39·25	1·00	40·25	
274·00	10·50	284·50				
42·75	1·50	44·25				
3·52	...	3 52	320·27	12·00	332·27	17
174·25	3·25	177·50				
17·50	0·25	17·75				
5·11	0 07	5·18	196 86	3·57	200·43	18
613·75	...	613 75				
...	...	...				
9·83	...	9·83	623·58	...	623·58	19
...	...	...				
40·50	1·00	41·50				
...	..	...	40·50	1·00	41·50	
...	...	...				
1·00	...	1·00				
...	...	...	1·00	...	1·00	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

1.—*General Summary showing the distribution of the Prisoners of the year* 1875

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.		
Serial Number.	Station.	Place of confinement	Classes of prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.		
				M.	F.	Total.
20	Etáwah ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	241	9	250
			Under-trial ...	43	5	48
			Civil ...	3	...	3
21	Mainpuri ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	435	3	438
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ..	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	28	2	30
			Civil ...	...	...	...
22	Etah ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	194	5	199
			Under-trial	19	...	19
			Civil ..	3	...	3
23	Fatehgarh ...	District Jail	Convicts ...	357	10	367
			Under-trial ..	26	2	28
			Civil ...	8	...	8
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
24	Cawnpore ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	262	23	285
			Under-trial ...	101	10	111
			Civil ...	2	...	2
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
25	Fatehpur ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	343	22	365
			Under-trial ...	8	...	8
			Civil ...	6	...	6
26	Allahabad ...	District Jail	Convicts ...	724	138	862
			Under-trial ...	6	2	8
			Civil ..	6	...	6
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	24	4	28
			Civil ...	..	...	...
27	Bánda ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	241	11	252
			Under-trial ...	67	6	73
			Civil ...	6	...	6
	Kirwi ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	1	...	1
			Civil ...	...	...	...
28	Hamírpur ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	227	19	246
			Under-trial ...	16	...	16
			Civil ...	1	...	1

TECTION.

SONS.

all classes confined in the Jails and Lock-ups of N.-W. P., during —(continued.)

6.			7.			8.			
Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all causes.			
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F	Total	Number.
1,185	64	1,249	1,426	73	1,499	1,212	63	1,275	20
810	34	844	853	39	892	810	39	849	
53	...	53	56	...	56	54	...	54	
939	21	960	1,374	24	1,398	961	16	977	21
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
64	...	64	64	...	64	61	...	61	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
825	18	843	853	20	873	834	18	852	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
835	20	855	1,029	25	1,054	836	18	854	22
674	15	689	693	15	708	676	15	691	
24	...	24	27	...	27	23	...	23	
1,334	46	1,380	1,691	56	1,747	1,361	37	1,398	23
945	35	980	971	37	1,008	940	37	977	
84	...	84	92	...	92	79	...	79	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,552	129	1,681	1,814	152	1,966	1,503	126	1,629	24
1,468	104	1,572	1,569	114	1,683	1,518	113	1,631	
48	3	51	50	3	53	48	3	51	
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,006	59	1,065	1,349	81	1,430	1,032	61	1,093	25
527	20	547	535	20	555	511	19	530	
89	2	91	95	2	97	90	2	92	
1,663	196	1,859	2,387	334	2,721	1,650	249	1,899	26
97	9	106	103	11	114	99	11	110	
80	2	82	86	2	88	82	2	84	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,913	127	2,040	1,937	131	2,068	1,893	130	2,023	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,227	162	1,389	1,468	173	1,641	1,224	142	1,366	27
801	63	864	868	69	937	842	69	911	
51	...	51	57	...	57	53	...	53	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
730	47	777	731	47	778	730	47	777	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
670	176	846	897	195	1,092	694	176	870	28
551	63	614	567	63	630	560	61	621	
19	...	19	20	...	20	19	...	19	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

1.—*General Summary showing the distribution of the Prisoners of the year* 1875

Number.	Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	9. Remaining at end of the year. M.	F.	Total.
20	Etáwah ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	214	10	224
			Under-trial ...	43	...	43
			Civil ...	2	...	2
21	Mainpuri ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	413	8	421
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	3	...	3
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	19	2	21
			Civil ...	...	...	...
22	Etah ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	193	7	200
			Under-trial ...	17	...	17
			Civil ...	4	...	4
23	Fatehgarh ...	District Jail,	Convicts ...	330	19	349
			Under-trial ...	31	...	31
			Civil ...	13	...	13
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	..	...	...
24	Cawnpore ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	311	26	337
			Under-trial ...	51	1	52
			Civil ...	2	...	2
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
25	Fatehpur ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	317	20	337
			Under-trial ...	24	1	25
			Civil ...	5	...	5
26	Allahabad ...	District Jail	Convicts ...	737	85	822
			Under-trial ...	4	...	4
			Civil ...	4	...	4
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	..
			Under-trial ...	44	1	45
			Civil ...	...	...	...
27	Bánda ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	244	31	275
			Under-trial ...	26	...	26
			Civil ...	4	...	4
	Kirwi ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	1	...	1
			Civil ...	...	..	...
28	Hamírpur ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	203	19	222
			Under-trial ...	7	2	9
			Civil ...	1	...	1

TECTION.

SONS.

all classes confined in the Jails and Lock-ups of N.-W. P., during —(continued.)

10.			11.			
Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.			
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	Number.
242·75	9·50	252·25				20
28 75	1·50	30·25				
2·90	...	2 90	274·40	11·00	285·40	
420·50	4·75	425·25				21
...	...	...				
4·73	...	4·73	425·23	4 75	429·98	
...	...	...				
35·50	2·00	37·50				
...	...	...	35 50	2·00	37·50	
210·00	3·50	213·50				22
33·25	1 00	34·25				
1·54	...	1·54	244·79	4·50	249·29	
341·50	19·25	260·75				23
35·25	2·00	37·25				
8·30	...	8·30	385 05	21·25	406·30	
...	...	...				
...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	
338·50	28·50	367·00				24
49·75	4·50	54·25				
4·38	0·16	4·54	392·63	33·16	425·79	
...	...	...				
...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	
373·00	19·75	392·75				25
20·50	0·75	21·25				
9·45	0·25	9·70	402·95	20·75	423·70	
769·00	79·25	848·25				26
10·50	0·75	11·25				
7·12	0·06	7·18	786·62	80·06	866·68	
...	...	...				
49·00	3·00	52·00				
.	...	...	49·00	3·00	52·00	
288·25	26·00	314·25				27
37·25	2·25	39·50				
3·44	...	3·44	328·94	28·25	357·19	
...	...	...				
12·50	0·50	13·00				
...	...	...	12·50	0·50	13·00	
206·50	24·00	230·50				28
28·50	3·25	31·75				
1·46	...	1·46	236·46	27·25	263·71	

III.—PRO

C.—Pri

1.—*General Summary showing the distribution of the Prisoners of the year* 1875

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.		
Number.	Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	Remaind at the commencement of the year.		
				M.	F.	Total.
29	Jaunpur ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	298	60	358
			Under-trial ...	22	1	3
			Civil ...	5	...	5
30	Mirzapur ...	Ditto ...	Convicts .	169	15	184
			Under-trial .	...	...	...
			Civil ...	3	...	3
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	38	...	38
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Chunar ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
31	Benares ...	District Jail	Convicts ...	482	106	588
			Under trial ...	1	...	1
			Civil ...	4	...	4
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	32	4	36
			Civil ...	..	...	...
32	Gházipur ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	514	42	556
			Under-trial ...	35	2	37
			Civil ...	3	...	3
32a	Ditto ...	Temporary Jail.	Convicts ...	523	...	523
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
33	Azamgarh ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	474	41	515
			Under-trial ...	33	...	33
			Civil ...	5	...	5
34	Gorakhpur ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	612	75	687
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	12	...	12
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	32	1	33
			Civil ...	...	...	...
35	Basti ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	416	12	428
			Under-trial ...	108	4	112
			Civil ...	...	...	...
36	Almora ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	146	13	159
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	1	...	1
		Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...

TECTION.

SONS.

all classes confined in the Jails and Lock-ups of N-W. P., during —(continued).

6.			7.			8.			
Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all causes.			
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	Number.
841	66	907	1,139	126	1,265	836	70	906	29
754	62	816	776	63	839	765	61	826	
54	...	54	59	...	59	57	...	57	
952	87	1,039	1,121	102	1,223	915	88	1,003	30
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
122	2	124	125	2	127	120	2	122	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,500	121	1,621	1,538	121	1,659	1,528	117	1,645	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	2	31	29	2	31	29	2	31	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,274	126	1,400	1,756	232	1,988	1,388	141	1,529	31
54	5	59	55	5	60	55	5	60	
58	2	60	62	2	64	56	1	57	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2,454	171	2,625	2,486	175	2,661	2,440	171	2,611	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,337	83	1,420	1,851	125	1,976	1,385	80	1,465	32
1,562	77	1,639	1,597	79	1,676	1,594	79	1,673	
36	...	36	39	...	39	35	...	35	
1,336	...	1,336	1,859	...	1,859	1,572	...	1,572	32*a*
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,132	101	1,233	1,606	142	1,748	1,243	106	1,349	33
1,302	56	1,358	1,335	56	1,391	1,304	56	1,360	
36	...	36	41	...	41	41	...	41	
1,413	207	1,620	2,025	282	2,307	1,337	231	1,568	34
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
64	9	73	76	9	85	75	7	82	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,963	140	2,103	1,995	141	2,136	1,958	140	2,098	
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
1,037	87	1,124	1,453	99	1,552	1,102	83	1,185	35
842	33	875	950	37	987	930	34	964	
103	8	111	103	8	111	102	8	110	
226	23	249	372	36	408	231	27	258	36
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	...	23	24	...	24	21	...	21	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
16	3	19	16	3	19	15	3	18	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

1.—*General Summary showing the distribution of the Prisoners of the year* 1875

Number.	Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	9. Remaining at end of the year. M.	F.	Total.
29	Jaunpur ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	303	56	359
			Under-trial ...	11	2	13
			Civil ...	2	...	2
30	Mirzapur ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	206	14	220
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	5	...	5
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	..	...
			Under-trial ...	10	4	14
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Chunar ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
31	Benares ...	District Jail	Convicts ...	368	91	459
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	6	1	7
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	46	4	50
			Civil ...	...	...	...
32	Ghâzipnr ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	466	45	511
			Under-trial ...	3	...	3
			Civil ...	4	...	4
32a	Ditto ...	Temporary Jail.	Convicts ...	287	...	287
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
33	Azamgarh ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	363	36	399
			Under-trial ...	31	...	31
			Civil ...	...	...	...
34	Gorakhpur .	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	688	51	739
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	1	2	3
	Ditto ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	37	1	38
			Civil ...	...	...	...
35	Basti ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	351	16	367
			Under-trial ...	20	3	23
			Civil ...	1	...	1
36	Almora ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	141	9	150
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	3	..	3
		Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	1	...	1
			Civil ...	...	...	...

TECTION.

SONS.

all classes confined in the Jails and Lock-ups of N.-W. P., during —(continued.)

10.			11.			
Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.			Number.
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
332·50	56·50	389·00				29
19·50	1·25	20·75				
4·17	...	4·17	356 17	57·75	413·92	
212 50	16·25	228·75				30
...	...	...				
8·81	0·18	8 99	221·31	16·43	237·74	
...	...	...				
30·00	2 50	32·50				
...	...	...	30·00	2·50	32·50	
...	...	..				
...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	
480·25	95·50	575·75				31
4·25	0·25	4 50				
4·66	0·15	4·80	489·15	95·90	585·05	
...	...	...				
32·00	2 00	34·00				
...	...	..	32·00	2·00	34·00	
486·25	40·50	526·75				32
45·75	3·00	48·75				
3 54	...	3·54	535·54	43·50	579·04	
477·50	...	477·50				32*a*
...	...	...				
...	...	...	477·50	...	477·50	
348·50	41·25	389·75				33
37·50	1·50	39 00				
2 28	...	2 28	388 28	42·75	431·03	
612·50	54·00	666·50				34
...	..	6 08	617·25	55·33	672 58	
4·75	1·33	...				
...	...	...				
42 53	3·00	45·50				
...	...	...	42·50	3·00	45·50	
385·50	14·75	400 25				35
49·50	1·25	50·75				
7·25	0·49	7·74	442·25	16·49	458·74	
143·25	13·25	156·50				36
...	...	...				
1·08	...	1·08	144·33	13·25	157·58	
...	...	...				
0·75	0·25	1·00				
...	...	...	0·75	0·25	1·00	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

1.—*General Summary showing the distribution of the Prisoners of the year* 1875

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.		
Number.	Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.		
				M.	F.	Total.
	Ránikhet ...	Cantonment Lock-up.	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Naini Tal ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Garhwál ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	2	...	2
			Civil ..	...	...	...
37	Orai ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	153	14	167
			Under-trial ...	20	2	22
			Civil ...	1	...	1
38	Jhánsi ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	163	20	183
			Under-trial ...	8	1	9
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Mau ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	2	1	3
			Civil ..	...	...	...
39	Lalitpur ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	110	16	126
			Under-trial ...	32	2	34
			Civil ...	...	...	...
		Total	Convicts ...	21,110	996	22,106
			Under-trial ...	1,139	69	1,208
			Civil ...	144	...	144
		GRAND TOTAL ...		22,393	1,065	23,458

TECTION.

SONS.

all classes confined in the Jails and Lock-ups of N.-W. P., during
—(continued.)

6.			7.			8.			
Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all causes.			
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	Number.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
143	17	160	143	17	160	141	17	158	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
183	13	196	183	13	196	183	13	196	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
90	16	106	92	16	108	89	16	105	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
729	71	800	882	85	967	702	71	773	37
473	41	514	493	43	536	480	41	521	
18	...	18	19	...	19	17	...	17	
471	81	552	634	101	735	463	89	552	38
414	44	458	422	45	467	414	40	454	
7	...	7	7	...	7	5	...	5	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
467	77	544	469	78	547	464	77	541	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
418	82	500	528	98	626	376	75	451	39
362	40	402	394	42	436	373	41	414	
11	...	11	11	...	11	10	...	10	
41,522	2,686	44,208	62,632	3,682	66,314	41,655	2,647	44,302	
36,686	2,057	38,743	37,825	2,126	39,951	36,960	2,065	39,025	
2,118	42	2,160	2,262	42	2,304	2,114	39	2,153	
80,326	4,785	85,111	1,02,719	5,850	1,08,569	80,729	4,751	85,480	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

1.—*General Summary showing the distribution of the Prisoners of the year* 1875

Number.	Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	9. Remaining at end of the year. M.	F.	Total.
	Ranikhet ...	Cantonment Lock-up.	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	2	...	2
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Naini Tal ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	...	...	...
			Civil ...	...	...	...
	Garhwál ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	3	...	3
			Civil ...	...	...	...
37	Orai ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	183	14	194
			Under-trial ...	13	2	15
			Civil ...	2	...	2
38	Jhánsi ...	Ditto ...	Convicts ...	171	12	183
			Under-trial ...	8	5	13
			Civil ...	2	...	2
	Mau ...	Lock-up ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...
			Under-trial ...	5	1	6
			Civil ...	...	...	...
39	Lalitpur ...	Jail ...	Convicts ...	152	23	175
			Under-trial ...	21	1	22
			Civil ...	1	...	1
		Total ...	Convicts ...	20,977	1,035	22,012
			Under-trial ...	865	61	926
			Civil ...	148	3	151
			GRAND TOTAL ...	21,990	1,099	23,089

TECTION.

SONS.

all classes confined in the Jails and Lock-ups of N.-W. P., during
—(concluded.)

10.			11.			
Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.			Number.
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
...	...	...				
0·50	...	0·50				
...	...	...	0 50	...	0·50	
...	...	...				
4·75	0·25	5·00				
...	...	...	4·75	0·25	5·00	
...	...	...				
3 25	0·75	4·00				
...	...	...	3·25	0·75	4·00	
197·00	13·00	210·00				27
24·25	1·75	26·00				
2·06	...	2·06	223·31	14·75	238·06	
178·75	16·00	194·75				28
14·50	1·75	16·25				
0 84	...	0·84	194·09	17·75	211·84	
...	...	...				
7·00	1·00	8·00				
...	...	...	7 00	1·00	8·00	
131·00	17·25	148·25				29
13·25	1·00	14·25				
0·47	...	0·47	144·72	18·25	162·97	
21,541·00	1,053·00	22,594·00				
1,079·75	67·75	1,147·50	22,793·41	1,124·78	23,918·19	
172·66	4·03	176·69				
22,793 41	1,124·78	23,918·19				

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

2.—*Statement showing the number and disposal of the Convicts*

1.	2.	3.		4.		5.	
Number.	JAILS.	Remained on the 31st December, 1874.		Imprisoned during the year, 1875.		Total.	
		M.	F	M.	F.	M.	F.
	CENTRAL PRISONS.						
1	Meerut	1,051	39	100	62	1,151	101
2	Bareilly	1,668	29	101	1	1,769	30
3	Agra	2,126	91	314	64	2,440	155
4	Fatehgarh	1,205	...	52	...	1,257	...
5	Allahabad	2,330	87	35	...	2,365	87
6	Benares	1,861	...	...	...	1,861	...
	DISTRICT JAILS.						
7	Dehra Dún	60	...	235	7	295	7
8	Saháranpur	274	7	555	27	829	34
9	Muzaffarnagar	120	10	486	27	606	37
10	Meerut	610	...	834	...	1,444	...
11	Bulundshahr	137	9	703	16	840	25
12	Aligarh	506	11	1,118	34	1,624	45
13	Bijnor	165	9	777	35	942	44
14	Moradabad	225	13	1,837	80	2,062	93
15	Bareilly	523	16	1,758	53	2,281	69
16	Budaun	263	6	1,239	50	1,502	56
17	Sháhjahánpur	240	13	1,137	31	1,377	44
18	Muttra	166	2	833	23	999	25
19	Agra	496	...	1,347	...	1,843	...
20	Etáwah	241	9	1,082	53	1,323	62
21	Mainpuri	435	3	914	21	1,349	24
22	Etah	194	5	828	20	1,022	25
23	Farukhabad	357	10	1,333	28	1,690	38
24	Cawnpore	262	23	1,544	127	1,806	150
25	Fatehpur	343	22	895	48	1,238	70
26	Allahabad	724	138	1,660	146	2,384	284
27	Bánda	241	11	1,220	153	1,461	164
28	Hamírpur	227	19	669	174	896	193
29	Jaunpur	298	60	838	66	1,136	126
30	Mirzapur	169	15	945	80	1,114	95
31	Benares	482	106	1,223	109	1,705	215
32	Gházipur	514	42	1,324	83	1,838	125
32a	Do. temporary ...	523	...	15	...	538	...
33	Azamgarh „	474	41	1,129	94	1,603	135
34	Gorakhpur „	612	75	1,397	196	2,009	271
35	Basti „	416	12	1,022	82	1,438	94
36	Almora „	146	13	225	23	371	36
37	Orai „	153	14	722	71	875	85
38	Jhánsi „	163	20	471	79	634	99
39	Lalitpur „	110	16	413	82	523	98
	Total ...	21,110	996	33,330	2,245	54,440	3,241

TECTION.

SONS.

in the Jails of the N.-W. Provinces during the year 1875.

6. Received from other Jails. A. To undergo sentence.		B. In transit for transportation or to other Jails.		7. Total population.			8. Transferred to other Jails. A. To undergo sentence.		B. For transportation beyond seas, &c.		Number.
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
995	36	15	2	2,161	139	2,300	38	3	8	...	1
1,012	18	30	7	2,811	55	2,866	27	...	24	3	2
969	150	48	2	3,457	287	3,744	60	11	43	...	3
932	16	...	...	2,189	16	2,205	32	15	...	1	4
1,164	59	94	17	3,623	163	3,786	84	37	...	...	5
852	...	34	...	2,747	...	2,747	80	...	20	...	6
2	...	...	...	297	7	304	27	...	...	...	7
2	...	...	...	831	34	865	58	4	6	...	8
1	...	...	...	607	37	644	98	4	4	1	9
3	...	...	...	1,447	...	1,447	198	...	...	...	10
4	...	...	...	844	25	869	152	2	5	...	11
83	...	...	...	1,707	45	1,752	179	...	4	...	12
3	2	...	...	945	46	991	240	20	9	2	13
8	...	...	...	2,070	93	2,163	440	18	4	...	14
7	...	...	...	2,288	69	2,357	152	5	5	1	15
10	...	...	...	1,512	56	1,568	364	...	8	2	16
9	...	...	...	1,386	44	1,430	156	...	7	2	17
19	...	...	...	1,009	25	1,034	217	4	1	...	18
196	...	1	...	2,040	...	2,040	20	...	...	...	19
...	...	103	11	1,426	73	1,499	408	29	15	...	20
25	...	...	...	1,374	24	1,398	87	1	13	3	21
7	...	...	...	1,029	25	1,054	192	2	2	1	22
1	18	...	...	1,691	56	1,747	323	16	...	...	23
8	2	...	...	1,814	152	1,966	507	19	12	5	24
111	11	...	...	1,349	81	1,430	103	1	5	1	25
3	50	...	...	2,387	334	2,721	270	94	12	4	26
7	9	...	...	1,468	173	1,641	328	16	5	1	27
1	2	...	...	897	195	1,092	115	20	2	1	28
3	...	...	...	1,139	126	1,265	19	3	1	...	29
4	7	3	...	1,121	102	1,223	299	16	7	...	30
51	15	...	2	1,756	232	1,988	377	8	...	4	31
13	...	...	...	1,851	125	1,976	625	...	3	1	32
1,321	...	...	...	1,859	...	1,859	...	...	...	...	32a
3	7	...	...	1,606	142	1,748	485	...	5	1	33
15	11	1	...	2,025	282	2,307	566	30	7	...	34
15	5	...	...	1,453	99	1,552	227	5	8	...	35
1	...	...	...	372	36	408	31	2	...	1	36
7	...	...	...	882	85	967	83	8	11	...	37
...	2	...	...	634	101	735	45	2	12	...	38
5	...	...	...	528	98	626	28	1	10	1	39
7,863	400	329	41	62,632	3,682	66,314	7,740	396	278	36	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

2.—*Statement showing the number and disposal of the Convicts in the*

Number.	JAILS.	9. Released during A. On appeal. M.	A. On appeal. F.	B. On expiry of sentence. M.	B. On expiry of sentence. F.
	CENTRAL PRISONS.				
1	Meerut	24	...	725	67
2	Bareilly	26	...	936	8
3	Agra	34	...	961	118
4	Fatehgarh	13	...	671	...
5	Allahabad	19	4	857	3
6	Benares	28	...	696	...
	DISTRICT JAILS.				
7	Dehra Dún	2	...	205	5
8	Saháranpur	27	...	474	16
9	Muzaffarnagar	37	3	262	19
10	Meerut	22	...	780	...
11	Bulandshahr	22	1	459	17
12	Aligarh	37	...	903	33
13	Bijnor	16	...	389	16
14	Moradabad	25	1	1,105	60
15	Bareilly	125	2	1,339	38
16	Budaun	13	...	702	36
17	Sháhjahánpur	5	...	865	35
18	Muttra	22	...	527	15
19	Agra	23	...	1,266	...
20	Etáwah	11	...	675	34
21	Mainpuri	23	...	661	9
22	Etah	18	1	496	14
23	Farukhabad	21	...	889	18
24	Cawnpore	34	1	835	97
25	Fatehpur	22	...	793	54
26	Allahabad	33	1	1,174	142
27	Bánda	7	...	772	119
28	Hamírpur	6	...	540	154
29	Jaunpur	35	...	624	63
30	Mirzapur	34	...	499	65
31	Benares	22	...	860	117
32	Gházipur...	7	2	663	76
32*a*	Do. temporary...	25	...	1,441	...
33	Azamgarh „	20	1	607	96
34	Gorakhpur „	48	1	606	194
35	Basti „	22	...	783	77
36	Almora „	29	1	158	22
37	Orai „	15	1	539	61
38	Jhánsi „	6	1	326	68
39	Lalitpur „	2	...	289	69
	Total	960	21	28,352	2,035

TECTION.

SONS.

Jails of the N.-W. Provinces during the year 1875.—(continued.)

THE YEAR.						10.		11.		
C.		D. By order of Government.								
		(A)		(B)						
On payment of fine.		On account of sickness.		On other grounds		Transported beyond seas.		Transferred to Lunatic Asylums		Number.
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
26	...	...	...	83	8	...	...	...	...	1
12	...	...	...	20	1	...	...	1	1	2
25	3	...	...	41	11	...	...	...	...	3
4	...	...	...	119	...	...	...	1	...	4
16	...	...	...	39	5	142	16	2	1	5
26	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	6
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	7
34	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	8
56	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	9
97	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	10
49	1	...	...	1	..	...	...	..	...	11
121	...	...	...	13	1	...	...	...	...	12
141	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	13
144	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	14
101	2	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	15
107	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	16
83	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	17
73	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	18
92	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	19
91	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	20
161	2	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	21
125	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22
97	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	23
84	2	...	...	9	1	...	...	...	...	24
88	2	...	...	7	1	...	...	...	...	25
128	7	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
81	3	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	27
18	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	28
129	1	...	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	29
68	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	30
107	6	...	...	11	6	1	...	...	...	31
69	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	1	...	32
92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32a
121	7	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
67	5	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	34
48	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	35
5	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	36
38	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37
59	17	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	38
40	3	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	39
2,923	71	...	...	563	35	143	16	10	5	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

2.—*Statement showing the number and disposal of the Convicts in*

Number.	JAILS.	12. Escaped. M	12. Escaped. F.	13. Executed. M.	13. Executed. F.	14. Died. M.	14. Died. F.
	CENTRAL PRISONS.						
1	Meerut...	1	...	1	...	65	1
2	Bareilly	2	...	...	...	84	3
3	Agra	1	...	3	...	55	1
4	Fatehgarh	...	...	...	...	11	...
5	Allahabad	...	...	...	...	13	1
6	Benares	...	...	...	...	35	...
	DISTRICT JAILS.						
7	Dehra Dún	1	...	...	...	...	...
8	Saháranpur	...	...	4	...	13	...
9	Muzaffarnagar	...	...	...	...	1	...
10	Meerut...	1	...	...	...	22	...
11	Bulandshahr	...	...	1	...	4	...
12	Aligarh	...	...	1	...	7	...
13	Bijnor	...	...	1	...	...	...
14	Moradabad	...	...	...	1	19	...
15	Bareilly	...	...	4	...	14	1
16	Budaun	...	...	7	1	2	...
17	Sháhjahánpur	...	...	3	1	6	...
18	Muttra...	...	...	3	...	1	...
19	Agra	...	...	...	...	24	...
20	Etáwah	...	...	4	...	2	...
21	Mainpuri	...	...	3	...	9	1
22	Etah	...	...	1	...	2	...
23	Farukhabad	...	...	7	2	9	1
24	Cawnpore	...	...	4	1	18	...
25	Fatehpur	...	...	6	1	8	1
26	Allahabad	...	...	4	...	16	1
27	Bánda	...	...	3	...	22	2
28	Hamírpur	...	...	1	...	10	1
29	Jaunpur	...	...	4	...	17	3
30	Mirzapur	...	...	2	...	4	2
31	Benares	...	...	...	...	10	...
32	Gházipur	...	...	...	...	5	1
32*a*	Do. temporary ...	...	...	...	...	14	...
33	Azamgarh „	...	...	...	...	3	1
34	Gorakhpur „	...	...	3	...	35	1
35	Basti „	...	...	4	...	9	...
36	Almora „	...	...	2	1	4	...
37	Orai „	...	...	5	...	11	...
38	Jhánsi „	...	...	4	...	8	1
39	Lalitpur „	...	...	2	...	1	1
	Total ...	6*	...	87	8	593	24

* "Includes only those prisoners who escaped

TECTION.

SONS.

the Jails of the N.-W. Provinces during the year 1875—(concluded.)

15.			16.			
Remaining on the 31st December, 1875.			Daily average number.			Number.
M	F.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	
1,190	60	1,250	1,161 00	60 50	1,221·50	1
1,679	39	1,718	1,592 50	35 25	1,627 75	2
2,234	143	2,377	2,203 00	162 75	2,365·75	3
1,338	...	1,338	1,265·50	...	1,265·50	4
2,451	96	2,547	2,359 75	91 50	2,451 25	5
1,762	...	1,762	1,895 00	...	1,895 00	6
61	2	63	55 75	1 50	57 25	7
212	13	225	248 75	13 00	261 75	8
147	10	157	119·00	10·00	129 00	9
321	...	321	430·75	...	430·75	10
151	4	155	145 75	5·75	151 50	11
442	11	453	475 00	10 00	485·00	12
146	6	152	143·50	6 50	150 00	13
327	13	340	333 25	16 00	349·25	14
543	20	563	570 25	21 25	591·50	15
307	15	322	304 75	12 50	317·25	16
257	6	263	274·00	10 50	284·50	17
163	5	168	174 25	3 25	177 50	18
608	...	608	613·75	...	613 75	19
214	10	224	242·75	9·50	252·25	20
413	8	421	420·50	4 75	425·25	21
193	7	200	210·00	3 50	213 50	22
330	19	349	341·50	19 25	360 75	23
311	26	337	338·50	28·50	367·00	24
317	20	337	373·00	19·75	392·75	25
737	85	822	769·00	79·25	848 25	26
244	31	275	288·25	26·00	314·25	27
203	19	222	206·50	24 00	230·50	28
303	56	359	332·50	56·50	389 00	29
206	14	220	212·50	16·25	228·75	30
368	91	459	480·25	95·50	575 75	31
466	45	511	486·25	40·50	526·75	32
287	...	287	477·50	...	477·50	32a
363	36	399	348·50	41·25	389·75	33
688	51	739	612·50	54·00	666·50	34
351	16	367	385·50	14·75	400·25	35
141	9	150	143 25	13·25	156·50	36
180	14	194	197 00	13·00	210·00	37
171	12	183	178·75	16·00	194·75	38
152	23	175	131·00	17·25	148·25	39
20,977	1,035	22,012	21,541·00	1,053·00	22,594·00	

during the year and have not been recaptured."

III. PRO

C.—PRI

3.—*Statement showing the religion, age, and previous occupation of*

1.	2.	3.									
		RELI									
		A.						B.		C.	
		CHRISTIANS.									
		A.		B.		C.					
Number.	JAILS.	European.		Eurasians.		Natives.		Muhammadans.		Hindús.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
	CENTRAL PRISONS										
1	Meerut ...	...	...	2	...	1	1	268	25	880	75
2	Bareilly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	683	5	1,086	25
3	Agra ...	3	...	3	...	4	1	550	38	1,880	116
4	Fatahgarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	107	...	1,150	...
5	Allahabad ...	35	...	10	...	4	...	512	15	1,804	72
6	Benares ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	111	...	1,748	...
	DISTRICT JAILS.										
7	Dehra Dún ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	4	210	3
8	Saháranpur ...	...	...	2	...	...	...	238	9	589	25
9	Muzaffarnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	197	...	409	37
10	Meerut ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	359	...	1,085	...
11	Bulandshahr ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	171	4	668	21
12	Aligarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	253	6	1,371	39
13	Bijnor ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	253	10	689	34
14	Moradabad ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	715	16	1,345	77
15	Bareilly ...	1	...	...	...	1	...	681	20	1,598	49
16	Budaun ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	280	9	1,222	47
17	Sháhjahánpur ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	257	12	1,119	32
18	Muttra ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	137	3	861	22
19	Agra ...	...	...	...	...	3	...	285	...	1,555	...
20	Etáwah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	122	6	1,201	56
21	Mainpuri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	1	1,278	23
22	Etah ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	71	...	948	24
23	Farukhabad ...	...	...	...	...	3	...	225	8	1,462	30
24	Cawnpore ...	1	...	1	...	2	2	254	25	1,548	123
25	Fatehpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	125	12	1,113	58
26	Allahabad ...	...	...	1	...	7	2	362	24	2,014	258
27	Bánda ...	...	...	...	...	3	1	176	12	1,282	141
28	Hamírpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	74	16	822	177
29	Jaunpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	115	11	1,021	115
30	Mirzapur ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	116	9	997	86
31	Benares ...	...	...	1	...	1	...	250	33	1,453	182
32	Gházipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	139	13	1,699	112
32a	Do. temporary ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	105	...	433	...
33	Azamgarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	11	1,521	124
34	Gorakhpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	242	22	1,767	249
35	Basti ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	166	8	1,272	86
36	Almora ...	...	...	1	...	1	...	60	2	309	34
37	Orai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	76	9	799	76
38	Jhánsi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	8	581	91
39	Lalitpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2	515	96
	Total ...	40	...	22	...	37	8	9,034	418	45,304	2,815

TECTION.

SONS.

the Convicts in the Jails of the N.-W. Provinces during the year 1875.

GION.				4. AGE.								
D.		E.		A.		B.		C.		D.		
Budhists and Jains.		All other classes.		Under 16.		16 to 40.		40 to 60.		Above 60.		Number.
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
...	...	...	...	49	3	770	73	320	20	12	5	1
...	...	...	...	20	...	1.478	22	228	7	43	1	2
...	...	...	...	70	6	2,019	87	233	37	118	25	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,072	...	175	...	10	...	4
...	...	...	...	29	...	1,812	62	420	19	104	6	5
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,577	...	254	...	30	...	6
...	...	...	...	2	...	274	7	17	...	2	...	7
...	...	...	...	5	1	682	30	119	3	23	...	8
...	...	...	...	1	...	509	28	75	9	21	...	9
...	...	...	...	...	...	820	...	570	...	54	...	10
...	...	...	...	6	...	691	19	122	5	21	1	11
...	...	...	...	6	1	1,241	43	304	1	73	...	12
...	...	...	...	8	1	730	31	182	12	22	...	13
...	...	...	...	9	1	1,008	44	918	36	127	12	14
...	...	...	...	13	...	1,909	55	320	9	39	5	15
...	...	...	...	5	2	1,236	42	233	7	28	5	16
...	...	...	...	6	...	1,169	36	184	7	18	1	17
...	...	...	...	8	...	840	20	140	5	11	...	18
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,415	...	386	...	42	...	19
...	...	...	...	7	3	1,101	47	194	9	21	3	20
...	...	...	...	9	...	1,141	17	186	7	13	...	21
3	...	...	...	3	...	871	22	134	2	14	1	22
...	...	...	...	1	...	1,484	33	174	5	31	...	23
...	...	...	...	17	3	1,544	115	222	27	23	5	24
...	...	...	...	12	...	1,073	57	140	13	13	...	25
...	...	...	...	38	2	2,150	218	193	62	3	2	26
...	...	...	...	21	3	1,129	135	266	24	45	2	27
...	...	...	...	7	...	729	153	140	34	20	6	28
...	...	...	...	8	1	913	100	192	25	23	...	29
...	...	...	...	13	2	917	69	169	21	15	3	30
...	...	...	...	37	5	1,416	161	227	48	25	1	31
...	...	...	...	27	1	1,427	93	368	28	16	3	32
...	...	...	...	...	...	330	...	208	...	...	...	32a
...	...	...	...	5	2	1,356	111	235	22	7	...	33
...	...	...	...	12	3	1,372	176	605	91	20	1	34
...	...	...	...	4	2	1,220	81	208	7	6	4	35
...	...	...	...	...	1	258	27	107	8	6	...	36
...	...	...	...	1	1	661	75	193	9	20	...	37
...	...	...	...	8	3	468	65	140	30	18	1	38
...		...	...	8	7	447	75	63	16	5	...	39
3	...	...	...	475	54	43,259	2,429	9,564	665	1,142	93	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

3.—*Statement showing the religion, age, and previous occupation of the*

Number.	JAILS.	PREVIOUS			
		MALES.			
		A. Of independent property.	B. Agriculturists.	C. Non-agricultural-turists.	D. Domestic servants.
	CENTRAL PRISONS.				
1	Meerut	9	454	554	89
2	Bareilly	46	894	251	108
3	Agra	101	911	973	278
4	Fatehgarh	...	734	414	47
5	Allahabad	...	586	1,365	290
6	Benares	7	1,237	467	74
	DISTRICT JAILS.				
7	Dehra Dún	26	84	114	59
8	Saháranpur	5	365	369	39
9	Muzaffarnagar	...	273	271	6
10	Meerut	42	629	604	120
11	Bulandshahr	10	404	307	42
12	Aligarh	9	701	662	131
13	Bijnor	12	338	493	26
14	Moradabad	21	539	1,123	250
15	Bareilly	68	1,156	687	254
16	Budaun	203	1,105	139	21
17	Sháhjaháupur	42	758	409	132
18	Muttra	52	500	295	63
19	Agra	38	877	694	147
20	Etáwah	11	697	441	32
21	Mainpuri	...	815	394	53
22	Etah	14	678	259	35
23	Farukhabad	31	954	625	49
24	Cawnpore	75	686	730	201
25	Fatehpur	6	753	350	72
26	Allahabad	24	1,091	790	378
27	Bánda	9	710	531	62
28	Hamírpur	27	415	312	49
29	Jaunpur	...	591	436	22
30	Mirzapur	26	344	618	45
31	Benares	189	646	556	235
32	Ghází pur	...	1,037	685	28
32a	Do. temporary	1	193	332	2
33	Azamgarh	5	1,060	457	23
34	Gorakhpur	2	1,322	251	94
35	Basti	...	1,023	327	15
36	Almora	...	223	81	32
37	Orai	67	336	350	56
38	Jhánsi	...	224	297	40
39	Lalitpur	2	265	225	25
	Total ...	1,180	26,558	19,238	3,724

TECTION.

SONS.

Convicts in the Jails of the N.-W. P., during the year 1875.—(concld.)

5.					6.			
OCCUPATION.								
		FEMALES.						
E.	F.	G.	H.	I.	TOTAL.			
Government servants.	No occupation.	Married.	Unmarried.	Prostitutes.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Number.
12	33	87	2	12	1,151	101	1,252	1
175	295	30	...	...	1,769	30	1,799	2
60	117	143	7	5	2,440	155	2,595	3
62	...	...	...	...	1,257	...	1,257	4
38	86	84	1	2	2,365	87	2,452	5
39	37	...	...	...	1,861	...	1,861	6
11	1	4	...	3	295	7	302	7
40	11	32	1	1	829	34	863	8
29	27	37	...	...	606	37	643	9
27	22	...	...	...	1,444	...	1,444	10
48	29	22	2	1	840	25	865	11
33	88	42	1	2	1,624	45	1,669	12
55	18	42	...	2	942	44	986	13
60	69	78	1	14	2,062	93	2,155	14
67	49	57	...	12	2,281	69	2,350	15
34	...	56	...	...	1,502	56	1,558	16
36	...	39	...	5	1,377	44	1,421	17
18	71	21	...	4	999	25	1,024	18
27	60	...	...	...	1,843	...	1,843	19
76	66	58	2	2	1,323	62	1,385	20
54	33	23	...	1	1,349	24	1,373	21
29	7	25	...	...	1,022	25	1,047	22
27	4	32	3	3	1,690	38	1,728	23
109	55	135	1	14	1,806	150	1,956	24
12	45	67	...	3	1,238	70	1,308	25
51	50	275	1	8	2,384	284	2,668	26
63	86	163	1	...	1,461	164	1,625	27
14	79	185	...	8	896	193	1,089	28
60	27	122	1	3	1,136	126	1,262	29
21	60	94	1	...	1,114	95	1,209	30
25	54	188	2	25	1,705	215	1,920	31
44	44	124	...	1	1,838	125	1,963	32
5	5	...	...	...	538	...	538	32a
16	42	129	3	3	1,603	135	1,738	33
78	262	267	1	3	2,009	271	2,280	34
30	43	94	...	...	1,438	94	1,532	35
28	7	32	1	3	371	36	407	36
36	30	83	1	1	875	85	960	37
39	34	98	...	1	634	99	733	38
6	...	96	2	...	523	98	621	39
1,694	2,046	3,064	35	142	54,440	3,241	57,681	

III.—PRO

C.—

4.—*Statement showing the Convicts in the Jails of the North-Western*

1.	2.	3.									
		Classes according to									
		A.		B.		C.		D.		E.	
Number.	JAILS.	Not exceeding one month.		Above one and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding three years.		Above three years and not exceeding five years	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
	Central Prisons.										
1	Meerut ...	12	21	51	49	99	13	572	10	170	2
2	Bareilly ...	1	...	98	5	429	7	757	7	282	3
3	Agra ...	61	42	183	20	238	23	926	29	407	16
4	Fatehgarh ...	4	...	67	...	218	...	614	...	170	...
5	Allahabad ...	8	...	17	...	453	8	786	10	498	32
6	Benares ...	...	...	13	...	143	...	826	...	412	...
	District Jails.										
7	Dehra Dún ...	122	3	65	2	49	1	44	...	10	1
8	Saháranpur ...	155	11	267	7	186	7	185	9	15	...
9	Muzaffarnagar ...	180	4	151	15	110	9	139	7	15	...
10	Meerut ...	229	...	414	...	138	...	657	...	5	...
11	Bulandshahr ...	319	10	213	7	159	1	123	7	12	...
12	Aligarh ...	487	18	550	16	308	4	231	6	32	...
13	Bijnor ...	240	5	330	17	178	7	162	13	18	...
14	Moradabad ...	461	21	682	36	298	11	583	23	21	...
15	Bareilly ...	364	13	1,003	32	528	6	304	13	42	2
16	Budaun ...	311	22	598	25	272	3	256	3	8	...
17	Sháhjahánpur ...	567	18	478	14	190	5	99	3	20	1
18	Muttra ...	334	10	321	10	149	3	170	1	11	1
19	Agra ...	608	...	695	...	285	...	238	...	10	...
20	Etáwah ...	358	19	477	30	211	4	219	9	26	...
21	Mainpuri ...	300	10	401	5	270	2	308	3	33	1
22	Etah ...	314	6	410	11	165	1	114	4	12	1
23	Farukhabad ...	466	9	545	4	330	11	244	8	44	2
24	Cawnpore ...	457	46	624	61	385	15	243	17	54	2
25	Fatehpur ...	437	26	330	27	177	4	207	8	45	3
26	Allahabad ...	465	71	947	92	414	52	492	49	41	11
27	Bánda ...	359	56	636	73	171	18	161	13	79	2
28	Hamírpur ...	157	71	386	98	146	8	142	9	33	4
29	Jaunpur ...	265	13	421	48	218	22	189	39	21	4
30	Mirzapur ...	183	20	383	49	253	14	227	9	29	3
31	Benares ...	363	56	665	57	304	19	306	16	35	31
32	Gházipur ...	300	27	679	58	385	25	171	10	219	1
32a	Do. temporary	2	...	303	...	188	...	45	...	...	...
33	Azamgarh ...	204	32	559	57	273	20	519	20	28	3
34	Gorakhpur ...	290	71	591	132	389	27	619	35	56	4
35	Basti ...	364	52	412	28	328	5	287	9	48	...
36	Almora ...	39	8	113	10	66	3	92	7	29	2
37	Orai ...	224	48	395	22	118	6	101	7	10	...
38	Jhánsi ...	102	26	198	47	172	14	102	11	25	...
39	Lalitpur ...	189	44	162	45	63	3	88	4	5	...
	Total ...	10,301	909	15,833	1,209	9,456	381	12,493	428	3,030	132

TECTION.

PRISONS.

Provinces for the year 1875, *according to the nature and length of sentence.*

LENGTH ON SENTENCE.

F.		G.		H.				I.		Number.
Above five and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		*Sentenced to transportation beyond Seas.*				Sentenced to death.		
				For life		For a term.				
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
195	2	27	3	24	1	...	...	1	...	1
107	3	66	...	25	5	4	...	...	...	2
406	15	107	10	62	...	47	...	3	...	3
160	...	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	4
508	11	26	6	56	20	13	...	...	...	5
425	...	26	...	8	..	8	...	...	...	6
4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
11	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	4	...	8
7	...	...	1	4	1	...	...	...	...	9
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
7	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	11
10	1	...	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	12
4	...	...	...	2	2	6	..	2	...	13
13	...	1	1	3	...	...	...	...	1	14
23	2	5	...	8	1	...	...	4	...	15
35	...	1	...	8	2	1	...	12	1	16
14	...	...	...	5	2	1	...	3	1	17
9	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	18
7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
11	...	2	...	8	...	7	...	4	...	20
26	...	...	...	2	3	6	...	3	...	21
4	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	1	...	22
33	1	6	...	15	1	...	...	7	2	23
28	2	...	...	9	6	...	...	6	1	24
29	...	...	...	5	1	1	...	7	1	25
8	5	2	...	12	4	...	...	3	...	26
43	1	...	...	6	1	3	...	3	...	27
25	2	...	...	6	1	...	...	1	...	28
15	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	4	...	29
24	...	2	...	5	...	5	...	3	...	30
27	28	1	1	3	7	...	...	1	...	31
81	2	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	1	32
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32a
13	2	2	...	3	1	2	...	...	...	33
50	2	...	...	11	...	...	...	3	...	34
37	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	4	...	35
30	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	1	36
10	1	...	...	8	1	4	...	5	...	37
16	1	3	...	2	...	10	...	4	...	38
9	1	...	...	3	1	7	...	2	...	39
2,465	86	294	22	339	65	132	...	97	9	

III.—PROTECTION.

C.—Prisons.

4.—Statement showing the Convicts in the Jails of the N.-W. P., for the year 1875, according to the nature and length of sentence—(concld.)

Number.	JAILS.	4. Nature of Imprisonment. A. Simple Imprisonment. M.	A. F.	B. Rigorous Imprisonment. M.	B. F.	5. Total M.	Total F.	Total.	Number.
	Central Prisons.								
1	Meerut ...	26	10	1,125	91	1,151	101	1,252	1
2	Bareilly ...	...	...	1,769	30	1,769	30	1,799	2
3	Agra ...	23	15	2,417	140	2,440	155	2,595	3
4	Fatehgarh ...	...	...	1,257	...	1,257	...	1,257	4
5	Allahabad ...	4	...	2,361	87	2,365	87	2,452	5
6	Benares ...	...	...	1,861	...	1,861	...	1,861	6
	District Jails.								
7	Dehra Dún ...	2	...	293	7	295	7	302	7
8	Saháranpur ...	53	2	776	32	829	34	863	8
9	Muzaffarnagar ...	33	2	573	35	606	37	643	9
10	Meerut ...	73	...	1,371	...	1,444	...	1,444	10
11	Bulandshahr ...	60	5	780	20	840	25	865	11
12	Aligarh ...	50	13	1,574	32	1,624	45	1,669	12
13	Bijnor ...	33	7	909	37	942	44	986	13
14	Moradabad ...	189	17	1,873	76	2,062	93	2,155	14
15	Bareilly ...	162	11	2,119	58	2,281	69	2,350	15
16	Budaun ...	122	19	1,380	37	1,502	56	1,558	16
17	Sháhjahánpur ...	57	12	1,320	32	1,377	44	1,421	17
18	Muttra ...	37	4	962	21	999	25	1,024	18
19	Agra ...	113	...	1,730	...	1,843	...	1,843	19
20	Etáwah ...	76	10	1,247	52	1,323	62	1,385	20
21	Mainpuri ...	68	1	1,281	23	1,349	24	1,373	21
22	Etah ...	72	6	950	19	1,022	25	1,047	22
23	Farukhabad ...	98	4	1,592	34	1,690	38	1,728	23
24	Cawnpore ...	126	25	1,680	125	1,806	150	1,956	24
25	Fatehpur ...	39	18	1,199	52	1,238	70	1,308	25
26	Allahabad ...	211	42	2,173	242	2,384	284	2,668	26
27	Bánda ...	69	22	1,392	142	1,461	164	1,625	27
28	Hamírpur ...	14	13	882	180	896	193	1,089	28
29	Jaunpur ...	94	22	1,042	104	1,136	126	1,262	29
30	Mirzapur ..	134	17	980	78	1,114	95	1,209	30
31	Benares ...	95	22	1,610	193	1,705	215	1,920	31
32	Gházipur ...	104	26	1,734	99	1,838	125	1,963	32
32a	Do. temporary	...	...	538	...	538	...	538	32a
33	Azamgarh ...	143	35	1,460	100	1,603	135	1,738	33
34	Gorakhpur ...	129	41	1,880	230	2,009	271	2,280	34
35	Basti ...	43	20	1,395	74	1,438	94	1,532	35
36	Almora ...	23	3	348	33	371	36	407	36
37	Orai ...	65	13	810	72	875	85	960	37
38	Jhánsi ...	23	12	611	87	634	99	733	38
39	Lalitpur ...	22	13	501	85	523	98	621	39
	Total ...	2,685	482	51,755	2,759	54,440	3,241	57,681	

III.—PROTECTION.

C.—Prisons.

5.—*Statement showing the Convicts in the Jails of the N.-W. Provinces during the year* 1875, *who had been previously convicted.*

1.	2.	3.			
Number.	JAILS.	Total.			Number.
		Male.	Female.	Total.	
	Central Prisons.				
1	Meerut	1,151	101	1,252	1
2	Bareilly	1,769	30	1,799	2
3	Agra	2,440	155	2,595	3
4	Fatehgarh	1,257	...	1,257	4
5	Allahabad	2,365	87	2,452	5
6	Benares	1,861	...	1,861	6
	District Jails.				
7	Dehra Dún	295	7	302	7
8	Saháranpur	829	34	863	8
9	Muzaffarnagar	606	37	643	9
10	Meerut	1,444	...	1,444	10
11	Bulandshahr	840	25	865	11
12	Aligarh	1,624	45	1,669	12
13	Bijnor	942	44	986	13
14	Moradabad	2,062	93	2,155	14
15	Bareilly	2,281	69	2,350	15
16	Budaun	1,502	56	1,558	16
17	Sháhjahánpur	1,377	44	1,421	17
18	Muttra	999	25	1,024	18
19	Agra	1,843	...	1,843	19
20	Etáwah	1,323	62	1,385	20
21	Mainpuri	1,349	24	1,373	21
22	Etah	1,022	25	1,047	22
23	Farukhabad	1,690	38	1,728	23
24	Cawnpore	1,806	150	1,956	24
25	Fatehpur	1,238	70	1,308	25
26	Allahabad	2,384	284	2,668	26
27	Bánda	1,461	164	1,625	27
28	Hamírpur	896	193	1,089	28
29	Jaunpur	1,136	126	1,262	29
30	Mirzapur	1,114	95	1,209	30
31	Benares	1,705	215	1,920	31
32	Gházipur	1,838	125	1,963	32
32a	Ditto temporary	538	...	538	32a
33	Azamgarh	1,603	135	1,738	33
34	Gorakhpur	2,009	271	2,280	34
35	Basti	1,438	94	1,532	35
36	Almora	371	36	407	36
37	Orai	875	85	960	37
38	Jhánsi	634	99	733	38
39	Lalitpur	523	98	621	39
	Total ...	54,440	3,241	57,681	

5.—*Statement showing the Convicts in the Jails of the N.-W. P.*

1.	2.	4.								
		Number previously convicted.								
		A.		B		C.		D.		
Number.	JAILS	Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
	CENTRAL PRISONS.									
1	Meerut	154	21	21	8	13	7	188	36	224
2	Bareilly	102	...	15	...	9	1	126	1	127
3	Agra	427	9	67	2	55	3	549	14	563
4	Fatehgarh ...	311	...	30	...	9	...	350	...	350
5	Allahabad ...	143	2	8	...	20	1	171	3	174
6	Benares	201	...	202	...	85	...	488	...	488
	DISTRICT JAILS.									
7	Dehra Dún ...	40	...	13	...	7	...	60	...	60
8	Saháranpur ...	77	1	32	...	10	...	119	1	120
9	Muzaffarnagar ...	33	2	12	...	6	...	51	2	53
10	Meerut	10	...	57	...	25	...	92	...	92
11	Bulandshahr ...	51	...	16	...	5	...	72	...	72
12	Aligarh	117	...	25	...	8	...	150	...	150
13	Bijnor	45	2	32	...	22	...	99	2	101
14	Moradabad ...	128	2	25	...	29	...	182	2	184
15	Bareilly	78	...	33	...	30	...	136	...	136
16	Budaun	136	4	35	2	12	2	183	8	191
17	Sháhjahánpur ...	92	...	70	2	11	...	173	2	175
18	Muttra	95	1	8	...	4	1	107	2	109
19	Agra	155	...	8	...	35	...	198	...	198
20	Etáwah	78	1	17	...	9	...	104	1	105
21	Mainpuri	143	...	7	...	10	...	160	...	160
22	Etah	47	...	5	...	5	...	57	...	57
23	Farukhabad ...	201	...	17	...	7	...	225	...	225
24	Cawnpore	112	2	19	..	7	...	138	2	140
25	Fatehpur	59	2	5	...	7	...	71	2	73
26	Allahabad ...	131	3	17	...	6	1	154	4	158
27	Bánda	54	11	8	1	3	...	65	12	77
28	Hamírpur ...	97	12	18	1	4	5	119	18	137
29	Jaunpur	19	...	8	1	28	...	55	1	56
30	Mirzapur	118	7	45	1	36	1	199	9	208
31	Benares	188	11	51	5	39	1	278	17	295
32	Gházipur	52	...	22	1	10	1	84	2	86
32a	Do. temporary...	131	...	66	...	20	...	217	...	217
33	Azamgarh „ ...	202	2	13	1	5	...	220	3	223
34	Gorakhpur „ ...	204	11	42	...	13	...	259	11	217
35	Basti „ ...	86	2	7	1	3	...	96	3	99
36	Almora „ ...	24	...	7	...	3	...	34	...	34
37	Orai „ ...	133	13	11	1	9	...	153	14	167
38	Jhánsi „ ...	99	10	13	3	6	1	118	14	132
39	Lalitpur „ ...	22	3	10	2	6	1	38	6	44
	Total ...	4,590	134	1,117	32	631	26	6,338	192	6,530

TECTION.

during the year 1875, *who had been previously convicted*—(concluded.

5. Ratio of column 4D to column 3.			6 *Juvenile prisoners (under 16 years of age, Section 318, Criminal Procedure Code).*				
			A. Number imprisoned		B. Number previously convicted.		Number.
M.	F	Total	M	F.	M.	F.	
16·33	35·64	17·89	14	1	3	...	1
7·12	3 33	7·06	...	...	4	...	2
22·50	9 03	21 69	89	6	38	...	3
27·84	...	27 84	...	...	...	...	4
7·23	3·45	7 09	32	...	19	...	5
26·22	...	26·22	...	...	...	...	6
20·34	...	19·87	...	...	...	...	7
14 35	2·94	13·90	7	1	...	...	8
8·42	5·40	8·24	1	...	...	...	9
6·37	...	6·37	...	...	...	...	10
8·57	...	8 32	6	...	...	...	11
9·23	...	8·98	9	...	1	...	12
10 51	4·54	10 24	3	...	...	...	13
8·82	2·15	8 53	9	1	2	...	14
5·96	...	5·78	10	...	5	...	15
12·18	14·28	12 26	4	2	2	...	16
12 56	4 55	12 32	6	...	1	...	17
10·71	8 00	10·64	8	...	1	...	18
10·74	...	10 74	...	...	...	...	19
7·86	1·61	7 58	7	2	...	...	20
11 86	...	11·65	5	...	1	...	21
5·57	...	5·14	2	...	...	...	22
13·31	...	13 02	1	...	...	...	23
7·64	1·33	7·15	21	...	2	...	24
5 73	2 85	5·58	12	...	...	...	25
6·45	1·40	5·92	60	1	1	...	26
4 45	7 31	4 74	22	...	1	...	27
13 28	9 32	12 58	6	...	1	...	28
4·84	0·79	4·43	9	1	1	...	29
17·86	9 47	17·20	13	2	3	...	30
16·30	7·90	15·36	8	...	1	...	31
4·57	1·60	4 38	26	...	3	...	32
40·33	...	40 33	...	...	...	...	32a
13·72	2·22	12·83	3	...	...	...	33
12·89	4·06	11·84	9	...	...	...	34
6·68	3·19	6·46	...	1	...	...	35
9·16	...	8·35	1	1	...	...	36
17·49	16·47	17·39	1	...	...	...	37
18·61	14·14	18·01	9	3	2	1	38
7·25	6·12	7 08	8	7	1	...	39
11·64	5·92	11·32	421	29	93	1	

III.—PRIO

C.—PRI

6.—*Statement showing the offences committed by the Convicts, and the*

during the

1.	2.	3.		4.		5.					
						Breaches of Jail Rules.					
Number.	JAILS.	Average number of convicts.		Criminal Offences.		Smoking or having possession of forbidden articles.		Offences relating to work.		Other offences against prison discipline.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
	CENTRAL PRISONS.										
1	Meerut	1,161·00	60·50	...	...	21	...	10	...	27	...
2	Bareilly ...	1,592·50	35 25	.	...	12	...	36	...	29	...
3	Agra	2,203·00	162 75	7	...	20	...	134	...	86	...
4	Fatehgarh ...	1,265·50	...	...	...	31	...	298	...	308	...
5	Allahabad ...	2,359 75	91·50	...	..	65	...	55	..	170	...
6	Benares ...	1,895·00	...	9	...	52	...	50	...	76	...
	DISTRICT JAILS.										
7	Dehra Dún ...	55·75	1·50	...	...	9	...	9	...	10	...
8	Saháranpur ...	248·75	13·00	2	...	15	...	89	...	54	...
9	Muzaffarnagar ...	119 00	10·00	...	...	...	...	6	...	4	...
10	Meerut ...	430 75	...	...	...	6	...	4	..	10	...
11	Bulandshahr ...	145 75	5 75	...	...	6	...	6	...	24	...
12	Aligarh ...	475 00	10·00	...	...	...	...	27	..	15	...
13	Bijnor ...	143·50	6·50	...	...	3	.	78	5	9	1
14	Moradabad ...	333 25	16 00	...	...	6	...	8	...	28	...
15	Bareilly ...	570 25	21 25	1	...	3	...	27	...	23	...
16	Budaun ...	304·75	12 50	...	...	39	...	146	1	84	4
17	Sháhjahánpur ...	274 00	10 50	...	...	3	...	10	1	25	...
18	Muttra ...	174 25	3 25	...	..	24	...	19	1	61	17
19	Agra ...	613·75	..	..	...	5	...	12	...	9	...
20	Etáwah ...	212·75	9 50	...	...	...	...	3	...	4	...
21	Mainpuri ...	420·50	4 75	...	...	10	...	35	...	37	...
22	Etah ...	210·00	3 50	2	...	66	...	75	...	66	...
23	Farukhabad ...	341·50	19·25	...	...	5	...	18	...	44	...
24	Cawnpore ...	338 50	28 50	...	...	5	...	36	20	30	5
25	Fatehpur ...	373 00	19 75	...	...	9	...	6	...	13	...
26	Allahabad ...	769 00	79·25	...	...	59	...	83	2	75	...
27	Bánda ...	288·25	26·00	...	1	55	...	58	2	53	3
28	Hamirpur ...	206·50	24·00	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
29	Jaunpur ...	332·50	56 50	1	...	17	1	21	6	39	29
30	Mirzapur ...	212·50	16 25	...	...	12	..	10	...	23	...
31	Benares ...	480·25	95 50	2	...	11	...	55	...	26	...
32	Gházipur ...	486·25	40 50	...	...	26	...	36	...	26	...
32a	Do. temporary ...	477·50	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	9	...
33	Azamgarh ...	348·50	41·25	1	...	19	...	23	...	23	...
34	Gorakhpur ...	612·50	54·00	1	...	2	...	13	...	24	...
35	Basti ...	385·50	14·75	...	...	3	1	27	1	35	1
36	Almora ...	143·25	13·25	...	...	...	...	11	...	4	14
37	Orai ...	197·00	13 00	1	...	2	...	2	...	5	...
38	Jhánsi ...	178·75	16·00	..	...	15	...	53	...	25	...
39	Lalitpur ...	131·00	17·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
	Total ...	21,541·00	1,053 00	27	1	639	2	1,591	39	1,615	74

TECTION.

SONS.

punishments inflicted on them, in the Jails of the N.-W. Provinces, year 1875.

6.												7.	
PUNISHMENT INFLICTED.													
A.		*B.—By Jail Officers.*									*C.*		
		A.		B.		C.		D.	E.				
By Criminal Courts.		Solitary confinement.		Reduced diet.		Solitary confinement with reduced diet.		Corporal punishment.	Other punishments.		Total punishments.	Ratio of column 6c to column 3.	Number.
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M	F.		M.	F.			
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	54	...	...	58	4·74	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	77	...	...	77	4·73	2
7	...	...	...	77	...	25	...	123	15	...	247	10·44	3
...	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	115	504	...	637	50·33	4
...	...	79	...	...	...	52	...	140	19	...	290	11·83	5
6	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	176	...	...	187	9·87	6
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	25	2	...	28	48·90	7
2	...	86	...	2	...	4	...	66	...	...	160	61·12	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	10	7·75	9
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	18	...	...	20	4 64	10
...	...	10	...	...	...	5	...	17	4	...	36	23·76	11
...	...	7	...	...	...	6	...	27	2	...	42	8·66	12
...	...	...	...	14	4	15	2	60	1	...	96	64·00	13
...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	27	12	...	42	12 02	14
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	...	...	54	9 13	15
...	...	...	...	36	...	115	...	107	11	5	274	86·36	16
...	...	5	...	2	...	6	1	21	4	...	39	13·70	17
...	...	5	...	30	12	14	5	18	37	1	122	68·73	18
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	24	1	...	26	4 23	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	7	2·77	20
...	...	28	...	1	...	11	...	40	2	...	82	19·28	21
2	...	10	...	76	...	2	...	47	72	...	209	97·89	22
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	59	...	67	18·57	23
...	...	6	2	2	20	14	3	49	...	...	96	26·16	24
...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	24	...	...	28	7·13	25
...	...	26	...	...	...	59	2	132	...	...	219	25·81	26
...	1	...	1	33	4	...	...	129	4	...	172	54·73	27
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	0·86	28
1	...	19	31	1	...	4	5	43	10	...	114	29·30	29
...	...	3	...	...	...	8	...	27	7	...	45	19·67	30
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	92	...	...	94	16·32	31
...	...	1	...	2	...	33	...	51	1	...	88	16·70	32
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	11	1	...	13	2·72	32a
1	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	52	7	...	66	16·93	33
1	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	33	2	...	40	6·00	34
...	...	...	1	14	...	...	...	22	29	2	68	16·99	35
...	...	...	...	2	11	3	3	9	1	...	29	18·53	36
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	10	4·76	37
...	...	2	...	43	...	...	...	48	...	...	93	47·75	38
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	0·67	39
24	1	296	35	365	51	386	21	1,994	807	8	3,988	17·65	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

7.—*Statement showing the state of Education of the Convicts imprisoned in and*

1.	2.	3.		4.						5.	
Number.	Jails.	Number imprisoned during the year.		*Of those in column 3 there were.* Unable to read or write.		Able to read or write a little		Able to read or write well.		Daily average number of convicts.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
	CENTRAL PRISONS.										
1	Meerut ...	100	62	79	62	16	...	5	...	1,161·00	60·50
2	Bareilly ...	101	1	99	1	1	...	1	...	1,592 50	35·25
3	Agra ...	314	64	290	64	19	...	5	...	2,203·00	162·75
4	Fatehgarh ...	52	...	44	...	3	...	5	...	1,265 50	...
5	Allahabad ...	35	...	2	...	12	...	21	...	2,359·75	91·50
6	Benares ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,895·00	...
	DISTRICT JAILS.										
7	Dehra Dún ..	235	7	231	7	3	...	1	...	55·75	1·50
8	Saháranpur ...	555	27	530	27	6	...	19	...	248·75	13·00
9	Muzaffarnagar ...	486	27	479	27	2	...	5	...	119·00	10 00
10	Meerut ...	834	...	827	...	4	...	3	...	430·75	...
11	Bulandshahr ...	730	16	682	16	8	...	13	...	145·75	5·75
12	Aligarh ...	1,118	34	1,113	34	2	...	3	...	475·00	10·00
13	Bijnor ...	777	35	759	35	12	..	6	...	143·50	6·50
14	Moradabad ...	1,837	80	1,197	80	426	...	214	...	333·25	16·00
15	Bareilly ...	1,758	53	1,714	53	14	...	30	...	570·25	21 25
16	Budaun ...	1,239	50	1,199	50	12	..	28	...	304·75	12·50
17	Sháhjahánpur ...	1,137	31	1,074	31	48	...	15	...	274·00	10·50
18	Muttra ...	832	23	830	23	2	...	1	...	174·25	3·25
19	Agra ...	1,347	...	1,294	...	45	...	8	...	613·75	...
20	Etáwah ...	1,082	53	1,062	50	14	...	6	...	242·75	9·50
21	Mainpuri ...	914	21	870	21	35	...	9	...	420 50	4·75
22	Etah ...	828	20	818	20	7	...	3	...	210 00	3·50
23	Fatehgarh ...	1,333	28	1,310	28	15	..	8	...	341·50	19 25
24	Cawnpore ...	1,544	127	1,409	127	80	...	55	...	338·50	28·50
25	Fatehpur ...	895	48	885	48	6	...	4	...	373 00	19·75
26	Allahabad ...	1,660	146	1,568	146	57	...	35	...	769·00	79·25
27	Bánda ...	1,220	153	1,045	153	103	...	72	...	288·25	26·00
28	Hamírpur ...	669	174	649	174	15	...	5	...	206·50	24·00
29	Jaunpur ...	888	66	802	66	12	...	24	...	332·50	56·50
30	Mirzapur ...	945	80	512	64	304	9	129	7	212·50	16·25
31	Benares ...	1,223	109	1,117	109	97	...	9	...	480·25	95·50
32	Gházipur ...	1,324	83	1,260	83	60	...	4	...	486·25	40·50
32a	Do. tempy.,	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	477·50	...
33	Azamgarh ...	1,129	94	1,109	94	8	...	12	...	348·50	41·25
34	Gorakhpur ...	1,397	196	1,323	196	55	...	19	...	612·50	54·00
35	Basti ...	1,022	82	999	82	15	...	8	...	385·50	14·75
36	Almora ...	225	23	175	23	25	...	25	...	143·25	13·25
37	Orai ...	722	71	708	71	9	...	5	...	197·00	13·00
38	Jhánsi ...	471	79	455	79	9	...	7	...	178·75	16·00
39	Lalitpur ...	413	82	399	82	10	...	4	...	131·00	17·25
	Total ...	34,330	2,245	30,933	2,229	1,571	9	826	7	21541·00	1,053·00

TECTION.

SONS.

released from the Jails of the N.-W. Provinces during the year 1875.

6.		7.		8.						9.						
Daily average number under instruction.		Number released during the year.		*Of those in column 7 there were.*						*Number released during the year after more than six months in Jail.*						
				Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well		Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Number.
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
69·92	...	858	75	824	75	26	..	8	...	615	35	19	...	6	...	1
472·83	17·10	994	9	699	3	176	4	119	2	524	3	164	4	110	2	2
201·90	...	1,061	132	541	132	295	...	225	.	439	101	258	...	199	...	3
163·31	...	807	...	771	...	27	...	9	..	667	...	27	...	9	...	4
304·04	15 78	931	12	396	7	249	1	286	4	554	7	222	1	262	4	5
452·40	...	850	...	256	...	502	...	92	...	273	...	439	...	73	...	6
...	...	208	5	204	5	1	...	3	..	113	...	...	...	...	...	7
17·91	...	538	17	518	17	6	...	14	..	124	1	8	...	5	...	8
...	...	357	22	353	22	1	...	3	...	41	6	...	...	...	...	9
...	...	905	...	899	...	5	...	1	...	560	...	...	...	...	...	10
...	...	531	19	520	19	4	...	7	...	54	2	...	...	...	...	11
30·00	...	1,074	34	1,061	34	11	..	2	...	232	1	...	..	...	...	12
...	...	548	17	535	17	8	...	5	...	263	9	10	...	8	...	13
6·25	...	1,280	61	721	61	305	..	254	...	169	...	...	...	...	...	14
50·16	9·90	1,569	42	1,418	40	99	...	52	2	207	...	89	...	34	2	15
13 80	...	323	38	803	38	4	...	16	..	29	1	4	...	6	...	16
12·00	...	957	35	941	35	10	...	6	...	101	4	10	...	4	...	17
...	...	624	16	623	16	1	...	...	...	17	1	...	...	...	...	18
...	...	1,388	...	1,345	...	35	...	8	...	240	...	15	...	3	...	19
...	...	782	34	772	34	6	..	4	...	12	...	5	...	1	...	20
67·20	...	849	11	766	11	51	...	32	...	176	...	32	...	11	...	21
16·25	...	639	15	634	15	4	...	1	...	99	10	4	...	1	...	22
46·43	9·03	1,022	18	977	14	33	4	12	...	107	3	33	4	12	...	23
...	...	962	101	910	101	45	...	7	..	74	6	5	...	3	...	24
25·50	...	900	57	901	57	6	...	3	..	174	2	...	...	...	...	25
96 02	...	1,348	150	931	150	199	...	217	...	267	37	15	...	9	...	26
...	...	856	122	766	122	53	...	47	...	43	11	28	...	12	...	27
5·57	...	564	154	553	154	8	...	5	...	71	2	4	...	1	...	28
9·65	...	794	64	766	64	10	...	18	...	102	11	5	...	3	...	29
9·07	...	603	69	278	59	215	...	110	...	41	7	15	..	12	...	30
70 82	42·62	1,000	129	705	97	215	24	80	8	140	30	210	14	45	5	31
40·50	...	751	78	681	78	50	...	20	...	228	12	30	...	10	...	32
...	...	1,558	...	1,417	...	130	...	11	...	413	...	130	...	11	...	32a
25·30	...	750	104	717	104	20	...	13	...	155	21	14	...	3	...	33
37 50	...	726	200	6,938	200	25	...	3	...	117	42	25	.	3	...	34
41·97	...	854	78	819	78	20	...	15	...	149	5	10	..	13	...	35
39·20	...	194	23	158	23	23	...	13	...	31	4	11	...	3	...	36
...	...	592	623	586	63	4	...	2	...	92	4	2	...	2	...	37
...	...	394	86	373	86	4	...	17	...	23	1	...	...	8	...	38
30·00	...	545	72	309	72	18	...	8	...	100	15	8	...	3	...	39
2,355·50	94·43	32,798	2,162	28,146	2,113	2,904	33	1,748	16	7,644	394	1,851	23	885	13	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

8.—*Statement showing the expenditure in guarding and maintaining year* 1875, *excluding the cost of building new*

1.	2.	3.			
		Average number of prisoners.			
Number.	JAILS.	Convicts.	Under trial.	Civil.	Total.
	CENTRAL PRISONS.				
1	Meerut	1,221·50	...	See note in Column 16 of Statement No. XX.	1,221·50
2	Bareilly	1,627·75	...		1,627·75
3	Agra	2,365·75	10·00		2,375·75
4	Fatehgarh	1,265·50	...		1,265·50
5	Allahabad	2,451·25	...		2,451·25
6	Benares	1,895 00	...		1,895 00
	DISTRICT JAILS.				
7	Dehra Dún	57·25	3·50		60·75
8	Sahárapur	261 75	...		261·75
9	Muzaffarnagar	129·00	19·00		148·00
10	Meerut	430·75	...		430·75
11	Bulandshahr	151 50	16·00		167·50
12	Aligarh	485·00	42·00		527·00
13	Bijnor	150 00	40 25		190·25
14	Moradabad	349·25	44 00		393·25
15	Bareilly	591·50	7·50		599 00
16	Budaun	317·25	...		317 25
17	Sháhjahánpur	284·50	44·25		328·75
18	Muttra	177·50	17 75		195·25
19	Agra	613·75	...		613·75
20	Etáwah	252·25	30 25		282 50
21	Mainpuri	425 25	...		425·25
22	Etah	213·50	34·25		247·75
23	Fatehgarh	360 75	37·25		398 00
24	Cawnpore	367·00	54·25		421 25
25	Fatehpur	392 75	21·25		414·00
26	Allahabad	848·25	11·25		859·50
27	Bánda	314·25	39·50		353·75
28	Hamírpur	230 50	31·75		262·25
29	Jaunpur	389·00	20·75		409·75
30	Mirzapur	228·75	...		228·75
31	Benares	575·75	4·50		580·25
32	Gházipur	526·75	48·75		575·50
32*a*	Ditto temporary ...	477·50	...		476·50
33	Azamgarh " ...	389·75	39·00		428·75
34	Gorakhpur " ...	666·50	...		666·50
35	Basti " ...	400·25	50·75		451·00
36	Almora " ...	156 50	...		116·50
37	Orai " ...	210·00	26·00		236·00
38	Jalaun " ...	194·75	16 25		211·00
39	Lalitpur " ...	148 25	14·25		162·50
	Total ...	22,594·00	724·25		23,318·25

TECTION.

SONS.

the prisoners in the Jails of the North-Western Provinces during the Jails, of additions, alterations, or repairs.

4. Rations. A. Total cost.	4. Rations. B. Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.	5. Establishment. A. Total cost.	5. Establishment. B. Cost per head of average strength.	6. Police Guard. A. Total cost.	6. Police Guard. B. Cost per head of average strength.	Number.
Rs.	Rs a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	
14,561	11 14 8½	21,625	17 11 3¼	4,305	3 8 5	1
26,533	16 4 9½	27,621	16 15 6¼	4,545	2 12 8	2
31,687	13 5 4¾	23,773	10 0 1¼	4,650	1 15 3¾	3
18,965	14 15 9¼	23,903	18 14 2½	4,650	3 10 9½	4
36,496	14 14 3	26,412	10 12 5	4,650	1 14 4¼	5
27,851	14 11 2	23,262	12 4 5	4,580	2 7 3	6
898	14 12 6	2,533	41 11 1½	930	15 4 11½	7
3,676	14 0 8½	4,441	16 15 5½	594	2 4 3¾	8
1,809	12 3 7	2,930	19 12 9	594	4 0 2¼	9
5,013	11 10 2	4,916	11 6 7	1,515	3 3 0½	10
2,074	12 6 1¼	3,207	19 2 4	534	3 3 0	11
7,300	13 13 7½	6,659	12 10 2	1,050	1 15 10½	12
2,482	13 0 9	3,611	18 15 8¼	1,050	5 8 3¾	13
6,685	17 0 0	4,701	11 15 3	1,050	2 10 8¾	14
9,575	15 15 9	6,551	10 15 0	1,515	2 8 5½	15
4,300	13 8 10¼	3,710	11 11 1¼	534	1 10 11	16
4,525	13 12 2¾	3,713	11 4 8½	194	1 12 10¾	17
2,513	12 13 11¼	3,407	17 7 2½	534	2 11 9	18
8,067	13 2 3½	4 843	7 14 3	1,515	2 7 6	19
4,175	14 12 5½	3,706	13 1 10¾	534	1 14 3	20
5,572	13 1 7¾	5,074	11 14 11	1,050	2 7 6	21
3,287	13 4 3¼	3,313	13 5 11¼	534	2 2 6	22
6,249	15 11 2½	4,949	12 6 11¼	1,515	3 12 10¾	23
5,772	13 11 2¾	4,489	10 10 6	534	1 4 3¼	24
5,949	14 5 11	5,148	12 6 11¼	1,050	2 8 7	25
11,215	13 0 9¼	5,702	6 10 1¾	1,515	1 12 2½	26
4,726	13 5 9	4,022	11 5 11	594	1 10 10½	27
3,910	14 14 6½	3,837	14 10 1	594	2 4 3	28
4,961	12 1 4	5,097	12 7 0½	1,050	2 9 0	29
3,295	14 6 5¾	3,808	16 10 4½	1,050	4 9 5¼	30
8,545	14 11 7	5,059	8 11 5½	1,515	2 9 9¼	31
9,327	16 3 3¾	6,832	11 13 11¼	1,515	2 10 1½	32
8,019	16 12 8½	4,563	9 8 10½	...	...	32a
5,972	13 14 10	5,285	12 5 2½	1,050	2 7 2	33
9,849	14 12 5	7,126	10 11 1	1,515	2 4 4¼	34
5,947	13 3 0	4,987	11 0 11	534	1 2 11	35
3,816	24 10 2½	3,785	24 2 11½	...	...	36
3,321	14 1 2	3,112	13 3 0	594	2 8 3½	37
3,073	14 9 0¼	3,706	17 9 0¼	1,515	7 2 10½	38
2,747	16 14 5¾	3,327	20 7 7	534	3 4 7	39
3,34,768	14 5 8½	2,98,745	12 12 11¾	58,251	2 7 11½	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

8.—*Statement showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining* 1875, *excluding the cost of building new*

1.	2.	7.							
		Hospital charges.							
		A.	B.			C.			
Number.	JAILS.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.			Cost per head of average number sick			
	CENTRAL PRISONS.	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
1	Meerut	1,942	1	9	5¼	39	12	10	
2	Bareilly	616	0	6	0½	17	7	11	
3	Agra	1,498	0	10	1	19	12	8¾	
4	Fatehgarh	1,039	0	13	1¾	18	4	6	
5	Allahabad	962	0	6	3½	57	4	8¾	
6	Benares	1,304	0	11	0	25	1	5½	
	DISTRICT JAILS.								
7	Dehra Dún	73	1	3	2¾	125	13	9½	
8	Saháranpur	260	0	15	11	35	1	4¾	
9	Muzaffarnagar	78	0	3	5¼	33	9	11	
10	Meerut	566	1	5	0¼	29	9	10½	
11	Bulandshahr	253	1	8	2	33	4	7½	
12	Aligarh	450	0	13	8	26	0	2	
13	Bijnor	60	0	5	0½	31	9	3	
14	Moradabad...	143	0	5	9¾	25	8	7	
15	Bareilly	230	0	6	1¾	18	12	7¾	
16	Budaun	206	0	10	4¾	40	8	9¾	
17	Sháhjahánpur	496	1	8	1¾	53	11	9½	
18	Muttra	118	0	9	8	27	6	0½	
19	Agra	303	0	7	10¾	20	3	7½	
20	Etáwah	102	0	5	9¼	42	8	0	
21	Mainpuri	110	0	4	1¾	13	7	5	
22	Etah	193	0	12	5½	31	2	0¾	
23	Fatehgarh	272	0	10	11	33	12	7¼	
24	Cawnpore	410	0	15	7	25	15	5¼	
25	Fatehpur	189	0	7	3¾	28	0	0	
26	Allahabad	505	0	9	5	43	0	2¾	
27	Bánda	539	1	8	4½	52	6	1	
28	Hamírpur	287	1	1	6	20	14	2½	
29	Jaunpur	498	1	3	3	31	2	11	
30	Mirzapur	199	0	13	11	28	1	8½	
31	Benares	348	0	9	7¼	19	13	9½	
32	Gházipur	123	0	3	5	51	10	10½	
32*a*	Ditto temporary	114	0	3	9¾	39	7	1¼	
33	Azamgarh	265	0	9	10½	34	3	1	
34	Gorakhpur	993	1	7	10	33	7	10	
35	Basti	702	1	8	11	44	14	1¾	
36	Almora	410	2	9	11	110	3	5½	
37	Orai	127	0	8	7¼	30	4	11½	
38	Jhánsi	190	0	11	5	60	8	1½	
39	Lalitpur	244	1	8	0¼	32	1	0	
	Total ...	17,412	0	11	11½	29	5	5½	

TECTION.

SONS.

the prisoners in the Jails of the North-Western Provinces during the year Jails, of additions, alterations, or repairs.

8.		9.		10.	11.	
Clothing.		*Contingencies.*				
A.	B.	A.	B.	Grand total expended.	Total cost per head of average strength.	Number.
Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.			
Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	
2,334	1 14 7	1,659	1 5 8¼	46,426	38 0 1¼	1
5,000	3 1 2	1,664	1 0 4¼	65,979	40 8 6½	2
4,897	2 1 0	2,282	0 15 4¼	68,787	28 15 3	3
2,956	2 5 4½	2,430	1 14 8½	53,943	42 10 0	4
8,262	3 5 11¼	5,014	2 0 8	81,797	33 5 11	5
3,696	1 15 2½	3,113	1 10 3½	63,876	33 11 4	6
99	1 10 0¾	201	3 4 11¼	4,734	77 14 9¾	7
235	0 14 4¼	418	1 9 6½	9,624	36 12 3½	8
276	1 13 10	573	3 13 11½	6,260	42 4 9	9
1,500	3 7 8½	96	0 3 7	13,606	31 9 4¼	10
152	0 14 6¼	422	2 8 4	6,642	39 10 5½	11
785	1 7 10	797	1 8 2½	17,041	32 5 4½	12
430	2 4 1¾	338	1 12 5	7,971	41 14 4½	13
1,188	3 0 4	988	2 8 2½	14,755	37 8 4	14
2,000	3 5 5	383	0 10 2¼	20,254	33 13 0	15
1,042	3 4 6¾	637	2 0 1½	10,429	32 13 11½	16
1,290	3 14 9¼	474	1 7 1	11,092	33 11 10	17
624	3 3 1½	320	1 10 2¾	7,516	38 7 11	18
2,050	3 5 5¼	428	0 11 8	17,206	28 0 6½	19
1,122	3 15 6½	907	3 3 4½	10,546	37 5 3½	20
654	1 8 7¼	444	1 0 8¼	12,904	30 5 6	21
550	2 3 6¼	323	1 4 10½	8,200	33 1 6¼	22
764	1 14 9	486	1 3 6½	14,234	35 12 3	23
867	2 0 11	2,117	5 0 5	14,189	33 10 11	24
766	1 13 7¼	708	1 11 4¼	13,810	33 5 8½	25
3,508	4 1 3½	1,831	2 2 1	24,276	28 3 11	26
575	1 10 0	1,840	5 3 2½	12,290	34 14 6½	27
567	2 2 7	737	2 12 11¾	9,932	37 13 11¼	28
1,007	2 7 3¾	869	2 2 11	13,467	32 13 10¼	29
657	2 13 11	773	3 6 1	9,782	42 12 2½	30
1,300	2 3 11	916	1 9 3	17,683	37 7 7	31
2,048	3 8 9½	1,163	2 0 4	21,003	36 7 11	32
1,967	4 1 11	830	1 11 9¾	15,496	32 7 1½	32a
533	1 3 11½	880	2 0 10	13,895	32 9 10½	33
1,440	2 2 6¾	3,464	5 3 2	24,387	36 9 5	34
1,408	3 1 9¼	1,672	3 11 3¾	15,245	33 12 10	35
313	2 0 0	339	2 2 8	8,703	55 9 9	36
347	1 7 6	734	3 1 9	8,235	34 14 3½	37
377	1 12 7	599	2 12 5	9,460	44 13 4	38
492	3 0 5¼	565	3 7 7½	7,909	48 10 8¾	39
60,068	2 9 2½	44,434	1 14 6	8,13,678	34 14 3¾	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

9.—*Statement showing the employment of the convicts in the*

1.	2.	3.		4.		5.	
Number.	JAILS.	Average number sentenced to labour.		Average number not sentenced to labour.		Average number of effectives.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
	CENTRAL PRISONS.						
1	Meerut	1,144·00	60·00	17 00	0 50	890 05	57·67
2	Bareilly	1,592·50	35·25	...	...	1 185·63	24·35
3	Agra	2,198 25	161 00	4·75	1·75	1,799·16	136·56
4	Fatehgarh ...	1,265·50	..	...	..	1,008·49	...
5	Allahabad ...	2,358·75	91·50	1·00	...	1,995·37	81·76
6	Benares	1,894 00	...	1 00	...	1,579·70	...
	DISTRICT JAILS.						
7	Dehra Dún ...	54·00	1·50	1·75	...	48·50	1·50
8	Saháranpur ...	244·50	12 75	4·25	0 25	169·99	12·08
9	Muzaffarnagar ...	115·00	10·00	4·00	...	79·12	3·45
10	Meerut	424·25	...	6·50	...	276·03	...
11	Bulandshahr ...	140 75	5·50	5 00	0·25	114·70	4·20
12	Aligarh	470·75	8·24	4 25	1·75	415·98	8·25
13	Bijnor	141·75	5·50	1·75	1·00	117·30	4·82
14	Moradabad ...	308·50	14·00	24·75	2·00	229 26	18·80
15	Bareilly	545·50	20·75	24·75	0·50	387·38	15·45
16	Budaun	287·50	10·75	17·25	1·75	223·45	9·68
17	Sháhjahánpur ...	269 50	9·75	4·50	0 75	231 86	9·58
18	Muttra	172·75	2 75	1 50	0 50	147·71	2·48
19	Agra	602·00	...	11·75	...	498·40	...
20	Etáwah	240·50	9·50	2 25	...	197·27	8·72
21	Mainpuri ...	412 75	4·75	7·75	...	328·58	4·74
22	Etah	203·50	2·75	6 50	0·75	165 97	3·39
23	Fatehgarh ...	327·00	18·50	14·50	0·75	263 47	18·41
24	Cawnpore ...	329·25	25·50	9·25	3·00	239 91	21·84
25	Fatehpur ...	367·00	16 50	6·00	3·25	291 30	16·40
26	Allahabad ...	743·00	74 25	26·00	5·00	558·33	73·00
27	Bánda	280·75	23·50	7·50	2·50	253·22	21·79
28	Hamírpur ...	204·50	22·75	2·00	1·25	154·98	18·67
29	Jaunpur ...	325 50	53·25	7·00	3·25	252·20	37·93
30	Mirzapur ...	203·50	14·75	9·00	1·50	161·64	11·38
31	Benares	472·25	95·25	8·00	0·25	425·14	88·98
32	Gházipur ...	474·75	38·00	11·50	2·50	292·20	28·80
32a	Ditto temporary...	477·50	...	...	...	460·00	...
33	Azamgarh ...	330·75	37·35	17·75	4·00	256·84	36·27
34	Gorakhpur ...	595·75	50·00	16·75	4·00	445·40	41·27
35	Basti	381·50	13·25	4·00	1·50	347·69	13·18
36	Almora	140·25	12 75	3·00	0·50	120·00	12·40
37	Orai	194·00	12·50	3·00	0·50	186·94	11·65
38	Jhánsi	176·50	15·50	2·25	0·50	167·31	14·97
39	Lalitpur	129·50	16·75	1·50	0·50	105 76	13·89
	Total ...	21,239·75	1,006·50	301·25	46·50	17,072·38	885·96

TECTION.

SONS.

Jails of the North-Western Provinces, during the year, 1875.

6. Employment.						7. Ratio per cent. on column 5 of those employed.			
A. Prison officers.	B. Prison servants.	C. Building and repairing Jail.	D. On Jail garden.	E. On manufacture	F. Extramural.	As Prison Officers.	As Prison servants.	On manufactures.	Number.
61·03	193 92	16·20	73·28	457·19	...	6 44	20·46	48·27	1
44·06	210 83	773·18	40·42	141·49	...	3·64	17·42	11·69	2
70·98	365 92	458 26	78 11	962 45	...	3 66	18·90	49·72	3
41·16	142 63	600·13	33·58	190·99	...	4 08	14·14	18·93	4
75·68	383·45	1,054·33	56 11	507·34	0·22	3·65	18·46	24·42	5
83·05	335·75	740 06	71 80	347 04	...	5·38	21·25	21·96	6
0·60	21·61	4·18	4·00	19·28	...	1 21	43·52	38·83	7
1·00	16·28	102 90	14·76	53·13	...	0·55	5·64	29·18	8
...	22·17	21·76	4·00	34·64	...	...	26·85	41·91	9
...	59·40	187 34	9 77	19·57	...	.	21·51	7·09	10
1·00	33·70	28 50	18·40	37 30	...	0 84	28·34	31·37	11
10·61	40·61	279·87	15 19	77·95	...	2 50	9·57	18 37	12
...	40·32	28 92	14 09	38·79	...	...	33·01	31·76	13
5·25	75·75	36·07	8·50	117·49	...	2·15	31·16	48·34	14
6·77	97·80	291 62	9 74	...	...	1·66	24·09	...	15
2·80	76·69	77·41	9·33	66·90	...	1 20	32·89	28·69	16
0·16	83·40	116 78	9·06	26·20	5·84	0 06	34·54	10·85	17
1·00	54·71	76·75	5·44	12 29	...	0 66	36·43	8·18	18
5·60	81·70	258·60	12·30	140·20	...	1·12	16 39	28·13	19
6·53	43·18	73·22	5·68	33·00	44 38	3·17	20·96	16·02	20
5·14	50·76	28·17	31 52	219·73	...	1·54	15·22	65·92	21
...	26·67	76·24	20·45	46·00	...	...	15·74	27·16	22
8·00	47·17	116·94	16·71	93·06	...	2·83	16·73	33·01	23
0·97	77·85	87·08	11·13	84·72	...	0·37	29·74	32·36	24
10·76	77·80	139·50	13·50	66·20	...	3·47	25·28	21 51	25
16·83	167·33	280·58	46·13	76·44	44·02	2·66	26·50	12·10	26
5·53	74·25	86·82	11 91	96·52	...	2 00	26·99	35·09	27
...	68·08	55·20	15·59	34·78	...	...	39·20	20·03	28
...	96·79	135·82	11·18	46·34	...	...	33·36	15·97	29
1·32	77·96	27·10	8·70	57·94	...	0·76	45·05	33·48	30
1·16	256·91	97·62	19·56	138·87	...	0·23	49·97	27·01	31
1·10	59·50	72·20	36 30	151 90	..	0·34	18·53	47·32	32
...	65 30	13 60	12·20	224·90	144·00	...	14·19	48·89	32a
9·14	98·93	100·20	16·54	68·30	...	3 11	33·75	23·30	33
10·36	130·46	244·97	17 61	83·27	...	2·12	26·80	17·11	34
6·26	68·59	206·86	9·21	62·45	7 50	1·73	19·01	17·33	35
0·60	42·83	16 10	4·70	47·20	21·00	0·45	32·32	35·65	36
...	55·79	81·41	16·60	44·79	...	...	28·09	22·55	37
1·00	81·90	52·39	6·49	40·50	...	0·54	44·93	22·21	38
0·88	23·21	11·19	4·86	79·55	...	0·73	19 39	66·45	39
498·25	4,021·87	7,299·81	824·45	5,047·00	266 96	2·77	22·40	28·10	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

10.—*Statement showing the Expenditure on the construction of new*

Net Cost of the Prisoners in the Jails of the North-

1.	2.	3.		4.	5.
		On Jail Buildings			
		A.	B.		
Number.	JAILS.	By Jail Department	By Public Works Department.	On maintaining and guarding the prisoners.	Total expenditure, columns 3 and 4.
	CENTRAL PRISONS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Meerut	3,340	...	46,426	49,766
2	Bareilly	19,633	...	65,979	85,612
3	Agra	12,584	...	68,787	81,371
4	Fatehgarh	17,788	...	53,943	71,731
5	Allahabad	18,064	...	81,797	99,861
6	Benares	13,790	...	63,876	77,666
	DISTRICT JAILS.				
7	Dehra Dún	67	...	4,734	4,801
8	Saháranpur	70	11,755	9,624	21,449
9	Muzaffarnagar	1,129	...	6,260	7,389
10	Meerut	4,012	15,025	13,606	29,643
11	Bulandshahr	953	...	6,642	7,595
12	Aligarh	915	...	17,041	17,956
13	Bijnor	1,325	...	7,971	9,296
14	Moradabad	296	...	14,755	15,051
15	Bareilly	3 930	...	20,254	24,184
16	Budaun	2,212	3,782	10,429	16,423
17	Sháhjahánpur	2,125	...	11,092	13,217
18	Muttra	1,159	...	7,516	8,675
19	Agra	3,000	...	17,206	20,206
20	Etáwah	488	351	10,546	11,385
21	Mainpuri	631	...	12,904	13,535
22	Etah	845	...	8,200	9,045
23	Fatehgarh	889	...	14,235	15,124
24	Cawnpore	4,281	...	14,189	18,470
25	Fatehpur	834	...	13,810	14,644
26	Allahabad	11,678	...	24,276	35,954
27	Bánda	456	38	12,296	12,790
28	Hamírpur	386	...	9,932	10,818
29	Jaunpur	1,895	...	13,467	15,362
30	Mirzapur	1,052	...	9,782	10,834
31	Benares	574	...	17,683	18,257
32	Gházipur	240	...	21,003	21,243
32a	Ditto temporary ...	...	...	15,493	15,493
33	Azamgarh „ ...	233	7,734	13,985	21,952
34	Gorakhpur „ ...	12,708	...	24,387	37,095
35	Basti „ ...	9,463	...	15,245	24,708
36	Almora „ ...	530	...	8,703	9,233
37	Orai „ ...	413	...	8,235	8,648
38	Jhánsi „ ...	3,270	...	9,460	12,730
39	Lalitpur „ ...	1,450	...	7,909	9,359
	Total ...	1,55,708	38,685	8,13,678	10,08,071
	Add cost of Inspector-General's Office travelling on inspection, &c,				42,464
				GRAND TOTAL ...	10,50,535

TECTION.

SONS.

Jails, and on Additions, Alterations, and Repairs with the Gross and Western Provinces during the year 1875

6	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	
Expenditure on manufactures (column 4D of Statement No. XIII)	Gross expenditure, columns 5 and 6	Cash receipts from manufactures (column 3A. of Statement No XIII).	Net cost or column 7, minus column 8.	Total expenditure (column 5) per head of average strength.	Net cost per head of average strength.	Number.
Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	
14,410	64,176	26,202	37,974	41	31	1
17,026	1,02,638	16,909	85,729	53	53	2
71,668	1,53,039	1,20,670	32,369	34	14	3
8,293	80,024	7,968	72,056	57	57	4
22,117	1,21,978	29,085	92,893	41	38	5
16,223	93,888	22,281	71,607	41	38	6
587	5,388	941	4,447	79	73	7
1,512	22,961	3,582	19,397	82	74	8
2,009	9,398	3,038	6,360	50	43	9
54	29,697	1,166	28,531	69	66	10
648	8,243	973	7,270	45	43	11
3,715	21,671	4,474	17,197	34	33	12
1,070	10,366	1,876	8,490	49	45	13
2,637	17,688	3,893	13,795	38	35	14
16	24,200	85	24,115	40	40	15
1,760	18,183	2,592	15,591	52	49	16
1,031	14,248	1,789	12,459	40	38	17
1,291	9,966	1,726	8,240	44	42	18
12,579	32,785	14,870	17,915	33	29	19
1,145	12,530	2,198	10,332	40	37	20
5,474	19,009	8,124	10,885	32	26	21
1,677	10,722	2,085	8,637	37	35	22
2,868	17,992	4,118	13,874	38	35	23
4,592	23,062	5,598	17,464	44	41	24
3,375	18,019	4,152	13,867	35	33	25
5,139	41,093	11,982	29,111	42	34	26
1,202	13,992	2,290	11,709	36	33	27
1,247	11,565	1,596	9,969	39	38	28
1,687	17,049	2,491	14,558	37	36	29
2,400	13,234	2,816	10,418	47	46	30
6,154	24,411	8,320	16,091	31	28	31
7,123	28,366	8,715	19,651	37	34	32
173	15,666	4,553	11,113	32	23	32a
3,283	25,235	4,746	20,489	51	48	33
6,264	43,359	9,957	33,402	56	50	34
...	24,708	258	24,450	55	54	35
1,773	11,006	2,437	3,569	59	55	36
1,711	10,359	2,172	8,187	37	35	37
1,563	14,293	2,801	11,492	60	54	38
1,993	11,352	1,504	9,848	58	61	39
2,39,488	12,47,559	3,57,033	8,90,526	43	38	

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

11.—*Statement showing the Sickness and Mortality among the*

1.	2.	3.			4.		
Number.	JAILS.	Capacity of the jail barracks at 36 superficial feet per head.			Average daily strength.		
		M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
	CENTRAL PRISONS.						
1	Meerut	1,605	76	1,681	1,161·00	60·50	1,221·50
2	Bareilly	1,076	...	1,076	1,592·50	35 25	1,627·75
3	*Agra	2,170	136	2,306	2,212·50	163·25	1,375·75
4	Fatehgarh ...	988	...	988	1,269·50	...	1,265·50
5	Allahabad ...	2,133	73	2,206	2,359·75	91·50	2,451·25
6	Benares	1,326	...	1,326	1,895·00	...	1,895·00
	DISTRICT JAILS.						
7	Dehra Dún ...	56	5	61	55·75	1·50	57·25
8	*Saháranpur ...	262	12	274	254·22	13·29	267·51
9	*Muzaffarnagar ...	117	18	135	135·50	12·50	148·00
10	Meerut	424	...	424	430 75	...	430·75
11	*Bulandshahr ...	135	6	141	165 79	6·50	172 29
12	*Aligarh	442	16	458	513 25	13·75	527 00
13	*Bijnor	220	5	225	185 50	13·50	199·00
14	*Moradabad ...	279	15	294	375·00	18·25	393 25
15	Bareilly	805	53	858	570 25	21·25	591·50
16	Budaun	212	11	226	304 75	12·50	317·25
17	*Sháhjahánpur ...	225	12	287	316 75	12·00	328 75
18	*Muttra	186	16	202	191 75	3·50	195·25
19	Agra	619	10	629	613 75	...	613·75
20	*Etáwah	234	11	245	271·50	11·00	282 50
21	Mainpuri	497	15	512	420·50	4·75	425·25
22	*Etah	233	14	247	243·25	4 50	247·75
23	*Fatehgarh ...	392	15	407	385 05	21·25	406·30
24	*Cawnpore	322	29	351	388 25	33·00	421·25
25	*Fatehpur ...	506	25	531	393·50	20·50	414·00
26	*Allahabad ...	739	60	799	779·50	80·00	859·50
27	*Bánda	309	19	328	328·94	28·25	357 19
28	*Hamírpur ..	214	26	240	235·00	27·25	262·25
29	*Jaunpur... ...	468	55	523	352 00	57·75	409·75
30	*Mirzapur ...	215	22	237	221·31	16·43	237·74
31	*Benares	495	1[illegible]2	527	484·50	95·75	580 25
32	*Gházipur ...	326	33	359	535·54	43·50	579·04
32a	Do. temporary...	...	...	...	4[illegible]7·50	...	577 50
33	*Azamgarh ...	354	13	367	386 00	42·75	428·75
34	*Gorakhpur ...	559	32	591	617·25	55·33	672·58
35	*Basti	276	9	285	442·25	16 49	458·74
36	Almora	130	8	138	143 25	13·25	156·50
37	*Orai	157	20	177	221·25	14·75	236·00
38	*Jhánsi	223	20	241	193·25	17·75	211·00
39	*Lalitpur... ...	200	19	219	144·25	18·25	162·50
	Total ...	20,029	1,042	21,071	22,263·10	1,101·54	23,364·64

* Others besides

NOTE.—Column 3 gives total capacity of all buildings used as wards or dormi

TECTION.

SONS

Convicts in the Jails of the N.-W. P. during the year 1875.

5. Maximum population on any one day.			6. Number admitted into hospital.			7. Daily average number of sick.			8. Number of deaths in and out of hospital.			Number.
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
1,347	71	1,418	897	33	930	46·81	1·98	48·79	65	1	66	1
1,764	29	1,793	803	25	828	33 60	1·61	35·21	84	3	86	2
2,360	134	2,494	1,270	90	1,360	70·75	4·92	75 67	56	1	57	3
1,397	...	1,397	1,585	...	1,585	76 83	...	56·83	11	...	11	4
2,492	94	2,586	417	42	459	15 82	1·47	16 79	13	1	14	5
1,981	...	1,981	1,317	...	1,317	51 97	...	51·97	35	...	35	6
72	2	74	26	...	20	0·58	...	0 59	...	...	...	7
273	14	287	139	3	142	7·28	0 19	7 47	13	...	13	8
156	11	167	69	5	74	2 13	0 19	2 32	1	...	1	9
649	...	649	553	...	553	10 11	...	19 11	22	...	22	10
256	6	242	183	5	183	7·63	0 08	7·71	4	...	4	11
556	15	591	395	3	398	17·06	0 24	17 30	8	...	8	12
179	4	183	84	4	88	1·76	0·26	2 02	1	..	1	13
475	12	487	141	1	142	5·56	0 04	5 60	19	...	19	14
626	30	653	340	15	355	11·02	1·22	12 24	14	1	15	15
375	15	390	195	5	200	4·96	0 12	5 80	2	...	2	16
335	10	345	132	6	138	8 85	0 38	9·23	7	...	7	17
231	7	238	103	4	107	4·25	0 06	4·31	1	...	1	18
690	...	690	514	...	514	14 98	...	14·98	24	...	24	19
341	11	352	139	6	145	2·33	0·07	2·40	2	...	2	20
457	5	462	234	1	235	8 17	...	8 17	9	1	10	21
271	5	276	188	4	192	6·12	0 08	6 29	2	...	2	22
399	24	423	176	2	178	7·49	0 57	1 05	11	1	12	23
412	34	446	332	29	361	14 33	1·46	15 79	19	...	18	24
408	25	493	174	7	181	6 29	0 46	6·75	8	1	9	25
886	93	979	214	25	239	10·55	1·19	11 74	16	1	17	26
359	15	374	522	38	560	9·49	0 83	10 32	26	3	29	27
313	43	366	195	22	217	12·62	1 22	13 74	11	1	12	28
397	58	455	312	146	458	10·17	5 64	15·81	17	3	20	29
254	27	281	216	20	266	6 52	0 57	7 09	4	2	6	30
541	94	635	373	79	457	15 01	2 51	17 52	17	...	10	31
554	35	589	84	9	93	2·06	0·34	3·40	5	1	6	32
663	...	663	114	...	114	2 89	...	2·89	14	...	14	32a
479	41	520	191	52	251	6·70	1 05	7·75	4	1	...	33
796	100	896	888	41	879	27 66	9·01	29·67	35	1	36	34
437	21	458	529	18	547	15·10	0·59	15·66	9	...	9	35
170	12	182	120	4	124	3·46	0·26	3 72	4	...	4	36
143	13	256	119	7	126	3 91	0 28	4·19	11	1	12	37
283	25	258	67	6	73	2·83	0·31	3·14	10	1	11	38
164	25	189	146	25	171	6 71	0 90	7·61	2	1	3	39
25,048	1,160	26,208	14,489	782	15,271	561·36	32·47	593 83	603	26	634	

convicts are included.

tories, including hospital, &c. Column 5 deals with convict population only.

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

11.—*Statement showing the Sickness and Mortality among the Convicts*

1.	2.							
		Ratio per cent. of						
		A.			B.			
Number.	JAILS.	Of admissions into hospital.			Of daily average number of sick.			
		M.	F.	T	M.	F.	T.	
	CENTRAL PRISONS.							
1	Meerut	77·26	54·54	76·13	4·03	3 27	3·99	
2	Bareilly	50·42	70 92	50·86	2 11	4·56	2·16	
3	*Agra	57·41	55·13	57·24	3·20	3·01	3 18	
4	Fatehgarh	125·24	..	125 24	4·49	...	4 49	
5	Allahabad	17 67	45·90	18·72	0·64	1·60	0·68	
6	Benares	69 50	...	69 50	2 74	...	2·74	
	DISTRICT JAILS.							
7	Dehra Dún	46·63	...	45·41	1·04	...	1·01	
8	*Saháranpur	54 67	22 57	53 08	2·87	1·43	2·79	
9	*Muzaffarnagar	50 92	40 00	50·00	1 57	1·52	1 56	
10	Meerut	128·38	..	128·38	4 43	...	4 43	
11	*Bulandshahr	110 38	76 92	109·12	4 60	1·23	4 47	
12	*Aligarh	76 96	21 81	75 52	3 32	1 74	3·28	
13	*Bijnor	45·28	29·63	44 22	0 95	1 93	1·01	
14	*Moradabad	37 60	5 47	36·11	1·48	0 21	1·42	
15	Bareilly	59·62	70·58	60·01	1·93	5·74	2·07	
16	Budaun	63·98	40 00	63·04	1 62	0·96	1 60	
17	*Sháhjahánpur	41 67	50·00	41·97	2·79	3·16	2 80	
18	*Muttra	53 71	114 28	54 80	2·21	1·71	2·20	
19	Agra	83·74	...	83 74	2·44	...	2·44	
20	*Etáwah	51·19	54·54	51·32	0 85	0·63	0 84	
21	Mainpuri	55 64	21 05	55 26	1 94	...	1·92	
22	*Etah	77 28	88 88	77 49	2·51	1 77	2 50	
23	*Fatehgarh	45 71	9 41	43 81	2 08	0 83	1 98	
24	*Cawnpore	85 51	87 88	85·70	3·69	4·44	3·22	
25	*Fatehpur	44 22	34 14	43 72	1 60	2·24	1·63	
26	*Allahabad	27 45	31 25	27·80	1·35	1·49	1·36	
27	*Bánda	158 69	134 51	156 78	2·88	2·94	2·89	
28	*Hamírpur	82·98	80 73	82 74	5·37	4 11	5 24	
29	*Jaunpur	88 63	252 81	111 77	2 89	9·76	3 86	
30	*Mirzapur	111·15	121 73	111 88	2·94	3·47	2·99	
31	*Benares	78·22	82·50	78·76	3·10	2·62	3·02	
32	*Gházipur	15·68	20·69	16 06	0 38	0·78	0 41	
32*a*	Ditto temporary ...	23·87	...	23 87	0·69	...	0 60	
33	*Azamgarh	51 55	121·63	58·54	1·73	2 45	2·81	
34	*Gorakhpur	135 76	74 10	130·69	4·48	3·63	4·41	
35	Basti	119·61	109·16	119 24	3·41	8 39	3·41	
36	Almora	83 77	30 11	79·23	2·41	1 96	2·37	
37	*Orai	53·78	47·46	53·39	1·76	1·90	1·77	
38	*Jhánsi	34·67	33·80	34·59	1·46	1·74	1·49	
39	*Lalitpur	101·25	136·98	105 23	4 66	4 93	4·68	
	Total ...	65·08	70·99	65·36	2 52	2 94	2·54	

* Others besides

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SONS.

in the Jails of the N.- W. P. during the year 1875—(concluded).

9									
average strength.									
C.			D.			E.			
Of deaths from cholera.			Of deaths from all other causes both in and out of hospital			Of deaths from all causes both in and out of hospital.			Number.
M	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
0·52	...	0·49	5 08	1·65	4 91	5·60	1 65	5·40	1
...	.	...	5·27	8 51	5 34	5·27	8 51	6·34	2
0·04	0·61	0·08	2 49	...	2·38	2 53	0 61	2·40	3
...	...	...	0·86	...	0 86	0 86	...	0·86	4
...	...	...	0·55	1 09	0·57	0·55	1·09	0·57	5
...	...	...	1·64	...	1 84	1·84	...	1·84	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
...	...	...	5·11	...	4 86	5·11	...	4 86	8
	...	...	0 73	...	0·67	0 73	...	0·67	9
...	...	...	5·10	...	5·10	5·10	...	5·10	10
...	...	...	2·41	...	2 32	2·41	...	2·32	11
...	...	...	1·56	...	1 31	1 55	...	1·51	12
...	...	...	0·54	...	0 50	0·54	...	0 50	13
0 53	...	0 50	4 53	..	4 83	5·06	...	4·83	14
...	...	...	2 45	4·70	2 53	2 45	4·70	2 53	15
...	...	...	0·65	...	0·63	0·65	...	0·63	16
.	...	...	2·21	...	2·12	2 21	...	2 12	17
...	...	...	0·52	...	0 51	0·52	...	0 51	18
...	...	...	3·91	...	3 91	3 91	...	3 91	19
...	...	...	0 73	..	0 70	0·73	...	0·70	20
...	...	...	2·14	21 05	2 35	2·14	21 05	2·35	21
...	...	...	0 82	...	0 80	0 82	...	0·80	22
...	...	...	2·86	4 70	2·95	2 86	4 70	2 95	23
0·25	...	0·24	4·33	...	2 03	4·53	...	4·27	24
...	..	...	2 03	4 88	2·17	2·03	4·88	2 17	25
...	...	...	2·05	1·25	8·91	2·05	1·25	1·98	26
...	...	...	7·90	10·62	1·12	7·90	10·62	8·12	27
...	...	...	4·68	3·67	4 57	4 63	3·67	4·57	28
0·28	...	0·24	4·55	5·19	4·64	4·83	5·19	4·88	29
...	...	...	1 81	12 87	2 52	1 81	12 17	2·52	30
...	...	...	2 06	...	1·72	2·06	...	1·72	31
0·18	...	0·17	0·75	2·30	0·86	0·93	2·30	1·03	32
...	...	...	2 93	...	2·93	2·93	...	2 93	32*a*
...	...	...	1·03	2·34	1·16	1·03	2 34	1·16	33
...	...	...	5·67	1·81	5·35	5·67	1·81	5·35	34
...	...	...	2·03	...	1·96	2·03	...	1 96	35
...	...	...	2 79	...	2 55	2 79	...	2·55	36
...	...	...	4·77	6·78	5 08	4 77	6 78	5·08	37
...	...	...	5 17	5·93	5 25	5·17	5 63	5·17	38
...	5·58	0·62	1 38	...	1 23	1·38	5 48	1·84	39
0·05	0·18	0 06	2·68	2·18	2·65	2·73	2·36	2·71	

convicts are included.

12.—*Statement showing particulars regarding Civil Prisoners*

1.	2.	3.		4.		5.		6.		7.		8.	
Number.	JAILS.	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received during the year.		Total population.		Average daily number.		Released during the year.		Escaped	
		M.	F.	M.	F	M	F	M	F	M.	F.	M	F
	CENTRAL PRISONS.												
1	Meerut ...	8	..	62	1	70	1	5 96	0·15	63	1	...	..
2	Bareilly ...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...		...
3	Agra ...	...	..	...	2	...	2	...	0·11	...	2	...	...
4	Fatehgarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Allahabad ...	...	.	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Benares ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.	...
	DISTRICT JAILS.												
7	Dehra Dún ..	...	...	1	.	1	..	0·11	...	1	...	...	
8	* Sahárnpur ...	2	..	71	2	77	2	5·47	0·29	75	2	...	...
9	Muzaffarnagar ...	..	...	8	...	8	...	0·19	...	6	..	...	...
10	Meerut ...	...	...	...	..	...	..	.	...	..	...	..	...
11	Bulandshahr ...	4	...	71	.	75	...	4 79	.	69	.	.	.
12	Aligarh ...	4	...	154	1	158	1	11 75	0 01	145	1	.	..
13	* Bijnor ...	3	...	104	..	107	...	8 75	...	96	.	...	...
14	Moradabad ...	1	...	107	1	108	1	6 76	0 11	101	1	...	...
15	Bareilly ...	24	.	157	2	181	2	21 14	0·34	170	2	...	...
16	Budaun ...	14	..	74	3	88	3	6 06	0·33	88	3	...	..
17	Sháhjahánpur ...	2	...	33	...	35	...	3·52	...	30	...	...	
18	Muttra ...	1	...	77	2	78	2	5 11	0 07	72	2	.	...
19	Agra ...	12	...	151	...	163	...	9·83	...	152	.	...	...
20	Etawah ...	3	...	53	...	56	...	2 90	...	54	...	...	...
21	Mainpuri ...	...	...	64	..	64	...	4 73	...	61	...	...	...
22	Etah ...	3	.	24	...	27	.	1·54	...	23	...	...	...
23	* Fatehgarh ...	8		84	...	92	...	8 30	...	78		..	...
24	Cawnpore ...	2	...	48	3	50	3	4·38	0·16	48	3	...	...
25	Fatehpur ...	6	...	89	2	95	2	9 45	0 25	90	2	...	...
26	Allahabad ...	6	...	80	2	86	2	7 12	0 06	82	2	...	.
27	* Bánda ...	6	.	51	...	57	...	3·44	...	53	...	...	...
28	Hamírpur ...	1	...	19	...	20	...	1·46	...	19	..	...	...
29	Jaunpur ...	5	...	54	...	59	...	4·17	...	57	...	...	...
30	* Mirzapur ...	3	...	122	2	125	2	8·81	0 18	120	2	...	...
31	Benares ...	4	...	58	2	62	2	4·65	0·15	55	1	...	...
32	* Gházipur ...	3	...	36	...	39	...	3·54	...	35	...	...	
32a	Do. tempy.,	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
33	Azamgarh ...	5	...	36	..	41	...	2·28	...	41	...	...	...
34	* Gorakhpur ...	12	...	64	9	76	9	4·75	1·33	75	7	...	...
35	* Basti ...	..	...	103	8	103	8	7 25	0·49	102	8	...	...
36	Almora ...	1	...	23	...	24	...	1 08	...	21	...	...	...
37	Orai ...	1	...	18	...	19	...	2·06	...	17	...	..	...
38	Jhánsi ...	...	...	7	...	7	...	0 84	...	5	...	...	...
39	Lalitpur ...	...	...	11	...	11	...	0 47	...	10	...	...	...
	Total ...	144	...	2,118	42	2,262	42	172 66	403	2,112	39	...	...

NOTE—Civil Prisoners in the jails marked (*) were confined in a division of the jail : their

TECTION.

SONS.

in the North-Western Provinces during the year 1875.

9		10		11		12		13		14		15								16		
												Hospital.								Cost.		
Transferred.		Died.		Remaining on 31st December.		Capacity of barracks at 36 superficial feet per head.		Average number of prisoners above capacity.		Average number of prisoners below capacity.		A. Admissions		B. Daily average sick.		C. Deaths.		D. Ratio of deaths per cent. of average strength.		A. Total charges.	B. Average cost per prisoner.	Number.
M	F.	M	F.	M	F	M	F	M	F.	M	F.	M	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.			
...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...		...		...		...		As civil prisoners incur no cost to Government, this column is left blank.		1
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	.	..	..	...		...		...		...				2
...	...	...	...	...	.	...	.	...	.	..	..	...		...		...		...				3
...	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	..	...	.		...		..		...		...				4
...	...	.	...	...	...	.	...	...	..	...	.	...		...		...		...				5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	.	...		...		...		...				6
																						7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...		...		...		...				8
...	...	...	...	2	.	...	...	..	.	.	...	...		...		...		...				9
...	...	...	...	2	..	...	...	...	...	..	.	...		...		...		...				10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...		...		...		...				11
...	...	...	.	6	.	..	...	..		...	...	...		...		...		...				12
...	...	...	..	15	.	...	.		...	...	...	...		...		...		...				13
...	...	...	...	11	.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				14
...	...	...	..	7	..	...	...	...	.	...	...	...		...		...		...				15
...	...	...	.	11	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...		...		...		...				16
...	..	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	.	...	...		...		...		...				7
...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				18
...	..	...	..	6		.	...	..	.	...	.	...		...		...		...				19
...	...	..	.	1	.	...	...	.	...	.	..	...		...		...		..				20
...	...	...	...	2	...	...	.	...	...	..	...	...		...		...		...				21
...	.	...		3	.	...	...	...	...	..	...	...		...		...		...				22
...	..	...	...	4	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				23
...	..	1	..	13	...	...	...	..	.	..	...	...		...		...		...				24
..	...	...	...	2	.	...	...	...	...	..	...	...		...		...		...				25
...	...	...	...	5	...	..	...	...	...	...		...		...		...		...				26
...	...	...	...	4	..	...	...	...	..	...	..	...		...		..		...				27
...	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	.	...	...	..	...		...		...		...				28
...	..	...	...	1	.	...	.	...	...	..		...		...		...		...				29
...	...	...	...	2	..	...	.	.	...	.	..	...		...		...		...				30
...	..	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				31
...	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				32
...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				32a
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	.	...	..	...		...		...		...				33
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				34
...		...		1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				35
...	...	...	..	1	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				36
...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...		...		...		...				37
...	...	...	...	2	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				38
...	.	...	...	2	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				39
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				
...	...	...	...	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...		...				

health statistics (column 15) are therefore included in Statement No. XI., and omitted here.

III.—PRO

C.—PRI

13.—*Statement showing particulars regarding prisoners*

1.	2.	3.		4.		5.		
Number.	Jails.	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received.		Total population.		
		M.	F	M.	F	M.	F.	T.
1	Dehra Dún Jail	1	...	149	7	150	7	157
2	Chakráta Cantonment Lock-up	1	...	102	1	103	1	104
3	Sahárunpur „ ...	29	...	670	27	699	27	726
4	Roorkee Cantonment „ ...	2	...	94	5	96	5	101
5	*Muzaffarnagar Jail „ ...	12	1	457	20	469	21	490
6	Meerut „ ...	27	...	1,211	91	1,238	91	1,329
7	*Bulandshahr Jail „ ...	22	2	477	18	499	20	519
8	*Aligarh Jail „ ...	25	1	932	36	957	37	994
9	*Bijnor Jail „ ...	24	5	634	47	658	52	710
10	*Moradabad Jail „ ...	42	3	1,382	58	1,424	61	1,485
11	Bareilly Jail „ ...	7	1	118	11	125	12	137
12	Ditto „ ...	48	1	3,017	88	3,065	89	3,154
13	Pilibhít „ ...	19	...	460	15	479	15	494
14	Budaun „ ...	60	1	1,153	32	1,213	33	1,246
15	*Sháhjahánpur Jail „ ...	47	3	1,018	42	1,065	45	1,110
16	*Muttra Jail „ ...	29	1	616	19	645	20	665
17	*Agra Central Prison „ ...	2	..	100	5	112	5	117
18	Ditto „ ...	38	1	2,027	18	2,065	82	2,1[illegible]
19	Ditto Cantonment „ ...	...	...	109	1	109	1	110
20	*Etáwah Jail „ ...	43	5	810	34	853	39	892
21	Mainpuri Jail „ ...	28	2	825	18	853	20	873
22	*Etah Jail „ ...	19	...	674	15	693	15	708
23	*Fatehgarh Jail „ ...	26	2	945	35	971	37	1,008
24	*Cawnpore Jail „ ...	101	10	1,468	104	1,569	114	1,683
25	*Fatehpur Jail „ ...	8	...	527	20	335	20	555
26	*Allahabad Jail „ ...	6	2	97	2	103	11	114
27	Do. Central Prison „ ...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1
28	Do. „ ...	24	4	1,913	127	1,937	131	2,068
29	*Bánda Jail „ ...	67	6	810	63	868	69	937
30	Kárwi „ ...	1	...	730	47	731	47	778
31	*Hamírpur Jail „ ...	16	...	551	63	567	63	630
32	*Jaunpur Jail „ ...	22	1	754	62	776	63	839
33	Mirzapur „ ...	38	...	1,500	121	1,538	121	1,659
34	Chunar „ ...	...	...	29	2	29	2	31
35	*Benares Jail „ ...	1	..	54	5	55	5	60
36	Ditto „ ...	32	4	2,454	171	2,486	175	2,661
37	*Ghâzipur Jail „ ...	35	2	1,562	77	1,597	79	1,676
38	*Azamgarh Jail „ ...	33	...	1,302	56	1,335	56	1,391
39	Gorakhpur „ ...	32	1	1,963	140	1,995	141	1,236
40	*Basti Jail „ ...	108	4	842	33	950	37	987
41	Almora „ ...	...	...	16	3	16	3	19
42	Ránikhet Cantonment „ ...	...	...	143	17	143	17	160
43	Naini Tal „ ...	...	...	183	13	183	13	196
44	Garhwál „ ...	2	...	90	16	92	16	108
45	*Orai Jail „ ...	20	2	473	41	493	43	536
46	*Jhánsi Jail „ ...	8	1	414	44	422	45	467
47	Mau „ ...	2	1	467	47	469	78	547
48	*Lalitpur Jail „ ...	82	2	362	40	364	42	436
	Total	1,139	69	36,686	2,057	37,825	2,126	39,957

NOTE.—Prisoners under trial in the Lock-ups marked (*) were confined in a

Statement No. XI., and

TECTION.

SONS.

under trial in the N.-W. Provinces during the year 1875.

6.			7.			8			9.		
Average daily number.			Released.			Convicted and sentenced			Transferred.		Number.
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	
3·00	0·50	3·50	99	4	103	49	3	52	...	...	1
1 50	...	1·50	40	1	41	57	...	57	1	...	2
18·25	0·50	18·75	240	7	247	413	17	430	28	2	3
0·25	...	0·25	37	1	38	51	3	54	5	1	4
16·50	2·50	19 00	280	15	295	176	6	182	...	...	5
26 75	1·25	28·00	295	28	324	901	51	952	16	5	6
15·26	0·75	16 00	231	10	241	239	8	247	1	...	7
38 25	3 75	42 00	278	18	296	634	18	652	...	...	8
33·25	5·00	40·25	318	29	347	318	17	335	1	...	9
41 75	2·25	44 00	822	19	841	515	34	549	43	4	10
7·00	0·50	7 50	31	2	33	91	10	101	...	...	11
49 75	1·25	51 00	941	34	975	1,941	42	1,983	139	11	12
7·75	0 25	8 00	67	3	70	384	10	394	19	2	13
39 25	1·00	40·25	558	6	564	602	25	627	...	...	14
42 75	1·50	44 25	622	27	649	350	12	362	69	5	15
17 50	0 25	17·75	316	9	325	316	9	325	...	...	16
9·50	0 50	10·00	43	2	45	64	3	67	...	...	17
40·50	1·00	41 50	658	20	678	1,272	55	1,327	91	5	18
1·00	...	1 00	32	1	33	76	...	76	...	...	19
20·75	1·50	30 25	432	11	443	378	28	406	...	...	20
35 50	2·00	37·50	406	10	416	427	8	435	...	...	21
33 25	1·00	34 25	371	7	378	305	8	313	...	...	22
35 25	2·00	37·25	487	18	505	452	19	471	...	...	23
49·75	4·50	54 25	784	45	829	734	68	802	...	...	24
20 50	0 75	81·25	169	5	167	339	14	353	10	...	25
10 50	0·75	11·25	42	1	43	55	10	67	...	...	26
...	...	...	..	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	27
49·00	3 00	52·00	644	39	683	1,172	81	1,253	76	9	28
37·25	2·25	39·50	332	25	356	508	43	551	..	...	29
12 50	0 50	13·00	215	7	222	501	39	540	12	1	30
28 50	3·25	31 75	313	24	337	246	37	283	...	...	31
19·50	1·25	20 75	393	23	416	372	38	410	...	...	32
30 00	2 50	32 50	345	31	376	1,092	78	1,170	90	7	33
...	...	...	3	...	3	26	2	28	...	...	34
4 25	0·25	4·50	15	...	15	40	5	45	...	...	35
32·00	2 30	34·00	1,068	42	1,110	1,125	102	1,227	247	27	36
45 75	3 80	48·75	637	25	662	657	54	1,011	...	1	37
37·50	1·50	39·00	528	11	539	775	45	820	...	...	38
42 50	3·00	45·50	412	25	437	1,545	115	1,660	...	...	39
49·50	1 25	50 57	372	13	385	558	21	579	...	...	40
0 75	0·25	1·00	8	1	9	7	2	9	...	...	41
0 50	...	0·50	108	16	124	32	1	33	...	...	42
4·75	0·25	5 00	63	7	75	114	6	120	1	...	43
3 25	0 75	4·00	39	11	50	46	3	49	3	1	44
24·25	1·75	26 00	817	38	345	163	12	175	...	...	45
14 50	1·75	16·25	221	16	237	191	24	215	...	...	46
7 00	2·00	8 00	99	22	121	310	53	363	55	...	47
13·25	1·00	14 25	224	24	248	148	17	165	...	...	48
1,079·75	67 75	1,147·50	14,953	723	15 676	21,070	1,256	22,326	908	821	

division of the Jail; their health statistics (column 14) are therefore included in omitted here.

13.—*Statement showing particulars regarding Prisoners under*

1.	2.	10.		11.		12.			12A.	A.
Number.	JAILS.	Escaped.		Deaths.		Remaining on 31st December, 1875.			Daily average number dieted including those in lock-ups and outstations.	Rations.
		M	F	M	F.	M.	F	T.		
1	Dehra Dún Jail ...	..	.	.	...	2	...	2	1 98	43
2	Chakráta Cantonment Lock-up,	..	.		...	5	...	3	1 50	73
3	Saháranpur „ ..	.	.	...	...	18	1	19	18 75	653
4	Roorkee Cantonment „ ...	...	...	.	..	2	..	2	0 25	29
5	*Muzaffarnágar Jail „ ..		.	.	...	13	...	13	6 27	144
6	Meerut „ ...	...	.		...	25	7	32	34 77	521
7	*Bulandshahr Jail „ ...	...	..	...	...	28	2	30	7·16	163
8	*Aligarh Jail „ ...	...	.	1	...	44	1	45	8 95	216
9	*Bijnor Jail „ ...	...	...	1	..	20	6	26	8 75	210
10	*Moradabad Jail „ ...	...	..	.	...	44	5	49	...	...
11	Bareilly Jail „ ...	...	.	.	...	3	...	3	..	...
12	Ditto „ ...	..	..	3	...	41	2	43	51 00	1,281
13	Pilibhít „ ...	..	...	1	...	8	...	8	8 00	123
14	Budaun „ ...		.	2	...	51	2	53	57 15	824
15	*Sháhjahánpur Jail „ ...	...	...	1	...	23	1	24	15 42	352
16	*Muttra Jail „ ...	1	..	.	..	12	2	14	6 02	138
17	*Agra Central Prison „ ...	...	.	1	...	4	...	4	...	...
18	Ditto „ ...	1	..	.	..	43	2	45	41 50	1,234
19	Ditto Cantonment „ ...			.	...	1	...	1	1 00	39
20	*Etáwah Jail „ ...	...	..		...	43	...	43	15 12	345
21	Mainpuri „ ...	...	..	1	..	19	2	21	49·12	756
22	*Etah Jail „ ...	.	...	.	..	17	..	17	20 04	457
23	*Fatehgarh Jail „ ...	...	..	1	...	31	...	31	16·80	383
24	*Cawnpore Jail „ ...	.	...	...	.	51	1	52	19·32	441
25	*Fatehpur Jail „ ...			...	..	24	1	25	...	...
26	*Allahabad „ ...	...	.	...	..	4	...	4	...	...
27	Ditto Central Prison „ ...	.	..	.	..	...	...	...	...	...
28	Ditto „ ..	1	.	...	1	44	1	45	52 00	1,187
29	*Bánda Jail „ ...	..	..	3	1	26	...	26	11·86	319
30	Karwie „ ...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	13·00	521
31	*Hamírpur Jail „ ...	...	...	1	...	7	2	9	20 48	467
32	*Jaunpur Jail „ ...	...	.	...	...	11	2	13	7 14	162
33	Mirzapur „ ...	...	..	1	1	10	4	14	32·50	703
34	Chunar „ ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	1
35	*Benares Jail „ ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36	Ditto „ ...	...	...		...	46	4	50	34·00	777
37	*Gházipur Jail „ ...	...	.	...	..	3	...	3	34 50	781
38	*Azamgarh Jail „ ...	...	..	1	...	31	...	31	28 50	650
39	Gorakhpur „ ...	...	...	A1	...	37	1	38	45 50	1,555
40	*Basti Jail „ ...	...	...	...	...	20	3	23	31·42	717
41	Almora „ ...	..	...	...	...	1	...	1	18 00	516
42	Ránikhet Cantonment „ ...	...	...	1	...	9	...	2	0·50	16
43	Naini Tal „ ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5·00	197
44	Garhwál „ ...	..	...	...	...	3	...	3	4 00	115
45	*Orai Jail „ ...	1	...	..	1	13	2	15	21·34	461
46	*Jhánsi Jail „ ...	...	...	2	...	8	5	13	...	...
47	Mau „ ...	.	.	...	...	5	1	6	8·00	206
48	*Lalitpur Jail „ ...	...	..	1	..	21	1	22	9 87	226
	Total „ ...	4	...	...	4	865	61	926	766·40	18,170

A.—Died out of hospital in Magistrate's camp, and therefore excluded from column 14-C.
The expenditure recorded in column 13 deals only with prisoners under trials confined separately.

NOTE.—Prisoners under trial in the Lock-ups marked (*) were confined in a division of the jail: Statement

TECTION.

SONS.

trial in North-Western Provinces during the year 1875.

13. Cost. B. Guard and establishment.	C. Other charges.	D. Total.	E. Annual cost per head of average strength.	14. Hopital. A. Admissions.	B. Daily average sick.	C. Deaths.	D. Ratio of deaths per cent. of average strength.	15. Number.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.					
...	53	96	50 8 5	...	...	...	...	1
...	29	102	68 0 0	...	...	...	...	2
54	104	811	43 4 0¾	6	0·12	...	...	3
...	16	45	180 0 0	...	...	...	...	4
...	...	144	22 15 5½	...	...	...	...	5
46	66	733	21 1 3¾	15	0·29	...	...	6
...	...	163	22 12 2¾	...	...	...	...	7
...	41	247	27 9 6¾	...	...	...	...	8
...	...	200	22 13 8½	...	...	...	...	9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
48	61	1,390	27 4 1	68	2·08	3	5·88	12
5	1	129	16 2 0	1	0·00	1	12·50	13
...	28	912	15 15 4	34	0·92	2	4·97	14
...	...	352	22 13 3	...	...	...	...	15
...	...	138	22 14 9¼	...	...	...	...	16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17
125	467	1,824	43 15 2¾	51	7·55	...	...	18
...	13	52	52 0 0	...	...	...	...	19
...	...	345	22 13 1	...	...	...	...	20
48	40	844	17 2 11	28	0·98	1	2·67	21
...	26	483	24 1 7½	...	...	...	...	22
...	...	383	22 12 9	...	...	...	...	23
...	...	441	22 13 2½	...	...	...	...	24
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27
206	166	1,558	29 15 4½	15	0·86	1	1·92	28
...	...	319	26 14 4¼	...	...	...	...	29
48	122	691	53 2 5½	62	2·12	2	15·88	30
...	...	467	22 12 10	...	...	...	...	31
...	...	162	22 11 0¼	...	...	...	...	32
153	155	1,011	31 1 8¾	16	0·47	2	6·15	33
41	11	56	56 0 0	...	...	...	...	34
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	35
112	177	1,066	31 5 7¾	37	0·54	...	...	36
...	...	781	22 10 2½	...	...	...	...	37
...	...	650	22 12 11	...	...	...	...	38
126	289	1,970	43 4 9	9	0·39	...	...	39
...	...	717	22 13 1¼	...	...	...	...	40
127	218	881	48 15 1¼	2	0·10	...		41
...	9	25	50 0 0	1	...	1	2 00	42
5	53	255	51 0 0	...	...	...	...	43
...	48	163	40 12 0	...	...	...	...	44
...	3	464	21 11 10¾	...	...	...	...	45
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46
...	83	389	48 10 0	...	...	...	...	47
...	35	261	26 7 5¼	...	...	...	...	48
1,166	2,384	21,720	28 5 5¾	345	16·42	18	3·07	

as the cost of maintenance, &c., of the prisoners confined in divisions of jails has been included in No. VIII.

their health-statistics (column 14) are therefore included in Statement No. XI. and omitted here.

III.—PROTECTION.

D.—Civil Justice.

1.—*Statement showing the number and description of Civil Suits instituted in the Civil Courts of the North-Western Provinces in the year* 1875.

Description of Claim.	Number of cases in different Courts.			
	Small Cause Courts.	Munsiffs' and other Sub-divisional Courts.	District Courts.	Total.
On written obligation for the sum of Rs. 500 and under,	4,653	43,548	863	49,064
Ditto ditto, above „ 500 ...	...	1,862	1,059	2,921
On unwritten ditto, „ 500 and under,	1,113	3,260	27	4,400
Ditto ditto, above „ 500 ...	...	92	8	100
On account stated ditto, „ 500 and under,	1,317	4,364	189	5,870
Ditto ditto, above „ 500 ...	...	226	136	362
Money paid or received for the sum of „ 500 and under,	643	1,085	59	1,787
Ditto ditto, above „ 500 ...	...	93	52	145
Goods sold ditto, of „ 500 and under,	1,144	1,040	130	2,314
Ditto ditto, above „ 500 ...	...	10	2	12
For breaches of contract not included in above for Rs. 500 and under.	580	1,370	28	1,978
Ditto ditto, above Rs. 500 ...	...	128	54	182
Suits for rent (not falling under the rent law) for Rs. 500 and under.	406	486	9	901
Ditto ditto, above Rs. 500 ...	...	31	2	33
For movable property or value thereof (Rs. 500 and under).	519	3,084	44	3,647
Ditto ditto, above Rs. 500 ...	...	75	24	99
Suits for damages for the sum of „ 500 and under,	250	1,216	27	1,493
Ditto ditto, above „ 500 ...	...	60	56	116
„ for immovable property ...	...	6,970	289	7,259
„ for specific performance of contract ...	...	52	13	65
„ to declare and establish rights to real property, including pre-emption, foreclosures, &c. ...	...	2,434	308	2,742
„ to declare and establish personal rights ...	...	352	49	401
„ for on account ...	...	65	8	73
„ relating to religious endowments ...	...	2	2	4
„ to set aside judgment contracts or obligations on the ground of fraud ...	...	103	18	121
„ for dissolution of marriage ...	...	19	1	20
„ for enforcement of matrimonial rights ...	1	130	5	136
„ for partition ...	...	89	11	100
„ relating to shipping ...	...	...	...	...
„ relating to religion and caste ...	...	3	1	4
„ of other descriptions not included in the above	1	1,921	218	2,140
Total ...	10,627	74,170	3,692	88,489

III.—PROTECTION.

D.—Civil Justice.

2.—*Statement showing the general result of the trial of Civil Suits in the Courts of original jurisdiction in the N.-W. P. in the year* 1875.

Class of Courts.	Remaining from last year.	Instituted.	Received by transfer.	Total for disposal.	Transferred to other Courts.	Plaint rejected or returned.	Dismissed for default.	Withdrawn with leave.	Compromised.	Decree on confession.
Small Cause Courts	417	10,727	232	11,376	42	240	938	78	1,442	2,872
Paid Sub-divisional tribunals	3,659	74,576	1,064	79,299	1,556	379	4,104	1,737	11,588	16,082
District Courts other than chief Courts of districts.	744	3,486	796	5,026	412	34	259	62	323	612
Chief Courts of Districts	9	7	37	53	4	1	3	...	5	2
Superior Courts of general jurisdiction ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts of special jurisdiction. Admiralty	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts of special jurisdiction. Testamentary ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts of special jurisdiction. Matrimonial... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts of special jurisdiction. Insolvent	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	4,829	88,796	2,129	95,754	2,014	654	5,304	1,877	13,358	19,568

III.—PROTECTION.

D.—CIVIL JUSTICE.

2.—*Statement showing the general result of the trial of Civil Suits in the Courts of original jurisdiction in the N.-W. P. in the year* 1875—(concluded).

Class of Courts.	Decreed *ex-parte*.	Dismissed *ex-parte*.	Contested.		Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over two months.	Over four months.	Average duration of suits.		Referred to arbitration.
			Judgment for plaintiff in whole or part.	Judgment for defendant.					Contested.	Uncontested.	
Small Cause Courts	2,143	92	7,963	888	10,608	335	...	2	11	9	128
Paid Sub-divisional tribunals	14,567	791	15,856	6,878	73,368	4,538	717	568	47	24	528
District Courts other than Chief Courts of district.	718	21	1,314	509	4,264	730	187	159	89	43	44
Chief Courts of districts	...	...	15	6	29	10	1	2	96	31	2
Superior Courts of general jurisdiction ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts of special jurisdiction. Admiralty	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts of special jurisdiction. Testamentary ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts of special jurisdiction. Matrimonial... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts of special jurisdiction. Insolvent	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	17,428	904	19,118	8,281	88,359	5,613	905	731	61	27	702

III.—PROTECTION.

D. Civil Justice.

3.—*Statement showing the execution of the decrees of the Civil Courts of the N.-W. Provinces in the year* 1875.

Class of Court.	Applications to execute decrees.				Decrees completely executed.	Decrees partially executed.	Decrees satisfied out of Court	Pending at end of year.	Decrees executed by possession being given.	Nature and No. of coercive processes issued.					
	Pending.	Filed.	Received by transfer.	Total.						Imprisonment of person	*Movable property.*		*Immovable property.*		Orders under section 243, Code of Procedure.
											Attached.	Sold.	Attached.	Sold	
Small Cause Courts, ...	599	3,535	18	9,152	1,585	1.906	330	586	...	260	962	264	6	...	...
Local and Sub-divisional Courts.	10,458	90,837	2,875	1,04,170	19,036	18,938	2,755	11,827	3,324	738	6,039	2,808	15,914	7,578	124
Superior Courts ...	1,711	8,598	1,245	11,554	2,167	2,173	193	1,766	414	87	491	289	2,066	1,119	14
Total ...	12,768	1,07,970	4,138	1,24,176	22,788	23,017	3,287	14,179	3,758	1,085	7,492	3,361	17,986	8,697	138

III.—PROTECTION.

D.—CIVIL JUSTICE.

4.—*Statement showing value of suits disposed of in the Civil Courts of the North-Western Provinces in the year* 1875.

Value of Suits.	Number of suits disposed of in different Courts.			Total value of Suits.
	Small Cause Courts.	Munsif's and other Sub-divisional Courts.	District Courts.	
In Civil Courts.				Rs.
Not exceeding Rs. 5 ...	896	1,794	430	11,549
Ditto „ 20 ...	3,419	12,991	1,665	2,52,425
Ditto „ 100 ...	4,933	39,729	4,862	25,15,534
Ditto „ 500 ...	1,615	16,200	3,445	42,69,762
Ditto „ 1,000 ...	...	2,383	652	20,89,657
Ditto „ 5,000 ...	...	11	2,115	40,36,077
Ditto „ 10,000 ...	...	...	176	11,61,277
Ditto „ 1,00,000 ...	...	...	117	33,45,928
Exceeding „ 1,00,000 ...	...	...	9	17,20,218
Total ...	10,863	73,116	13,471	1,94,02,427

III.—PROTECTION.

E.—Rent Suits.

1.—*Statement of suits instituted, decided, and pending under section 93 of Act XVIII. of 1873, during the year 1874-75.*

Districts.	Pending at close of last year.	Instituted during the year.	On their merits.	Otherwise than on their merits.	Pending at close of the year	Percentage of cases disposed of on their merits to total disposed of.	Average duration of total suits disposed of. M.	Average duration of total suits disposed of. D.
Dehra Dún ...	5	28	21	8	4	72·41	...	23
Saháranpur ...	7	861	258	593	17	30·31	...	16
Muzaffarnagar ...	19	1,527	191	1,170	185	14·03	...	17
Meerut ...	26	1,855	413	1,431	37	22·39	...	12
Bulandshahr ...	35	1,915	307	1,587	56	16·21	...	18
Aligarh ...	104	2,284	672	1,583	133	29·80	1	0
Bijnor ...	68	1,702	456	1,211	103	27·35	...	22
Moradabad ...	169	3,008	1,027	1,999	151	33·93	1	3
Budaun ...	193	3,700	1,160	2,640	93	30·52	...	29
Bareilly ...	175	2,539	903	1,646	165	35·43	...	14
Sháhjahánpur ...	191	3,227	609	2,487	332	19·73	...	22
Muttra ...	8	858	309	555	2	35·76	...	18
Agra ...	107	2,308	677	1,642	96	29·19	...	21
Farukhabad ...	161	4,222	1,092	3,108	183	26·	...	18
Mainpuri ...	43	1,949	740	1,207	45	38·06	...	22
Etawah ...	65	2,700	589	2,071	105	22·15	...	16
Etah ...	113	2,281	462	1,702	230	21·34	...	24
Jalaun ...	37	868	414	471	20	46·78	...	15
Jhánsi ...	18	294	137	161	14	45·97	...	25
Lalitpur ...	1	27	13	15	...	46·42	...	23
Cawnpore ...	106	1,713	434	1,298	87	25·05	1	11
Fatehpur ...	25	1,081	237	828	41	22·25	...	16
Bánda ...	9	772	183	577	21	24·07	...	21
Allahabad ...	68	1,949	414	1,444	159	22·27	1	5
Hamírpur ...	27	574	196	388	17	33·56	...	22
Jaunpur ...	450	3,061	952	2,365	194	28·70	1	...
Gorakhpur ...	79	1,850	844	949	136	47·72	...	28
Basti ...	28	709	291	414	32	41·27	...	11
Azamgarh ...	111	2,413	773	1,576	175	32·90	...	23
Mirzapur ...	144	1,776	393	1,349	178	22·56	1	12
Benares ...	10	2,987	383	1,500	214	20·34	...	16
Gházipur ...	405	3,030	950	1,966	519	32·57	...	27
Total ...	3,007	59,168	16,500	41,941	3,744	28·24	...	23

III—PRO

F.—REGIS

1.— *Comparative Statement of documents presented for Regis*

1874-75

REGISTRATION AFFECTING IMMOV

Com

Number.	1. Office.	2. Instruments of gift (section 17, clause I.)		3. Instruments of sale of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.		4. Instruments of mortgage of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	
		1874-75.	1875-76	1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76
1	Dehra Dún ...	7	4	90	104	99	118
2	Sahárunpur ...	34	70	1,432	1,575	1,961	3,460
3	Meerut ...	68	74	1,513	1,580	3,280	4,311
4	Aligarh ...	16	24	573	672	2,169	2,222
5	Agra ...	36	48	1,324	1,268	2,812	3,151
6	Farukhabad ...	18	19	618	514	553	489
7	Mainpuri ...	30	24	643	655	1,393	1,085
8	Moradabad ...	50	46	1,464	1,459	2,865	3,005
9	Bareilly ...	36	40	800	732	392	364
10	Sháhjahánpur ...	31	45	1,044	1,003	2,245	2,253
11	Tarái parganas ...	1	1	29	25	52	21
12	Allahabad ...	16	30	723	673	1,062	1,154
13	Cawnpore ...	36	40	848	852	1,182	1,092
14	Bánda ..	16	24	416	386	553	539
15	Jaunpur ...	5	13	320	315	789	651
16	Azamgarh ...	12	16	980	797	1,741	1,361
17	Mirzapur ...	8	38	337	324	975	873
18	Benares ...	41	56	711	721	1,467	1,289
19	Gházipur ...	9	13	925	677	2,495	2,300
20	Gorakhpur ...	39	49	1,805	1,479	3,636	2,668
21	Jalaun ...	6	8	104	102	449	406
22	Jhánsi ...	...	1	49	63	204	238
23	Lalitpur ...	1	...	14	10	17	11
24	Kumaun ...	14	26	231	259	146	137
25	Family Domains, Mahárajah of Benares.	2	4	213	195	458	367
	Total ...	532	713	17,006	16,440	32,995	33,565

TECTION.

TRATION.

tration in each District of the North-Western Provinces for the years and 1875-76.

ABLE PROPERTY, BOOK I.

pulsory.

5.		6.		7.		
Other instruments registered under section 17, clauses 2 and 3.		Perpetual leases (section 17, clause 4.)		All leases (other than perpetual leases) which have been compulsorily registered under section 17, clause 4.		
1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76.	Number.
2	14	5	9	12	10	1
797	441	64	113	613	809	2
39	101	58	166	1,504	1,673	3
55	48	15	26	507	660	4
850	817	135	184	966	801	5
904	937	32	9	212	169	6
809	1,180	20	11	263	269	7
141	151	22	45	1,100	958	8
982	956	1	3	295	187	9
85	99	54	89	508	548	10
1	3	...	...	47	27	11
23	114	57	13	38	140	12
181	329	6	6	32	67	13
80	134	...	...	18	14	14
47	79	124	52	225	51	15
222	54	14	14	57	36	16
115	88	7	17	163	152	17
42	50	206	189	150	91	18
134	67	83	116	243	205	19
63	126	14	19	558	283	20
18	27	...	...	2	...	21
5	18	...	4	...	2	22
4	14	...	...	4	4	23
4	8	...	5	2	3	24
145	163	2	2	235	213	25
5,748	6,018	919	1,092	7,754	7,372	

III.—PRO

F.—REGIS

1.—*Comparative Statement of documents presented for Registration and* 1875-76

REGISTRATION AFFECTING

Number.	Office	Compulsory. 1.	8.		Op 9.		10.	
		Total compulsory registration.			Instruments of sale of the value of less than Rs. 100.		Instruments of mortgage of the value of less than Rs. 100.	
		1874-75.	1875-76.		1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76.
1	Dehra Dún ...	215	259		21	31	17	24
2	Saháranpur ...	4,901	6,468		443	502	762	1,719
3	Meerut ...	6,262	7,905		404	427	1,231	2,052
4	Aligarh ...	3,335	3,652		370	369	1,501	1,969
5	Agra ...	6,123	6,269		620	640	1,948	2,612
6	Farukhabad ...	2,337	2,137		636	603	447	445
7	Mainpuri ...	3,158	3,224		583	599	1,301	1,039
8	Moradabad ...	5,642	5,654		819	729	1,721	1,870
9	Bareilly ...	2,506	2,282		416	428	210	144
10	Sháhjahánpur ...	3,967	4,037		715	661	1,882	2,160
11	Taráí Parganas ...	130	77		38	30	38	35
12	Allahabad ...	1,919	2,124		281	212	323	326
13	Cawnpore ...	2,285	2,386		593	520	559	579
14	Bánda ...	1,083	1,097		305	289	521	499
15	Jaunpur ...	1,510	1,161		184	201	905	801
16	Azamgarh ...	3,026	2,278		300	171	1,593	1,056
17	Mirzapur ...	1,605	1,492		199	214	1,041	1,010
18	Benares ...	2,617	2,396		516	601	1,626	1,518
19	Gházipur ...	3,889	3,378		473	348	1,482	1,163
20	Gorakhpur ...	6,115	4,624		377	289	2,450	1,101
21	Jalaun ...	579	543		118	111	266	239
22	Jhánsi ...	258	326		31	27	95	138
23	Lalitpur ...	40	39		30	25	25	13
24	Kumaun ...	397	438		249	195	81	69
25	Family Domains of Máharája of Benares.	1,055	944		188	164	362	383
	Total ...	64,954	65,200		8,907	8,386	22,390	22,564

TECTION.

TRATION.

in each district of the North-Western Provinces for the years 1874-75 —(continued).

IMMOVABLE PROPERTY, BOOK I.

tional.

11.		12.		13.		14.		
Other instruments registered under section 18, clauses 1 and 2.		Leases for one year or less (section 18, clause 3) and leases exempted under the proviso in section 17.		Awards (section 18, clause 4.)		Miscellaneous documents other than certified copies of decrees and orders of Courts.		Number.
1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75	1875-76.	
...	...	1	1	...	...	7	...	1
...	234	125	238	13	9	391	9	2
...	20	425	413	24	25	47	37	3
...	65	232	132	3	10	26	6	4
...	281	733	406	33	25	510	66	5
...	939	28	31	2	2	996	21	6
...	1,072	16	19	6	4	708	67	7
...	57	201	235	32	44	190	80	8
...	535	48	50	10	7	418	39	9
...	30	58	76	9	9	37	10	10
...	1	2	1	...	...	3	...	11
...	25	20	30	1	2	22	2	12
...	142	16	26	7	6	171	34	13
...	101	4	1	3	4	71	15	14
...	15	8	4	1	1	46	4	15
...	20	8	10	...	...	38	7	16
...	153	29	29	...	2	303	79	17
...	7	41	19	1	6	12	14	18
...	5	18	8	1	...	26	3	19
...	28	5	32	6	4	35	5	20
...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	21
...	1	...	...	...	...	8	...	22
...	1	...	2	...	...	...	4	23
...	...	9	2	...	...	9	9	24
...	4	59	28	...	...	5	2	25
...	3,676	2,086	1,823	152	161	4,083	513	

III.—PRO

F.—REGIS

1.—*Comparative Statement of documents presented for Registration*
1874-75 *and*

Number.	Office.	Registration affecting immov Book I.—(concluded.) Optional. Certified copies of decrees and orders of Courts.		Total of optional registrations relating to immovable property.	
	1.	15.		16.	
		1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76.
1	Dehra Dún	...	...	46	56
2	Saháranpur	...	...	1,734	2,711
3	Meerut	...	...	2,134	3,004
4	Aligarh	...	...	2,132	2,091
5	Agra	1	1	3,847	4,031
6	Farukhabad	1	2	2,110	2,043
7	Mainpuri	...	...	2,614	2,800
8	Moradabad	...	...	2,963	3,015
9	Bareilly	...	...	1,102	1,203
10	Sháhjahánpur	...	...	2,701	2,946
11	Tarái Parganas	...	...	81	67
12	Allahabad	...	...	647	597
13	Cawnpore	...	...	1,346	1,307
14	Bánda	1	2	905	911
15	Jaunpur	...	...	1,144	1,026
16	Azamgarh	...	...	1,939	1,264
17	Mirzapur	2	...	1,574	1,487
18	Benares	...	...	2,194	2,165
19	Gházipur	...	...	2,000	1,527
20	Gorakhpur	...	...	2,873	1,459
21	Jalaun	...	...	386	351
22	Jhánsi	...	...	134	166
23	Lalitpur	...	...	55	45
24	Kumaun	...	...	348	275
25	Family Domains, Máharája of Benares	...	...	614	581
	Total ...	5	5	37,623	37,128

TECTION.

TRATION.

in each district of the North-Western Provinces for the years 1875-76—(continued).

ABLE PROPERTY.		REGISTRATION AFFECTING MOVABLE PROPERTY, BOOK IV.						
				18. *Obligation for the payment of money (section 18, clause 7)*				
Total of registration affecting immovable property.		Instruments of sale of movable property.		On account of agricultural advances on sugar, indigo, cotton, &c		Other obligations.		Number.
17.		18.		19.		20.		
1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76	1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76	
261	315	17	3	...	...	48	52	1
6,635	9,179	165	219	4	...	1,823	2,698	2
8,396	10,909	96	112	41	32	2,066	2,695	3
5,467	5,743	196	192	265	207	2,381	2,155	4
9,970	10,300	174	203	1	102	3,473	3,868	5
4,447	4,180	183	137	107	80	658	539	6
5,772	6,024	260	292	89	79	1,465	1,542	7
8,605	8,679	140	159	60	52	2,144	2,212	8
3,608	3,485	194	142	6,318	6,311	1,945	1,742	9
6,668	6,983	518	519	1,313	1,898	1,863	1,801	10
211	144	2	...	16	4	50	36	11
2,566	2,721	87	66	...	...	139	137	12
3,631	3,693	102	118	4	11	358	359	13
1,988	2,008	42	24	2	...	227	267	14
2,654	2,187	43	44	...	...	260	215	15
4,965	3,542	107	69	4	3	392	255	16
3,179	2,979	96	95	...	...	389	454	17
4,811	4,561	150	124	2	4	820	754	18
5,889	4,905	95	61	11	10	324	244	19
8,988	6,083	113	83	...	1	1,555	1,172	20
965	894	16	26	1	...	151	217	21
392	492	6	4	...	...	47	59	22
95	84	...	6	...	...	9	9	23
745	713	...	4	...	...	12	12	24
1,669	1,525	24	28	...	17	169	186	25
102,577	102,328	2,826	2,730	8,238	8,811	22,768	23,680	

III. PRO-

F. REGIS-

1.—Comparative Statement of documents presented for Registration and 1875-76

Number.	Office.	Registration affecting movable Property, Book IV.			
		All other documents registered under section 18, clause 7.		Total of registration in Book IV. affecting movable property.	
	1.	21.		22.	
		1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76.
1	Dehra Dún	74	67	139	122
2	Saháranpur	242	410	2,234	3,327
3	Meerut	320	377	2,523	3,216
4	Aligarh	155	239	2,997	2,793
5	Agra	673	600	4,321	4,778
6	Farukhabad	166	108	1,114	864
7	Mainpuri	275	260	2,089	2,173
8	Moradabad	354	318	2,698	2,741
9	Bareilly	180	212	8,637	8,407
10	Sháhjahánpur	222	248	3,916	4,466
11	Tarái Parganas	7	6	75	46
12	Allahabad	185	178	411	381
13	Cawnpore	411	416	875	904
14	Bánda	104	152	375	443
15	Jaunpur	88	99	391	358
16	Azamgarh	203	224	706	551
17	Mirzapur	46	98	531	647
18	Benares	186	231	1,158	1,113
19	Gházipur	214	210	644	525
20	Gorakhpur	157	166	1,825	1,422
21	Jalaun	84	75	252	318
22	Jhánsi	37	30	90	93
23	Lalitpur	12	14	21	29
24	Kumaun	55	78	67	94
25	Family Domains of Máharája of Benares.	66	34	259	265
	Total ...	4,516	4,850	38,348	40,071

TECTION.

TRATION.

in each district of the North Western Provinces for the years 1874-75 —(concluded).

Number of wills (section 18, clause 6) registered in Book III.		Written authorities to adopt other than conferred by will, Book III.		Grand Total.		Number.
23.		24.		25.		
1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76.	
6	1	...	...	406	438	1
6	12	...	...	8,875	12,518	2
28	29	3	...	10,950	14,154	3
4	5	...	...	8,468	8,541	4
5	20	1	2	14,297	15,095	5
12	8	...	...	5,573	5,052	6
2	4	...	2	7,863	8,203	7
15	13	...	1	11,318	11,434	8
2	3	1	...	12,248	11,895	9
...	4	...	...	10,584	11,454	10
...	...	...	...	286	190	11
11	26	1	...	2,989	3,128	12
11	9	...	1	4,517	4,607	13
2	3	...	...	2,365	2,454	14
4	5	...	...	3,049	2,550	15
...	1	...	...	5,671	4,094	16
52	41	2	1	3,764	3,668	17
224	283	2	...	6,195	5,957	18
11	13	1	1	6,545	5,444	19
1	2	...	...	10,814	7,507	20
...	...	1	2	1,218	1,214	21
...	...	...	...	482	585	22
...	...	...	...	116	113	23
31	24	...	...	843	831	24
3	3	...	...	1,931	1,793	25
430	509	12	10	141,367	142,918	

III.—PRO

F.—Regis

2.—*Comparative Statement of the Regitrations, Receipts, and Provinces during the years*

Number.	1. Districts.	2. Total number of documents registered in Books I., III., and IV. 1874-75.	2. 1875-76.	3. Total amount of ordinary fees. 1874-75. Rs. a. p.	3. 1875-76. Rs. a. p.
		Rs.	Rs.		
1	Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	...	...	...	...
2	Registrar of Dehra Dún ...	45	67	191 0 0	322 0 0
3	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	361	371	659 12 0	751 4 0
4	Registrar of Saháranpur ...	16	8	58 8 0	30 0 0
5	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	8,859	12,510	13,681 8 0	17,959 8 0
6	Registrar of Meerut ...	26	77	128 0 0	260 12 0
7	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	10,924	14,077	15,978 4 0	19,813 8 0
8	Registrar of Aligarh ...	29	23	98 0 0	90 0 0
9	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	8,439	8,518	10,396 0 0	10,700 4 0
10	Registrar of Agra	53	66	180 12 0	227 8 0
11	Special Sub-Registrar of ditto...	1,145	2,018	1,536 10 0	2,580 8 0
12	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	5,098	4,008	7,299 0 0	6,094 12 0
13	Special Registrar of Muttra ...	750	1,468	725 12 0	1,402 8 0
14	Ditto ditto of Brindaban ...	465	970	434 4 0	856 4 0
15	Sub-Registrar of Muttra ...	6,786	6,565	7,523 2 9	7,219 8 0
16	Registrar of Farukhabad ...	38	64	109 0 0	186 8 0
17	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	5,535	4,988	7,323 4 0	6,470 0 0
18	Registrar of Mainpuri ...	20	6	77 0 0	20 0 0
19	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	7,843	8,197	10,225 10 0	10,291 15 0
20	Registrar of Moradabad ...	65	39	209 0 0	154 0 0
21	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	11,253	11,395	16,401 0 0	16,469 12 0
22	Registrar of Bareilly ...	166	152	594 0 0	540 8 0
23	Special Sub-Registrar of ditto,	987	1,674	1,359 0 0	2,153 4 0
24	Ditto ditto of Pilibhít ...	4,685	4,526	2,562 0 0	2,410 5 0
25	Ditto ditto of Bisalpur ...	1,221	1,673	642 8 0	812 12 0
26	Sub-Registrar of Bareilly ...	5,189	3,870	6,638 0 0	5,209 4 0
27	Registrar of Sháhjahánpur ...	32	38	102 8 0	163 8 0
28	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	10,552	11,415	12,603 12 0	12,910 12 0
29	Registrar of Allahabad ...	101	110	368 0 0	334 12 0
30	Special Sub-Registrar of ditto...	885	980	1,895 4 0	2,090 12 0
31	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	2,003	2,038	3,699 4 0	3,904 8 0
32	Registrar of Jaunpur ...	22	22	60 0 0	83 0 0
33	Special Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	313	298	315 0 0	395 0 0
34	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	2,714	2,230	3,453 12 0	3,050 8 0
35	Registrar of Cawnpore ...	143	118	521 4 0	422 0 0
36	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	4,374	4,489	7,646 8 0	7,605 0 0

TECTION.

TRATION.

Expenditure of each Registration office in the North-Western
1874-75 *and* 1875-76.

4.						5.						6.						Number.
Total of other receipts.						Total receipts.						Total expenditure.						
1874-75.			1875-76.			1874-75.			1875-76.			1874-75.			1875-76.			
Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
...			...			...			...			16,328	12	5	16,549	2	0	1
72	0	0	138	0	0	263	0	0	460	0	0	440	11	0	433	5	0	2
280	4	0	124	3	8	940	0	0	875	7	8	462	10	0	462	12	0	3
138	8	0	87	12	0	197	0	0	117	12	0	801	0	6	846	7	0	4
3,197	13	0	3,156	15	9	16,879	5	0	21,116	7	9	4,983	7	5	6,481	6	0	5
169	4	9	404	10	9	297	4	9	665	6	9	892	0	1	889	6	3	6
3,490	10	3	3,053	3	6	19,468	14	3	22,866	14	6	6,459	9	0	8,096	12	0	7
156	12	0	117	13	0	254	12	0	207	13	0	666	9	0	710	11	9	8
1,798	3	9	1,325	1	9	12,194	3	9	12,025	5	9	4,854	0	10	5,255	5	2	9
204	5	3	239	3	5	385	1	3	466	11	5	1,015	7	9	1,087	3	9	10
277	3	9	439	6	9	1,813	13	9	3,019	14	9	511	4	1	851	8	0	11
1,005	14	3	665	9	5	8,504	14	3	6,760	5	5	5,181	11	6	4,970	3	6	12
311	1	0	477	9	0	1,036	13	0	1,880	[illegible]	0	338	10	11	431	6	8	13
321	3	2	468	8	0	755	7	2	1,324	12	0	271	1	1	521	6	3	14
1,530	1	6	636	7	0	9,053	4	3	7,835	15	0	4,212	0	0	4,912	0	0	15
200	13	4	324	6	0	309	13	2	510	14	0	864	7	0	921	0	0	16
1,502	4	1	1,213	5	3	8,825	8	1	7,683	5	3	3,245	8	0	3,808	8	0	17
103	5	9	39	14	9	180	5	9	59	14	9	954	11	0	1,056	15	0	18
1,505	12	5	1,357	1	7	11,731	6	5	11,649	0	7	6,654	5	8	6,609	0	0	19
304	4	0	198	3	3	513	4	0	352	3	3	393	14	6	968	3	6	20
4,048	14	0	3,118	10	0	20,449	14	0	19,588	6	0	6,658	4	1	7,641	10	8	21
938	4	0	849	4	0	1,527	4	0	1,389	12	0	1,039	6	6	956	1	11	22
580	9	0	754	4	0	1,939	9	0	2,907	8	0	577	0	4	976	4	0	23
286	10	0	318	4	0	2,848	10	0	2,728	9	0	1,080	11	1	1,156	9	5	24
67	12	0	22	0	0	710	4	0	834	12	0	242	4	10	412	7	8	25
1,634	14	0	1,264	0	11	8,272	14	0	6,473	4	11	4,854	10	2	4,624	3	9	26
172	2	7	215	15	0	274	10	9	379	7	0	739	7	10	814	14	0	27
1,857	1	6	1,511	12	0	14,460	13	6	14,422	8	0	5,472	2	3	6,228	3	4	28
746	13	0	796	4	0	1,109	13	0	1,131	0	0	932	4	0	1,002	12	6	29
747	14	0	1,013	12	0	2,643	2	0	3,104	8	8	1,100	0	0	1,241	10	6	30
1,032	8	0	1,166	9	9	4,731	7	0	5,035	1	1	4,049	6	1	4,376	4	0	31
112	1	0	115	8	0	172	1	0	198	8	0	916	14	9	870	4	0	32
92	14	0	136	7	0	407	14	0	531	7	0	220	11	6	349	10	0	33
1,021	10	0	783	8	6	4,475	6	0	3,834	0	6	2,584	6	8	2,587	7	4	34
708	13	9	652	12	6	1,230	1	9	1,074	12	6	1,033	4	0	1,021	1	7	35
2,644	1	6	2,116	14	0	10,290	9	6	9,721	14	0	7,111	13	1	7,140	8	8	36

III.—PRO

F.—REGIS

2.—*Comparative Statement of the Registrations, Receipts and*
Provinces during the years

Number.	1. Districts.	2. Total number of documents registered in Books I., III., and IV. 1874-75.	1875-76.	3. Total amount of ordinary fees. 1874-75. Rs. a. p.			1875-76. Rs. a. p.		
37	Registrar of Bánda ...	17	16	41	0	0	47	0	0
38	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	2,348	2,438	3,465	8	0	3,590	8	0
39	Registrar of Azamgarh ...	79	68	247	12	0	187	0	0
40	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	5,592	4,926	8,538	12	0	6,574	0	0
41	Registrar of Mirzapur ...	9	20	28	8	0	62	0	0
42	Special Sub-Registrar of ditto.	172	807	283	0	0	1,143	8	0
43	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	3,583	2,841	5,168	0	0	3,948	7	0
44	Registrar of Benares ...	42	34	124	12	0	120	12	0
45	Special Sub-Registrar of ditto.	2,433	2,526	4,278	0	0	4,294	0	0
46	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	3,720	3,397	4,368	4	0	3,937	4	0
47	Registrar of Gházipur ...	96	54	274	0	0	147	12	0
48	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	6,449	5,390	10,397	12	0	8,901	12	0
49	Registrar of Gorakhpur ...	308	206	865	8	0	663	8	0
50	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	10,506	7,301	17,146	0	0	12,963	12	0
51	Registrar of Jalaun ...	26	...	83	0	0	30	0	0
52	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	1,192	1,205	1,878	8	0	1,917	8	0
53	Registrar of Jhánsi ...	9	3	39	0	0	12	0	0
54	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	473	582	803	12	0	998	0	0
55	Registrar of Lalitpur ...	1	...	6	0	0	...		
56	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	115	113	145	8	0	135	8	0
57	Registrar of Kumaun ...	42	34	96	0	0	77	8	0
58	Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	801	797	1,338	0	0	1,406	0	0
59	Ditto ditto of Tarái Parganas.	286	190	326	12	0	205	12	0
60	Registrar, Family Domains, Máharája of Benares.	16	10	44	8	0	21	8	0
61	Sub-Registrar, Ditto ...	1,915	1,783	2,539	13	0	2,405	0	0
	GRAND TOTAL ...	141,367	14,29,181	1,98,218	10	9	1,97,776	0	0

TECTION.

TRATION.

Expenditure of each Registration Office in the North-Western 1874-75 *and* 1875-76—(concluded).

4.		5.		
Total of other receipts.		Total receipts.		
1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76.	Number.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
68 10 0	82 4 6	109 10 0	129 4 6	37
1,008 15 0	835 15 3	4,474 7 9	4,426 7 3	38
398 1 3	331 15 3	645 13 3	518 15 3	39
1,526 0 0	1,272 12 0	10,064 15 0	7,846 12 0	40
74 3 0	157 2 0	102 11 0	219 2 0	41
44 4 0	308 9 0	327 4 0	1,452 1 0	42
994 15 0	680 10 0	6,162 15 0	4,628 14 0	43
268 8 3	228 6 0	393 4 3	349 2 0	44
2,382 9 0	2,249 9 0	6,060 9 0	6,543 9 0	45
1,134 0 0	1,118 4 0	5,502 4 0	5,055 8 0	46
431 8 0	236 2 0	705 8 0	383 14 0	47
1,961 7 0	1,304 4 0	12,359 3 0	10,206 0 0	48
1,300 15 6	1,019 7 9	2,166 7 6	1,682 15 9	49
2,611 9 7	1,901 6 9	19,757 9 7	14,865 2 9	50
100 8 0	45 10 6	183 8 0	75 10 6	51
118 0 9	209 9 10	1,996 8 9	2,127 1 10	52
40 0 0	15 0 0	79 0 0	27 0 0	53
92 10 0	97 6 9	896 6 0	1,095 6 9	54
5 0 0	...	11 0 0	...	55
18 0 0	15 4 0	163 8 0	150 12 0	56
168 6 0	142 15 0	264 6 0	220 7 0	57
177 6 6	225 10 3	1,515 6 6	1,631 10 3	58
217 8 0	142 7 0	544 4 0	348 3 0	59
67 3 0	43 3 0	111 11 0	64 11 0	60
352 5 0	399 12 6	2,892 1 0	2,804 12 6	61
48,720 1 9	42,366 14 10	2,46,938 12 6	2,40,142 14 10	

III.—PROTECTION.

F.—REGISTRATION.

2.—*Comparative Statement of the Registrations, Receipts and Expenditure of each Registration office in the North-Western Provinces during the years* 1874-75 *and* 1875-76—(concluded).

Number.	1. Districts.	6. Total expenditure. 1874-75. Rs. a. p.	1875-76. Rs. a. p.	Number.
37	Registrar of Bánda	583 15 3	457 11 9	37
38	Sub-Registrar of ditto	3,574 4 6	3,614 7 0	38
39	Registrar of Azamgarh ...	747 1 6	634 12 6	39
40	Sub-Registrar of ditto	3,271 0 0	3,894 8 0	40
41	Registrar of Mirzapur	573 13 6	495 8 6	41
42	Special Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	90 8 0	522 2 7	42
43	Sub-Registrar of ditto	2,400 0 0	2,990 0 0	43
44	Registrar of Benares	745 10 0	682 12 9	44
45	Special Sub-Registrar of ditto ...	2,065 7 2	1,766 0 0	45
46	Sub-Registrar of ditto	1,671 18 0	1,956 12 0	46
47	Registrar of Gházipur	938 4 6	944 13 6	47
48	Sub-Registrar of ditto	3,697 8 0	3,816 0 0	48
49	Registrar of Gorakhpur ...	1,243 7 7	1,142 0 6	49
50	Sub-Registrar of ditto	5,948 0 0	6,486 2 8	50
51	Registrar of Jalaun	307 15 0	314 12 3	51
52	Sub-Registrar of ditto	1,565 0 0	1,560 8 0	52
53	Registrar of Jhánsi	357 2 0	420 8 6	53
54	Sub-Registrar of ditto	937 7 6	1,032 0 5	54
55	Registrar of Lalitpur	304 0 0	301 5 0	55
56	Sub-Registrar of ditto	126 0 4	136 12 0	56
57	Registrar of Kumaun	690 5 10	608 15 0	57
58	Sub-Registrar of ditto. ...	761 9 6	730 15 6	58
59	Ditto of Tarái parganas ...	272 2 9	174 1 6	59
60	Registrar, Family Domains, Máharája of Benares.	440 3 6	403 5 6	60
61	Sub-Registrar, Ditto ...	1,732 0 0	1,838 0 0	61
	GRAND TOTAL ...	1,33,689 4 4	1,43,481 10 2	

MEMO.

	Rs. a. p.
Estimated Receipts according to budget, 1875-76 ...	2,33,000 0 0
Gross receipts for 1875-76	2,10,142 14 10
Increase ...	7,142 14 0

	Rs. a. p.
Actual receipts for the year 1875-76 ...	2,40,142 14 10
Add receipts of joint stock ditto ...	320 0 0
	2,40,462 14 10
Deduct for Kumaun which have been excess charged.	75 10 0
	2,48,387 4 10
By Acct.-Genl.'s Statement, do.	2,48,387 1 10
Difference ...	3 0 0

	Rs. a. p.
Expenditure for the year ...	1,43,481 10 2
By Accountant-General ...	1,43,483 0 1
Difference ...	1 5 11

III.—PROTECTION.

F.—Registration.

3.—*Comparative Statement showing the aggregate value of Property transferred by documents registered in each Registration District of the North-Western Provinces for the years* 1874-75 *and* 1875-76.

Number	District.	Grand total of documents.		Grand total of aggregate value, &c.		Number.
		1874-75.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1875-76.	
				Rs.	Rs.	
1	Dehra Dún	400	437	525,425	12,26,438	1
2	Sahárúnpur	8,869	12,506	29,71,937	39,34,181	2
3	Meerut	10,919	14,125	47,88,427	53,16,164	3
4	Aligarh	8,464	8,535	25,28,175	25,75,366	4
5	Ágra	14,291	15,073	39,94,745	37,91,807	5
6	Farukhabad	5,561	5,044	17,85,139	16,95,503	6
7	Mainpurì	7,861	8,197	24,94,798	23,06,437	7
8	Moradabad	11,303	11,420	49,77,896	47,43,130	8
9	Bareilly	12,245	11,892	37,14,620	40,04,983	9
10	Shábjahánpur ...	10,584	11,449	29,03,720	33,36,534	10
11	Tarái parganas ...	286	190	59,427	44,622	11
12	Allahabad	2,977	3,102	24,52,817	22,41,047	12
13	Cawnpore	4,506	4,597	27,71,534	23,34,954	13
14	Bánda	2,363	2,451	6,63,930	6,02,660	14
15	Jaunpur	3,045	2,545	8,84,869	7,93,289	15
16	Azamgarh	5,671	4,093	17,88,453	14,22,100	16
17	Mirzapur	3,710	3,626	15,08,165	13,60,312	17
18	Benares	5,969	5,674	24,02,562	28,19,017	18
19	Gházipur	6,533	5,430	20,63,361	20,13,344	19
20	Gorakhpur	10,813	7,505	43,41,161	34,69,102	20
21	Jalaun	1,217	1,212	3,96,091	4,13,869	21
22	Jhánsi	482	585	1,68,342	2,07,230	22
23	Lalitpur	116	113	1,22,129	38,080	23
24	Kumaun	812	807	4,47,062	4,71,872	24
25	Family Domains, Maháraja of Benares.	1,928	1,790	6,03,461	5,86,179	25
	Total ...	1,40,922	1,42,399	5,13,58,245	5,17,54,220	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

1.—*Statement showing the income of Municipalities in the*

Division.	District.	Number.	Municipality.	Population.	Number of Members of Committee. Official.	Non-official. Elected.	Non-official. Nominated.	Total.	Amount of In Octroi.	Tax on houses, buildings and lands.	Tax on professions and trades.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
									Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Meerut.	Dehra Dún,	1	Dehra ...	17,000	5	10	...	15	...	5,076	...
	Ditto ...	2	Mussooree ...	(a)2,445	3	9	...	12	...	10,681	...
	Saháranpur,	3	Saháranpur ...	45,051	5	10	...	15	46,983	1,693	...
	Ditto ...	4	Deoband ...	18,976	4	8	...	12	10,094	13	...
	Ditto ...	5	Hardwár Union,	21,555	4	12	...	16	15,769	...	...
	Muzaffarnagar.	6	Muzaffarnagar ...	10,793	4	8	...	12	7,866	...	...
	Ditto ...	7	Shámli ...	9,300	4	8	...	12	9,766	...	...
	Ditto ...	8	Kandhla ...	11,026	4	10	...	14	4,863	...	...
	Ditto ...	9	Kairána ...	17,742	3	12	...	15	7,633	...	...
	Meerut ...	10	Meerut ...	51,991	5	10	...	15	35,584	...	...
	Ditto ..	11	Gháziabad ...	10,366	3	5	1	9	5,798	...	...
	Ditto ...	12	Bághpat ...	7,367	3	8	...	11	5,377	...	...
	Ditto ...	13	Baraut ...	8,404	3	10	...	13	4,458	...	...
	Ditto ...	14	Shahdara ...	7,257	3	6	...	9	2,628	...	...
	Ditto ...	15	Hápur ...	14,544	3	6	...	9	9,325	...	...
	Ditto ...	16	Pilkhuwa ...	6,239	3	6	...	9	2,885	...	...
	Bulandshahr,	17	Bulandshahr ...	14,812	5	10	...	15	7,479	2,392	...
	Ditto ...	18	Anúpshahr ...	9,334	3	6	...	9	4,534	760	...
	Ditto ...	19	Khúrja ...	26,858	3	6	...	9	15,277	...	...
	Ditto ...	20	Sikandarabad ...	18,349	6	12	...	18	9,602	...	...
	Aligarh ...	21	Koil ...	55,846	5	10	...	15	45,563	...	...
	Ditto ...	22	Háthras ...	30,900	3	6	...	9	21,532	...	...
	Ditto ...	23	Atrauli ...	15,622	3	3	3	9	8,889	...	...
	Ditto ...	24	Sikandra Rao ...	12,530	3	3	3	9	6,327	...	...
	Ditto ...	25	Harduaganj ...	5,200	3	3	3	9	3,934	...	...
			Total ...	449,507	93	197	10	300	2,92,166	20,615	...

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

North-Western Provinces during the year 1875-76.

COME OF 1875-76.										
Tax on carriages, horses, &c.	Tolls on carts, carriages, &c.	Special taxes under Section 17 of Act XV. of 1873.	Total income from taxation.	Miscellaneous.	Balance of previous year.	Total income from all sources.	Incidence of taxation (column 16) per head of population.			Number.	REMARKS.
13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.				21.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.		
...	...	...	5,076	2,356	3,593	11,025	0	4	9	1	
...	4,870	...	15,551	3,318	5,535	24,404	6	5	9	2	(*a*) In the height of the season the population is about 8,000.
...	...	...	48,676	5,341	850	54,867	1	1	2	3	
...	...	...	10,107	(*b*)9,505	500	20,112	0	8	5	4	(*b*) A sum of Rs. 8,176 was derived from sale of houses and lands.
...	...	...	15,769	(*c*)12,094	3,642	31,505	0	11	8	5	(*c*) Includes Rs. 7,271 realised from the fair, and Rs. 2,402 from rents.
...	...	...	7,866	2,879	242	10,987	0	11	7	6	
...	...	...	9,766	502	1,784	12,052	1	0	9	7	
...	...	...	4,863	692	1,392	6,947	0	7	0	8	
...	...	...	7,633	632	2,795	11,060	0	6	9	9	
...	...	...	35,584	(*d*)12,942	20,148	68,674	0	10	11	10	(*d*) Includes the following items :—
...	...	...	5,798	1,877	600	8,275	0	8	10	11	
...	...	...	5,377	625	1,847	7,849	0	11	8	12	Sale of manure, Rs. 5,141.
...	...	...	4,458	388	795	5,641	0	8	6	13	Rents of houses and lands ... Rs. 4,919 Tehbazari ... „ 1,279
...	...	...	2,628	(*e*)2,768	437	5,833	0	5	9	14	(*e*) The sale of some old bricks realised a sum of Rs. 1,995.
...	...	...	9,325	1,117	1,644	12,086	0	10	3	15	
...	...	...	2,885	405	197	3,487	0	7	4	16	
...	...	...	9,871	1,585	244	11,700	0	10	8	17	
...	...	...	5,294	(*e*)2,804	785	8,883	0	9	0	18	(*e*) The sale of bricks brought in a sum of Rs. 1,859.
...	...	...	15,277	2,156	4,763	22,196	0	9	1	19	
...	...	...	9,602	819	4,774	15,195	0	8	5	20	
...	...	...	45,563	3,230	7,146	55,939	0	13	0	21	
...	...	...	21,532	2,771	1,615	25,918	0	11	1	22	
...	...	...	8,889	848	1,618	11,355	0	9	0	23	
...	...	...	6,327	516	1,129	7,972	0	8	0	24	
...	...	...	3,934	248	442	4,624	0	12	0	25	
...	4,870	...	3,17,651	72,418	68,517	4,58,586	0	11	1		

III.—PRO

G.—Municipal

1.—*Statement showing the income of Municipalities in the*

Division.	District.	Number.	Municipality.	Population.	Number of Members of Committee. Official.	Non-official. Elected.	Non-official. Nominated.	Total.	Amount of In Octroi.	Tax on houses, buildings and lands.	Tax on professions and trades.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
									Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Agra.	Muttra ...	26	Muttra ...	63,431	6	12	...	18	47,028	...	...
	Ditto ...	27	Kosi ...	12,776	3	10	...	13	9,254	...	...
	Ditto ...	28	Brindaban ...	21,004	4	8	...	12	19,298	...	...
	Agra ...	29	Agra ...	150,677	8	17	...	25	1,08,615	...	...
	Ditto ...	30	Jalesar ...	17,622	3	10	...	13	8,260	...	...
	Ditto ...	31	Fatehpur Síkri .	8,513	3	...	6	9	3,921	...	...
	Ditto ...	32	Firozabad ...	13,788	3	6	...	9	7,772	...	...
	Etáwah ...	33	Etáwah ..	30,386	5	10	5	20	24,357	...	...
	Ditto ...	34	Jaswantnagar (1),	5,310	3	...	6	9	3,836	...	...
	Mainpuri ...	35	Mainpuri ...	18,601	5	5	5	15	11,841	...	...
	Farukhabad,	36	Fatehgarh *cum* Farukhabad.	74,225	6	13	...	19	68,645	...	...
	Etah ...	37	Etah ...	8,044	5	10	...	15	8,445	...	...
	Ditto ...	38	Soron ...	13,658	4	8	...	12	8,653	...	...
	Ditto ...	39	Kásganj ..	15,764	4	8	...	12	11,213	...	...
	Ditto ...	40	Marchra ...	9,214	5	12	...	17	3,735	...	...
	Ditto ...	41	Aliganj ...	7,912	4	8	...	12	3,200	...	...
			Total ...	470,925	71	137	22	230	3,48,073	...	...
Rohilkhand.	Bijnor ...	42	Bijnor ...	13,066	5	10	...	15	6,532	...	713
	Ditto ...	43	Chándpur ...	12,033	3	9	...	12	4,644	...	1,395
	Ditto ...	44	Dhámpur ...	6,555	3	9	...	12	4,092	...	1,419
	Ditto ...	45	Nagína ...	19,696	3	5	5	13	8,251	...	1,495
	Ditto ...	46	Najíbabad ...	19,656	3	5	5	13	11,225	...	...
	Moradabad...	47	Moradabad ...	59,570	6	12	...	18	41,721	...	...
	Ditto ...	48	Dhanaura ...	5,281	3	6	...	9	...	...	...

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

North-Western Provinces during 1875-76—(continued).

COME OF 1875-76.									
Tax on carriages, horses, &c.	Tolls on carts, carriages, &c.	Special taxes under Section 17 of Act XV. of 1873.	Total income from taxation.	Miscellaneous	Balance of previous year.	Total income from all sources.	Incidence of taxation (column 16) per head of population.	Number.	REMARKS.
13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.		21.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.		
...	...	...	47,028	(f.) 4,508	5,671	57,207	0 11 10	26	(f.) Rs. 2,200 were realised from sale of manure and sweepings
...	...	...	9,254	(g.) 3,384	1,266	13,904	0 11 7	27	(g.) A sum of Rs. 1,200 was obtained from sale of houses and lands.
...	...	...	19,298	1,236	3,787	24,321	0 15 1	28	
...	...	...	1,08,615	(h.) 18,853	7,426	1,34,624	0 11 5	29	(h) Rs 13,951 were realised from rents, and Rs. 2,386 from sale of manure.
...	...	...	8,260	1,429	1,893	11,582	0 7 5	30	
...	...	...	3,921	271	423	4,615	0 7 4	31	
...	...	...	7,772	479	685	8,936	0 9 0	32	
...	...	...	24,357	2,486	3,804	30,647	0 12 10	33	
...	...	...	3,836	229	593	4,658	0 11 6	34	(i.) This Municipality has been abolished with effect from 1st October, 1876.
...	...	...	11,841	1,149	1,423	14,413	0 10 1	35	
931	...	...	69,576	(j.) 6,290	5,909	81,775	0 14 11	36	(j.) The income from rents amounted to Rs. 3,611, and a loan of Rs. 1,000 was taken from a man in the city to carry on public works, as the Committee's receipts were rather low at that time.
...	...	...	8,445	2,502	2,507	13,454	1 0 9	37	
...	...	...	8,653	1,029	1,061	10,743	0 10 1	38	
...	...	...	11,213	3,404	1,466	16,083	0 11 4	39	
...	...	...	3,735	544	416	4,695	0 6 5	40	
...	...	...	3,200	543	66	3,809	0 6 5	41	
931	...	...	3,49,004	48,066	38,396	4,35,466	0 11 10		
...	...	...	7,245	968	3,991	12,204	0 8 10	42	
...	...	...	6,039	579	2,381	8,999	0 8 0	43	
...	...	...	5,511	264	451	6,226	0 13 4	44	
...	...	...	9,746	281	5,923	15,950	0 7 10	45	
...	...	...	11,225	1,079	4,520	16,824	0 8 1	46	
...	...	...	41,721	(k.) 5,961	23,762	71,444	0 11 2	47	(k.) Includes a sum of Rs. 2,595 contributed by the Public Works Department to the Cliffordganj road.
...	4,212	...	4,212	(l.) 2,584	...	6,796	0 12 9	48	(l.)

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

1.—*Statement showing the income of Municipalities in the*

Division.	District.	Number.	Municipality.	Population.	Number of Members of Committee. Official.	Non-official. Elected.	Non-official. Nominated.	Total.	Amount of In Octroi.	Tax on houses, buildings and lands.	Tax on professions and trades.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
									Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
ROHILKHAND—(*concluded*).	Moradabad...	49	Chandausi ...	23,513	3	6	...	9	...	...	12,366
	Ditto ...	50	Amroha ...	34,896	3	6	...	9	15,737	...	...
	Ditto ..	51	Sambhal ...	34,871	3	6	...	9	16,621	...	...
	Budaun ...	52	Budaun ...	31,227	3	9	...	12	16,604	...	...
	Ditto ...	53	Bilsi ...	6,115	3	6	...	9	3,626	...	...
	Ditto ...	54	Ujháni ...	7,656	3	6	...	9	2,484	...	983
	Ditto ...	55	Sahaswán ...	17,061	3	6	..	9	...	292	282
	Bareilly ..	56	Bareilly ...	(*p.*) 91,410	8	16	...	24	74,128	(*q.*) 1,310	...
	Ditto ...	57	Bisalpur ...	9,335	3	...	6	9	3,281	...	...
	Ditto ...	58	Pilibhít ...	29,840	3	6	...	9	21,207	...	...
	Sháhjahánpur.	59	Sháhjahánpur ...	79,487	6	16	...	22	57,078	...	...
	Ditto ..	60	Tilhar ...	16,825	3	9	...	12	9,580	...	...
			Total ...	520,093	70	148	16	234	2,96,811	1,602	18,553

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

North-Western Provinces during the year 1875-76—(continued).

COME OF 1875-76.										
Tax on carriages, horses, &c.	Tolls on carts, carriages, &c.	Special taxes under Section 17 of Act XV. of 1873.	Total income from taxation.	Miscellaneous.	Balance of previous year.	Total income from all sources.	Incidence of taxation (column 16) per head of population.			REMARKS.
13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.			21.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. (*m.*)	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p			
...	...	...	12,366	19,077	9,051	40,494	0 8 5	49		(*m.*) Includes Rs. 15,411 realised from sale of Government Pro. Notes, and Rs. 2,450 from interest on the money, Rs. 50,000, the municipality has still invested in Government paper.
...	...	...	15,737	1,132	4,123	20,992	0 7 2	50		
...	...	...	16,621	1,757	3,005	21,383	0 7 7	51		
...	...	...	16,604	(*n*) 6,128	7,119	29,851	0 8 6	52		(*n*) Rs. 4,763 were derived from rent of shops and houses.
...	...	...	3,626	441	146	4,213	0 9 5	53		
..	...	...	3,467	478	2,481	6,426	0 7 2	54		
...	...	(*o.*) 6,562	7,136	752	3,429	11,317	0 6 1	55		(*o.*) The incidence has been calculated on column 15, as the proceeds in columns 11 and 12 represent arrears of previous years which were collected in 1875-76.
...	...	...	75,438	3,080	8,321	86,839	0 13 8	56		(*p.*) This is the total population of the municipality. The octroi is levied on a population of 88,050 only.
...	...	...	3,281	530	519	4,330	0 5 9	57		(*q.*) On civil station only.
...	...	...	2,207	(*r.*) 13,711	13,953	48,871	0 11 4	58		(*r.*) Rs. 8,261 were derived from rents of shops and houses, and Rs. 2,795 from sale of garden produce.
...	...	...	57,078	(*s.*) 6,238	7,869	71,185	0 11 6	59		(*s.*) The rents of shops, &c., realised Rs. 3,882.
...	...	...	9,580	570	3,740	13,890	0 8 3	60		
...	4,212	6,569	3,27,840	65,610	1,04,784	4,98,234	0 10 1			

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

1.—*Statement showing the income of Municipalities in the North-*

Division.	District	Number.	Municipality.	Population.	Number of Members of Committee. Official	Non-official. Elected.	Non-official. Nominated.	Total.	Amount of In: Octroi.	Tax on houses, buildings and lands.	Tax on professions and trades.
1.	2.	3.	4	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
									Rs.	Rs.	Rs
ALLAHABAD.	Cawnpore ...	61	Cawnpore ...	98,476	6	12	...	18	...	...	71,728
	Fatehpur ...	62	Fatehpur ...	19,431	4	9	...	13	11,005	...	...
	Bánda ...	63	Bánda ...	27,805	4	11	...	15	18,743	...	...
	Allahabad ...	64	Allahabad ...	145,864	6	16	3	25	1,36,274	...	(v.) 1,615
	Jaunpur ...	65	Jaunpur ...	35,003	6	12	...	18	13,632	...	...
			Total ...	326,579	26	60	3	89	1,79,654	...	73,343
BENARES.	Gorakhpur,	66	Gorakhpur ...	51,633	6	12	...	18	39,141	...	275
	Azamgarh,	67	Azamgarh ...	15,980	6	6	6	18	12,249	...	...
	Gházipur ...	68	Gházipur ...	40,000	8	26	...	34	27,096	...	...
	Ditto ...	69	Balia ...	9,270	4	10	...	14	...	63	1,641
	Benares ...	70	Benares ...	187,341	7	12	5	24	1,17,952	...	...
	Mirzapur ...	71	Mirzapur ...	77,229	6	12	...	18	53,252	...	...
	Ditto ...	72	Chunar ...	12,289	4	6	...	10	5,313	...	...
			Total ...	393,742	41	84	11	136	2,55,003	63	1,916
JHÁNSI.	Jhánsi ...	73	Jhánsi ...	1,596	4	...	9	13	...	491	...
	Ditto ...	74	Mau Ránípur ...	23,123	4	12	...	16	12,583	...	(1) 630
	Jalaun ...	75	Orai ...	7,237	4	12	...	16	3,693	149	...
	Ditto ...	76	Kálpi ...	16,568	3	6	...	9	13,421	...	...
	Ditto ...	77	Kúnch ...	14,682	3	6	...	9	6,795	...	...
	Lalitpur ...	78	Lalitpur ...	8,976	4	...	8	12	5,997	...	...
			Total ...	72,182	22	36	17	75	42,489	640	630

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

Western Provinces during the year 1875-76—(continued).

COME OF 1875-76.									
Tax on carriages, horses, &c.	Tolls on carts, carriages, &c.	Special taxes under Section 17 of Act XV. of 1873.	Total income from taxation.	Miscellaneous.	Balance of previous year.	Total income from all sources.	Incidence of taxation (column 16) per head of population.	Number.	REMARKS.
13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.		21.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs a. p		
700	...	...	72,428	(*t*.)32,191	7,312	1,11,931	0 11 9	61	(*t*) Rents yielded an income of Rs 19,093.
...	...	...	11,005	1,450	688	13,143	0 9 0	62	
...	...	...	18,743	(*u*)3,058	4,573	26,374	0 10 9	63	(*u*) The income realised from rents of houses, &c., amounted to Rs. 2,214.
10,884	...	...	1,48,773	58,566	2,810	2,10,149	1 0 4	64	(*v*.) Levied on brick and tile-makers and lime-burners only.
...	...	...	13,632	(*w*)5,976	1,102	20,710	0 6 2	65	(*w*.) Includes a sum of Rs. 4,418 income realised from rents of houses, &c.
11,584	...	...	2,64,581	1,01,241	16,485	3,82,307	0 12 11		
...	...	...	39,416	1,944	6,351	47,711	0 12 2	66	
...	...	...	12,249	382	2,690	15,321	0 12 3	67	
...	...	...	27,096	2,413	9,615	39,124	0 10 10	68	
...	...	...	1,704	(*x*)4,559 (*y*)	2,037	8,300	0 2 11	69	(*x*.) Includes Rs. 4,180 realised from fairs.
426	...	...	1,18,378	1,24,309	7,641	2,50,328	0 13 0	70	(*y*) Includes the following items:— Sale of Government notes, Rs. 58,997. Rent of municipal markets, Rs. 20,410. Grant by Government to defray expenses incurred on account of the Prince of Wales' visit, Rs. 27,307.
...	...	...	53,252	(*z*.) 6,246	3,961	63,459	0 11 0	71	(*z*.) Rents brought in a sum of Rs. 3,342.
...	...	...	5,313	411	2,675	8,399	0 6 11	72	
426	...	...	2,57,408	1,40,264	34,970	4,32,642	0 10 5		
...	...	...	491	589	36	1,116	0 4 11	73	
...	...	...	13,213	2,791	738	16,742	0 9 4	74	(1) Imposed on Daláls only.
...	...	...	3,842	1,067	404	5,313	0 8 6	75	
...	...	...	13,421	782	1,859	16,062	0 12 11	76	
...	...	...	6,795	785	477	8,057	0 7 5	77	
...	...	...	5,997	800	1,929	8,726	0 10 8	78	
...	...	...	43,759	6,814	5,443	56,016	0 9 8		

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

1.—*Statement showing the income of Municipalities in the North-*

Division.	District.	Number.	Municipality.	Population.	Number of Members of Committee.				Amount of In		
					Official.	Non-official. Elected.	Non-official. Nominated.	Total.	Octroi.	Tax on houses, buildings and lands.	Tax on professions and trades.
1.	2.	3	4.	5	6.	7	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
									Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
KUMAUN.	Kumaun ...	79	Almora ...	4,125	4	8	...	12	186	2,428	...
	Ditto ...	80	Naini Tal ...	(2) 6,000	3	7	...	10	1,150	10,779	...
	Tarái ...	81	Káshipur ...	13,221	2	...	6	8	...	...	2,223
			Total ...	23,346	9	15	6	30	1,336	13,207	2,223

AB

Meerut Division.	1	25 Towns ...	449,507	93	127	10	300	2,92,166	20,615	...
Agra ditto...	2	16 Ditto ...	470,925	71	137	22	230	3,48,073	...	...
Rohilkhánd ditto.	3	19 Ditto ...	520,093	70	148	16	234	2,96,811	1,602	18,653
Allahabad ditto.	4	5 Ditto ...	326,579	26	60	3	89	1,79,654	...	73,343
Benares do...	5	7 Ditto ...	393,742	41	84	11	136	2,55,003	63	1,916
Jhánsi ditto,	6	6 Ditto ...	72,182	22	36	17	75	42,489	640	630
Kumaun ditto.	7	3 Ditto ...	23,346	9	15	6	30	1,336	13,207	2,223
GRAND TOTAL.		81 Towns ...	2,256,374	332	677	85	1094	14,15,532	36,127	96,765

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

Western Provinces during the year 1875-76—(concluded).

COME OF 1855-76.									
Tax on carriages, horses, &c.	Tolls on carts, carriages, &c.	Special taxes under Section 17 of Act XV. of 1873.	Total income from taxation.	Miscellaneous.	Balance of previous year.	Total income from all sources	Incidence of taxation (column 16) per head of population.	Number.	REMARKS.
13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.		21.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.		
...	...	...	2,614	75	...	2,689	0 10 1	79	
...	...	12,917	24,846	(3) 6,391	11,318	42,555	1 2 3	80	(2) It is useless to calculate the incidence, as the population is more in the height of the season. (3) A sum of Rs. 2,432 was realised from rents, &c.
...	4,028	...	6,251	(4) 1,679	1,109	9,039	0 7 6	81	(4) Pounds yielded an income of Rs. 1,216.
...	4,028	12,917	33,711	8,145	12,427	54,283	1 7 1		

STRACT.

...	4,870	...	3,17,651	72,418	68,517	4,58,586	0 11 1	1	
931	...	...	3,49,004	48,066	38,396	4,35,466	0 11 10	2	
...	4,212	6,562	3,27,840	65,610	1,04,784	4,98,234	0 10 1	3	
11,584	...	...	2,64,581	1,01,241	16,485	3,82,307	0 12 11	4	
426	...	...	2,57,408	1,40,264	34,970	4,32,642	0 10 5	5	
...	...	...	43,759	6,814	5,443	56,016	0 9 8	6	
...	4,028	12,917	33,711	8,145	12,427	54,283	1 7 1	7	
12,941	12,110	19,479	15,93,954	4,42,558	2,81,022	23,17,534	0 11 4		

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

2.—*Statement showing the Expenditure in the Municipalities*

Division.	District.	Municipality.	Collection.	Head office.	Police.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs
MEERUT.	Dehra Dún ...	Dehra ...	383	135	1,227
		Mussooree ...	96	820	826
	Saháranpur ...	Saháranpur ...	2,624	247	6,997
		Deoband ...	1,467	70	3,249
		Hardwár Union ...	1,875	85	4,182
	Muzaffarnagar ...	Muzaffarnagar ...	1,065	134	2,276
		Shámli ...	1,079	162	1,808
		Kandhla ...	760	211	1,818
		Kairána ...	1,456	167	2,512
	Meerut ...	Meerut ...	2,336	190	11,897
		Gháziabad ...	659	60	1,702
		Bághpat ...	670	35	1,645
		Baraut ...	680	36	1,512
		Shahdara ...	702	59	1,761
		Hápur ...	1,492	60	2,950
		Pilkhuwa ...	470	36	776
	Bulandshahr ...	Bulandshahr ..	1,117	126	2,418
		Anúpshahr ...	691	126	1,273
		Khúrja ...	2,295	180	4,848
		Sikandarabad ...	1,712	126	2,459
	Aligarh ...	Koil ...	4,651	348	13,451
		Háthras ...	3,150	447	5,674
		Atrauli ...	1,473	82	1,068
		Sikandra Rao ...	880	132	1,255
		Harduaganj ...	618	58	527
		Total ...	34,401	4,132	80,111

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

of the North-Western Provinces during 1875-76.

Conservancy.	Road-watering.	Lighting.	Total establishment.	Original works.	Repairs.	Education.	Dispensary and medical charges.
7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
1,086	303	...	3,134	992	1,795	266	300
4,181	...	768	6,691	991	4,790	288	350
7,297	...	661	17,826	18,600	3,747	356	300
1,512	40	97	6,435	3,771	690	376	115
1,344	82	179	7,747	16,499	1,038	360	60
1,628	96	445	5,644	1,197	697	200	225
1,210	95	...	4,354	2,075	1,076	113	244
786	...	...	3,575	1,090	204	279	29
1,260	...	...	5,395	. .	2,607	458	...
10,176	...	2,800	27,399	26,910	9,000	473	480
936	288	400	4,045	1,000	618	198	60
504	120	220	3,194	1,283	1,028	346	350
542	...	197	2,967	1,296	361	471	310
473	...	...	2,995	1,675	200	169	160
1,338	...	600	6,440	3,542	700	240	480
494	...	...	1,776	1,083	100	166	...
1,367	211	...	5,239	3,274	1,342	572	100
990	...	462	3,542	2,280	955	224	...
3,527	277	1,589	12,716	4,228	1,457	498	480
1,013	...	837	6,147	5,357	710	614	150
5,629	610	1,268	25,957	7,541	6,187	2,436	918
1,979	145	1,234	12,629	4,098	4,734	1,217	300
787	47	349	3,806	2,309	1,686	472	271
684	...	...	2,951	1,676	752	338	128
585	...	268	2,056	865	337	285	120
51,328	2,314	12,374	1,84,660	1,13,632	46,811	11,415	5,930

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

2.—*Statement showing the Expenditure in the Municipalities*

Division.	District.	Municipality.	Vaccination.	Other charities.	Refunds of excess octroi collections.
1.	2.	3.	15.	16.	17.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
MEERUT—(*concluded*).	Dehra Dún ...	Dehra	40	300	...
		Mussooree	50	...	...
	Saháranpur ...	Saháranpur ...	154	1,006	129
		Deoband	102	...	...
		Hardwár Union ...	184	11	53
	Muzaffarnagar ...	Muzaffarnagar ...	92	...	3
		Shámli	92	...	2,018
		Kandhla	98	...	11
		Kairána	92	...	152
	Meerut ...	Meerut	190	...	54
		Gháziabad	120	...	20
		Bághput	85	...	...
		Baraut	85	...	...
		Shahdara	75	...	...
		Hápur	120	...	91
		Pilkhuwa	120	...	...
	Bulandshahr ...	Bulandshahr ...	120	37	...
		Anúpshahr ...	120	50	..
		Khúrja ...	120	60	...
		Shikandrabad ...	120	50	...
	Aligarh ...	Koil	240	...	1,201
		Háthras	135	48	...
		Atrauli	120	13	53
		Sikandra Rao ...	120	51	33
		Harduaganj ...	120	8	49
		Total ...	2,914	1,634	3,867

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

of the North-Western Provinces during 1875-76—(continued).

Miscellaneous.	Total expenditure.	Reserve.	REMARKS.
18.	19.	20.	21.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
257	7,084	3,941	
(*a.*)8,409	21,569	2,835	(*a.*) Rs. 2,923 were paid in liquidation of a loan contracted for the purchase of the municipal hall, and Rs. 2,600 were expended in surveying the municipality.
(*b.*)9,382	51,500	3,367	(*b.*) Includes Rs. 5,997 paid in liquidation of the loan taken for the drainage works, and Rs. 1,533 invested in Government paper, besides a sum of Rs. 1,178 contributed for maintenance of the public garden.
(*c.*)3,025	14,514	5,598	(*c.*) Rs. 2,821 were expended in purchase of Government paper.
(*d.*)3,878	29,830	1,675	(*d.*) Includes Rs. 3,342 spent on the fair.
251	8,309	2,678	
115	10,087	1,965	
105	5,391	1,556	
294	8,998	2,062	
609	65,115	3,559	
606	6,667	1,608	
240	6,526	1,323	
60	5,550	91	
56	5,330	503	
114	11,727	359	
49	3,294	193	
417	11,101	599	
362	7,533	1,350	
337	19,896	2,300	
450	13,598	1,597	
2,464	46,944	8,995	
508	23,669	2,249	
114	8,844	2,511	
690	5,739	1,233	
105	3,945	679	
32,897	4,03,760	54,826	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

2.—*Statement showing the Expenditure in the Municipalities*

Division.	District.	Municipality.	Collection	Head-office.	Police.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
AGRA.	Muttra ...	Muttra ...	6,186	656	12,435
		Kosi ...	1,855	133	1,824
		Brindaban ...	2,814	267	4,294
	Agra ...	Agra ...	13,503	3,219	34,636
		Jalesar ...	1,394	161	1,742
		Fatehpur Síkri ...	643	126	791
		Firozabad ...	1,147	236	1,281
	Etáwah ...	Etáwah ...	3,151	311	4,163
		Jaswantnagar ...	616	64	910
	Mainpuri ...	Mainpuri ...	2,001	284	3,484
	Farukhabad ...	Fatehgarh *cum* Farukhabad.	6,031	766	17,469
	Etah ...	Etah	1,079	195	1,029
		Soron	1,215	213	2,481
		Kásganj	1,899	231	2,414
		Marehra	565	143	1,015
		Alíganj	527	143	1,091
		Total ...	44,626	7,148	90,999
ROHILKHAND	Bijnor ...	Bijnor	1,073	142	1,422
		Chándpur	782	51	1,422
		Dhámpur	731	51	1,238
		Nagína	1,590	52	2,390
		Najíbabad	1,890	52	2,775

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

of the North-Western Provinces during 1875-76—(continued).

Conservancy.	Road-watering.	Lighting.	Total establishment.	Original works.	Repairs.	Education.	Dispensary and medical charges.
7.	8.	9.	10	11.	12.	13.	14.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
5,110	400	5,500	30,287	9,099	9,105	2,448	774
1,108	...	552	5,472	973	935	530	213
2,496	250	1,596	11,717	6,854	3,303	482	700
18,278	2,218	4,701	76,555	8,387	16,810	1,309	2,068
1,213	...	717	5,227	1,908	906	339	280
846	...	...	2,406	719	228	180	163
1,178	...	...	3,842	1,951	806	460	115
3,023	...	724	11,312	9,055	4,858	806	878
449	...	...	2,009	433	818	96	169
2,237	83	253	8,342	2,050	1,168	287	200
10,105	988	1,909	37,268	3,293	4,651	976	800
1,081	39	523	3,946	600	652	400	150
887	43	...	4,839	70	562	470	419
2,212	52	799	7,607	226	935	643	300
697	...	...	2,420	871	243	236	38
443	...	...	2,204	615	69	210	360
51,333	4,073	17,274	2,15,453	47,104	46,049	9,872	7,627
998	...	199	3,834	4,220	1,296	319	50
713	...	218	3,186	1,803	960	192	16
632	...	198	2,850	997	525	93	25
1,050	45	434	5,561	5,954	1,269	132	108
1,380	65	...	6,162	5,547	3,407	131	375

III.—PRO

G—MUNICIPAL

2.—*Statement showing the Expenditure in the Municipalities*

Division.	District.	Municipality.	Vaccination.	Other charities.	Refunds of excess octroi collections.
1.	2.	3.	15.	16.	17.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
AGRA—(*concluded*)	Muttra ...	Muttra ...	120	300	1,295
		Kosi ...	120	143	284
		Brindaban ...	120	...	126
	Agra ...	Agra ...	360	3,025	1,192
		Jalesar ...	120	...	41
		Fatehpur Síkri ...	60	...	...
		Firozabad ...	120	...	...
	Etáwah ...	Etáwah ...	120	...	1,307
		Jaswantnagar ...	47	48	424
	Mainpuri ...	Mainpuri ...	120	286	46
	Farukhabad ...	Fatehgarh *cum* Farukhabad.	184	900	24,423
	Etah ...	Etah	63	483	625
		Soron	50	...	552
		Kásganj	120	533	399
		Marehra	62	...	61
		Aliganj	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,786	5,718	30,775
ROHILKHAND—(*contd.*)	Bijnor ...	Bijnor	92	182	...
		Chándpur	96	...	...
		Dhámpur	92	185	...
		Nagína	92	165	...
		Najibabad	43	240	...

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

of the North-Western Provinces during 1875-76--(continued).

Miscellaneous.	Total expenditure.	Reserve.	REMARKS.
18.	19.	20.	21.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
631	54,059	3,148	
(*e.*) 4,380	13,050	854	(*e.*) Rs 3,376 were paid in liquidation of a loan contracted for constructing a cotton market.
469	23,771	550	
(*f.*) 19,835	1,29,541	5,083	(*f.*) Includes Rs. 8,809 paid in liquidation of a loan contracted for constructing a grain market, and Rs. 9,000 contributed to the cantonment fund.
181	9,002	2,580	
241	3,997	618	
112	7,406	1,530	
967	29,303	1,344	
112	4,156	502	
189	12,688	1,725	
(*g.*) 4,143	76,638	5,137	(*g*) Includes Rs. 1,000 on account of repayment of the loan taken by the committee, and Rs. 1,021 the cost of purchasing a cart-weighing machine.
362	7,281	6,173	
(*h.*) 2,902	9,864	879	(*h*) Rs 2,500 of this amount represents the money reserved by the committee for a sarái.
(*i.*) 4,941	15,704	379	(*i.*) Includes a sum of Rs. 4,500 deposited in the Government Treasury.
105	4,036	659	
94	3,552	257	
39,664	4,04,048	31,418	
114	10,107	2,097	
326	6,579	2,420	
91	4,858	1,368	
217	13,498	2,452	
344	16,249	575	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

2.—*Statement showing the Expenditure in the Municipalities*

Division.	District.	Municipality.	Collection.	Head office.	Police.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
ROHILKHAND—(*continued*).	Moradabad ...	Moradabad ...	3,727	177	10,431
		Dhanaura	536	56	1,746
		Chandausi	835	111	4,946
		Amroha	2,245	87	4,631
		Sambhal	2,025	99	4,031
	Budaun ...	Budaun	2,407	126	5,282
		Bilsi	613	124	1,035
		Ujhání	595	125	1,240
		Sahaswán	355	125	2,201
	Bareilly ...	Bareilly	6,537	564	24,163
		Bisalpur	666	120	1,064
		Pilibhít	2,922	331	8,797
	Sháhjahánpur ...	Sháhjahánpur ...	5,861	480	13,479
		Tilhar	1,452	60	2,353
		Total ...	36,842	2,933	94,646
ALLAHABAD.	Cawnpore ...	Cawnpore	1,911	1,580	19,341
	Fatehpur ...	Fatehpur	1,989	165	1,950
	Bánda ...	Bánda	2,341	356	4,423
	Allahabad ...	Allahabad	13,861	5,181	21,714
	Jaunpur ...	Jaunpur	3,143	506	7,208
		Total ...	23,245	7,788	54,636

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

of the North-Western Provinces during 1875-76—(continued).

Conservancy.	Road-watering.	Lighting.	Total establishment.	Original works	Repairs	Education.	Dispensary and medical charges.
7.	8.	9.	10.	11	12	13.	14.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
5,554	494	968	21,351	23,158	6,943	694	1,260
528	...	283	3,149	178	381	122	...
1,632	256	433	8,213	19,196	2,053	464	400
1,097	32	295	8,387	3,975	1,674	1,197	400
1,676	50	403	8,284	3,252	2,251	1,029	460
4,575	48	852	13,290	4,386	2,404	1,463	1,200
510	...	90	2,372	672	499	94	180
384	...	92	2,436	2,262	273	266	50
1,112	...	59	3,852	2,083	352	511	250
7,218	277	3,835	42,594	10,759	8,493	5,008	600
556	...	...	2,406	560	100	96	100
3,541	...	478	16,069	3,915	3,808	2,733	666
6,620	...	...	26,440	10,089	10,334	3,051	1,200
1,166	...	...	5,031	4,113	258	360	300
40,942	1,267	8,837	1,85,467	1,07,119	47,880	17,955	7.640
19,608	2,527	898	45,865	9,455	24,387	524	1,335
2,634	...	85	6,823	3,326	923	396	...
3,893	...	1,556	12,569	1,588	2,423	375	240
52,162	10,612	439	1,03,969	26,582	50,691	3,000	4,000
3,093	...	347	14,257	1,980	1,343	468	344
81,390	13,139	3,325	1,83,523	42,931	79,767	4,763	5,919

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

2.—*Statement showing the Expenditure in the Municipalities*

Division.	District.	Municipality.	Vaccination.	Other charities.	Refunds of excess octroi collections.
1.	2.	3.	15.	16.	17.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
ROHILKHAND—(*concluded*).	Moradabad ...	Moradabad... ...	300	210	...
		Dhanaura	25	...	...
		Chandausi	115	96	...
		Amroha	115	...	...
		Sambhal	120	...	...
	Budaun ...	Budaun	114	...	201
		Bilsi	60	...	59
		Ujháni	120	...	...
		Sahaswán	60	...	...
	Bareilly ...	Bareilly	484	638	1,951
		Bisalpur	120	...	20
		Pilibhít	120	...	...
	Sháhjahánpur ...	Sháhjahánpur ...	355	1,200	436
		Tilhar	120	...	9
		Total ...	2,643	2,916	2,676
ALLAHABAD.	Cawnpore ...	Cawnpore	290	...	...
	Fatehpur ...	Fatehpur	92	...	95
	Bánda	Bánda	120	82	...
	Allahabad ...	Allahabad	648	3,050	5,861
	Jaunpur ...	Jaunpur	151	...	350
		Total ...	1,301	3,132	6,306

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

of the North-Western Provinces during 1875-76—(continued).

Miscellaneous.	Total expenditure.	Reserve.	REMARKS.
18.	19.	20.	21.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
526	54,442	17,002	
(*j*.) 1,028	4,883	1,913	(*j*)
558	31,695	8,799	
354	16,102	4,890	
204	15,600	5,783	
760	23,818	6,038	
122	4,058	155	
146	5,553	873	
189	7,297	4,020	
(*k*.) 3,128	73,655	13,184	(*k*.) A sum of Rs. 2,450 was spent on public gardens.
214	3,616	714	
(*l*.) 13,714	41,025	7,846	(*l*) Includes a sum of Rs. 12,422 invested in Government Promissory Notes.
548	53,653	17,532	
49	10,240	3,650	
22,632	3,96,928	1,01,306	
(*m*.) 27,917	1,09,773	2,158	(*m*.) Includes Rs. 18,990 paid in liquidation of the loan for the drainage scheme, and Rs. 3,522 in maintaining an experimental farm.
308	11,963	1,180	
771	18,168	8,206	
(*n*.) 7,319	2,05,120	5,029	(*n*.) Includes a grant of Rs. 5,000 to the Alfred Park.
284	19,217	1,493	
36,599	3,64,241	18,066	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

2.—*Statement showing the Expenditure in the Municipalities*

Division.	District.	Municipality.	Collection.	Head-office.	Police.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
BENARES.	Gorakhpur ...	Gorakhpur ...	3,033	313	3,829
	Azamgarh ...	Azamgarh ...	1,628	410	2,352
	Gházipur ...	Gházipur ...	4,473	648	7,881
		Ballia ...	261	132	1,869
	Benares ...	Benares ...	12,035	6,391	37,060
	Mirzapur ...	Mirzapur	5,343	1,280	18,022
		Chunar	891	290	1,465
		Total ...	27,664	9,464	71,978
JHÁNSI.	Jhánsi ...	Jhánsi	59	...	98
		Mau Rámpur ...	1,711	485	3,911
	Jalaun ...	Orai	605	212	752
		Kálpi	1,807	540	3,445
		Kúnch	937	120	2,116
	Lalitpur ...	Lalitpur	670	316	1,038
		Total ...	5,789	1,673	11,360
KUMAUN.	Kumaun ...	Almora ...	...	172	593
		Naini Tal ...	550	850	2,601
	Tarái ...	Káshipur ...	590	206	1,808
		Total ...	1,140	1,228	5,002

AB

Meerut Division ...	21 Towns ...	34,401	4,132	80,111
Agra do. ...	16 do. ...	44,626	7,148	90,999
Rohilkhand do. ...	19 do. ...	36,842	2,933	94,646
Allahabad do. ...	5 do. ...	23,245	7,788	54,636
Benares do. ...	7 do. ...	27,664	9,464	71,978
Jhánsi do. ...	6 do. ...	5,789	1,673	11,360
Kumaun do. ...	3 do. ...	1,140	1,228	5,002
GRAND TOTAL...	81 Towns ...	1,73,707	34,366	4,08,732

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

of the North-Western Provinces during 1875-76—(continued).

Conservancy.	Road-watering.	Lighting.	Total establishment.	Original works.	Repairs.	Education.	Dispensary and medical charges.
7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12	13.	14.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
4,775	...	877	12,827	16,504	5,757	1,442	240
2,412	38	297	7,137	1,846	675	338	120
4,052	96	519	17,669	4,448	3,615	2,950	600
561	...	...	2,323	250	140	120	60
22,673	5,158	10,251	93,568	54,179	16,455	2,194	1,200
15,138	1,721	...	41,504	2,643	4,311	756	1,428
1,524	...	...	4,170	459	876	108	222
51,135	7,013	11,944	1,79,198	80,329	31,859	7,908	3,870
674	...	...	831	6	...	...	...
1,363	97	338	7,905	5,012	1,950	421	604
836	42	46	2,493	1,416	196	153	120
1,294	...	253	7,339	1,525	735	290	360
1,014	...	...	4,187	598	754	900	150
821	...	...	2,845	581	2,374	258	152
6,002	139	637	25,600	9,138	6,009	2,022	1,386
720	...	...	1,485	...	646	72	...
9,667	42	174	13,884	8,857	3,788	350	100
608	...	208	3,420	924	158	203	330
10,995	42	382	18,789	9,781	4,592	625	430

STRACT.

51,328	2,314	12,374	1,84,660	1,13,632	46,811	11,415	5,930
51,333	4,073	17,274	2,15,453	47,104	46,049	9,872	7,627
40,942	1,267	8,837	1,85,467	1,07,119	47,880	17,955	7,640
81,390	13,139	3,325	1,83,523	42,931	79,767	4,763	5,919
51,135	7,013	11,944	1,79,198	80,329	31,859	7,908	3,870
6,002	139	637	25,600	9,138	6,009	2,022	1,386
10,995	42	382	18,789	9,781	4,592	625	430
2,93,125	27,987	54,773	9,92,690	4,10,034	2,62,667	54,560	32,802

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

2.—*Statement showing the Expenditure in the Municipalities*

Division.	District.	Municipality.	Vaccination.	Other charities.	Refunds of excess octroi collections.
1.	2.	3.	15.	16.	17.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
BENARES.	Gorakhpur ...	Gorakhpur... ...	232	...	150
	Azamgarh ...	Azamgarh	120	...	766
	Gházipur ...	Gházipur	130	600	...
		Ballia	128	...	...
	Benares ...	Benares	384	2,171	7,978
	Mirzapur ...	Mirzapur	230	...	3
		Chunar	74	...	...
		Total ...	1,298	2,771	8,897
JHÁNSI.	Jhánsi ...	Jhánsi	...	...	...
		Mau Ránipur ...	120	378	...
	Jalaun ...	Orai	120	89	...
		Kálpi	120	12	3,481
		Kúnch	120	163	...
	Lalitpur ...	Lalitpur	61	...	2
		Total ...	541	642	3,483
KUMAUN.	Kumaun ...	Almora	...	...	...
		Naini Tal	54	19	...
	Tarál... ...	Káshipur	120	...	...
		Total ...	174	19	...
					A B
	Meerut Division...	21 Towns	2,914	1,634	3,867
	Agra ditto ...	16 do.	1,786	5,718	30,775
	Rohilkhand ditto ...	19 do.	2,643	2,916	2,676
	Allahabad ditto ...	5 do.	1,301	3,132	6,306
	Benares ditto ...	7 do.	1,298	2,771	8,897
	Jhánsi ditto ...	6 do.	541	642	3,483
	Kumaun ditto ...	3 do.	174	19	...
	GRAND TOTAL ...	81 Towns	10,657	16,832	56,004

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

of the North-Western Provinces during 1875-76—(concluded).

Miscellaneous.	Total expenditure.	Reserve.	REMARKS
18.	19.	20.	21.
Rs.	Rs	Rs.	
169	37,321	10,390	
208	11,210	4,111	
2,555	32,567	6,557	
(o.) 2,873	5,894	2,406	(o.) Includes Rs. 1,796 spent on the fair.
(p.) 27,762	2,05,891	44,437	(p.) Rs 23,631 were expended on illuminations in honour of the Prince of Wales' visit to Benares, and a sum of Rs 2,040 was contributed towards the maintenance of the public garden.
(q.) 2,955	53,860	9,599	(q.) Rs 1,857 were spent on gardens.
(r.) 1,233	7,142	1,257	(r.) Rs. 1,050 were invested in Government paper.
37,755	3,53,885	78,757	
271	1,108	8	
958	17,348	—606	
703	5,290	23	
780	14,642	1,420	
150	7,022	1,035	
748	7,021	1,705	
3,610	52,431	3,585	
265	2,468	221	
(s) 4,741	31,793	10,762	(s.) Includes the following items:—
219	5,374	3,665	Expenditure on Rs. Assembly rooms ... 1,048 Levelling ground, &c., ... 2,375 Purchase of a house ... 1,000
5,225	39,635	14,648	

STRACT.

32,897	4,03,760	54,826
39,664	4,04,048	31,418
22,632	3,96,928	1,01,306
36,599	3,64,241	18,066
37,755	3,53,885	78,757
3,610	52,431	3,585
5,225	39,635	14,648
1,78,382	20,14,928	3,02,606

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

MEERUT

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per head*

Number.	Municipality.	Population.	Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghi.	Gross Class I.
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
1	Saháranpur ...	45,051	md. 382,859	md. 25,587	md. 38,933	md. 4,304	md. 474,251 rs. 61,712
2	Hardwár Union,	21,555	md. 45,096	md. 5,285	md. 11,256	md. 3,158	md. 172,219 rs. 20,757
3	Deoband ...	18,976	md. 91,975	md. 908	md. 11,332	md. 790	md. 109,646 rs. 12,730
4	Muzaffarnagar,	10,793	rs. 190,118	...	...	rs. 31,727	rs. 2,38,259
5	Shámli ...	9,300	md. 78,435	md. 11,009	md. 23,856	md. 1,202	md. 122,200
6	Kandhla ...	11,026	md 76,105	md 2,015	md. 6,546	md. 620	md. 98,176 rs. 621
7	Kairána ...	17,742	md 105,682	md. 2,754	md. 6,918	md. 953	md. 124,878
8	Meerut ...	51,991	md. 258,928	md. 7,826	md. 20,301	md. 5,386	md. 341,847 rs. 17,946
9	Gháziabad ...	10,366	md. 93,294	...	md. 18,086	md. 982	md. 121,177
10	Shahdara ...	7,257	...	...	...	md. 543	md. 4,420
11	Baraut ...	8,404	md. 57,372	md. 2,641	md. 4,917	md. 603	md. 70,237
12	Bágpat ...	7,367	md. 118,106	...	...	md. 878	md. 148,580
13	Hápur ...	14,544	md. 88,132	md. 4	md. 18,599	md. 1,063	md. 118,939 rs. 1,879
14	Pilkhuwa ...	6,239	md. 32,441	md. 26	md. 4,293	md. 278	md. 40,495 rs. 202
15	Bulandshahr ...	14,812	md. 107,188	rs. 12,487	rs. 38,571	rs. 32,662	md. 111,052 rs. 95,516
16	Anúpshahr ...	9,334	md. 54,918	md. 1,517	md. 5,839	md. 828	md. 65,338 rs. 5,975
17	Khúrja ...	26,858	md. 199,501	rs. 73,516	rs. 1,97,675	rs. 63,476	md. 206,088 rs. 3,65,861
18	Sikandarabad	18,349	md. 135,219	rs. 45,292	rs. 67,633	rs. 36,116	md. 142,372 rs. 1,70,615
19	Koil ...	55,846	md. 468,064	md. 17,720	md. 80,336	md. 6,663	md. 698,368
20	Háthras ...	30,900	md. 418,670	...	...	md. 10,206	md. 472,671
21	Atrauli ...	15,622	md. 91,968	md. 2,476	md. 9,021	md. 809	md. 137,013
22	Sikandra Rao...	12,530	md. 47,318	md. 1,924	md. 7,397	md. 764	md. 108,940
23	Harduaganj ...	5,200	md. 49,687	md. 1,410	md. 8,027	md. 356	md. 72,098
	Total ...	430,062	m. 3,127,958 rs. 1,90,118	md. 83,102 rs. 1,31,295	md. 275,657 rs. 3,03,879	md. 40,386 rs. 1,63,981	m. 3,961,005 rs. 9,92,073

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION.

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

IMPORTS.													
		Class III.											
Class II.		Oil and oil-seeds.		Class III.		Class IV.		Class V.		Class VI.			Number.
8.		9.		10.		11.		12.		13.			
hd.	14,013	md.	20,388	md.	21,692	rs.	1,90,348	rs.	1,70,750	md.	6,687		1
hd.	2,354	md.	4,517	md. rs.	6,674 22,998	rs.	61,764	rs.	15,160	md.	2,161		2
hd.	1,362	md.	10,270	md. rs.	11,038 2,987	rs.	26,455	rs.	19,494	md.	3,275		3
hd.	2,350	rs.	25,819	rs.	27,463	rs.	49,773	rs.	31,551	rs.	18,019		4
hd.	594	md.	5,788	md.	6,961	rs.	15,646	rs.	33,348	md.	959		5
hd.	511	md.	1,132	md.	1,150	rs.	6,162	rs.	6,264	md.	668		6
...		md.	3,420	md. rs.	3,512 5,426	rs.	11,921	rs.	24,710	md.	4,102		7
...		md.	9,663	md. rs.	9,663 9,891	md. rs.	6,097 1,67,508	md. rs.	730 41,950	md.	7,260		8
...		md.	13,513	md.	13,943	rs.	15,369	rs.	10,854	md.	593		9
...		md.	4,249	md. rs	4,300 2,587	rs.	2,813	rs.	1,907	md.	322		10
hd.	921	md.	719	md.	9,376	rs.	7,523	rs.	6,547	md.	498		11
hd.	1,110	md.	4,230	md.	11,908	rs.	15,360	rs.	6,676	md.	454		12
hd.	2,337	md.	4,460	md.	4,461	rs.	26,158	rs.	17,013	md.	1,644		13
hd.	200	md.	739	md.	739	rs.	3,244	rs.	4,412	md.	349		14
hd.	4,992	md. rs.	4,243 2,885	md. rs	4,327 7,249	rs.	23,142	rs.	12,457	rs.	2,577		15
hd.	1,302	md.	2,902	md. rs.	2,902 1,387	rs.	9,830	rs.	7,175	rs.	2,499		16
hd.	4,423	rs.	32,288	md. rs.	90 35,788	rs.	29,665	rs.	46,128	rs.	5,005		17
hd.	2,167	rs.	27,492	md. rs.	409 33,451	rs.	27,371	rs.	22,772	rs.	3,372		18
...		md.	60,588	md.	222,544	rs.	1,10,007	rs.	69,478	md.	3,170		19
...		md.	40,216	md.	40,216	rs.	30,806		...	md.	17,412		20
...		md.	5,363	md.	26,255	rs.	11,310	rs.	13,862	md.	2,886		21
...		md.	* 7,186	md.	19,766	rs.	9,496	rs.	10,471	md.	809		22
hd.	466	md.	1,681	md.	4,590	rs.	4,033	rs.	4,288	md.	822		23
hd.	39,102	md. rs.	205,267 86,484	md. rs.	426,516 1,49,227	md. rs.	6,097 8,55,704	md. rs.	730 5,77,267	md. rs.	54,071 31,472		

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

MEERUT

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Gross Imports—(*concluded*).				Quantity
		Class VII.			Class VIII.	Grain.
		European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.		
	1.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.
1	Saháranpur ...	rs. 4,04,356	rs. 61,498	rs. 4,89,829	md. 12,747	...
2	Hardwár Union ...	rs. 53,133	rs. 76,676	rs. 1,41,894	md. 1,381	...
3	Deobánd ...	rs. 33,934	rs. 54,003	rs. 1,01,399	rs. 20,978	...
4	Muzaffarnagar ...	...	...	rs. 1,39,572	rs. 30,780	...
5	Shámli ...	...	...	rs. 72,796	...	md. 4,189
6	Kandhla ...	...	...	rs. 41,404	md. 202	md. 288
7	Kairána ...	...	...	rs. 65,409	md. 327	md. 2,299
8	Meerut ...	...	...	rs. 2,83,850	rs. 31,664	md. 52
9	Gháziabad ...	...	...	rs. 68,999	rs. 4,914	...
10	Shahdara	...	...	rs. 27,054	rs. 711	...
11	Baraut	rs. 63,684	rs. 21,831	rs. 85,515	rs. 27,696	...
12	Bágpat	rs. 26,628	rs. 6,639	rs. 33,267	rs. 7,503	...
13	Hápur	...	...	rs. 83,606	rs. 52,488	md. 808
14	Pilkhuwa	...	...	rs. 54,792	md. 157	...
15	Bulandshahr	rs. 59,708	rs. 7,255	rs. 66,963	rs. 8,886	...
16	Anúpshahr	rs. 37,794	rs. 4,350	rs. 42,144	rs. 4,546	...
17	Khúrja	rs. 1,56,609	rs. 75,281	rs. 2,31,890	rs. 20,715	...
18	Sikandarabad... ...	rs. 71,661	rs. 66,522	rs. 1,38,183	rs. 13,606	...
19	Koil	rs. 5,57,247	rs. 1,68,086	rs. 7,25,333	rs. 69,512	md. 8,226
20	Háthras	rs. 11,71,403	rs. 5,32,707	rs. 17,04,110	...	...
21	Atrauli	...	...	rs. 66,026	rs. 17,673	md. 40
22	Sikandra Rao... ...	rs. 61,414	rs. 9,670	rs. 71,084	rs. 8,509	md. 18
23	Harduaganj	rs. 10,290	rs. 4,417	rs. 14,707	rs. 18,301	md. 44
	Total ...	rs. 27,07,861	rs. 10,88,935	rs. 47,49,826	md. 14,814 rs. 3,38,482	md. 15,964

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(*continued*).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

OR VALUE ON WHICH REFUNDS ARE GIVEN.							
Sugar.		Ghí.	Class I.	Class II.	*Class III.*		Number.
Refined.	Unrefined.				Oil and oilseeds.	Class III.	
19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	
md. 35	...	...	md. 35 rs. 210	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
md. 4,538	md. 15,328	md. 7	md. 24,111	...	md. 789	md. 789	5
...	...	...	md. 288	...	...	...	6
md. 90	md. 483	md. 23	md. 2,695	...	md. 47	md. 47	7
...	...	md. 38	md. 90	...	...	...	8
...	md. 300	...	md. 300	...	...	...	9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
...	md. 162	md. 6	md. 976	...	md. 73	md. 73	13
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
md. 305	md. 1,941	md. 27	md. 11,105	...	md. 134	md. 137	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20
md. 10	md. 49	...	md. 114	...	...	...	21
md. 40	md. 41	...	md. 122	...	...	...	22
...	md. 534	...	md. 578	...	md. 32	md. 32	23
md. 5,018	md. 18,838	md. 101	md. 40,414 rs. 210	...	md. 1,075	md. 1,078	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

MEERUT

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	QUANTITY OR VALUE ON WHICH REFUNDS ARE GIVEN					
		Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	*Class VII.*		
					European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.
		26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.
1	Saháranpur ...	rs. 1,292	rs. 383	...	rs. 16,419	...	rs. 16,419
2	Hardwár Union ...	rs. 2,640	...	...	...	...	...
3	Deoband... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Muzaffarnagar ...	...	rs. 165	...	...	...	...
5	Shámli ...	...	rs. 1,117	...	...	...	rs. 4,783
6	Kandhla ...	...	...	md. 10	...	...	rs. 65
7	Kairána ...	...	rs. 269	md. 299	...	...	rs. 1,040
8	Meerut ...	...	...	...	...	...	rs. 1,587
9	Gháziabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Shahdara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Baraut ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Bágpat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Hápur ...	...	rs. 58	md. 11	...	...	rs. 1,694
14	Pilkhuwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Bulandshahr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Anúpshahr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Khúrja ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	Sikandarabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Koil	rs. 774	rs. 1,700	md. 48	rs. 47,071	rs. 30,759	rs. 77,830
20	Hátháras ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	Atrauli ...	rs. 41	rs. 350	...	...	...	rs. 1,221
22	Sikandra Rao ...	...	rs. 437	...	rs. 868	...	rs. 868
23	Harduaganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	rs. 4,747	rs. 4,479	md. 368	rs. 64,358	rs. 30,759	rs. 1,03,585

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(*continued*).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

—(*concluded*). NET IMPORTS.

Class VIII.	Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghí.	Class I.	Number.
32.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	
...	md. 382,859	md. 25,552	md. 38,933	md. 4,304	md. 474,216 rs. 61,502	1
...	md. 145,096	md. 5,285	md. 11,256	md. 3,158	md. 172,219 rs. 20,757	2
...	md. 91,975	md. 908	md. 11,832	md. 790	md. 109,646 rs. 12,730	3
...	rs. 1,90,118	...	...	rs. 31,727	rs. 2,38,259	4
...	md. 74,246	md. 6,471	md. 8,528	md. 1,195	md. 98,089	5
...	md. 75,817	md. 2,015	md. 6,546	md. 620	md. 97,888 rs. 621	6
md. 2	md. 103,383	md. 2,664	md. 6,435	md. 930	md. 122,183	7
rs. 169	md. 258,876	md. 7,826	md. 20,301	md. 5,348	md. 341,787 rs. 17,946	8
...	md. 93,294	...	md. 17,786	md. 982	md. 120,877	9
...	...	...	...	md. 543	md. 4,420	10
...	md. 57,372	md. 2,641	md. 4,917	md. 603	md. 70,237	11
...	md. 118,106	...	...	md. 878	md. 148,580	12
...	md. 87,324	md. 4	md. 18,437	md. 1,057	md. 117,963 rs. 1,879	13
...	md. 32,441	md. 26	md. 4,293	md. 278	md. 40,495 rs. 202	14
...	md. 107,188	rs. 12,487	rs. 38,571	rs. 32,662	md. 111,052 rs. 95,516	15
...	md. 54,918	md. 1,517	md. 5,839	md. 828	md. 65,338 rs. 5,975	16
...	md. 199,501	rs. 73,516	rs. 1,97,675	rs. 63,476	md. 206,088 rs 3,65,861	17
...	md. 135,319	rs. 45,292	rs. 67,633	rs. 36,116	md. 142,872 rs. 1,70,615	18
md. 102	md. 459,838	md. 17,415	md. 78,395	md. 6,636	md. 687,263	19
...	md. 418,670	...	...	md.10,206	md. 472,671	20
rs. 443	md. 91,928	md. 2,466	md. 8,972	md. 809	md. 136,899	21
...	md. 74,300	md. 1,884	md. 7,356	md. 764	md. 108,818	22
rs. 920	md. 49,643	md. 1,410	md. 7,493	md. 356	md. 71,520	23
md. 2 rs. 1,634	md. 3,111,994 rs. 1,90,118	md. 78,084 rs. 1,31,295	md. 256,819 rs. 3,03,879	md. 40,285 rs. 1,63,981	md. 3,920,591 rs. 9,91,863	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

MEERUT

3.—Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Net Imports				
		Class II.	Class III. Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III. Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.
		38.	39.	40.	41.	42.
1	Saháranpur ...	hd. 14,013	md. 20,388	md. 21,692	rs. 1,89,056	rs. 1,70,367
2	Hardwár Union ...	hd. 2,354	md. 4,517	md. 6,674 rs. 22,998	rs. 59,124	rs. 15,160
3	Deoband ...	hd. 1,362	md. 10,270	md. 11,038 rs. 2,987	rs. 26,455	rs. 19,494
4	Muzaffarnagar ...	hd. 2,350	rs. 25,819	rs. 27,463	rs 49,773	rs. 31,386
5	Shámli ...	hd. 594	md. 4,999	md. 6,172	rs. 15,646	rs. 32,231
6	Kandhla	hd. 511	md. 1,132	md. 1,150	rs. 6,162	rs. 6,264
7	Kairána	...	md. 3,373	md. 3,465 rs. 5,426	rs. 11,921	rs. 24,441
8	Meerut	...	md. 9,663	md. 9,663 rs. 9,891	md. 6,097 rs. 1,67,508	md. 730 rs. 41,950
9	Gházíabad ...	...	md. 13,513	md. 13,943	rs. 15,369	rs. 10,854
10	Shahdara ...	...	md. 4,249	md. 4,300 rs. 2,587	rs. 2,813	rs. 1,907
11	Baraut	hd. 921	md. 719	md. 9,376	rs. 7,523	rs. 6,547
12	Bágpat	hd. 1,110	md. 4,230	md. 11,908	rs. 15,360	rs. 6,676
13	Hápur ...	hd. 2,337	md. 4,387	md. 4,388	rs. 26,158	rs. 16,955
14	Pilkhuwa ...	hd. 200	md. 739	md. 739	rs. 3,244	rs. 4,412
15	Bulandshahr ...	hd. 4,992	md. 4,243 rs. 2,885	md. 4,327 rs. 7,249	rs. 23,142	rs. 12,[illegible]57
16	Anúpshahr ...	hd. 1,302	md. 2,902	md. 2,902 rs. 1,387	rs. 9,830	rs. 7,175
17	Khúrja	hd. 4,423	rs. 32,288	md. 90 rs. 35,788	rs. 29,665	rs. 46,128
18	Sikandarabad ...	hd. 2,167	rs. 27,492	md. 409 rs. 33,451	rs. 27,371	rs. 22,772
19	Koil	...	md. 60,454	md. 2,22,407	rs. 1,09,233	rs. 67,778
20	Háthras	...	md. 40,216	md 40,216	rs. 30,806	...
21	Atrauli	...	md. 5,363	md. 26,255	rs. 11,269	rs. 13,512
22	Sikandra Rao ...	...	md. 7,186	md. 19,766	rs. 9,496	rs. 10,034
23	Harduaganj ...	hd. 466	md. 1,649	md. 4,558	rs. 4,033	rs. 4,288
	Total ...	hd. 39,102	md. 2,04,192 rs. 88,484	md. 4,25,438 rs. 1,49,227	md. 6,097 rs. 8,50,957	md. 730 rs. 5,72,788

PROTECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(*continued.*)

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces, head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

—(*concluded*).								Net amount of tax collected.			
		Class VII.							Sugar.		
Class VI.		European cloth.		Country cloth.		Class VII.	Class VIII.	Grain.	Refined.	Unrefined.	Number.
43.		44.		45.		46.	47.	48.	49.	50.	
md.	6,687	rs. 3,87,937	rs.	61,498	rs.	4,73,332	md. 12,747	11,724	5,320	2,567	1
md.	2,161	rs. 53,133	rs.	76,676	rs.	1,41,894	md. 1,381	4,574	1,321	1,133	2
md.	1,275	rs. 33,934	rs.	54,003	rs.	1,01,399	rs. 20,978	3,759	227	1,243	3
rs.	18,019	...		...	rs.	1,39,572	rs. 30,780	3,061	...	...	4
md.	959	...		...	rs.	68,013	...	2,383	1,159	504	5
md.	658	...		...	rs.	41,339	md. 202	2,226	309	885	6
md.	3,803	...		...	rs.	64,369	md. 325	3,243	460	376	7
md.	7,260	...		...	rs.	2,82,263	rs. 31,495	8,393	1,467	1,767	8
md.	593	...		...	rs.	68,999	rs. 4,914	1,243	...	1,130	9
md.	322	...		...	rs.	27,054	rs. 711	...	...	...	10
md.	498	rs. 63,684	rs.	21,831	rs.	85,515	rs. 27,696	1,466	684	228	11
md.	454	rs. 26,628	rs.	6,639	rs.	33,267	rs. 7,503	1,071	...	...	12
md.	1,633	...		...	rs.	81,912	rs. 52,488	2,907	1	2,041	13
md.	349	...		...	rs.	54,792	md. 157	1,056	2	536	14
rs.	2,577	rs. 59,708	rs.	7,255	rs.	66,963	rs. 8,886	3,101	195	926	15
rs.	2,499	rs. 37,794	rs.	4,350	rs.	42,144	rs. 4,546	1,619	142	641	16
rs.	5,005	rs. 1,56,609	rs.	75,281	rs.	2,31,890	rs. 20,715	5,227	766	2,114	17
rs.	3,372	rs. 71,661	rs.	66,522	rs.	1,38,183	rs. 13,606	3,649	472	896	18
md.	3,122	rs. 5,10,176	rs.	1,37,327	rs.	6,47,503	rs. 69.410	14,065	3,265	4,899	19
md.	17,412	rs. 11,71,403	rs.	5,32,707	rs.	17,04,110	...	7,842	...	...	20
md.	2,886	...		...	rs.	64,805	rs. 17,230	3,048	616	841	21
md.	809	rs. 60,546	rs.	9,670	rs.	70,216	rs. 8,509	2,450	353	460	22
md.	822	rs. 10,290	rs.	4,417	rs.	14,707	rs. 17,381	1,606	264	468	23
md. 53,703 rs. 31,472		r. 26,43,503	rs.	10,58,176	r.	46,44,241	md. 14,812 rs. 3,36,848	89,715	17,028	23,160	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

MEERUT

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per head, and the*

Number.	Municipality.	Net amount				
		Ghí.	Class I.	Class II.	*Class III.*	
					Oil and oilseeds.	Class III.
		51.	52.	53.	54.	55.
1	Saháranpur	2,219	24,528	696	2,249	3,396
2	Hardwár Union ...	1,754	9,910	86	507	863
3	Deoband	440	6,055	74	396	517
4	Muzaffarnagar ...	661	3,971	327	269	371
5	Shámli	597	5,101	56	389	543
6	Kandhla	310	3,536	89	146	221
7	Kairána	348	4,880	327	234	407
8	Meerut	2,674	18,583	2,671	833	2,164
9	Gházíabad	623	3,330	523	381	620
10	Shahdara	384	1,915	150	142	184
11	Baraut	199	2,777	78	46	112
12	Bágpat	304	3,981	224	150	204
13	Hápur	528	5,983	372	292	493
14	Pilkhuwa	139	1,888	13	91	160
15	Bulandshahr	510	5,161	149	178	249
16	Anúpshahr	414	3,058	20	226	251
17	Khúrja	992	9,846	132	939	1,001
18	Sikandarabad ...	564	6,169	78	429	532
19	Koil	3,318	29,203	1,330	1,462	2,302
20	Háthras	1,276	12,398	...	1,063	1,063
21	Atrauli	404	5,695	425	220	301
22	Sikandra Rao ...	286	4,200	627	136	196
23	Harduaganj	222	2,896	29	144	164
	Total ...	19,166	1,75,064	8,476	10,922	16,314

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces incidence of taxation per head of population.

OF TAX COLLECTED—*(concluded).*

Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	*Class VII.* European cloth.	*Class VII.* Country cloth.	*Class VII.* Class VII.	Class VIII.	Number.
56.	57.	58.	59.	60.	61.	62.	
3,390	3,998	477	5,969	922	7,232	3,137	1
1,291	393	328	797	1,159	2,112	733	2
551	462	518	509	810	1,487	430	3
803	654	375	...	...	1,131	231	4
253	645	129	...	...	1,021	...	5
124	125	84	...	...	626	47	6
197	489	128	...	...	966	87	7
5,436	934	840	...	...	4,410	492	8
475	171	66	...	...	518	75	9
83	30	26	...	...	229	14	10
235	307	100	477	164	641	208	11
240	224	96	266	67	333	75	12
556	342	133	...	...	828	527	13
66	90	35	...	...	603	30	14
683	389	81	597	37	634	133	15
308	224	78	473	54	527	68	16
744	1,442	156	1,177	572	1,749	207	17
855	712	105	717	332	1,049	102	18
3,434	1,091	1,199	3,986	1,072	5,058	745	19
851	...	2,960	2,928	1,332	4,260	...	20
299	422	559	...	...	911	224	21
267	160	296	397	76	473	75	22
102	134	202	154	67	221	137	23
21,243	13,438	8,971	18,447	6,664	37,019	7,774	

Total net amount of tax collected	2,88,299
Add amount given in refunds	3,867
Total gross tax collected ...	2,92,166

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

MEERUT DIVI

No. 3.—Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles Provinces during 1875-76, the consumption or expenditure per

Number.	Municipality.	Net average consumption or expenditure			
		Gram.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghí.
		63.	64.	65.	66.
1	Saháranpur ...	md. 8 20 1	md. 0 22 11	md. 0 36 3	md. 0 3 14
2	Hardwár Union ...	md 6 29 4	md. 0 9 13	md. 0 20 14	md. 0 5 13
3	Deoband	md. 4 33 13	md. 0 1 14	md. 0 21 15	md. 0 1 10
4	Muzaffarnagar ...	rs. 17 9 9	...	...	rs. 2 15 0
5	Shámlí	md. 7 30 15	md. 0 27 14	md. 0 36 10	md. 0 5 3
6	Kandhla	md. 6 35 0	md. 0 7 4	md. 0 23 13	md. 0 2 4
7	Kairána	md. 5 33 10	md. 0 6 9	md. 0 14 8	md. 0 2 2
8	Meerut	md. 4 37 4	md. 0 12 10	md. 0 9 4	md. 0 4 ½
9	Gháziabad	md. 9 0 0	...	md. 1 29 12	md. 0 3 12
10	Shahdara	...	...	...	md. 0 2 15
11	Baraut	md. 6 13 1	md. 0 12 10	md. 0 23 0	md. 0 2 13
12	Bágpat	md. 16 0 11	...	...	md. 0 4 12
13	Hápar	md. 5 39 13	md. 0 0 ⅙	md. 1 10 4	md. 0 2 15
14	Pilkhuwa	md. 5 8 13	md. 0 0 2⅕	md. 0 27 8	md. 0 1 12½
15	Bulandshahr ...	md. 7 9 7	rs. 0 13 5	rs. 2 9 8	rs. 2 3 3
16	Anúpshahr... ...	md. 5 29 9	md. 0 6 8	md. 0 24 14	md. 0 3 9
17	Khúrja	md. 7 17 2	rs. 2 11 9	rs. 7 8 11	rs. 2 15 10
18	Sikandarabad ...	md. 7 14 9	rs. 2 7 5	rs. 3 10 11	rs. 1 15 5
19	Koil	md. 8 9 5	md. 0 12 7	md. 1 16 1	md. 0 4 12
20	Háthras	md. 13 22 1	...	...	md. 0 13 4
21	Atrauli	md. 5 35 6	md. 0 6 5	md. 0 22 15	md. 0 2 1
22	Sikandra Rao ...	md. 5 37 2	md. 0 6 0	md. 0 23 7	md. 0 2 7
23	Harduaganj ...	md. 9 21 8	md. 0 10 13	md. 1 17 9	md. 0 2 11
	Divisional average ...	md. 7 9 7 rs. 0 7 0	md. 0 7 4 rs. 0 4 10	md. 0 23 14 rs. 0 11 3	md. 0 3 12 rs. 0 6 1

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

SION—(*continued*).

mported into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

PER HEAD OF POPULATION.

Class I.	Class II.	Class III. Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Number.
67.	68.	69.	70.	71.	72.	
md. 10 21 0 rs. 1 5 10	hd. $\frac{1}{3}$rd	md. 0 18 2	md. 0 19 4	rs. 4 3 1	rs. 3 12 7	1
md. 9 0 0 rs. 0 15 5	hd. $\frac{1}{5}$th	md. 0 8 7	md 0 12 6 rs. 1 1 0	rs. 2 13 10	rs. 0 11 3	2
md. 5 31 2 rs. 0 10 8	hd. $\frac{1}{15}$th	md 0 21 10	md. 0 23 4 rs 0 2 5	rs. 1 6 3	rs. 1 0 5	3
rs. 22 1 2	hd. $\frac{1}{4}$th	rs. 2 6 3	rs 2 8 8	rs. 4 9 9	rs 2 14 6	4
md. 10 21 14	hd. $\frac{1}{16}$th	md. 0 21 8	md. 0 26 8	rs. 1 10 11	rs. 3 7 5	5
md. 8 35 1 rs. 0 0 10	hd. $\frac{1}{21}$st	md. 0 4 1	md. 0 4 2	rs. 0 8 11	rs. 0 9 1	6
md. 6 35 7	...	md. 0 7 5	md. 0 7 9 rs. 0 4 10	rs. 0 10 9	rs 1 6 0	7
md. 6 32 15 rs. 0 5 6	...	md. 0 7 7	md. 0 7 7 rs. 0 2 11	md. 0 4 10 rs. 3 3 6	md. 0 0 9 rs. 0 13 1	8
md. 11 26 6	...	md. 1 12 2	md. 1 13 12	rs. 1 7 8	rs. 1 0 9	9
md. 0 24 5	...	md. 0 23 6	md. 0 23 8 rs. 0 5 8	rs. 0 6 1	rs. 0 4 2	10
md. 8 14 4	hd. $\frac{1}{6}$th	md. 0 3 7	md. 1 4 10	rs. 0 14 3	rs. 0 12 5	11
md. 20 6 11	hd. $\frac{1}{7}$th	md. 0 22 13	md. 1 25 0	rs. 2 1 4	rs. 0 14 6	12
md. 8 4 9 rs. 0 2 0	hd. $\frac{1}{8}$th	md. 0 12 1	md. 0 12 1	rs. 1 12 9	rs. 1 2 7	13
md. 6 19 9 rs. 0 0 6	hd. $\frac{1}{30}$th	md. 0 4 13	md. 0 4 13	rs. 0 8 0	rs. 0 11 3	14
md. 7 19 15 rs. 6 7 2	hd. $\frac{1}{5}$th	md. 0 11 7 rs. 0 3 1	md. 0 11 11 rs. 0 7 9	rs. 1 9 0	rs. 0 13 5	15
md. 7 0 0 rs. 0 7 10	hd. $\frac{1}{7}$th	md. 0 12 7	md. 0 2 7 rs. 0 2 3	rs. 1 0 10	rs. 0 12 3	16
md. 7 27 11 rs. 13 9 11	hd. $\frac{1}{6}$th	rs. 1 3 3	md. 0 0 2 rs. 1 5 5	rs. 1 1 8	rs. 1·11 5	17
md. 7 30 0 rs. 9 4 9	hd. $\frac{1}{5}$th	rs. 1 7 11	md 0 0 14 rs. 1 13 2	rs. 1 7 10	rs. 1 3 10	18
md. 12 12 4	...	md. 1 3 4	md. 3 39 4	rs. 1 15 2	rs. 1 3 4	19
rs. 15 11 4	...	md. 1 12 1	md. 1 12 1	rs. 0 15 6	...	20
md. 8 30 8	...	md. 0 13 12	md. 1 27 3	rs. 0 11 5	rs. 0 13 9	21
md. 8 27 6	...	md. 0 22 15	md. 1 23 1	rs. 0 12 1	rs. 0 12 9	22
md. 13 30 2	hd. $\frac{1}{11}$th	md. 0 12 10	md. 0 35 1	rs. 0 12 4	rs. 0 13 2	23
md. 9 4 10 rs. 2 4 10	hd. $\frac{1}{11}$th	md. 0 18 15 rs. 0 3 3	md. 0 39 9 rs. 0 5 6	md. 0 0 9 rs. 1 15 7	md. 0 0 0½ rs. 1 4 11	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

MEERUT

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per head,*

Number	Municipality.	NET AVERAGE CONSUMPTION OR EXPENDITURE		
		Class VI.	*Class VII.*	
			European cloth.	Country cloth.
		73.	74.	75.
1	Saháranpur	md. 0 5 15	rs. 8 9 9	rs. 1 5 10
2	Hardwár Union ...	md. 0 4 0	rs. 2 7 8	rs. 3 8 10
3	Deoband	md. 0 6 14	rs. 1 12 7	rs. 2 14 4
4	Muzaffarnagar	rs. 0 10 8	...	...
5	Shámli	md. 0 4 2	...	...
6	Kandhla	md. 0 2 6	...	...
7	Kairána	md. 0 8 9	...	...
8	Meerut	md. 0 5 9	...	...
9	Gháziabad	md. 0 2 4	...	...
10	Shahdara	md. 0 1 10	...	...
11	Baraut	md. 0 2 2	rs. 7 9 2	rs. 2 9 7
12	Bágpat	md. 0 2 7	rs. 3 9 10	rs. 0 14 5
13	Hápur	md. 0 4 7	...	...
14	Pilkhuwa	md. 0 2 3	...	...
15	Bulandshahr	rs. 0 2 10	rs. 4 0 6	rs. 0 7 6
16	Anúpshahr	rs. 0 4 3	rs. 4 0 9	rs. 0 7 5
17	Khúrja	rs. 0 3 0	rs. 5 13 3	rs. 2 12 10
18	Sikandarabad	rs. 0 2 11	rs. 3 14 11	rs. 3 10 0
19	Koil	md. 0 2 3	rs. 9 2 2	rs. 2 7 4
20	Háthras	md. 0 22 9	rs. 37 14 7	rs. 17 3 10
21	Atrauli	md. 0 7 5	...	...
22	Sikandra Rao	md. 0 2 9	rs. 4 13 4	rs. 0 12 4
23	Harduaganj	md. 0 6 5	rs. 1 15 7	rs. 0 13 7
	Divisional average ...	md. 0 5 0 rs. 0 1 2	... rs. 6 2 4	... rs. 2 7 4

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(*concluded*).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

PER HEAD OF POPULATION—(*concluded*).					
		Incidence of taxation per head of population.		Remarks.	Number.
Class VII.	Class VIII.	Class I.	Total Octroi.		
76.	77.	78.	79.	80.	
rs. 10 8 1	md. 0 11 6	rs. 0 8 8	rs. 1 0 7		1
rs. 6 9 4	md. 0 2 9	rs. 0 7 4	rs. 0 11 8		2
rs. 5 5 3	rs. 1 1 8	rs. 0 5 1	rs. 0 8 5		3
rs. 12 13 10	rs. 2 13 7	rs. 0 5 7	rs. 0 11 7		4
rs. 8 6 2	...	rs. 0 8 9	rs. 0 13 4		5
rs. 3 11 11	md. 0 0 11	rs. 0 5 1	rs. 0 7 0		6
rs. 3 9 4	md. 0 0 11	rs. 0 4 5	rs. 0 6 8		7
rs. 5 5 3	rs. 0 9 8	rs. 0 5 8	rs. 0 10 11		8
rs. 6 10 6	rs. 0 7 7	rs. 0 5 1	rs. 0 8 10		9
rs. 3 11 7	rs. 0 1 6	rs. 0 4 2	rs. 0 5 9		10
rs. 10 2 9	rs. 3 4 9	rs. 0 5 3	rs. 0 8 6		11
rs. 4 8 3	rs. 1 0 3	rs. 0 8 7	rs. 0 11 8		12
rs. 5 9 6	rs. 3 9 8	rs. 0 6 7	rs. 0 10 1		13
rs. 7 4 0	md. 0 1 0	rs. 0 4 9	rs. 0 7 4		14
rs. 4 8 0	rs. 0 9 6	rs. 0 5 7	rs. 0 8 1		15
rs. 4 8 2	rs. 0 7 9	rs. 0 5 3	rs. 0 7 9		16
rs. 8 10 1	rs. 0 12 4	rs. 0 5 10	rs. 0 9 1		17
rs. 7 8 11	rs. 0 11 10	rs. 0 5 5	rs. 0 8 5		18
rs. 11 9 6	rs. 1 3 11	rs. 0 8 5	rs. 0 12 8		19
rs. 55 2 5	...	rs. 0 6 5	rs. 0 11 1		20
rs. 4 2 4	rs. 1 1 7	rs. 0 5 9	rs. 0 9 0		21
rs. 5 9 8	rs. 0 10 10	rs. 0 5 4	rs. 0 8 0		22
rs. 2 13 2	rs. 3 5 4	rs. 0 8 10	rs. 0 11 11		23
...	md. 0 1 6	...	...		
rs. 10 12 9	rs. 0 12 6	rs. 0 6 6	rs. 0 10 8		

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

AGRA DI

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per head,*

Number.	Municipality.	Population.	Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghi.
						GROSS
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
1	Muttra ...	63,431	md. 484,306	md. 33,973	md. 43,966	md. 13,491
2	Brindaban ...	21,004	md. 163,948	md. 7,379	md. 5,771	md. 6,185
3	Kosi ...	12,776	md. 100,593	md. 5,290	md. 36,738	md. 1,520
4	Agra ...	150,677	md. 1,533,466	md. 148,935	md. 106,800	md. 30,978
5	Jalesar ...	17,622	md. 104,903	md. 5,661	md. 14,064	md. 1,234
6	Fatchpur Síkri	8,513	md. 44,168	md. 2,371	md. 3,315	md. 433
7	Firozabad ...	13,788	md. 98,591	md. 2,602	md. 8,242	md. 1,498
8	Mainpuri ...	18,601	md. 117,433	md. 3,112	md. 7,708	md. 1,970
9	Etáwah ...	30,386	md. 260,891	md. 5,427	md. 27,242	md. 19,766
10	Jaswantnagar,	5,310	md. 38,327	md. 838	md. 5,439	md. 482
11	Farukhabad ...	74,225	md. 480,887	rs. 98,016	rs. 66,685	md. 6,598
12	Etah ...	8,044	md. 61,934 rs. 8,905	md. 3,475	md. 13,755	md. 1,130
13	Soron ...	13,658	md. 83,167	md. 1,821	md. 11,201	md. 1,855
14	Kásganj ...	15,764	md. 132,523	md. 8,450	md. 51,244	md. 1,601
15	Márehra ...	9,214	md. 53,368	md. 894	md. 2,416	md. 523
16	Aliganj ...	7,912	md. 45,249 rs. 3,139	md. 608	md. 3,684	md. 299
	Total ...	470,925	md. 3,803,754 rs. 12,044	md. 230,836 rs. 98,016	md. 341,579 rs. 66,685	md. 89,523

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

VISION.

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

IMPORTS.

Class I.	Class II.	Class III. Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III. Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Number.
7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	
md. 577,051 rs. 95,207	hd. 14,862	md. 29,603	md. 35,990 rs. 44,397	rs. 88,842	rs. 1,01,643	1
md. 184,859 rs. 35,817	rs. 1,495	md. 7,731	md. 8,409 rs. 23,190	rs. 46,080	rs. 15,302	2
md. 144,142 rs. 15,991	hd. 5,488	md. 10,105	md. 11,029 rs. 6,800	rs. 12,726	rs. 22,166	3
md. 1,863,796 rs. 1,20,872	...	md. 109,179	md. 143,348 rs. 55,774	rs. 3,66,827	md. 120,626	4
md. 125,863 rs. 6,888	rs. 9,140	md. 177	md. 1,043 rs. 7,040	rs. 4,840	rs. 16,542	5
md. 50,469	hd. 3,125	md. 2,163	md. 2,163	...	rs. 16,334	6
md. 110,933	rs. 13,310	md. 95	md. 2,879	rs. 8,334	rs. 23,708	7
md. 144,453 rs. 4,513	hd. 4,860	md. 6,132	md. 6,132 rs. 2,676	rs. 13,265	rs. 17,108	8
md. 320,196 rs. 25,579	...	md. 33,602	md. 34,936 rs. 8,598	rs. 21,469	rs 26,729	9
md. 45,492 rs. 2,750	...	md. 2,171	md. 2,176	rs. 2,027	rs. 5,895	10
md. 487,485 rs. 3,12 600	hd. 13,647	md. 36,121	md. 36,121 rs. 46,607	rs. 51,514	rs. 1,28,496	11
md. 99,310 rs. 16,664	hd. 1,440	md. 5,875	md. 37,344	mds. 397 rs. 15,452	rs. 15,636	12
md. 98,491 rs. 19,584	rs. 1,256	md. 3,394	md. 3,394 rs. 3,220	md. 145 rs. 5,367	md. 756 rs. 1,054	13
md. 197,680 rs. 29,932	rs. 4,646	md. 9,376	md. 9,376 rs. 8,824	md. 1,122 rs. 10,337	md. 2,623 rs. 3,340	14
md. 60,546 rs. 16,580	hd. 2,861	md. 1,321	md. 1,435 rs. 2,585	md. 267 rs. 6,240	rs. 4,353	15
md. 55,008 rs. 10,516	hd. 964	md. 1,765	md. 1,830 rs. 454	rs. 1,618	rs. 6,524	16
md. 4,565,774 rs. 7,13,493	hd. 47,247 rs. 29,847	md. 258,810	md. 338,505 rs. 2,10,165	md. 1,925 rs. 6,54,939	md. 1,24,005 rs. 4,94,825	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

AGRA

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per head, and*

Number.	Municipality.	Gross Imports—(*concluded*).			
		Class VI.	Class VII.		
			European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.
		13	14.	15.	16.
1	Muttra ...	md. 5,100	...	...	rs. 5,81,738
2	Brindaban ...	md. 1,411	...	...	rs. 2,05,656
3	Kosi ...	md. 1,452	rs. 1,16,840	rs. 95,301	rs. 2,15,497
4	Agra ...	md. 20,713	rs. 16,00,307	rs. 7,54,912	rs. 23,55,219
5	Jalesar ...	md. 1,203	...	...	rs. 1,01,527
6	Fatehpur Síkri ...	md. 661	...	...	rs. 35,043
7	Firozabad ...	md. 715	...	...	rs. 1,65,946
8	Mainpuri ...	md. 1,425	...	...	rs. 1,56,872
9	Etáwah ...	md. 3,581	rs. 1,71,134	rs. 39,389	rs. 2,10,523
10	Jaswantnagar ...	md. 494	rs. 2,72,946	rs. 95,656	rs. 3,68,602
11	Farukhabad ...	md. 2,057	rs. 13,75,761	rs. 2,25,783	rs. 16,29,352
12	Etah ...	md. 2,000	rs. 80,511	rs. 59,779	rs. 1,40,290
13	Soron ...	md. 1,573	rs. 49,370	rs. 15,214	rs. 64,584
14	Kásganj ...	md. 3,042	rs. 1,68,463	rs. 55,445	rs. 2,23,908
15	Márehra ...	md. 644	rs. 21,194	rs. 8,639	rs. 29,833
16	Aliganj ...	md. 535	rs. 5,922	rs. 22,230	rs. 28,152
	Total ...	md. 46,606	rs. 38,62,448	rs. 13,72,348	rs. 65,12,742

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces the incidence of taxation per head of population.

Quantity or value on which refunds were given.						Number.
Class VIII.	Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghí.	Class I.	
17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	
rs. 1,41,804	md. 3,740	md. 2,616	md. 2,178	md. 905	md. 9,439 rs. 686	1
rs. 34,727	md. 679	md. 128	md. 134	md. 8	md. 965	2
rs. 52,639	md. 3,565	md. 40	md. 3,766	...	md. 7,371 rs. 176	3
rs. 2,47,635	md. 153	md. 50	md. 27	md. 13	md. 307 rs. 24	4
...	md. 216	md. 139	md. 162	...	md. 517	5
rs. 2,555	...	...	...	...	...	6
rs. 19,754	...	...	...	...	...	7
rs. 23,671	...	...	...	...	...	8
rs. 26,508	md. 24,770	md. 331	md. 1,078	...	md. 26,179 rs. 32	9
rs. 2,112	md. 108	md. 140	md. 398	...	md. 646	10
rs. 4,64,887	...	...	...	...	...	11
rs. 31,377	md. 940 rs. 996	md. 601	md. 2,874	md. 10	md. 5,928 rs. 1,051	12
rs. 12,848	md. 58	md. 861	md. 125	md. 18	md. 1,062 rs. 32	13
rs. 33,124	md. 1,309	md. 1,902	md. 333	md. 9	md. 3,554 rs. 36	14
rs. 2,915	md. 52	...	md. 85	...	md. 139 rs. 242	15
rs. 4,347	...	...	...	...	...	16
rs. 11,00,903	md. 35,599 rs. 996	md. 6,808	md. 11,160	md. 963	md. 56,107 rs. 2,398	

III—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

AGRA DIVI

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	QUANTITY OR VALUE ON WHICH			
		Class II.	Class III.		Class IV.
			Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III.	
	1.	23.	24.	25.	26.
1	Muttra	hd. 498	md. 65	md. 167	rs. 1,129
2	Brindaban	...	md. 83	md. 83	...
3	Kosi	hd. 8	md. 366	md. 366 rs. 20	rs. 110
4	Agra	...	...	rs. 50	rs. 468
5	Jalesar	...	...	...	...
6	Fatehpur Síkri ...	...	...	...	...
7	Firozobad	...	...	...	...
8	Mainpuri	...	...	...	...
9	Etáwah	...	...	...	rs. 190
10	Jaawantnagar ...	...	md. 35	md. 35	...
11	Farukhabad ...	...	...	...	...
12	Etah	...	md. 598	md. 743	rs. 97
13	Soron	...	md. 56	md. 56	rs. 132
14	Kásganj	rs. 60	md. 97	md. 97	...
15	Mirehra	...	md. 51	md. 51	md. 8
16	Aliganj	...	...	...	...
	Total	hds. 506 rs. 60	md. 1,351	md. 1,598 rs. 70	md. 8 rs. 2,126

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

SION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

REFUNDS WERE GIVEN—(*concluded.*)						
		Class VII.				
Class V.	Class VI.	European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.	Class VIII.	Number.
27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32.	
rs. 2,744	md. 48.	...	...	rs. 11,316	rs. 785	1
...	md. 3	...	...	...	...	2
rs. 1,375	md. 193	rs. 1,116	rs. 1,329	rs. 2,445	rs. 2	3
md. 32	md. 4,428	rs. 8,380	rs. 553	rs. 8,933	rs. 433	4
...	...	...	...	rs. 610	...	5
...	...	...	...	...	...	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	7
...	...	...	...	rs. 3,100	...	8
rs. 292	md. 324	rs. 2,743	rs. 2,411	rs. 5,154	rs. 87	9
rs. 511	md. 85	rs. 86,230	...	rs. 86,230	...	10
...	...	rs. 11,46,468	rs. 1,69,337	rs. 13,18,287	rs. 3,09,925	11
rs. 357	md. 34	rs. 11,179	rs. 1,521	rs. 12,700	rs. 3,463	12
rs. 156	...	rs. 10,355	rs. 249	rs. 10,604	rs. 828	13
md. 105 rs. 644	...	rs. 6,027	...	rs. 6,027	rs. 9,542	14
rs. 63	...	rs. 2,461	rs. 1,525	rs. 3,986	...	15
...	...	...	...	...	...	16
md. 137 rs. 6,142	md. 5,115	rs. 12,74,959	rs. 1,76,925	rs. 14,69,392	rs. 3,25,035	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

AGRA

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Grain.	Sugar: Refined.	Sugar: Unrefined.	Ghi.	Net Class I.
	1.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.
1	Muttra ...	md. 480,566	md. 31,357	md. 41,782	md. 12,586	md. 567,612 rs. 94,521
2	Bindraban ...	md. 162,269	md. 7,251	md. 5,637	md. 6,177	md. 183,894 rs. 35,817
3	Kosi ...	md. 97,028	md. 5,250	md. 32,972	md. 1,520	md. 136,771 rs. 15,815
4	Agra ...	md 1,533,313	md. 148,885	md. 106,773	md. 30,925	md. 1,863,489 rs. 1,20,848
5	Jalesar ...	md. 104,687	md. 5,522	md. 13,902	md. 1,234	md. 125,346 rs. 6,888
6	Fatehpur Síkri,	md. 44,168	md. 2,371	md. 3,315	md. 433	md. 50,469
7	Firozabad ...	md. 98,591	md. 2,602	md. 8,242	md. 1,498	md. 110,933
8	Mainpuri ...	md. 117,433	md. 3,112	md. 7,708	md. 1,970	md. 144,453 rs. 4,513
9	Etáwah ...	md. 236,121	md. 5,096	md. 26,164	md. 19,766	md. 294,017 rs. 25,517
10	Jaswantnagar,	md. 38,219	md. 698	md. 5,041	md. 482	md. 44,846 rs 2,750
11	Farukhabad ...	md. 480,887	rs. 98,016	rs. 66,685	md. 6,598	md. 487,485 rs. 3,12,600
12	Etah	md. 60,994 rs. 7,909	md. 2,874	md. 10,881	md. 1,120	md. 97,382 rs. 15,613
13	Soron ...	md. 83,109	md. 960	md. 11,076	md. 1,837	md. 97,429 rs. 19,552
14	Kasganj ...	md. 131,214	md. 6,548	md. 50,911	md. 1,592	md. 194,126 rs. 29,896
15	Márehra ...	md. 53,316	md. 894	md. 2,331	md. 523	md. 60,407 rs. 16,319
16	Aliganj	md. 45,249 rs. 3,139	md. 608	md 3,684	md. 299	md. 55,008 rs. 19,516
	Total	md 3,768,164 rs. 11,048	md. 224,028 rs. 98,016	md. 330,419 rs. 66,685	md. 88,560	md. 4,509,667 rs. 7,11,195

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

IMPORTS.						
	Class III.					
Class II	Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	Number.
38.	39.	40.	41.	42.	43.	
hd. 14,364	md. 29,538	md. 35,823 rs. 44,397	rs. 87,713	rs. 98,899	md. 5,052	1
rs. 1,495	md. 7,648	md. 8,326 rs. 23,190	rs. 46,080	rs. 15,302	md. 1,408	2
hd. 5,480	md. 9,739	md. 11,563 rs. 6,780	rs. 12,616	rs. 20,791	md. 1,259	3
...	md. 109,179	md. 143,348 rs. 55,724	rs. 3,66,359	md. 120,594	md. 16,285	4
rs. 9,140	md. 177	md. 1,043 rs. 7,040	rs. 4,840	rs. 16,542	md. 1,203	5
hd. 3,125	md. 2,163	md. 2,163	...	rs. 16,334	md. 661	6
rs. 13,310	md. 95	md. 2,879	rs. 8,334	rs. 23,703	md. 715	7
hd. 4,860	md. 6,132	md. 6,132 rs 2,676	rs 13,266	rs. 17,108	md. 1,425	8
...	md. 33,602	md. 34,936 rs. 8,698	rs. 21,279	rs. 26,437	md. 3,257	9
...	md. 2,136	md. 2,141	rs. 2,027	rs. 5,384	md. 409	10
hd. 13,647	md. 36,121	md. 36,121 rs. 46,607	rs. 51,514	rs. 1,28,496	md. 2,057	11
hd. 1,440	md. 5,277	md. 36,601	md. 391 rs. 15,355	rs. 15,279	md. 1,966	12
rs. 1,256	md. 3,338	md. 3,338 rs. 3,220	md. 145 rs. 5,235	md. 756 rs. 898	md. [illegible]73	13
rs. 4,586	md. 9,279	md. 9,279 rs. 8,824	md. 1,122 rs. 10,337	md. 2,518 rs. 2,696	md. 3,042	14
hd. 2,861	md. 1,270	md. 1,384 rs. 2,585	md. 259 rs. 6,240	rs. 4,290	md. 644	15
hd. 964	md. 1,765	md. 1,830 rs. 454	rs. 1,618	rs. 6,524	md. 535	16
hds. 46,741 rs. 29,787	md. 257,459	md. 336,907 rs. 2,10,095	md. 1,917 rs. 6,52,813	md. 123,868 rs. 3,98,683	md. 41,491	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

AGRA

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Net Imports (*concluded*)				Net amount		
		Class VII.			Class VIII	Grain.	*Sugar.*	
		European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.			Refined.	Unrefined.
	1.	44.	45.	46.	47.	48.	49.	50.
1	Muttra ...	...	...	rs. 5,70,422	rs. 1,41,019	15,073	3,920	2,611
2	Brindaban ...	...	...	rs. 2,05,656	rs. 34,727	5,385	2,283	1,566
3	Kosi ...	rs. 1,15,724	rs. 93,972	rs. 2,13,052	rs. 52,637	2,868	328	516
4	Agra ...	rs. 15,91,927	rs. 7,54,359	rs. 23,46,286	rs. 2,47,202	30,908	18,610	6,673
5	Jalesar ...	...	...	rs. 1,00,917	...	2,914	690	812
6	Fatehpur Síkri,	...	...	rs. 35,043	rs. 2,555	1,175	593	414
7	Firozabad ...	...	...	rs. 1,65,946	rs. 19,754	2,609	976	1,031
8	Mainpuri ...	...	...	rs. 1,53,772	rs. 23,671	3,180	1,167	1,303
9	Etáwah ...	rs. 1,68,391	rs. 36,978	rs. 2,05,369	rs. 26,421	7,811	1,926	3,269
10	Jaswantnagar,	rs. 1,86,716	rs. 95,656	rs. 2,82,372	rs. 2,112	1,315	139	315
11	Farukhabad...	rs. 2,29,293	rs. 56,446	rs. 3,11,065	rs. 1,54,962	15,028	3,063	2,084
12	Etah ...	rs. 69,332	rs. 58,258	rs. 1,27,590	rs. 27,914	1,958	720	723
13	Soron ...	rs. 39,015	rs. 14,965	rs. 53,980	rs. 12,020	3,498	270	1,035
14	Kásganj ...	rs. 1,62,436	rs. 55,445	rs. 2,17,881	rs. 23,612	3,770	413	1,251
15	Márehra ...	rs. 18,733	rs. 7,114	rs. 25,847	rs. 2,915	1,502	224	194
16	Aliganj ...	rs. 5,922	rs. 22,230	rs. 28,152	rs. 4,347	1,375	190	369
	Total ...	rs. 25,87,489	rs. 11,95,423	rs. 50,43,350	rs. 7,75,868	1,00,364	35,512	24,166

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

OF TAX COLLECTED.												
			Class III.					*Class VII.*				
Ghi.	Class I.	Class II.	Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.	Class VIII.	Number.
51.	52.	53.	54.	55.	56.	57.	58.	59.	60.	61.	62.	
6,297	30,114	1,571	1,337	2,424	2,743	1,557	1,639	...	...	4,624	1,061	1
3,074	13,103	93	659	1,067	1,441	479	514	...	...	2,138	337	2
571	4,572	593	329	493	396	650	267	869	707	1,602	397	3
9,671	71,469	2,657	2,471	5,280	6,414	3,795	4,072	8,610	2,851	11,461	2,275	4
619	5,457	430	44	316	137	517	602	...	...	760	...	5
217	2,468	595	51	51	...	255	163	...	...	351	38	6
750	5,366	417	12	99	158	386	268	...	...	880	198	7
987	7,128	152	512	587	388	244	402	...	...	2,313	581	8
1,935	14,930	646	1,098	1,450	665	1,071	817	2,520	555	3,075	396	9
53	1,883	139	142	142	32	168	77	700	239	939	32	10
4,948	27,757	1,118	2,576	3,465	1,344	3,142	406	3,439	847	4,666	2,324	11
560	4,827	45	356	698	504	477	492	347	291	638	139	12
919	6,298	20	272	373	154	136	400	390	150	540	180	13
796	7,143	143	487	763	430	585	425	812	277	1,089	236	14
261	2,515	124	143	228	210	134	161	187	71	258	44	15
149	2,326	50	90	107	52	206	134	59	223	282	43	16
31,107	2,07,356	8,793	10,579	17,543	15,068	13,802	10,839	17,933	6,211	35,616	8,281	
		Net amount of tax collected									3,17,298	
		Add amount given in refunds									30,775	
		Gross tax collected									3,48,073	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

AGRA

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	NET AVERAGE CONSUMPTION			
		Grain.	*Sugar.* Refined.	*Sugar.* Unrefined.	Ghi.
1	2.	63.	64.	65.	66.
1	Muttra ...	md. 7 23 0	md. 0 19 12	md. 0 26 5	md. 0 7 15
2	Brindaban ...	md. 7 30 14	md. 0 13 13	md. 0 10 12	md. 0 11 12
3	Kosi ...	md. 7 23 12	md. 0 16 6	md. 2 23 4	md. 0 4 12
4	Agra ...	md. 10 7 0	md. 0 39 8	md. 0 28 5	md. 0 8 3
5	Jalesar ...	md. 5 37 0	md. 0 12 8	md. 0 31 9	md. 0 2 12
6	Fatehpur Síkri	md. 5 7 8	md. 0 11 2	md. 0 15 3	md. 0 2 0
7	Firozabad ...	md. 7 6 0	md. 0 7 8	md. 0 23 14	md. 0 4 5
8	Mainpuri ...	md. 6 12 8	md. 0 6 11	md. 0 16 9	md. 0 4 3
9	Etáwah ...	md. 7 30 11	md. 0 6 11	md. 0 34 7	md. 0 26 3
10	Jaswantnagar ...	md. 7 7 12	md. 0 5 4	md. 0 37 15	md. 0 3 10
11	Farukhabad ...	md. 6 19 2	rs. 1 5 2	rs. 0 14 4	md. 0 3 9
12	Etah ...	md. 7 23 4 rs. 0 15 9	md. 0 14 5	md. 1 14 11	md. 0 5 9
13	Soron ...	md. 6 3 5	md. 0 2 12	md. 0 32 6	md. 0 5 6
14	Kásganj ...	md. 8 15 7	md. 0 16 2	md. 3 9 3	md. 0 4 0
15	Márehra ...	md. 5 31 6 rs. 0 8 2	md. 0 3 14	md. 0 10 1	md. 0 2 4
16	Aliganj ...	md. 5 28 12 rs. 0 6 4	md. 0 3 2	md. 0 21 5	md. 0 7 8
	Divisional average	md. 8 0 1 rs. 0 0 4	md. 0 19 0 rs. 0 3 4	md. 0 28 1 rs. 0 2 3	md. 0 7 8

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

OR EXPENDITURE PER HEAD.					
		Class III.			
Class I.	Class II.	Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III.	Class IV.	Number.
67.	68.	69.	70.	71.	
md. 8 37 15 rs. 1 7 10	hd. ¼	md 0 18 10	md 0 22 9 rs 0 11 2	rs. 1 6 1	1
md. 8 30 2 rs. 1 11 4	rs. 0 1 1	md. 0 14 9	md. 0 16 13 rs. 1 1 8	rs. 2 3 1	2
md. 10 28 2 rs. 1 3 9	hd. ½	md. 0 30 8	md. 0 36 2 rs. 0 8 5	rs. 0 15 10	3
md. 12 14 11 rs. 0 12 9	...	mn. 0 36 7	md. 0 38 0 rs. 0 5 11	rs. 2 6 8	4
md. 7 4 8 rs. 0 6 3	rs. 0 8 3	md. 0 0 6	md. 0 2 5 rs. 0 6 4	rs. 0 4 4	5
md. 5 36 10	hd. ½	md. 0 10 2	md. 0 10 2	...	6
md. 8 1 11	rs. 0 15 5	md 0 0 4	md, 0 8 5	rs. 0 9 8	7
md. 7 30 10 rs. 0 3 10	hd. ¼	md. 0 13 3	md 0 13 3 rs, 0 2 3	rs. 0 11 5	8
md. 9 27 1 rs. 0 13 5	...	md. 1 4 3	md 1 5 15 rs. 0 4 5	rs. 0 10 11	9
md. 8 17 15 rs. 0 8 3	...	md. 0 16 1	mfl. 0 16 1	rs. 0 6 1	10
md. 6 22 11 rs. 4 3 5	hd. ⅙	md. 0 19 7	md. 0 19 7 rs. 0 10 1	rs. 0 11 1	11
md. 11 24 5 rs. 1 15 0	hd. ⅙	md. 0 26 3	md. 4 21 14	md. 0 1 15 rs. 1 14 5	12
md. 7 5 5 rs, 1 6 10	rs. 0 1 5	md. 0 9 1	md. 0 9 1 rs. 0 3 9	md. 0 0 6 rs. 0 6 1	13
md. 12 12 9 rs. 1 14 4	rs. 0 4 10	md. 0 23 8	md 0 23 8 rs. 0 8 10	md. 0 2 13 rs. 0 10 6	14
md. 6 22 4 rs. 1 12 4	hd. ½	md. 0 5 8	md. 0 5 15 rs. 0 4 5	md. 0 1 4 rs. 0 10 7	15
md. 6 32 8 rs. 1 5 4	hd. ⅛	md. 0 8 14	md. 0 9 3 rs. 0 0 11	rs. 0 3 2	16
md. 9 23 0 rs. 1 8 2	hd. 1/10 rs. 0 1 0	md. 0 22 8	md. 0 29 4 rs. 0 7 1	md. 0 0 2 rs. 1 6 2	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

AGRA DIVI

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported*]
during 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per* ;

Number.	Municipality.	NET AVERAGE CONSUMPTION OR EXPENDITURE			
		Class V.	Class VI.	*Class VII.*	
				European cloth.	Country cloth.
	1.	72.	73.	74.	75.
1	Muttra ...	rs. 1 8 11	md. 0 3 3	...	...
2	Brindaban ...	rs. 0 11 8	md. 0 2 10	...	...
3	Kosi... ...	rs. 1 10 8	md. 0 3 15	rs. 9 0 11	rs. 7 5 8
4	Agra ...	md. 0 32 0	md. 0 4 5	rs. 10 9 1	rs. 4 14 4
5	Jalesar ...	rs. 0 15 0	md. 0 2 11	...	...
6	Fatehpur Síkri...	rs. 1 14 8	md. 0 3 1	...	...
7	Firozabad ...	rs. 1 11 0	md. 0 2 1	...	...
8	Mainpuri ...	rs. 0 14 8	md. 0 3 1	...	...
9	Etáwah ...	rs. 0 15 7	md. 0 4 3	rs. 5 8 8	rs. 1 3 6
10	Jaswantnagar ...	rs. 1 0 2	md. 0 3 1	rs. 35 2 3	rs. 18 0 3
11	Farukhabad ...	rs. 1 11 8	md. 0 1 1½	rs. 3 1 5	rs. 0 12 2
12	Etah ...	rs. 1 14 3	md. 0 9 11	rs. 8 9 11	rs. 7 3 10
13	Soron ...	md. 0 2 3 rs. 0 1 6	md. 0 4 9	rs. 2 13 7	rs. 1 1 6
14	Kásganj ...	md. 0 6 6 rs. 0 2 8	md. 0 7 11	rs. 10 4 10	rs. 3 8 3
15	Márehra ...	rs. 0 7 0	md. 0 2 12	rs. 2 0 6	rs. 0 12 3
16	Aliganj ...	rs. 0 13 2	md. 0 2 11	rs. 0 11 11	rs. 2 12 11
	Divisional average,	md. 0 1 8 rs. 0 13 6	md. 0 3 8	rs. 5 7 11	rs. 2 8 7

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

SION—(concluded).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

PER HEAD—(*concluded*).		INCIDENCE OF TAXATION PER HEAD OF POPULATION.		Number.	Remarks.
Class VII.	Class VIII.	Class I.	Total octroi.		
76.	77.	78.	79.		
rs. 8 15 10	rs. 2 3 7	rs. 0 7 7	rs. 0 11 6	1	
rs. 9 12 8	rs. 1 10 4	rs. 0 9 11	rs. 0 15 0	2	
rs. 16 10 9	rs. 4 1 11	rs. 0 5 9	rs. 0 11 3	3	
rs. 14 14 6	rs. 1 10 0	rs. 0 8 0	rs. 0 11 4	4	
rs. 5 11 7	...	rs. 0 4 11	rs. 0 7 5	5	
rs. 4 1 0	rs. 0 4 9	rs. 0 4 7	rs. 0 7 4	6	
rs. 12 0 6	rs. 1 6 11	rs. 0 6 3	rs. 0 9 0	7	
rs. 8 4 3	rs. 1 4 4	rs. 0 6 1	rs. 0 10 1	8	
rs. 6 12 2	rs. 0 13 10	rs. 0 7 9	rs. 0 12 2	9	
rs. 53 2 6	rs. 0 6 4	rs. 0 5 8	rs. 0 10 3	10	
rs. 4 3 0	rs. 2 1 0	rs. 0 5 11	rs. 0 9 6	11	
rs. 15 13 9	rs. 3 7 6	rs. 0 8 4	rs. 0 15 6	12	
rs. 3 15 1	rs. 0 14 0	rs. 0 7 4	rs. 0 9 6	13	
rs. 13 13 1	rs. 1 8 0	rs. 0 7 3	rs. 0 10 11	14	
rs. 2 12 9	rs. 0 5 1	rs. 0 4 4	rs. 0 6 4	15	
rs. 3 8 10	rs. 0 8 9	rs. 0 4 8	rs. 0 6 5	16	
rs. 10 11 4	rs. 1 10 3	rs. 0 7 0	rs. 0 10 11		

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ROHILKHAND

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Population.	Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghi.
						GROSS
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
1	Bijnor	13,066	md. 91,572	md. 212	md. 14,846	md. 742
2	Chándpur	12,033	md. 77,679	md. 291	md. 6,993	... rs. 7,052
3	Dhámpur	6,555	md 65,774	md. 32	md. 14,005	md. 393
4	Nagíua	19,696	md. 107,635	md. 178	md. 23,057	md. 632
5	Najibabad	19,656	md. 128,382	md. 255	md. 223	md. 1,300
6	Moradabad	59,570	md. 411,015	md. 1,388	md. 38,714	md. 3,518
7	Amroha	34,896	md. 152,788	md. 521	md. 23,653	md. 1,368
8	Sambhal	34,871	md. 247,063	md. 4,251	md. 19,043	md. 1,570
9	Budaun	31,227	md. 234,340	md. 2,019	md. 20,309	md. 1,929
10	Bilsi	6,115	md. 95,423	md. 2,219	md. 15,923	md. 227
11	Ujhani	7,656	md. 58,482	md. 219	md. 12,265	md. 112
12	Bareilly	88,050	md. 663,369	md. 14,185	md. 204,292	md. 7,043
13	Bisalpur	9,335	md. 31,140	md. 94	md. 11,684	md. 314
14	Pilibhít	29,840	md. 308,489	md. 1,793	md. 120,345	md. 1,642
15	Sháhjahánpur ...	79,487	md. 759,126	md. 4,242	md. 219,447	md. 4,048
16	Tilhar	18,825	md. 122,557	md. 116	md. 130,812	md. 428
	Total ...	451,038	md. 3,554,634	md. 32,015	md. 875,611	md. 25,266 rs. 7,052

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION.

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

IMPORTS.

Class I.	Class II.	Class III. Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III. Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	Number.
7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	
md. 134,034 rs. 8,780	hd. 2,107	md. 2,498	md. 38,464	md. 8 514 rs. 13,137	rs. 8,322	md. 1,027	1
md. 85,609 rs. 14,903	hd. 1,262	rs. 6,776	md. 167 rs. 6,784	rs. 5,151	rs. 11,754	md. 1,213	2
md. 82,299 rs. 4,026	hd. 755	md. 1,206	md. 5,611 rs 2,480	md. 2,719 rs. 4,196	rs. 10,688	md. 459	3
md. 136,463 rs. 7,459	hd. 2,222	md. 7,098	md. 34,008	md. 19,905 rs. 7,183	rs. 26,393	md. 1,143	4
md. 156,384 rs. 9,886	hd. 1,669	md. 5,839	md. 5,839	md. 1,367 rs. 50,179	rs. 1,02,987	md. 2,237	5
md. 537,156 rs. 67,783	hd.22,330	md. 18,382	md. 387,307	rs. 1,00,155	rs. 86,450	md. 1,357	6
md. 214,665 rs. 52,255	hd.11,796	md. 4,707	md. 67,636	rs. 43,653	rs. 31,864	md. 2,056	7
md. 274,149 rs. 77,334	hd. 8,730	md. 11,667	md. 77,124	rs. 36,144	rs. 32,000	md. 4,694	8
md. 261,258 rs. 57,859	rs. 25,652	md. 8,595	md. 16,386	md. 24,413 rs. 29,934	md. 2,623 rs. 27,314	md. 4,541	9
md. 121,875 rs. 12,271	rs. 1,355	md. 2,757	md. 3,042	md. 8,280 rs. 6,250	md. 1,033 rs. 4,089	md. 1,555	10
md. 72,275 rs. 12,136	rs. 1,072	md. 625	md. 1,537	md. 1,143 rs. 2,103	md. 400 rs. 2,184	md. 564	11
md. 910,118 rs. 204,457	hd.18,542	md. 48,986	md. 48,986 rs. 80,092	rs. 200,035	rs. 138,148	md. 3,594	12
md. 44,837 rs. 4,250	...	md. 707	md. 827 rs. 10,632	md. 246 rs. 1,920	rs. 6,098	md. 891	13
md. 437,374 rs. 11,675	...	md. 4,383	md. 10,384	rs. 56,233	rs. 1,75,564	md. 3,430	14
md.10,55,185 rs. 50,100	hd.32,438	md. 91,410	md. 113,531	md. 8,920 rs. 1,02,815	rs.1,90,323	md. 2,460	15
md. 285,378	hd. 2,063	md. 22,460	md. 23,197	rs. 5,181	rs. 21,097	md. 1,693	16
md4,809,059 rs. 5,95,174	hd. 103,915 rs. 28,079	md.231,320 rs. 6,776	md. 834,046 rs. 99,988	md 75,507 rs. 664,349	md. 4,056 rs. 8,75,275	md. 32,914	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ROHILKHAND

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Gross Imports—(*concluded*).				Quantity
		Class VII.			Class VIII.	Grain.
		European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.		
	1.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.
1	Bijnor	rs. 48,800	rs. 6,888	rs. 55,688	rs. 3,974	...
2	Chándpur	rs. 27,337	rs. 6,335	rs. 33,672	rs. 4,067	...
3	Dhámpur	rs. 11,300	rs. 2,726	rs. 14,903	...	...
4	Nagína	rs. 62,444	rs. 28,928	rs. 97,761	rs. 23,660	...
5	Najibabad	rs. 83,054	rs. 1,25,591	rs. 2,08,805	rs. 1,21,230	...
6	Moradabad	...	...	rs. 4,83,824	rs. 99,375	...
7	Amroha	rs. 74,067	rs. 16,935	rs. 98,196	rs. 17,852	...
8	Sambhal	rs. 1,09,022	rs. 43,652	rs. 1,52,674	rs. 30,091	...
9	Budaun	rs. 1,64,383	rs 21,251	rs. 1,85,634	rs. 36,258	md. 433
10	Bilsi	rs. 29,795	rs. 22,404	rs. 52,199	rs. 17,641	...
11	Ujhani	rs. 9,929	rs. 3,730	rs. 13,659	rs. 4,256	...
12	Bareilly	rs. 6,68,879	rs. 1,20,373	rs. 7,89,252	rs. 1,78,090	md. 64,326
13	Bisalpur	rs. 33,550	rs. 18,381	rs. 51,931	rs. 8,025	md. 35
14	Pílibhit	rs. 1,99,203	rs. 1,33,008	rs. 3,32,211	rs. 64,565	...
15	Sháhjahánpur ...	rs. 2,80,918	rs. 66,027	rs. 3,46,945	rs. 1,07,925	md. 74
16	Tilhar	...	...	rs. 92,749	rs. 15,505	...
	Divisional average ...	rs. 18,02,681	rs. 6,16,229	rs 30,10,103	rs. 7,32,514	md. 64,868

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

OR VALUE ON WHICH REFUNDS WERE GIVEN							
Sugar.		Ghi.	Class I.	Class II.	*Class III.*		Number.
Refined.	Unrefined.				Oil and oil seeds.	Class III.	
19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
md. 126	md. 236	...	md. 805 rs. 63	...	md. 90	md. 91	9
md. 244	...	...	md. 284	...	...	...	10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
md. 176	...	md. 59	md. 64,916 rs. 71,923	...	md. 3,124	md. 3,124 rs. 259	12
...	...	md. 3	md. 38	...	md. 13	md. 13	13
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
md. 27	...	...	md. 101	hd. 50	...	...	15
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
md. 573	md. 236	md. 62	md. 66,144 rs. 71,986	hd. 50	md. 3,227	md. 3,228 rs. 259	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ROHILKHAND

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	QUANTITY OR VALUE ON WHICH REFUNDS WERE GIVEN				
					Class	
		Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	European cloth.	Country cloth.
	1.	26	27.	28.	29.	30.
1	Bijnor	...	...	...	...	...
2	Chándpur	...	...	...	...	...
3	Dhámpur	...	...	...	...	...
4	Nagína	...	...	...	...	..
5	Najibabad	...	...	...	...	...
6	Moradabad	...	...	...	...	...
7	Amroha	...	...	...	...	...
8	Sambhal	...	...	...	...	...
9	Budaun	rs. 196	rs. 229	...	rs. 6,366	...
10	Bilsi...	rs. 50	rs. 17	md. 124	...	rs. 606
11	Ujhani	...	...	...	...	...
12	Bareilly	rs. 3,386	rs. 8,269	...	rs. 10,443	...
13	Bisalpur	...	rs. 49	md. 8	rs. 1,358	...
14	Pilibhít	...	...	...	...	...
15	Sháhjahánpur	md. 275 rs. 4,016	rs. 1,504	md. 56	rs. 863	...
16	Tilhar	...	rs. 279	...	...	...
	Total ...	md. 275 rs. 7,648	rs. 10,347	md. 188	rs. 19,030	rs. 606

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

—(*concluded.*)		Net Imports.					
VII. Class VII.	Class VIII.	Grain.	*Sugar.* Refined.	*Sugar.* Unrefined.	Ghi.	Class I.	Number.
31.	32	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	
...	...	md. 91,572	md. 212	md. 14,846	md. 742	md. 134,034 rs. 8,780	1
...	...	md. 77,679	md. 291	md. 6,993	rs. 7,052	md. 85,609 rs. 14,903	2
...	...	md. 65,774	md. 32	md. 14,005	md 393	md. 82,299 rs. 4,026	3
...	...	md. 107,635	md. 178	md. 23,057	md. 632	md. 136,463 rs. 7,459	4
...	...	md. 128,382	md. 256	md. 223	md. 1,300	md. 156,384 rs. 9,886	5
...	...	md. 411,015	md. 1,388	md. 38,714	md. 3,518	md. 537,156 rs. 67,783	6
...	...	md. 152,788	md. 521	md. 23,653	md. 1,368	md. 214,665 rs. 52,255	7
...	...	md. 247,063	md. 4,251	md. 19,043	md. 1,570	md. 274,149 rs. 77,334	8
rs. 6,366	rs. 987	md. 233,907	md. 1,893	md. 20,073	md. 1,929	md. 260,453 rs. 57,796	9
rs. 606	rs. 62	md. 95,423	md, 1,975	md. 15,928	md. 227	md. 121,591 rs. 12,271	10
...	...	md. 58,482	md. 219	md. 12,265	md, 112	md. 72,275 rs. 12,136	11
rs. 10,443	rs. 4,115	md. 599,043	md. 14,009	md. 204,292	md. 6,984	md. 845,202 rs. 132,534	12
rs. 1,358	...	md. 31,105	md. 94	md. 11,684	md. 311	md. 44,799 rs. 4,250	13
...	...	md. 308,489	md. 1,793	md. 120,345	md. 1,642	md. 437,374 rs. 11,675	14
rs. 863	...	md. 759,052	md. 4,215	md. 219,447	md. 4,048	md. 10,55,084 rs 50,100	15
...	...	md. 122,557	md. 116	md. 130,812	md. 428	md. 285,378	16
rs. 19,636	rs. 5,164	md. 3,489,966	md. 31,442	md. 875,375	md. 25,204 rs. 7,052	md. 4,742,915 rs. 523,188	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ROHILKHAND

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Net Imports				
		Class II.	Class III. Oil and oil-seeds	Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.
	1.	38.	39.	40.	41.	42.
1	Bijnor ...	hd. 2,107	md. 2,498	md. 38,464	md. 8,514 rs. 13,137	rs. 8,322
2	Chándpur ...	hd 1,263	rs. 6,776	md. 167 rs. 6,784	rs. 5,151	rs. 11,754
3	Dhámpur ...	hd 755	md. 1,206	md. 5,611 rs. 2,480	md. 2,719 rs 4,196	rs. 10,688
4	Naṛína ...	hd. 2,222	md. 7,098	md. 34,008	md. 19,905 rs. 7,183	rs. 26,393
5	Najibabad ...	hd 1,669	md. 5,839	md. 5,839	md. 1,367 rs. 50,179	rs. 102,987
6	Moradabad ...	hd. 22,330	md. 18,382	md.387,307	rs. 1,00,155	rs. 86,450
7	Amroha ...	hd. 11,796	md. 4,707	md. 67,636	rs. 43,653	rs. 31,864
8	Sambhal ...	hd. 8,730	md. 11,667	md. 77,124	rs. 36,144	rs. 32,000
9	Budaun ...	rs. 25,652	md. 8,505	md. 16,295	md. 24,413 rs. 29,738	md. 2,623 rs. 27,085
10	Bilsi ...	rs. 1,355	md. 2,757	md. 3,042	md. 8,280 rs. 6,200	md. 1,033 rs. 4,072
11	Ujhani ...	rs. 1,072	md. 625	md. 1,537	md. 1,143 rs 2,183	md. 400 rs. 2,184
12	Bareilly ...	hd. 18,542	md. 45,862	md. 45,862 rs. 79,833	rs. 1,96,649	rs. 1,29,879
13	Bisalpur ...	...	md. 694	md. 814 rs. 10,632	md. 246 rs. 1,920	rs. 6,049
14	Pilibhít ...	...	md. 4,383	md. 10,384	rs. 56,233	rs. 1,75,564
15	Sháhjahánpur ...	hd. 32,388	md. 91,410	md.113,531	md. 8,645 rs. 98,799	rs. 1,88,829
16	Tilhar ...	hd. 2,063	md. 22,460	md. 23,197	rs. 5,181	rs. 20,818
	Total ...	hd. 103,865 rs. 28,079	md. 228,093 rs. 6,776	md.830,818 rs. 99,729	md. 75,232 rs. 6,56,701	md. 4,056 rs. 8,64,928

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

—(concluded).						Net amount of tax collected.			
	Class VI.	Class VII.			Class VIII.	Grain.	Sugar.		Number.
		European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.			Refined.	Unrefined.	
	43.	44.	45.	46.	47.	48.	49.	50.	
	md. 1,027	rs. 48,800	rs. 6,888	rs. 55,688	rs. 3,974	2,451	59	770	1
	md. 1,213	rs. 27,337	rs. 6,335	rs. 33,672	rs. 4,067	2,125	91	365	2
	md. 459	rs. 11,300	rs. 2,726	rs. 14,903	...	1,985	9	582	3
	md. 1,143	rs. 62,444	rs. 28,928	rs. 97,761	rs. 23,660	2,936	52	781	4
	md. 2,237	rs. 83,054	rs. 1,25,591	rs. 2,08,805	rs. 1,21,230	3,853	64	6	5
	md. 1,357	...	...	rs. 4,83,824	rs. 99,375	12,523	349	3,542	6
	md. 2,056	rs. 74,067	rs. 16,935	rs. 98,196	rs. 17,852	5,693	188	1,717	7
	md. 4,694	rs. 1,09,022	rs. 43,652	rs. 1,52,674	rs. 30,091	5,945	450	641	8
}	md. 4,541	rs. 1,58,017	rs. 21,251	rs. 1,79,268	rs. 3,5271	5,378	375	1,075	9
}	md. 1,431	rs. 29,795	rs. 21,798	rs. 51,593	rs. 17,579	1,170	358	215	10
}	md. 564	rs. 9,929	rs. 3,730	rs. 13,659	rs. 4,256	1,074	64	373	11
	md. 3,594	rs. 6,58,436	rs. 1,20,373	rs. 7,78,809	rs. 1,73,975	22,698	2,626	7,202	12
	md. 883	rs. 32,192	rs. 18,381	rs. 50,573	rs. 8,025	935	41	402	13
	md. 3,430	rs. 1,99,203	rs. 1,33,008	rs. 3,32,211	rs. 64,565	7,671	340	2,207	14
	md. 2,404	rs. 2,80,055	rs. 66,027	rs. 3,46,082	rs. 1,07,925	20,039	1,053	10,160	15
	md. 1,693	...	...	rs. 92,749	rs. 15,505	3,141	29	2,098	16
}	md. 32,726	rs. 17,83,651	rs. 6,15,623	rs. 29,90,467	rs. 7,27,350	99,617	6,148	32,186	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ROHILKHAND.

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Net amount of tax				
		Ghi.	Class I.	Class II.	*Class III.*	
					Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III.
	1	51.	52.	53.	54.	55.
1	Bijnor ...	412	4,037	165	353	532
2	Chándpur ...	183	3,053	107	141	335
3	Dhámpur ...	218	2,999	54	194	294
4	Nagína ...	374	4,477	132	640	825
5	Najibabad ...	722	5,602	148	595	1,047
6	Moradabad ...	3,198	22,665	655	1,382	3,502
7	Amroha ...	1,244	10,412	395	320	639
8	Sambhal ...	1,123	10,267	399	581	846
9	Budaun ...	804	9,228	460	461	1,258
10	Bilsi ...	94	2,377	25	149	222
11	Ujhani ...	46	1,926	21	41	82
12	Bareilly ...	3,492	41,271	1,938	3,776	6,271
13	Bisalpur ...	156	1,861	119	81	252
14	Pilibhít ...	821	11,946	600	489	1,324
15	Sháhjahánpur	1,518	36,084	1,328	1,686	2,669
16	Tilhar ...	160	6,189	111	368	453
	Total ...	14,565	174,394	6,657	11,257	20,549

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

COLLECTED.—(*concluded*)

Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	Class VII. European cloth.	Class VII. Country cloth	Class VII. Class VII.	Class VIII.	Number.
56.	57.	58.	59.	60.	61.	62.	
484	260	159	732	103	835	60	1
193	245	145	410	95	505	61	2
217	223	76	169	41	229	...	3
358	550	115	936	434	1,439	355	4
805	1,073	278	649	981	1,633	639	5
3,130	2,702	327	...	...	7,257	1,483	6
1,235	996	320	1,111	254	1,473	268	7
929	1,000	439	1,635	655	2,290	451	8
1,028	1,019	192	2,370	319	2,689	529	9
183	204	84	224	163	387	85	10
63	97	28	149	56	205	64	11
6,145	4,059	449	8,230	1,204	9,434	2,610	12
102	189	152	322	184	506	80	13
1,409	1,178	460	1,992	1,330	3,322	968	14
3,217	5,900	601	4,201	991	5,192	1,651	15
169	650	423	...	...	1,391	185	16
19,666	20,345	4,248	23,180	6,810	38,787	9,489	
		Net amount of tax collected			...	2,94,135	
		Add amount given in refunds			...	2,676	
		Gross amount of tax collected			...	2,96,811	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ROHILKHAND

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number	Municipality.	NET AVERAGE CONSUMPTION			
		Grain.	*Sugar.* Refined.	*Sugar.* Unrefined.	Ghi.
	1.	63.	64.	65.	66.
1	Bijnor ...	md. 7 0 5	md. 0 0 10	md. 1 5 7	md. 0 2 4
2	Chándpur ...	md. 6 18 2	md. 0 0 15	md. 0 23 4	md. ... / rs. 0 9 4
3	Dhámpur ...	md. 10 1 6	md. 0 0 3	md 2 5 0	md. 0 2 0
4	Nagína ...	md. 5 18 9	md. 0 0 6	md. 1 7 0	md. 0 1 5
5	Najibabad ...	md. 6 21 4	md. 0 0 8	md. 0 0 7	md. 0 2 10
6	Moradabad ...	md. 6 36 0	md. 0 0 14	md. 0 25 15	md. 0 2 9
7	Amroha ...	md. 4 15 2	md. 0 0 9	md. 0 27 0	md. 0 1 10
8	Sambhal ...	md. 7 3 6	md. 0 4 14	md. 0 21 13	md. 0 1 14
9	Budaun ...	md. 7 19 3	md. 0 2 7	md. 0 25 10	md. 0 2 7
10	Bilsi ...	md. 15 24 3	md. 0 12 14	md. 2 24 2	md. 0 1 7
11	Ujhani ...	md. 7 25 9	md. 0 1 2	md. 1 24 5	md. 0 0 9
12	Bareilly ...	md. 6 32 1	md. 0 6 5	md. 2 12 12	md. 0 3 4
13	Bisalpur ...	md. 3 13 3	md. 0 0 7	md. 1 10 0	md. 0 1 5
14	Pilibhít ...	md. 10 13 1	md. 0 2 6	md. 4 1 1	md. 0 2 3
15	Sháhjahánpur ...	md. 9 22 0	md. 0 2 2	md. 2 30 0	md. 0 2 ¾
16	Tilhar ...	md. 6 20 6	md. 0 0 4	md. 6 37 15	md. 0 0 15
	Divisional Average	md. 7 29 8	md. 0 2 12	md. 1 37 10	md. 0 2 5 / rs. 0 0 3

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION.—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

OR EXPENDITURE PER HEAD OF POPULATION.						Number.
		Class III.				
Class I.	Class II.	Oil and oil seeds.	Class III.	Class IV.		
67.	68.	69.	70.	71.		
md. 12 13 0 rs. 0 10 9	hd. $\frac{1}{6}$th	md. 0 7 10	md. 2 37 12	md. 0 26 1 rs. 1 0 0		1
md. 7 4 9 rs. 1 3 9	hd. $\frac{1}{10}$th	rs. 0 9 0	md. 0 0 8 rs. 0 9 0	rs. 0 8 9		2
md. 12 22 3 rs. 0 9 9	hd. $\frac{1}{5}$th	md. 0 7 6	md. 0 34 3 rs. 0 6 0	md. 0 13 8 rs. 0 10 3		3
md. 6 37 2 rs. 0 6 0	hd. $\frac{1}{5}$th	md. 0 14 8	md. 1 19 1	md. 1 0 6 rs. 0 6 0		4
md. 7 38 3 rs. 0 8 1	hd. $\frac{1}{11}$th	md. 0 11 14	md. 0 11 14	md. 0 2 12 rs. 2 8 10		5
md. 9 0 11 rs 1 2 2	hd. $\frac{1}{2}$	md. 0 12 5	md. 6 19 6	rs. 1 10 11		6
md. 6 6 1 rs. 1 7 11	hd. $\frac{1}{3}$rd	md. 0 5 6	md. 1 37 8	rs. 1 4 1		7
md. 7 34 7 rs. 2 3 5	hd. $\frac{1}{4}$th	md. 0 13 6	md. 2 8 7	rs. 1 0 6		8
md. 8 13 10 rs. 1 11 3	rs. 0 13 1	md. 0 10 14	md. 0 20 14	md. 0 31 4 rs. 0 15 2		9
md. 19 35 5 rs. 2 0 0	rs. 0 3 6	md. 0 18 0	md. 0 19 14	md. 1 14 2 rs. 1 0 2		10
md. 9 17 9 rs. 1 9 4	rs. 0 2 3	md. 0 3 4	md. 0 7 13	md. 0 5 15 rs. 0 4 7		11
md. 9 23 15 rs. 1 8 1	hd. $\frac{1}{4}$th	md. 0 21 15	md. 0 21 15 rs. 0 14 8	rs. 2 3 8		12
md. 4 28 14 rs. 0 7 3	...	md. 0 2 14	md. 0 3 7 rs. 1 2 2	md. 0 1 0 rs. 0 3 3		13
md. 14 26 4 rs. 0 6 3	...	md. 0 5 12	md. 0 13 14	rs. 1 14 1		14
md. 19 22 9 rs. 0 10 0	hd. $\frac{1}{2}$	md. 1 5 15	md. 1 17 2	md. 0 4 5 rs. 1 3 1		15
md. 15 6 6	hd. $\frac{1}{3}$th	md. 1 7 8	md. 1 9 3	rs. 0 4 5		16
md. 10 20 9 rs. 1 2 6	hd. $\frac{1}{4}$th rs. 0 0 11	md. 0 20 3 rs. 0 0 3	md. 1 33 10 rs. 0 3 6	md. 0 6 10 rs. 1 7 3		

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ROHILKHAND

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	NET AVERAGE CONSUMPTION OR EXPENDITURE			
		Class V.	Class VI.	Class	
				European cloth.	Country cloth.
	1.	72.	73.	74.	75.
1	Bijnor ...	rs. 0 10 2	md. 0 3 2	rs. 3 11 9	rs. 0 8 5
2	Chándpur ...	rs. 0 15 8	md. 0 4 ½	rs. 2 4 4	rs. 0 8 5
3	Dhámpur ...	rs. 1 10 1	md. 0 2 13	rs 1 11 8	rs. 0 6 8
4	Nagína ...	rs. 1 5 5	md. 0 2 10	rs. 3 2 8	rs 1 7 6
5	Najibabad ...	rs. 5 8 11	md 0 4 9	rs. 4 3 7	rs. 6 6 3
6	Moradabad ...	rs. 1 7 2	md. 0 0 14	...	...
7	Amroha ...	rs. 0 14 8	md. 0 2 6	rs. 2 1 11	rs. 0 7 5
8	Sambhal ...	rs. 0 14 8 md. 0 3 5	md. 0 5 6	rs. 3 2 0	rs. 1 4 0
9	Budaun ...	rs 0 13 10 md. 0 6 12	md. 0 5 13	rs. 5 0 11	rs. 0 10 11
10	Bilsi ...	rs.. 0 10 8 md 0 2 1	md. 0 9 6	rs 4 13 11	rs. 3 9 0
11	Ujhani ...	rs. 0 4 6	md. 0 2 14	rs. 1 4 9	rs. 0 7 9
12	Bareilly ...	rs. 1 7 7	md. 0 1 11	rs. 7 7 2	rs. 1 5 11
13	Bisalpur ...	rs. 0 10 5	md. 0 3 11	rs. 3 7 2	rs. 2 0 0
14	Pílibhít ...	rs. 5 14 1	md. 0 4 9	rs. 6 10 9	rs. 4 7 3
15	Sháhjahánpur ...	rs. 2 6 0	md. 0 1 3	rs. 3 8 4	rs. 0 13 4
16	Tilhar ...	rs. 1 1 8	md. 0 3 9	...	...
	Divisional Average	md. 0 0 5 rs. 1 14 8	md. 0 3 5	rs. 3 15 3	rs. 1 5 10

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(concluded).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

PER HEAD OF POPULATION—(concluded).					
VII.		*Incidence of taxation per head of population.*			
Class VII.	Class VIII.	Class I.	Total octroi.		Number.
76.	77.	78.	79.		
rs. 4 4 2	rs. 0 4 10	rs. 0 4 11	rs. 0 8 0		1
rs. 2 12 9	rs. 0 5 7	rs. 0 4 0	rs. 0 6 2		2
rs. 2 4 4	...	rs. 0 7 4	rs. 0 9 11		3
rs. 4 15 5	rs. 1 3 2	rs. 0 3 7	rs. 0 6 8		4
rs. 10 9 11	rs. 6 2 6	rs. 0 4 6	rs. 0 8 1		5
rs. 8 1 11	rs. 1 10 7	rs. 0 6 0	rs. 0 11 2		6
rs. 2 13 0	rs. 0 8 2	rs. 0 4 11	rs. 0 7 2		7
rs. 4 8 0	rs. 0 13 9	rs. 0 4 6	rs. 0 7 7		8
rs. 5 11 10	rs. 1 2 1	rs. 0 4 9	rs. 0 8 5		9
rs. 8 6 11	rs. 2 12 5	rs. 0 6 2	rs. 0 9 4		10
rs. 1 12 6	rs. 0 8 10	rs. 0 4 0	rs. 0 5 2		11
rs. 8 13 1	rs. 1 15 6	rs. 0 7 6	rs. 0 13 1		12
rs. 5 7 2	rs. 0 13 9	rs. 0 3 2	rs. 0 5 9		13
rs. 11 2 0	rs. 2 2 7	rs. 0 6 4	rs. 0 11 4		14
rs. 4 5 8	rs. 1 5 8	rs. 0 5 5	rs. 0 11 5		15
rs. 4 7 4	rs. 0 13 2	rs. 0 5 3	rs. 0 8 3		16
rs. 6 10 1	rs. 1 9 9	rs. 0 6 1	rs. 0 10 6		

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ALLAHABAD

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Population.	Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghi.	Gross Class I.
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
1	Allahabad,	145,864	md. 988,406	md. 22,650	md. 42,820	md. 16,116	md. 1,255,736 rs. 2,52,069
2	Bánda ...	27,805	md. 209,771	md. 3,342	md. 19,111	md. 3,605	md. 236,829 rs. 19,734
3	Fatehpur,	19,431	md. 111,362	md. 2,843	md. 3,502	md. 1,055	md. 141,708 rs. 27,712
4	Jaunpur ...	35,008	md. 316,683	md. 1,192	md. 17,046	md. 884	md. 412,619
	Total ...	228,103	md. 1,626,222	md. 30,027	md. 82,479	md. 21,660	md. 2,046,892 rs. 2,99,515

BENARES

1	Gorakhpur	51,633	md. 288,766	md. 4,976	md. 19,190	md. 2,650	md. 331,110 rs. 15,521
2	Azamgarh,	15,980	md. 115,864	md. 3,961	md. 33,512	md. 555	md. 164,033 rs. 6,123
3	Gházipur,	40,000	md. 407,336	rs. 12,91,933	md. 14,136	md. 2,179	md. 336,677 rs. 12,91,933
4	Benares ...	187,341	md. 1,312,787	md. 46,736	md. 93,852	md. 27,238	md. 1,570,880 rs. 1 46,590
5	Mirzapur,	77,229	md. 565,654	md. 116,861	md. 77,717	md. 11,133	md. 810,910 rs. 27,642
6	Chunar ...	12,289	md. 95,233	...	md. 11,790	md. 745	md. 109,684 rs. 3,859
	Total ...	384,472	md. 2,785,640	md. 172,534 rs. 12,91,933	md. 250,197	md. 44,500	md. 3,323,294 rs. 14,91,368

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION.

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

IMPORTS.						
	Class III.					
Class II.	Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	Number.
8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	
hd. 67,007 rs. 23,572	md. 36,497	md 496,490 rs. 21,017	md. 41,971 rs 1,37,749	md. 2,406 rs. 23,805	md. 8,387	1
hd 10,451	md. 19,469	md 21,443 rs. 4,161	rs 14,467	rs. 38,844	md. 992	2
hd. 7,546	md. 2,929	md. 38,564 rs 461	rs. 13,838	md. 197 rs. 4,411	md. 63 rs. 2,747	3
hd. 3,580	md. 287	md. 337 rs. 14,794	rs. 6,705	rs. 20,383	md. 3,031	4
hd. 88,584 rs. 23,572	md. 59,182	md.556,834 rs. 40,433	md. 41,971 rs. 1,72,759	md. 2,603 rs. 87,443	md. 12,473 rs. 2,747	

DIVISION.

hd. 20,147	md. 51,917	md. 242,119	rs. 25,840	rs. 22,218	rs. 15,529	1
rs. 6,474	md. 681	md. 681 rs. 10,042	rs. 13,949	md. 1,265 rs. 20,061	rs. 26,386	2
hd. 12,955	md. 15,974	md. 27,895 rs. 7,658	md. 2,907 rs. 46,925	rs. 61,733	rs. 36,620	3
hd. 102,694 rs. 55,438	md. 41,233	md. 68,819 rs. 274,641	md. 298,575 rs. 234,496	rs. 2,98,482	md. 18,515	4
rs. 39,935	md. 138,620	md.138,620 rs. 1,55,426	md. 4,715 rs. 64,642	md. 26,241 rs. 2,13,732	md. 10,178	5
hd. 2,412	md. 473	md. 473 rs. 1,111	rs. 18,407	rs. 8,632	md. 1,595	6
hd. 138,208 rs. 101,847	md. 248,898	md. 478,607 rs. 4,48,878	md. 306,197 rs. 404,259	md. 27,506 rs. 6,24,858	md. 30,288 rs. 78,535	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ALLAHABAD

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Gross Imports.			
		Class VII.			Class VIII.
		European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.	
	1.	14.	15.	16.	17.
1	Allahabad ...	...	...	rs. 13,53,882	rs. 3,22,280
2	Bánda ...	...	...	rs. 1,84,270	rs. 31,531
3	Fatehpur ...	rs. 1,85,609	rs. 39,120	rs. 2,33,561	rs. 16,732
4	Jaunpur ...	rs. 87,743	rs. 3,964	rs. 1,06,772	rs. 34,346
	Total ...	rs. 2,73,352	rs. 43,084	rs. 18,78,485	rs. 4,01,889

BENARES

1	Gorakhpur ...	...	...	rs. 6,22,986	rs. 58,009
2	Azamgarh ...	rs. 2,02,797	rs. 18,041	rs. 3,26,797	rs. 37,029
3	Gházipur ...	...	...	rs. 21,84,188	md. 5,093 rs. 61,895
4	Benares ...	...	...	rs. 25,41,742	md. 11,997
5	Mirzapur ...	rs. 13,33,940	rs. 3,71,237	rs. 17,13,953	md. 96,438
6	Chunar ...	...	...	rs. 54,533	rs. 4,017
	Total ...	rs. 15,36,737	rs. 3,89,278	rs. 74,44,199	md. 113,528 rs. 1,60,950

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION.—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

Quantity or value on which refunds were given.						Number.
Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghi.	Class I.	Class II.	
18.	19.	20	21.	22.	23.	
md. 37,538	md. 95	md. 97	md. 445	md. 38,278 rs. 967	hd. 1,299	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	2
md. 1,029	md. 36	md. 28	md. 9	md. 1,257 rs. 440	hd. 108	3
...	...	...	...	md. 21	...	4
md. 38,567	md. 131	md. 125	md. 454	md. 39,556 rs. 1,407	hd. 1,704	

DIVISION—(continued).

...	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	md. 2,967	...	...	md. 2,967 rs. 15	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	3
md. 299	md. 36,341	md. 52	...	md. 36,692	...	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	5
...	...	...	...	...	...	6
md. 299	md. 39,308	md. 52	...	md. 39,659 rs. 15	...	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ALLAHABAD

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	QUANTITY OR VALUE ON			
		Class III.		Class IV.	Class V.
		Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III.		
	1.	24.	25.	26.	27.
1	Allahabad ...	md. 6,773	md. 7,676	rs. 2,101	md. 85 rs. 158
2	Bánda	...	...	...	...
3	Fatehpur ...	md. 16	md. 371 rs. 9	rs. 61	rs. 70
4	Jaunpur ...	...	...	...	rs. 850
	Total ...	md. 6,789	md. 8,047 rs. 9	rs. 2,162	md. 85 rs. 1,078

BENARES

1	Gorakhpur ...	...	...	...	...
2	Azamgarh ...	...	...	rs. 2	md. 3 rs. 381
3	Gházipur ...	...	...	...	...
4	Benares ...	...	...	md 23,150 rs. 31	rs. 615
5	Mirzapur ...	...	...	...	md. 12
6	Chunar ...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	md. 23,150 rs. 33	md. 15 rs. 996

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

WHICH REFUNDS WERE GIVEN.					
Class VI.	Class VII. European cloth.	Class VII. Country cloth.	Class VII.	Class VIII.	Number.
28.	29.	30.	31.	32.	
md. 2,839	...	...	rs. 160,087	rs. 6,630	1
...	...	...	...	...	2
md. 1	rs. 688	rs. 325	rs. 1,104	rs. 192	3
md. 622	rs. 12,512	...	rs. 12,552	...	4
md. 3,462	rs. 13,200	rs. 325	rs. 173,743	rs. 6,822	

DIVISION—(continued).

...	...	...	rs. 8,886	rs. 829	1
rs. 5	rs. 9,191	rs. 1,242	rs. 16,270	rs. 357	2
...	...	...	...	...	3
md. 3,553	...	...	rs. 20,844	...	4
...	...	...	...	...	5
...	...	...	...	...	6
md. 3,553 rs. 5	rs. 9,191	rs. 1,242	rs. 46,000	rs. 1,186	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ALLAHABAD

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghi.	Net Class I.
	1.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.
1	Allahabad ...	md. 950,868	md. 22,555	md. 42,723	md. 15,671	md. 1,217,458 rs. 2,51,102
2	Bánda ...	md. 209,771	md. 3,342	md. 19,111	md. 3,605	md. 236,829 rs. 19,734
3	Fatehpur ...	md. 110,333	md. 2,807	md. 3,474	md. 1,046	md. 140,451 rs. 27,272
4	Jaunpur ...	md. 316,683	md. 1,192	md. 17,046	md. 884	md. 412,598
	Total ...	md. 1,587,655	md. 29,896	md. 82,354	md. 21,206	md. 2,007,336 rs. 2,98,108

BENARES

1	Gorakhpur...	md. 288,766	md. 4,976	md. 19,190	md. 2,650	md. 331,110 rs. 15,521
2	Azamgarh ...	md. 115,864	md. 994	md. 33,512	md. 555	md. 161,066 rs. 6,108
3	Gházipur ...	md. 407,336	rs. 12,91,933	md. 14,136	md. 2,179	md. 336,677 rs. 12,91,933
4	Benares ...	md. 1,312,488	md. 10,395	md. 93,800	md. 27,238	md. 1,534,188 rs. 1,46,590
5	Mirzapur ...	md. 565,654	md. 116,861	md. 77,717	md. 11,133	md. 810,910 rs. 27,842
6	Chunar ...	md. 95,233	...	md. 11,790	md. 745	md. 109,684 rs. 3,359
	Total...	md. 2,785,341	md. 133,226 rs. 12,91,933	md. 250,145	md. 44,500	md. 3,288,635 rs. 14,91,853

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

IMPORTS.						
Class II.	Class III. Oil and oil-seeds	Class III.	Class IV	Class V.	Class VI.	Number.
38.	39.	40.	41.	42.	43.	
hds 65,708 rs. 23,572	md. 29,724	md. 488,814 rs. 21,017	md. 41,971 rs. 1,35,648	md. 2,321 rs. 23,647	md. 5,548	1
hds. 10,451	md 19,469	md. 21,443 rs. 4,161	rs. 14,467	rs. 38,844	md. 992	2
hds. 7,438	md. 2,913	md. 38,193 rs. 452	rs. 13,777	md. 197 rs. 4,341	md. 62 rs. 2,747	3
hds. 3,580	md. 287	md. 337 rs. 14,794	rs. 6,705	rs. 19,533	md. 2,409	4
hds. 87,177 rs. 23,572	md. 52,393	md. 548,787 rs. 40,424	md. 41,971 rs. 1,70,597	md. 2,518 rs. 86,365	md. 9,011 rs. 2,747	

DIVISION—(continued).

hds. 20,147	md. 51,917	md. 2,42,119	rs. 25,840	md. 22,218	rs. 15,529	1
rs. 6,474	md. 681	md. 681 rs. 10,042	rs. 13,947	md. 1,266 rs. 19,680	rs. 26,381	2
hd. 12,955	md. 15,974	md. 27,895 rs. 7,658	md. 2,907 rs. 46,925	rs. 61,733	rs 36,620	3
hd. 102,694 rs. 55,438	md. 41,233	md. 68,819 rs. 2,74,641	md. 275,425 rs. 2,34,465	rs. 2,97,867	md. 14,962	4
rs. 39,935	md. 138,620	md. 138,620 rs. 1,55,426	md. 4,715 rs. 64,642	md. 26,229 rs. 2,13,732	md. 10,178	5
hd. 2,412	md. 473	md. 473 rs. 1,111	rs. 18,407	rs. 8,632	md. 1,595	6
hd. 138,208 rs. 1,01,847	md. 248,898	md. 478,607 rs. 4,48,878	md. 283,047 rs. 4,04,226	md. 27,491 rs. 6,23,862	md. 26,735 rs. 78,530	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ALLAHABAD

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Net Imports.			
		Class VII.			Class VIII.
		European cloth	Country cloth.	Class VII.	
	1.	44.	45.	46.	47.
1	Allahabad ...	...	...	rs. 11,93,795	rs. 3,15,650
2	Bánda ...	...	...	rs. 1,84,270	rs. 31,531
3	Fatehpur ...	rs. 1,84,921	rs. 38,795	rs. 2,32,457	rs. 16,540
4	Jaunpur ...	rs. 75,231	rs. 3,964	rs. 94,220	rs. 34,346
	Total ...	rs. 2,60,152	rs. 42,759	rs. 17,04 742	rs. 3,98,067

BENARES

1	Gorakhpur ...	...	...	rs. 6,14,100	rs. 57,180
2	Azamgarh ...	rs. 1,93,606	rs. 16,799	rs. 3,10,527	rs. 36,672
3	Gházipur ...	...	...	rs. 21,84,188	md. 5,093 rs. 61,895
4	Benares ...	...	...	rs. 25,20,898	md. 11,997
5	Mirzapur ...	rs. 13,33,940	rs. 3,71,237	rs. 17,13,953	md. 96,438
6	Chunar ...	...	...	rs. 54,533	rs. 4,017
	Total ...	rs. 15,27,546	rs. 3,88,036	rs. 73,98,199	md. 113,528 rs. 159,764

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

Net amount of tax collected.						
Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghí	Class I.	Class II.	Number.
48.	49.	50.	51.	52.	53.	
rs. 39,712	rs. 11,278	rs. 10,680	rs. 9,794	rs. 83,785	rs. 6,739	1
5,051	1,340	2,942	1,803	12,727	448	2
2,987	803	504	523	6,250	443	3
7,256	301	1,061	336	9,803	304	4
55,006	13,722	15,187	12,456	1,12,565	7,934	

DIVISION—(continued).

rs. 1,6244	rs. 1,866	rs. 1,173	rs. 1,325	rs. 2,661	rs. 750	1
3,470	187	2,094	278	6,312	130	2
6,733	3,230	531	817	12,125	489	3
41,015	1,949	5,862	13,619	65,865	2,309	4
17,158	3,652	3,643	4,176	30,519	799	5
2,871	...	566	279	3,888	57	6
87,491	10,884	13,869	20,493	1,41,370	4,552	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ALLAHABAD

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	NET AMOUNT							
		Class III.				Class IV.		Class V.	
		Oil and oil-seeds.		Class III.					
	1.	54.		55.		56.		57.	
1	Allahabad ...	rs.	6,253	rs.	10,260	rs.	10,512	rs.	2,635
2	Bánda ...	rs.	839	rs.	1,122	rs.	651	rs.	310
3	Fatehpur ...	rs.	389	rs.	661	rs.	431	rs.	359
4	Jaunpur ...	rs.	53	rs.	212	rs.	78	rs.	401
	Total ...		7,534		12,255		11,672		3,705

Net amount of tax collected
Add amount given in refunds

Gross amount of tax collected

BENARES

1	Gorakhpur ...	rs.	3,851	rs.	3,849	rs.	367	rs.	556
2	Azamgarh ...	rs.	171	rs.	328	rs.	306	rs.	504
3	Gházipur ...	rs.	791	rs.	1,104	rs.	1,060	rs.	1,852
4	Benares ...	rs.	6,548	rs.	7,070	rs.	4,049	rs.	4,654
5	Mirzapur ...	rs.	4,690	rs.	7,119	rs.	1,609	rs.	4,276
6	Chunar ...	rs.	46	rs.	52	rs.	287	rs.	173
	Total ...		15,097		19,522		7,678		12,015

Net amount of tax collected
Add amount given in refunds

Gross amount of tax collected

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

OF TAX COLLECTED.										
Class VI.		Class VII.						Class VIII.		Number.
		European Cloth.		Country cloth.		Class VII.				
58.		59.		60.		61.		62.		
rs.	1,387	...		...	rs.	11,938	rs.	3,157		1
rs.	248	...		...	rs.	2,764	rs.	473		2
rs.	86	rs.	1,926	rs.	393	rs. 2,421	rs.	259		3
rs.	559	rs.	1,205	rs.	59	rs. 1,493	rs.	432		4
	2,280		3,131		452	18,616		4,321		

... Rs. 1,73,348
... „ 6,306

... Rs. 1,79,654

DIVISION—(continued).

rs.	466	...		...	rs.	9,483	rs.	859		1
rs.	824	rs.	1,453	rs.	253	rs. 2,506	rs.	573		2
rs.	572	...		...	rs.	8,326	rs.	1,568		3
rs.	3,741	...		...	rs.	20,128	rs.	2,158		4
rs.	1,265	rs.	3,403	rs.	1,166	rs. 4,708	rs.	2,954		5
rs.	399	...		...	rs.	409	rs.	30		6
	7,267		4,856		1,419	45,560		8,142		

... Rs. 2,46,106
... „ 8,897

... Rs. 2,55,003

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ALLAHABAD

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	NET AVERAGE CON		
		Grain.	*Sugar.* Refined.	*Sugar.* Unrefined.
	1.	63.	64.	65.
1	Allahabad	md. 6 27 14	md. 0 6 3	md. 0 11 11
2	Bánda	md. 7 21 11	md. 0 4 13	md. 0 27 8
3	Fatehpur	md. 5 27 5	md. 0 5 12	md. 0 7 2
4	Jaunpur	md. 9 1 14	md. 0 1 6	md. 0 19 4
	Divisional average ...	md. 6 38 6	md. 0 5 4	md. 0 14 7

BENARES

1	Gorakhpur	md. 5 23 10	md. 0 3 14	md. 0 14 6
2	Azamgarh	md. 7 10 0	md. 0 2 7	md. 2 3 14
3	Gházipur	md. 10 7 1	rs. 32 14 11	md. 0 14 0
4	Benares	md. 7 0 3	md. 0 2 3	md. 0 20 0
5	Mirzapur	md. 7 12 15	md. 1 20 8	md. 1 0 4
6	Chunar	md. 7 30 0	...	md. 0 38 6
	Divisional average ...	md. 7 9 12	md. 0 13 13 rs. 3 5 9	md. 0 26 0

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

SUMPTION OR EXPENDITURE PER HEAD OF POPULATION.					
Ghi.	Class I.	Class II.	Class III. Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III.	Number.
66.	67.	68.	69.	70.	
md. 0 4 5	md. 8 13 13 re. 1 11 7	hd. ½ re. 0 2 7	md. 0 8 11	md. 3 14 0 re. 0 2 4	1
md. 0 5 3	md. 8 20 11 re. 0 12 9	d. ½	md. 0 28 0	md. 0 30 13 re 0 2 5	2
md. 0 2 2	md. 7 9 2 re. 1 6 5	hd. ½	md. 0 6 0	md. 1 38 9 re. 0 0 4	3
md. 0 1 0	md. 11 31 9	hd. $\frac{1}{10}$	md. 0 0 5	md. 0 0 6 re. 0 6 9	4
md. 0 3 11	md. 8 32 0 re. 1 4 10	hd. ½ rs. 0 1 7	md. 0 9 3	md. 2 16 3 re. 0 2 10	

DIVISION—(continued).

md. 0 2 1	md 6 16 8 re. 0 4 9	hd. ½	md. 1 0 4	md. 4 27 9	1
md. 0 1 6	md. 10 3 1 re. 0 6 1	rs. 0 6 5	md. 0 1 11	md. 0 1 11 re. 0 10 0	2
md. 0 2 2	md 8 16 10 rs. 32 14 11	hd ½	md. 0 15 15	md. 0 27 14 re. 0 3 2	3
md. 0 5 13	md. 8 7 7 re. 0 12 6	hd. nearly 1 rs. 0 4 8	md. 0 8 12	md. 0 14 10 re. 0 7 5	4
md. 0 5 12	md. 10 20 0 re. 0 5 9	rs. 0 8 3	md. 1 31 12	md. 1 31 12 rs. 2 0 1	5
md. 0 2 6	md. 8 37 0 re. 0 4 4	hd. ⅓	md. 0 1 8	md. 0 1 8 re. 0 1 5	6
md. 0 4 10	md. 8 21 10 rs. 3 14 0	hd. ⅓ ra. 0 4 2	md. 0 25 14	md. 1 9 11 re. 1 2 8	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

ALLAHABAD

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Net average consumption			
		Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	European cloth.
	1.	71.	72.	73.	74.
1	Allahabad ...	md. 0 11 9 re. 0 14 10	md. 0 0 1 re. 0 2 6	md. 0 1 8	...
2	Bánda ...	re. 0 8 4	re. 1 6 4	md. 0 1 7	...
3	Fatehpur ...	re. 0 11 4	md. 0 0 6 re. 0 3 6	md. 0 0 2 re. 0 2 3	rs. 9 8 3
4	Jaunpur ...	re. 0 3 0	re. 0 8 11	md. 0 2 12	rs. 2 2 4
	Divisional average ...	md. 0 7 5 re. 0 11 11	md. 0 0 7 re. 0 6 0	md. 0 1 9 re. 0 0 2	re. 1 2 3

BENARES

1	Gorakhpur ...	re. 0 6 5	re. 0 6 10	re. 0 4 9	...
2	Azamgarh ...	re. 0 13 10	md. 0 3 2 re. 1 3 8	re. 1 10 5	rs. 12 1 10
3	Gházipur ...	md. 0 2 14 re. 1 2 9	re. 1 8 8	re. 0 14 7	...
4	Benares ...	md. 1 10 0 re. 1 7 6	re. 1 9 5	md. 0 3 3	...
5	Mirzapur ...	md. 0 2 7 re. 0 13 4	md. 0 13 4 rs. 2 12 3	md. 0 5 3	rs. 17 4 4
6	Chunar ...	re. 1 7 11	rs. 0 11 3	md. 0 5 3	...
	Divisional average ...	md. 0 29 7 re. 1 0 9	md. 0 2 13 re. 1 9 11	md. 0 2 12 re. 0 3 3	rs. 3 15 6

TECTION

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(concluded).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

OR EXPENDITURE PER HEAD OF POPULATION.																			
Class VII.													*Incidence of taxation per head of population*						
Country cloth.			Class VII.						Class VIII.				Class I.			Total octroi			Number.
75.			76.						77				78.			79			
	...		rs.	8	2	11	rs	2	2	7	re.	0	9	2	re.	0	14	3	1
	...		rs.	6	10	0	re.	1	2	2	re.	0	7	4	re.	0	10	9	2
rs.	1	15	11	rs.	11	15	4	re	0	13	7	re.	0	5	1	re.	0	8	11	3
rs.	0	1	9	rs.	2	11	0	re.	0	15	7	re	0	4	6	re.	0	6	0	4
rs.	0	3	0	rs.	7	7	6	re.	1	11	11	re.	0	7	10	re.	0	12	1	

DIVISION—(concluded).

	...		rs.	11	14	3	re.	1	1	8	re.	0	7	0	re.	0	12	1	1
rs.	1	0	9	rs.	19	6	9	rs.	2	4	8	re.	0	6	4	re.	0	11	6	2
	...		rs.	54	9	10	md. re.	0 1	5 8	1 8	re.	0	4	10	re.	0	10	10	3
	...		rs.	13	7	3	md.	0	2	8	re.	0	5	7	re.	0	9	4	4
rs.	4	12	10		22	2	11	md.	1	9	15	re.	0	6	4	re.	0	11	0	5
	...		rs.	4	8	3	rs.	0	5	2	re.	0	5	0	re.	0	6	11	6
rs.	1	0	1	rs.	19	3	10	md. rs.	0 0	11 6	13 7	re.	0	5	11	re.	0	10	2	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

JHÁNSI

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality	Population.	Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined	Ghi.	Class I.
							Gross
	1.	2.	3.	4	5.	6.	7.
1	Mau Ránipur	23,123	md. 148,204	md 3,507	md. 1,638	md. 1,652	md. 184,602
2	Orai ...	7,237	md. 51,996	md. 28	md. 4,901	md. 566	md. 62,404 rs. 1,175
3	Kálpi ...	16,568	md 136,461	md 13.952	md 23,449	md. 2,256	md. 189,455 rs. 8,752
4	Kúnch ...	14,682	md. 160,910	md. 2,280	md. 21,995	md. 1,937	md. 196,916 rs. 3,870
5	Lalitpur ...	8,976	md. 69,460	md. 1,074	md. 1,295	md. 500	md. 72,892 rs. 14,680
	Total ...	70,586	md. 567,031	md. 20,841	md. 53,278	md. 6,911	md. 705,569 rs. 28,177

KUMAUN

1	Almora ...	4,125	...	...	...	...	...
2	Naini Tal ...	6,000	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	10,125	...	...	...	...	...

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION.

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinc s head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

IMPORTS.															
Class II.		Class III.						Class IV.		Class V.		Class VI.		Number.
		Oil and oil-seeds.		Class III.										
8.		9.		10				11.		12.		13.		
hd.	5,581	md.	4,073	md.	6,237	rs.	1,694	rs.	8,456	md.	10,116	md.	1,793	1
hd.	2,302	md.	4,554	md.	5,429	rs.	433	rs	2,532	rs.	3,914	md	797	2
hd.	3,598	md.	1,352	md.	25,513			md.	24,851	md	11,545	md.	6,841	3
hd.	2,880	md.	14,674	md.	30,452			md.	4,267	md.	2,033	md.	2,995	4
										rs.	8,284			
hd.	3,216	md.	4,852	md.	15,981			rs.	6,099	rs.	14,799	md.	874	5
hd.	17,577	md.	29,505	md.	83,612			md.	29,118	md.	23,694	md.	13,300	
				rs.	2,127			rs.	17,087	rs.	26,997			

DIVISION.

hd.	744	...		...				...		...		...		1
hd.	4,169	...		...				...		...		...		2
hd.	4,913	...		...				...		...		...		

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

JHÁNSI

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Gross Imports.			
		Class VII.			Class VIII
		European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.	
	1	14.	15.	16	17.
1	Mau Ránipur ...	rs. 67,636	rs. 5,80,800	rs. 6,48,436	rs. 30,011
2	Orai ...	rs. 35,665	rs. 2,316	rs. 39,088	rs. 503
3	Kálpi ...	rs. 1,02,905	rs. 1,05,206	rs. 2,08,111	rs. 17,726
4	Kúnch ...	...	...	rs. 1,37,122	rs. 10,442
5	Lalitpur ...	rs. 51,512	rs. 40,842	rs. 92,354	md. 542 rs. 7,551
	Total ...	rs. 2,57,718	rs. 7,29,158	rs. 11,25,111	md. 542 rs. 66,233

KUMAUN

1	Almora ...	...	...	...	...
2	Naini Tal ...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	...

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

QUANTITY OR VALUE ON WHICH REFUNDS WERE GIVEN						
Grain.	*Sugar.* Refined.	*Sugar.* Unrefined.	Ghi	Class I.	Class II.	Number.
18.	19.	20.	21.	22	23.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	2
md. 6,096	md. 9,532	md. 2,246	md. 106	md. 20,094 rs. 46	...	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	4
md. 55	...	...	...	md. 55	...	5
md. 6,151	md. 9,532	md. 2,246	md. 106	md. 20,149 rs. 46	...	

DIVISION—(continued).

...	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

JHÁNSI

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Quantity or value			
		Class III.		Class IV.	Class V.
		Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III		
	1.	24.	25.	26.	27.
1	Mau Ránipur...	...	...	...	...
2	Orai ...	...	...	...	...
3	Kálpi ...	...	...	md. 275	md. 4,892
4	Kúnch ...	...	...	...	...
5	Lalitpur ...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	md. 275	md. 4,892

KUMAUN

1	Almora ...	...	...	...	...
2	Naini Tal ...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	...

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

ON WHICH REFUNDS WERE GIVEN.					
Class VI.	Class VII			Class VIII.	Number.
	European cloth	Country cloth	Class VII.		
28.	29.	30.	31.	32.	
...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	2
md. 3,787	rs. 37,246	rs. 40,622	rs. 77,868	rs. 10,958	3
...	...	...	...	...	4
...	...	...	...	...	5
md. 3,787	rs. 37,246	rs. 40,622	rs. 77,868	rs. 10,958	

DIVISION—(continued).

...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

JHÁNSI

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghi.	Class I. (Net)
	1.	33	34	35.	36.	37.
1	Mau Ránipur	md. 148,204	md. 3,507	md. 1,638	md. 1,652	md. 184,602
2	Orai ...	md 51,996	md. 82	md. 4,901	md. 566	md. 62,404 rs. 1,175
3	Kálpi ...	md. 130,365	md. 4,420	md. 21,203	md. 2,150	md. 169,361 rs. 8,706
4	Kúnch ..	md. 160,910	md. 2,280	md. 21,975	md. 1,937	md. 196,216 rs. 3,570
5	Lálitpur ...	md. 69,405	md. 1,074	md. 1,295	md. 50	md. 72,837 rs. 14,680
	Total ...	md. 560,880	md. 11,309	md. 51,032	md. 6,805	md. 685,420 rs. 28,131

KUMAUN

1	Almora ...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Naini Tal ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	...

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head; and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

IMPORTS.						
Class II.	Class III. Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III. Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	Number.
38.	39.	40	41.	42.	43.	
hd. 5,581	md. 4,073	md. 6,237 rs. 1,694	rs. 8,456	md. 10,116	md. 1,793	1
hd. 2,302	md. 4,554	md. 5,429 rs. 433	rs. 2,532	rs. 3,194	md. 797	2
hd. 3,598	md. 1,352	md. 25,513	md. 24,576	md. 6,653	md. 3,054	3
hd. 2,880	md. 14,674	md. 30,452	md. 4,267	md. 2,033 rs. 8,284	md. 2,995	4
hd. 3,216	md. 4,852	md. 15,981	rs. 6,099	rs. 14,799	md. 874	5
hd. 17,577	md. 29,505	md. 83,612 rs. 2,127	md. 28,843 rs. 17,087	md. 18,802 rs. 26,997	md. 9,513	

DIVISION—(continued).

hd. 744	...	...	...	...	...	1
hd. 4,169	...	...	...	...	...	2
hd. 4,913	...	...	...	...	...	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

JHÁNSI

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Net imports.			
		Class VII.			Class VIII.
		European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.	
	1.	44.	45.	46.	47.
1	Mau Ránipur ...	rs. 67,636	rs. 5,80,800	rs. 6,48,436	rs. 30,011
2	Orai	rs. 35,665	rs. 2,310	rs. 39,088	rs. 503
3	Kálpi	rs. 65,659	rs. 64,584	rs. 1,30,243	rs. 6,768
4	Kúnch	...	...	rs. 1,37,122	rs. 10,442
5	Lalitpur	rs. 51,512	rs. 40,842	rs. 92,354	md. 542 rs. 7,551
	Total ...	rs. 2,20,472	rs. 6,88,536	rs. 10,47,243	md. 542 rs. 55,275

KUMAUN

1	Almorah	...	...	...	...
2	Naini Tal... ...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	...

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

NET AMOUNT OF TAX COLLECTED.						
Grain.	*Sugar.* Refined.	*Sugar.* Unrefined.	Ghi.	Class I.	Class II.	Number.
48.	49.	50.	51.	52.	53.	
rs. 4,950	rs. 658	rs. 63	rs. 413	rs. 7,404	rs. 482	1
rs. 1,526	rs. 15	rs. 598	rs 315	rs. 2,643	rs. 91	2
rs. 3,994	rs. 377	rs. 1,325	rs. 431	rs. 6,657	rs. 162	3
rs. 3,564	rs. 285	rs. 458	rs. 363	rs. 4,951	rs. 90	4
rs. 1,857	rs. 266	rs. 81	rs. 250	rs. 2,974	rs. 91	5
rs. 15,891	rs. 1,601	rs. 2,525	1,742	rs. 24,629	rs. 916	

DIVISION—(continued).

...	...	...	...	...	rs. 186	1
...	...	...	...	...	rs. 1,150	2
...	...	...	...	...	rs. 1,336	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

JHÁNSI

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

NET AMOUNT

Number.	Municipality.	Class III. Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III. Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.
	1.	54.	55.	56.	57.
1	Mau Ránipur...	rs. 236	rs. 398	rs. 95	rs. 680
2	Orai ...	rs. 135	rs. 149	rs. 71	rs. 117
3	Kálpi ...	rs. 51	rs. 305	rs. 250	rs. 399
4	Kúnch ...	rs. 296	rs. 421	rs. 134	rs. 178
5	Lalitpur ...	rs. 338	rs. 554	rs. 170	rs. 463
	Total ...	rs. 1,056	rs. 1,827	rs. 720	rs. 1,837

Net amount of tax collected
Add amount given in refunds

Gross amount of tax collected

KUMAUN

1	Almora ...	...	...	...	...
2	Naini Tal ...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	...

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

OF TAX COLLECTED.					
	Class VII.				
Class VI.	European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.	Class VIII.	Number.
58.	59.	60.	61.	62.	
rs. 336	rs. 699	rs. 2,279	rs. 2,978	rs. 210	1
rs. 127	rs. 446	rs. 29	rs. 487	rs. 8	2
rs. 764	rs. 656	rs. 646	rs. 1,302	rs. 101	3
rs. 281	...	...	687	rs. 53	4
rs. 219	rs. 773	rs. 612	rs. 1,385	rs. 139	
rs. 1,727	rs. 2,574	rs. 3,566	rs. 6,839	rs. 511	

... Rs. 3,483
... „ ...
... Rs. 42,489

DIVISION—(continued).

...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

JHÁNSI

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	Net average		
		Grain.	*Sugar.*	
			Refined.	Unrefined.
	1.	63.	64.	65.
1	Mau Ránipur	md. 6 16 5	md. 0 6 1	md. 0 2 13
2	Orai	md. 6 7 5	md. 0 0 2½	md. 0 27 1
3	Kálpi	md. 7 34 10	md. 0 10 10	md. 1 11 4
4	Kúnch	md. 10 38 6	md. 0 6 3	md. 1 19 15
5	Lalitpur	md. 7 28 11	md. 0 4 13	md. 0 5 12
	Divisional average	md. 7 37 13	md. 0 6 6	md. 0 28 14

KUMAUN

1	Almora	...	...	...
2	Naini Tal	...	...	...
	Divisional average	...	...	...

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

CONSUMPTION OR EXPENDITURE PER HEAD OF POPULATION.					Number.
Ghi.	Class I.	Class II.	*Class III.* Oil and oil-seeds.	*Class III.* Class III.	
66.	67.	68.	69.	70.	
md. 0 2 13	md. 7 39 5	hd. ¼	md. 0 7 0	md. 0 10 12 rs. 0 1 2	1
md. 0 3 2	md. 8 24 14 rs. 0 2 7	hd. ½	md. 0 25 2	md. 0 30 0 rs. 0 0 11	2
md. 0 2 12	md. 10 8 14 rs. 0 8 5	hd. ⅕	md. 0 3 13	md. 1 21 9	3
md. 0 5 4	md. 13 14 9 rs. 0 3 11	hd. ⅕	md. 0 39 15	md. 2 2 15	4
md. 0 2 4	md. 8 32 12 rs. 1 10 2	hd. ⅓	md. 0 23 4	md. 1 31 14	5
md. 0 3 13	md. 9 28 6 rs. 0 6 4	hd. ¼	md. 0 16 11	md. 1 7 6 rs. 0 0 5	

DIVISION—(continued).

...	...	hd. ⅙	...	...	1
...	...	hd. ¾	...	...	2
...	...	hd. ½	...	...	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

JHÁNSI

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Municipality.	NET AVERAGE CONSUMPTION			
		Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	European cloth.
	1.	71.	72.	73	74.
1	Mau Ránípur ...	re. 0 5 10	md. 0 17 8	md. 0 3 1	rs 2 14 9
2	Orai ...	re. 0 5 7	re. 0 8 7	md. 0 4 6	rs. 4 14 10
3	Kálpi ...	md. 1 19 5	md. 0 16 0	md. 0 7 6	rs 3 15 4
4	Kúnch ...	md. 0 11 10	{ md. 0 5 8 re. 0 9 0 }	md. 0 8 3	...
5	Lalitpur ...	re. 0 10 10	re. 1 10 5	md. 0 3 14	rs. 5 11 5
	Divisional average,	{ md 0 16 5 re. 0 3 10	md 0 10 10 re. 0 6 1 }	md. 0 5 6	rs. 3 1 11

KUMAUN

1	Almora ...	...	...	...	...
2	Naini Tal ...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional average	...	...	...	...

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

DIVISION—(concluded).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

OR EXPENDITURE PER HEAD OF POPULATION.					
Class VII.		Class VIII.	*Incidence of taxation per head of population.*		Number.
Country cloth.	Class VII.		Class I.	Total octroi.	
75.	76.	77.	78.	79.	
rs. 25 1 10	rs. 28 0 7	re. 1 4 9	re. 0 5 2	re. 0 8 11	1
rs. 0 5 1	rs. 5 6 5	re. 0 1 1	re. 0 5 10	re. 0 8 2	2
rs. 3 14 4	rs. 7 13 8	re. 0 6 6	re. 0 6 5	re. 0 9 7	3
...	rs. 9 13 9	re. 0 11 4	re. 0 5 4	re. 0 7 5	4
rs. 4 8 10	rs. 10 4 3	md. 0 2 4 re. 0 13 6	re. 0 5 3	re. 0 10 8	5
rs. 9 12 0	rs. 14 13 4	md. 0 0 4 re. 0 12 6	re. 0 5 7	re. 0 8 10	

DIVISION—(concluded).

...	...	...	...	re. 0 0 8	1
...	...	...	...	re. 0 3 0	2
...	...	...	...	re. 0 [illegible] 1	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

PROVINCIAL

8.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during 1875-76, the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Divisions.	Population	Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghi.	Class I.
							Gross
1.		2.	3	4.	5.	6.	7.
1	Meerut ...	4,30,062	md 3,127,958 rs. 1,90,1 8	md. 83,102 rs. 1,31,295	md. 275,657 rs. 303,879	md. 40,386 rs. 1,63,981	md. 3,961,005 rs. 9,92,073
2	Agra ...	4,70,925	md. 3,803,754 rs. 12,044	md. 230,836 rs. 98,016	md.341,579 rs. 66,685	md. 89,523	md. 4,555,774 rs. 7,13,493
3	Rohilkhand	4,51,038	md. 3,554,834	md. 32,015	md.875,611	md. 25,266 rs. 7,052	md. 4,809,059 rs. 5,95,174
4	Allahabad,	2,28,103	md. 1,626,224	md. 30,027	md. 82,479	md. 21,660	md 2,046,892 rs. 2,99,515
5	Benares ...	3,84,472	md. 2,785,640	md.172,534 rs.12,91,933	md.250,197	md. 44,500	md. 3,323,294 rs. 14,91,368
6	Jhánsi ...	70,586	md. 567,031	md. 20,841	md. 53,278	md. 6,911	md. 705,569 rs. 28,177
7	Kumaun ...	10,125	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total	2,045,311	m. 15,465,439 rs. 2,02,162	md. 569,355 rs. 15,21,244	md. 1,878,801 rs. 3,70,564	md. 228,246 rs. 1,71,033	md.19,411,593 rs. 41,19,800

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

ABSTRACT.

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

IMPORTS.

Class II.	Class III. Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III. Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	Number.
8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	
hd. 39,102	md. 205,267 rs. 88,484	md. 426,516 rs. 1,49,227	md. 6,097 rs. 8,55,704	md 730 rs. 5,77,267	md. 54,071 rs. 31,472	1
hd. 47,247 rs. 29,847	md. 258,810	md. 336,505 rs. 210,165	md. 1,925 rs. 6,54,939	md. 124,005 rs. 4,04,825	md. 46,606	2
hd. 103,915 rs. 28,079	md. 231,320 rs. 6,776	md. 834,046 rs. 99,988	md. 75,507 rs 6,64,349	md. 4,056 rs. 8,75,275	md. 32,914	3
hd. 88,584 rs. 23,572	md. 59,182	md. 556,834 rs. 40,433	md. 41,971 rs. 1,72,759	md. 2,603 rs. 87,443	md. 12,473 rs. 2,747	4
hd. 138,208 rs. 1,01,847	md. 248,898	md. 478,607 rs. 4,48,878	md. 306,197 rs. 4,04,259	md. 27,506 rs. 6,24,858	md. 30,288 rs. 78,535	5
hd. 17,57	md. 29,505	md. 83,612 rs. 2,127	md. 29,118 rs. 17,087	md. 23,894 rs. 26,997	13,300	
hd. 4,913	...	...	...	...	...	7
hd. 439,546 rs. 1,83,345	md. 1,032,982 rs. 95,260	md. 2,718,120 rs. 9,50,818	md. 460,815 rs. 27,69,097	md. 182 594 rs. 25,96,665	md. 189,652 rs. 1,12,754	

III—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

PROVINCIAL

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Divisions.	Gross Imports.			
		Class VII.			Class VIII.
		European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.	
	1.	14.	15.	16.	17.
1	Meerut ...	rs. 27,07,861	rs. 10,88,935	rs. 47,49,826	md. 14,814 rs. 3,38,482
2	Agra ...	rs. 38,62,448	rs. 13,72,348	rs. 65,12,742	rs. 11,00,903
3	Rohilkhand ...	rs. 18,02,681	rs. 6,16,229	rs. 30,10,103	rs. 7,32,514
4	Allahabad ...	rs. 2,73,352	rs. 43,084	rs. 18,78,485	rs. 4,04,889
5	Benares ...	rs. 15,36,737	rs. 3,89,278	rs. 74,44,199	md. 1,13,528 rs. 1,60,950
6	Jhánsi ...	rs. 2,57,718	rs. 7,29,158	rs. 11,35,111	md. 542 rs. 66,233
7	Kumaun ...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total ...	rs. 1,04,40,797	rs. 42,39,032	rs. 2,47,20,466	md. 128,884 rs. 23,03,971

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

ABSTRACT—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

Quantity or value on which refunds were given.						
Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghi.	Class I.	Class II.	Number.
18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	
md. 15,9[illegible]4	md. 5,018	md. 18,838	md. 101	md. 40,414 rs. 210	...	1
md. 35,590 rs. 996	md. 6,808	md. 11,160	md. 963	md. 56,107 rd. 2,298	hd. 506 rs. 60	2
md. 64,868	md. 573	md. 236	md. 62	md. 66,144 rs. 71,989	hd. 50	3
md. 38,567	md. 131	md. 125	md. 454	md. 39,556 rs. 1,407	hd. 1,407	4
md. 299	md. 39,308	md. 52	...	md. 39,659 rs. 15	...	5
md. 6,151	md. 9,532	md. 2,246	md. 106	md. 20,149 rs. 46	...	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	7
md. 161,439 rs. 996	md. 61,370	md. 32,657	md. 1,686	md. 262,029 rs. 75,962	hd. 1,963 rs. 60	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

PROVINCIAL

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Divisions.	Quantity or value			
		Class III.		Class IV.	Class V.
		Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III.		
	1.	24.	25.	26.	27.
1	Meerut ...	md. 1,075	md. 1,078	rs. 4,747	rs. 4,479
2	Agra ...	md. 1,351	md. 1,598 rs. 70	md. 8 rs. 2,126	md. 137 rs. 6,142
3	Rohilkhand ...	md. 3,227	md. 3,228 rs. 259	md. 275 rs. 7,648	rs. 10,347
4	Allahabad ...	md. 6,789	md. 8,047 rs. 9	rs. 2,162	md. 85 rs. 1,078
5	Benares ...	...	...	md. 23,150 rs. 33	md. 15 rs. 996
6	Jhánsi ...	...	...	md. 275	md. 4,892
7	Kumaun ...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total...	md. 12,442	md. 13,951 rs. 338	md. 23,708 rs. 16,716	md. 5,129 rs. 23,042

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

ABSTRACT—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

ON WHICH REFUNDS WERE GIVEN.					
Class VI.	*Class VII.*			Class VIII.	Number.
	European cloth	Country cloth.	Class VII.		
28.	29.	30.	31.	32.	
md. 368	rs. 64,358	rs. 30,759	rs. 1,05,585	md. 2 rs. 1,634	1
md. 5,115	rs. 12,74,959	rs. 1,76,925	rs. 14,69,392	rs. 3,25,035	2
md. 188	rs. 19,030	rs. 606	rs. 19,636	rs. 5,164	3
md. 3,462	rs. 13,200	rs. 325	rs. 1,73,743	rs. 6,822	4
md. 3,553 rs. 5	rs. 9,191	rs. 1,242	rs. 46,000	rs. 1,186	5
md. 3,787	rs. 37,246	rs. 40,622	rs. 77,868	rs. 10,958	6
...	...	...	...	...	7
md. 16,473 rs. 5	rs. 14,17,984	rs. 2,50,479	rs. 18,92,224	md. 2 rs. 3,50,799	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

PROVINCIAL

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Divisions.	Grain.	Sugar. Refined.	Sugar. Unrefined.	Ghi.	Net Class I.
	1.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.
1	Meerut ...	md. 3,111,994 rs. 1,90,118	md. 78,084 rs. 1,31,295	md. 256,819 rs. 3,03,879	md. 40,285 rs 1,63,981	md. 3,920,591 rs. 9,91,863
2	Agra ...	md. 3,768,164 rs. 11,048	md. 274,028 rs. 98,016	md. 330,419 rs. 66,685	md. 88,560	md. 4,509,667 rs. 7,11,195
3	Rohilkhand	md. 3,489,966	md. 31,442	md. 875,375	md. 25,204 rs. 7,052	md. 4,742,915 rs. 5,23,188
4	Allahabad	md. 1,587,655	md. 29,896	md. 82,354	md. 21,206	md. 2,007,336 rs. 2,98,108
5	Benares ...	md. 2,785,341	md. 133,226 rs. 12,91,933	md. 250,145	md. 44,500	md. 3,283,635 rs. 14,91,353
6	Jhansi ...	md. 560,880	md. 11,309	md. 51,032	md. 6,805	md. 685,420 rs. 28,131
7	Kumaun ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total	md. 15,304,990 rs. 2,01,166	md. 507,985 rs. 15,21,324	md. 1,846,144 rs. 3,70,564	md. 226,560 rs. 1,71,033	md. 19,149,564 rs. 40,43,833

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

ABSTRACT—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

IMPORTS.						
	Class III.					
Class II.	Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	Number.
38.	39.	40.	41.	42.	43.	
hd. 39,102	md. 204,192 rs. 88,484	md. 425,438 rs. 1,49,227	md. 6,097 rs. 8,50,957	md. 730 rs. 5,72,788	md. 53,708 rs. 31,472	1
hd. 46,741 rs. 29,787	md. 257,459	md. 336,907 rs. 2,10,095	md. 1,917 rs. 6,52,813	md. 123,868 rs. 3,98,683	md. 41,491	2
hd. 103,865 rs. 28,079	md. 228,093 rs. 6,776	md. 830,818 rs. 99,729	md, 75,232 rs. 6,56,701	md. 4,056 rs. 8,64,928	md. 32,726	3
hd. 827,177 rs. 3,572	md. 52,393	md. 548,787 rs. 40,424	md. 41,971 rs. 1,70,597	md. 2,518 rs. 86,365	md. 9,011 rs. 2,747	4
hd. 138,208 rs. 101,847	md. 248,898	md. 478,807 rs. 4,48,878	md. 283,047 rs. 4,04,226	md. 27,491 rs. 6,23,862	md. 26,735 rs. 78,530	5
hd. 17,577	md. 29,505	md. 83,612 rs. 2,127	md. 28,843 rs. 17,087	md. 18,802 rs. 26,997	md. 9,513	6
hd. 4,913	...	...	...	...	...	7
hd. 437,583 rs. 1,83,785	md. 1,020,540 rs. 59,602	md. 2,704,169 rs. 9,50,480	md. 437,107 rs. 27,52,381	md. 177,465 rs. 25,73,628	md. 173,179 rs. 1,12,749	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

PROVINCIAL

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Divisions.	Net Imports.			
		Class VII.			Class VIII.
		European cloth.	Country cloth.	Class VII.	
	1.	44.	45.	46.	47.
1	Meerut ...	rs. 26,43,503	rs. 10,58,176	rs. 46,44,241	md. 14,812 rs. 3,36,848
2	Agra ...	rs 25,87,489	rs. 11,95,423	rs. 50,43,350	rs. 7,75,868
3	Rohilkhand ...	rs. 17,83,651	rs. 6,15,623	rs. 29,90,467	rs. 7,27,350
4	Allahabad ...	rs. 2,60,152	rs. 42,759	rs. 17,04,742	rs. 3,98,067
5	Benares ...	rs. 15,27,546	rs. 3,88,036	rs. 73,98,199	md. 113,528 rs. 1,59,764
6	Jhánsi ...	rs. 2,20,472	rs. 6,88,536	rs. 10,47,243	md. 542 rs. 55,275
7	Kumaun ...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total ...	rs. 90,22,813	rs. 39,88,553	rs. 2,28,28,242	md. 128,882 rs. 24,53,172

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

ABSTRACT—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

Net amount of tax collected.						
Grain.	Sugar.		Ghi.	Class I.	Class II.	Number.
	Refined.	Unrefined.				
48.	49.	50.	51.	52.	53.	
rs. 89,715	rs. 17,023	rs. 23,160	rs. 19,166	rs. 1,75,064	rs. 8,476	1
rs. 1,00,364	rs. 35,512	rs. 24,166	rs. 31,100	rs. 2,07,356	rs. 8,793	2
rs. 99,617	rs. 6,148	rs. 32,136	rs. 14,565	rs. 1,74,394	rs. 6,657	3
rs. 55,006	rs. 13,722	rs 15,187	rs. 12,456	rs. 1,12,565	rs. 7,934	4
rs. 87,491	rs. 10,884	rs. 13,869	rs. 20,493	rs. 1,41,370	rs. 4,552	5
rs. 15,891	rs. 1,601	rs. 2,525	rs. 1,742	rs. 24,629	rs. 916	6
...	...	...	...	...	rs. 1,336	7
4,48,084	84,890	1,11,043	99,529	8,35,378	38,664	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

PROVINCIAL

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Divisions.	Net amount							
		Class III.				Class IV.		Class V.	
		Oil and oil-seeds.		Class III.					
	1.	54.		55.		56.		57.	
1	Meerut ...	rs.	10,922	rs.	16,314	rs.	21,243	rs.	13,438
2	Agra ...	rs.	10,579	rs.	17,543	rs.	15,068	rs.	13,802
3	Rohilkhand ...	rs.	11,257	rs.	20,549	rs.	19,666	rs.	20,345
4	Allahabad ...	rs.	7,534	rs.	12,255	rs.	11,672	rs.	3,705
5	Benares ...	rs.	15,097	rs.	19,522	rs.	7,678	rs.	12,015
6	Jhánsi ...	rs.	1,059	rs.	1,827	rs.	720	rs.	1,837
7	Kumaun ...	...		...		...		...	
	Grand Total ...	rs.	56,448	rs.	88,010	rs.	76,047	rs.	65,142

Net amount of tax collected
Add amount given in refunds

Gross amount of tax collected

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

ABSTRACT—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

OF TAX COLLECTED.								
Class VI.		Class VII.						Number.
		European cloth.		Country cloth.		Class VII.		Class VIII.		
58.		59.		60.		61.		62.		
rs.	8,971	rs.	18,447	rs.	6,664	rs.	37,019	rs.	7,774	1
rs.	10,839	rs.	17,933	rs.	6,211	rs.	35,616	rs.	8,281	2
rs.	4,248	rs.	23,130	rs.	6,810	rs.	38,787	rs.	9,489	3
rs.	2,280	rs.	3,131	rs.	452	rs.	18,616	rs.	4,321	4
rs.	7,267	rs.	4,856	rs.	1,419	rs.	45,560	rs.	8,142	5
rs.	1,727	rs.	2,574	rs.	3,566	rs.	6,839	rs.	511	6
	...		...		...		...		...	7
rs.	35,332	rs.	70,071	rs.	25,122		1,82,427		38,518	

... Rs. 13,59,528
" 56,004

... Rs. 14,15,532

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL-

PROVINCIAL

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Divisions.	NET AVERAGE		
		Grain.	*Sugar.* Refined.	*Sugar.* Unrefined.
	1	63.	64.	65.
1	Meerut ...	md. 7 9 7 re. 0 7 0	md. 0 7 4 re. 0 4 10	md. 0 23 14 re. 0 11 3
2	Agra ...	md. 8 0 1 re. 0 0 4	md. 0 19 0 re. 0 3 4	md. 0 28 1 re. 0 2 3
3	Rohilkhand ...	md. 7 29 8	md. 0 2 12	md. 1 37 10
4	Allahabad ...	md. 6 38 6	md. 0 5 4	md. 0 14 7
5	Benares ...	md. 7 9 12	md. 0 13 13 rs. 3 5 9	md. 0 26 0
6	Jhánsi ...	md. 737 13	md. 0 6 6	md. 0 28 14
7	Kumaun ...	...	...	...
	Provincial average ...	md. 7 19 4 re. 0 1 7	md. 0 9 15 re. 0 11 10	md. 0 36 1 re. 0 2 10

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

ABSTRACT—(continued).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

CONSUMPTION OR EXPENDITURE PER HEAD OF POPULATION.					Number.
			Class III.		
Ghi.	Class I.	Class II.	Oil and oil-seeds.	Class III.	
66.	67.	68.	69.	70.	
md. 0 3 12 re. 0 6 1	md. 9 4 10 rs. 2 4 10	hd. 1/11	md. 0 18 15 re. 0 3 3	md. 0 39 9 re. 0 5 6	1
md. 0 7 8	md. 9 23 0 re. 1 8 2	hd. 1/10 re. 0 1 0	md. 0 22 9	md. 0 29 5 re. 0 7 1	2
md. 0 2 5 re. 0 0 3	md. 10 20 9 re. 1 2 6	hd. ¼ re. 0 0 11	md. 0 20 3 re. 0 0 3	md. 1 33 10 re. 0 3 6	3
md. 0 3 11	md. 8 32 0 re. 1 4 10	hd. ½ re. 0 1 7	md. 0 9 3	md. 2 16 3 re. 0 2 10	4
md. 0 4 10	md. 8 21 10 rs. 3 14 0	hd. ½ re. 0 4 2	md. 0 25 14	md. 1 9 11 re. 1 2 8	5
md. 0 3 13	md. 9 28 6 re. 0 6 4	hd. ¼	md. 0 16 11	md. 1 7 6 re. 0 0 5	6
...	...	hd. ½	...	...	7
md. 0 4 6 re. 0 1 4	md. 9 14 8 re. 1 5 6	hd. ¼ re. 0 1 5	md. 0 20 1 re. 0 0 9	md. 1 3 9 re. 0 7 5	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

PROVINCIAL

3.—*Statement showing the quantity or value of the principal articles imported during* 1875-76, *the average consumption or expenditure per*

Number.	Divisions.	Net average consumption			
		Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	European cloth.
	1.	71.	72.	73.	74.
1	Meerut ...	md. 0 0 9 re. 1 15 7	md. 0 0 ¾ re. 1 4 11	md. 0 5 0 re. 0 1 2	rs. 6 2 4
2	Agra ...	md. 0 0 2 re. 1 6 2	md. 0 1 8 re. 0 13 6	md. 0 3 8	rs. 5 7 11
3	Rohilkhand ...	md. 0 6 10 re. 1 7 3	md. 0 0 5 re. 1 14 8	md. 0 3 5	rs. 3 15 3
4	Allahabad ...	md. 0 7 5 re. 0 11 11	md. 0 0 7 re. 0 6 0	md. 0 1 9 re. 0 0 2	rs. 1 2 3
5	Benares ...	md. 0 29 7 re. 1 0 9	md. 0 2 13 re. 1 9 11	md. 0 2 12 re. 0 3 3	rs. 3 15 6
6	Jhánsi ...	md. 0 16 5 re. 0 3 10	md. 0 10 10 re. 0 6 1	md. 0 15 6	rs. 3 1 11
7	Kumaun ...	...	...	...	...
	Provincial average ...	md. 0 8 8 re. 1 5 6	md. 0 3 7 re. 1 4 1	md. 0 3 6 re. 0 0 16	rs. 4 6 7

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

ABSTRACT—(concluded).

into and taxed by the several Municipalities in the North-Western Provinces head, and the incidence of taxation per head of population.

OR EXPENDITURE PER HEAD OF POPULATION.					
Class VII.			*Incidence of taxation per head of population.*		
Country cloth.	Class VII.	Class VIII.	Class I.	Total Octroi.	Number.
75.	76.	77.	78.	79.	
rs. 2 7 4	rs. 10 12 9	md. 0 1 6 re. 0 12 6	re. 0 6 6	re. 0 10 8	1
rs. 2 8 7	rs. 10 11 4	rs. 1 10 3	re. 0 7 0	re. 0 10 11	2
re. 1 5 10	rs. 6 10 1	rs. 1 9 9	re. 0 6 1	re. 0 10 6	3
re. 0 3 0	rs. 7 7 6	rs. 1 11 11	re. 0 7 10	re. 0 12 1	4
re. 1 0 1	rs. 19 3 10	md. 0 11 13 re. 0 6 7	re. 0 5 11	re. 0 10 2	5
rs. 9 12 0	rs. 14 13 4	md. 0 0 4 re. 0 12 6	re. 0 5 7	re. 0 8 10	6
...	...	...	...	...	7
rs. 1 15 2	rs. 11 2 7	md. 0 2 8 re. 1 3 2	re. 0 6 6	re. 0 10 7	

III.—PRO

G.—MUNICIPAL

4.—*Statement showing the Receipts and Expenditure in towns*

Western Provinces

Division.	Districts.	Number of towns.	Population by last census.	No. of houses in towns.	No. of houses assessed.	Actual balance.	Gross yield of tax.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total of columns 7, 8, and 9.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
						Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
MEERUT.	Dehra Dún ...	1	1,959	383	320	1,477	1,238	..	2,715
	Saháranpur ...	12	84,196	23,242	17,572	8,033	32,476	8,287	48,796
	Muzaffarnagar,	11	61,154	14,985	11,894	2,610	19,623	284	22,517
	Meerut ...	18	71,325	21,848	17,490	3,222	23,018	2,360	28,600
	Bulandshahr ...	15	83,609	21,791	13,659	3,450	27,300	306	31,056
	Aligarh ...	25	90,778	19,546	16,533	4,205	23,594	10	27,809
	Total ...	82	393,021	101,795	77,468	22,997	1,27,249	11,247	1,61,493
AGRA.	Muttra ...	13	61,028	14,855	7,752	797	13,092	12	13,901
	Agra ...	5	19,350	5,105	2,359	542	2,713	47	3,302
	Farukhabad ...	19	79,764	16,837	6,173	2,358	12,497	18	14,873
	Mainpuri ...	6	33,243	8,940	5,149	483	6,221	535	7,239
	Etáwah ...	5	20,582	6,148	1,879	409	5,983	145	6,587
	Etah ...	15	50,339	13,409	4,354	715	8,901	49	9,665
	Total ...	63	264,306	65,294	27,666	5,304	49,407	806	55,517
ROHILKHAND.	Bijnor ...	11	81,847	18,425	14,069	5,952	10,786	360	17,098
	Moradabad ...	9	58,595	19,217	11,168	2,224	9,770	723	12,717
	Budaun ...	15	47,417	10,012	5,793	1,589	13,265	634	15,488
	Bareilly ...	18	69,483	19,470	6,818	588	9,647	38	10,273
	Sháhjahánpur,	8	41,387	9,440	6,269	1,331	9,545	1,040	11,916
	Total ...	61	298,679	67,564	44,117	11,684	53,013	2,795	67,492
ALLAHABAD.	Allahabad ...	13	48,878	11,120	6,214	1,641	11,459	130	13,230
	Fatehpur ...	7	27,224	6,175	2,147	3,761	5,970	1,153	10,884
	Cawnpore ...	10	41,169	8,044	4,641	63	8,095	1,298	9,456
	Bánda ...	4	20,749	4,997	1,643	861	4,298	212	5,371
	Hamírpur ...	11	70,495	16,505	4,665	3,340	14,385	25	17,750
	Jaunpur ...	6	27,420	5,954	2,646	3,599	5,682	31	9,312
	Total ...	51	235,935	52,795	21,956	13,265	49,889	2,849	66,003
BENARES.	Gorakhpur ...	14	45,123	9,277	2,644	1,694	8,100	...	9,794
	Basti ...	4	14,939	2,723	863	1,531	3,688	4	5,223
	Azamgarh ...	12	58,269	11,355	5,065	1,142	10,724	...	11,866
	Mirzapur ...	5	18,519	4,159	2,476	738	3,263	...	4,001
	Benares ...	3	17,849	3,786	3,370	1,273	2,784	22	4,079
	Gházipur ...	11	67,404	13,095	7,501	1,568	12,550	519	14,637
	Total ...	46	222,103	44,395	21,919	7,946	41,109	545	49,600
JHÁNSI.	Jhánsi ...	4	19,894	4,783	1,800	782	4,656	25	5,463
	Jalaun ...	6	24,028	4,677	1,050	634	3,864	2	4,500
	Lalitpur ...	4	10,644	2,303	505	528	1,735	1	2,264
	Total ...	14	54,566	11,763	3,355	1,944	10,255	28	12,227
KUMAUN.	Tarái ...	1	6,746	817	712	184	1,219	447	1,850
	GRAND TOTAL,	318	1,475,356	344,423	197,193	63,324	3,32,141	18,717	4,14,182

TECTION.

ADMINISTRATION.

administered under Act XX. of 1856 *in the districts of the North-during the year* 1875-76.

Incidence of taxation.		Expenditure.							Balance at close of year under report.
Per head of population.	Per assessed house.	Collection.	Sudder office.	Police.	Conservancy.	Local improvement and public works	Miscellaneous expenditure	Total expenditure.	
11.	12.	13.	14.	15	16	17.	18.	19.	20.
Rs. a p.	Rs. a p	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs.
0 10 1	3 13 10	117	...	251	48	15	38	472	2,243
0 6 4	1 13 6	1,936	90	10,271	8,243	13,979	6,381	40,900	7,896
0 5 1	1 10 4	1,228	60	11,157	4,408	2,242	102	19,197	3,320
0 4 8	1 5 1	1,395	138	11,520	3,600	10,705	524	27,882	718
0 5 3	1 15 11	1,715	126	11,898	5,910	7,177	1,145	27,971	3,085
0 4 1	1 6 9	2,354	228	10,573	3,645	6,523	18	23,341	4,468
0 5 2	1 10 3	8,745	642	55,673	25,854	40,641	8,208	1,39,763	21,730
0 3 9	1 12 0	1,211	132	8,455	1,441	2,228	225	13,692	209
0 2 4	1 2 7	236	...	1,260	686	718	10	2,910	392
0 2 7	2 3 7	1,243	126	7,115	2,714	2,142	118	13,458	1,415
0 3 5	1 6 6	577	122	4,062	944	1,241	198	7,144	95
0 4 9	3 3 4	474	69	2,841	843	1,803	24	6,054	483
0 2 10	2 2 0	647	...	4,098	1,621	2,909	68	9,343	322
0 2 11	1 12 7	4,388	449	27,831	8,249	11,041	643	52,601	2,916
0 2 1	0 12 3	1,002	126	5,986	2,188	1,083	204	10,589	6,509
0 2 8	0 15 1	805	120	5,790	2,292	2,047	226	11,280	1,437
0 4 6	2 4 7	844	126	5,511	1,715	6,279	123	14,798	690
0 2 3	1 6 7	963	121	5,436	1,872	890	287	9,569	704
0 3 8	1 8 4	752	120	5,215	1,412	2,632	22	10,150	1,763
0 2 10	1 3 5	4,366	613	27,938	9,479	12,931	1,062	56,389	11,103
0 3 9	1 13 6	740	96	5,019	2,324	4,125	43	12,347	883
0 3 6	2 12 5	703	120	3,101	1,271	2,229	150	7,574	3,310
0 3 2	1 11 10	446	123	4,948	1,201	60	1,410	8,183	1,268
0 3 3	2 9 10	250	36	2,061	1,194	177	88	3,806	1,565
0 3 3	3 1 5	1,263	120	8,332	2,314	2,436	6	14,471	3,279
0 3 3	2 2 3	372	167	3,087	1,164	414	5	5,209	4,103
0 3 4	2 4 4	3,774	662	26,548	9,468	9,441	1,702	51,595	14,408
0 2 10	0 3 1	712	118	4,359	1,503	1,389	35	8,116	1,678
0 3 11	4 4 4	352	...	1,970	645	428	4	3,398	1,825
0 2 11	2 1 10	1,047	120	5,949	2,382	73	22	9,593	2,273
0 2 8	1 9 0	156	...	2,012	645	501	2	3,316	685
0 2 4	0 12 4	186	...	1,070	761	2,025	6	4,048	31
0 2 11	1 10 8	1,194	96	6,632	2,131	2,555	637	13,245	1,392
0 2 11	1 14 0	3,647	334	21,992	8,066	6,971	706	41,716	7,884
0 3 9	2 9 4	...	108	2,297	811	175	239	3,630	1,833
0 2 7	3 10 10	66	126	2,144	754	1,156	...	4,246	254
0 2 7	3 6 11	3	...	972	277	551	23	1,826	438
0 3 0	3 0 10	69	234	5,413	1,842	1,882	262	9,702	2,525
0 2 10	1 11 4	99	...	538	96	459	142	1,334	516
0 3 7	1 10 11	25,088	2,934	1,65,933	63,054	83,366	12,725	3,53,100	61,082

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

1.—*Statement of temperature, rainfall, and prevailing winds in the North-Western Provinces for the year commencing 1st April, 1875, and ending 31st March, 1876.*

Number.	Names of stations.	Highest maximum.		Lowest minimum.		Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	General mean temperature.	Total Rainfall.	Prevailing winds in		Number.
		Month.		Month.						S. W. monsoon.	N. E. monsoon.	
	1.	2.		3.		4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	
1	Chakráta ...	April and June	80·0	January	18·7	65·1	42·6	53·9	78·52	W.	W.	1
2	Ránikhet ...	June	88·0	January	31·0	72·1	53·0	62·8	52·65	Calm.	S. W.	2
3	Dehra ...	June	100·8	February	33·9	81·1	60·7	70·9	77·33	N.	W.	3
4	Roorkee ...	June	110·2	February	34·2	87·8	62·5	75·1	44·84	S. E.	N. W.	4
5	Meerut ...	June	110·5	February	36·0	89·0	63·1	76·1	32·86	E.	N. W.	5
6	Bareilly ...	June	112·0	January	37·0	89·9	65·4	77·7	55·15	S. E.	W. and N. W.	6
7	Agra ...	June	111·8	January	41·8	88·0	68·4	78·2	34·37	W.	W.	7
8	Allahabad ...	June	114·2	February	41·8	90·9	66·8	78·8	51·36	N. E.	W.	8
9	Gorakhpur ...	April	108·0	Jan. & Feb.	42·6	89·9	67·4	78·6	38·50	E.	W.	9
10	Benares ...	June	111·0	January	39·0	91·0	67·2	79·1	43·43	E.	W.	10
11	Jhánsi ...	June	115·9	January	45·8	92·2	69·5	80·9	25·80	S. W.	N. E.	11
	Provincial means ...		111·7		39·8	89·8	66·3	78·1	40·79			

N. B.—In striking the Provincial means, stations Nos 1, 2, and 3, have been left out on account of their exceptionally high situations. Columns 2 and 3 give the highest maximum and lowest minimum temperature at each station with the months in which they occurred. The difference of these two columns therefore represents the annual range of the thermometer. The next two columns give the mean maximum and minimum temperatures for the year April 1875, March 1876, and their differences represent the mean daily range of temperature at each station. The numbers in column 6 are simply the mean of those in columns 4 and 5. Column 7 gives the total rainfall of the year, and the last two columns give the prevalent directions of the wind during the two monsoons.

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

2.—*Abstract of Expenditure on Provincial (Imperial and Local) Service.*

Number.	Heads of service.	Provincial. Imperial Service. Original works.	Provincial. Imperial Service. Repairs.	Imperial. Provincial Service. Original works.	Imperial. Provincial Service. Repairs.	Provincial Local. Original works.	Provincial Local. Repairs.	Total.
	CIVIL BUILDINGS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.
1	Revenue Department	94,518	70,469	...	...	...	...	1,64,987
2	Customs ditto	5,000	...	...	...	...	...	5,000
3	General ditto, Judicial	12,039	17,716	...	...	...	...	29,755
4	Public offices ...	19,960	10,796	...	...	...	...	30,756
5	Excise	3,162	6,537	...	...	...	...	9,699
6	Jail Department...	...	...	2,25,816	25,822	...	...	2,51,638
7	Police ditto	...	...	1,17,799	78,653	...	...	1,96,452
8	Educational ditto	...	...	1,20,050	27,194	...	...	1,47,244
9	Medical ditto	...	...	23,506	1,330	...	...	24,836
10	General ditto, Ecclesiastical ...	...	...	34,028	10,675	...	...	44,703
11	Public Works ...	...	...	3,060	5,564	...	...	8,624
12	Government houses,	...	...	36,344	4,202	...	...	40,546
13	Monuments ...	...	...	...	67,161	...	...	67,161
14	Scientific Institutions,	...	...	24,022	1,700	...	...	75,722
15	Charitable ditto ...	...	...	21,604	3,392	...	...	24,996
	Total, Works and Repairs ...	1,24,679	1,05,518	6,06,229	2,25,693	...	...	...
	Total, Civil Buildings ...	2,30,197		8,31,922		...	...	10,62,119

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

2.—*Abstract of Expenditure on Provincial (Imperial and Local) Service.*—(concluded).

Number.	Heads of service.	Provincial Imperial Service. Original works.	Provincial Imperial Service. Repairs.	Imperial Provincial Service. Original works.	Imperial Provincial Service. Repairs.	Provincial Local. Original works	Provincial Local. Repairs.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	COMMUNICATIONS.							
16	Roads and Bridges	...	...	1,74,657	2,17,559	2,70,824	10,72,296	17,35,316
17	Arboriculture	...	...	...	...	14,812	22,248	37,060
18	Pontoon, Boat, Bridges and Ferries ...	...	...	..	...	..	2,98,128	2,98,128
19	Paraos and Sarais	...	...	...	...	2,951	12,145	15,096
20	Staging Bungalows	...	...	...	...	10,682	11,879	22,561
21	River Improvements	...	...	...	..	9,248	770	10,018
	Total, Works and Repairs ...	...	...	1,74,657	2,17,559	3,08,517	14,17,466	...
	Total, Communications ...	...		3,92,216		17,25,983		21,18,199
22	Miscellaneous Public Improvement ...		...	...	...	41,966	25,519	67,485
	Grand Total, Works and Repairs ...	1,24,679	1,05,518	7,80,886	4,43,252	3,50,483	14,42,985	...
	Total, Provincial, Imperial and Local ..	14,54,335				17,93,468		32,47,803
	ESTABLISHMENTS.							
23	Public Works Proper	3,55,875				4,47,140		8,03,015
24	Ferries and Paraos	...				19,273		19,273
25	Staging Bungalow	...				8,192		8,192
	Total, Establishments ...	3,55,875				4,74,605		8,30,480
26	Tools and Plant	14,790				18,622		33,412
27	Increase of suspense balance ...					1,74,108		1,74,108
	GRAND TOTAL ...	18,25,000				24,60,803		42,85,803

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

3.—*Abstract of Total Outlay in each District during* 1875-76.

Divisions.	Districts.	Civil Buildings.	Communications.	Miscellaneous Public Improvements.	Tools and Plant.	Establishment.	Increase or decrease to suspense balances.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
MEERUT.	Dehra Dún ...	4,670	34,744	...	558	10,919	...	50,891
	Aligarh ...	9,374	57,561	258	611	22,387	...	90,191
	Bulandshahr ...	12,168	54,323	2,279	6	14,696	...	83,472
	Meerut .	32,983	83,300	142	1,185	39,363	...	1,56,973
	Muzaffarnagar,	22,402	42,937	15,906	51	18,568	...	99,864
	Saháranpur ...	26,507	1,05,030	11,015	3,155	35,219	...	1,80,926
	Total ...	1,08,104	3,77,895	29,600	5,566	1,41,152	3,061	6,65,378
ROHILKHAND.	Bareilly ...	76,119	79,918	...	371	26,137	...	1,82,545
	Bijnor ...	8,402	16,242	...	238	17,301	...	42,183
	Budaun ...	29,169	38,873	9	185	16,456	...	84,692
	Moradabad ...	7,340	1,21,111	...	1,264	30,349	...	1,60,064
	Shâhjahânpur,	9,192	29,784	...	85	16,644	...	55,705
	Total ...	1,30,222	2,85,928	9	2,143	1,06,887	4,123	5,29,312
KUMAUN.	Kumaun ...	10,365	67,298	4,992	2,148	31,765	...	1,16,568
	Garhwál ...	2,248	17,799	...	...	7,334	...	27,381
	Taráí ...	3,994	7,755	...	...	2,620	...	14,369
	Total ...	16,607	92,852	4,992	2,148	41,719	1	1,58,319
AGRA.	Agra ...	1,00,031	88,536	18	563	44,431	...	2,33,579
	Etah ...	16,059	25,234	...	3	18,489	...	59,735
	Etáwah ...	19,374	35,177	...	836	14,704	...	70,091
	Farukhabad ...	35,181	68,053	28	2,613	29,607	...	1,35,482
	Mainpuri ...	10,600	39,632	...	128	15,002	...	65,362
	Muttra ...	18,502	53,992	...	415	18,201	...	91,110
	Total ...	1,99,747	3,10,624	46	4,558	1,40,384	8,791	6,64,150
ALLAHABAD.	Allahabad ...	2,80,194	87,866	21,908	6,673	62,500	...	4,59,141
	Bánda ...	13,417	95,223	192	374	29,329	...	1,38,535
	Cawnpore ...	35,920	2,83,268	...	657	50,372	...	3,70,217
	Fatehpur ...	20,399	42,768	...	853	19,838	...	83,858
	Hamírpur ...	14,395	50,189	...	380	16,663	...	81,627
	Jaunpur ...	26,013	40,213	...	356	14,646	...	81,228
	Total ...	3,90,338	5,99,527	22,100	9,293	1,93,348	38,003	12,52,609
BENARES.	Azamgarh ...	26,901	40,529	6,124	123	18,357	...	92,034
	Basti ...	23,199	29,186	...	415	12,554	...	65,354
	Benares ...	39,755	42,228	...	1,141	21,328	...	1,04,452
	Gházipur ...	36,142	58,106	5,142	4,558	16,112	...	1,09,776
	Gorakhpur ...	40,832	46,996	5,038	346	38,524	...	1,31,736
	Mirzapur ...	19,102	85,125	...	583	26,442	...	1,31,252
	Total ...	1,85,931	3,02,170	6,020	7,166	1,33,317	5,924	6,28,680
JHÁNSI.	Jalaun ...	10,888	77,874	4,228	204	36,593	...	1,29,787
	Jhánsi ...	8,505	25,748	96	1,445	14,840	...	50,634
	Lalitpur ...	11,777	45,581	394	889	22,240	...	80,881
	Total ...	31,170	1,49,203	4,718	2,538	73,673	978	2,62,280
ROORKEE.	Workshops ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,25,075	1,25,075
	GRAND TOTAL,	10,62,119	21,18,199	67,485	33,412	8,30,480	1,74,108	42,85,803

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

4.—*Statement showing the Expenditure on Public Works from Appropriated Funds during the year* 1875-76.

Districts.	School Fund.	Chaukidári Fund.	Dispensary Fund.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bareilly	...	32,932	...	32,932
Basti	...	44,621	...	44,621
Bijnor	...	4,416	...	4,416
Bulandshahr	300	5,813	...	6,113
Budaun	3,300	74	...	3,374
Cawnpore	...	1,930	...	1,930
Etah	...	462	...	462
Farukhabad	...	5,287	...	5,287
Fatehpur	...	21,229	...	21,229
Gházipur	1,806	...	...	1,806
Gorakhpur	6,276	23,078	...	29,354
Meerut	9,490	23,980	...	33,470
Moradabad	4,676	...	...	4,676
Muzaffarnagar	442	17,731	...	17,289
Muttra	...	5,952	...	5,952
Saháranpur	...	44,274	...	44,274
Total	26,290	1,96,317	...	2,22,607
GANGES RIVER TOLL FUNDS.				
Maintaining and keeping open the river Ganges for navigation ...				27,226
GRAND TOTAL ...				2,49,833

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

5.—*Statement showing the Imperial Expenditure on Public Works incurred in the year* 1875-76.

Ordinary Expenditure.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.
MILITARY.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Buildings for the accommodation of Native troops ... Bánda ...	300	791	1,091	...	...	...
Gorakhpur,	57	2,861	2,918	...	...	...
Lalitpur ...	...	1,050	1,050	357	4,702	5,059
Stud buildings	470	10,100	10,570	470	10,100	10,570
Works of fortification ...	...	710	710	...	710	710
General Cantonment works ...	345	1,534	1,879	345	1,534	1,879
Compensation for quarters ...	...	401	401	...	401	401
Rest-house and encamping grounds,	1,068	100	1,168	1,068	100	1,168
Barrack Department ...	412	47	459	412	47	459
Total, Military ...				2,652	17,594	20,246
CIVIL BUILDINGS.						
Postal Department Buildings ...	69,079	5,395	74,474			
Telegraph ditto ditto ...	4,564	3,005	7,569			
Opium ditto ditto ...	32,246	14,995	47,241			
Thomason College ditto ...	28,390	10,230	38,620			
Customs ditto ...	20,235	...	20,235			
Mint and Currency ditto ...	4,553	...	4,553			
Total, Civil Buildings ...				1,59,067	33,625	1,92,692
Miscellaneous Public Improvements	23,000	...	23,000			
Total, Miscellaneous Public Improvements ...				23,000	...	23,000
Total, Original Works and Repairs ...				1,84,719	51,219	2,35,938
Establishment percentage on the above ... ... 5 per cent. on Rs.				2,35,938	11,797	
15 per cent. on „				1,87,438	28,115	39,912
Thomason College Educational Establishment ...				...	...	1,50,051
Ditto Press				...	...	32,286
Mr. Elliot's pay				...	...	2,133
Tools and Plant				...	...	7,936
Grand Total, Ordinary Rs. ...						4,68,256
Of this there was expended in India ...				...	...	4,63,865
Ditto ditto in England ...				...	...	2,815
Decrease in suspense				...	...	1,576
Total ...						4,68,256

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

6.—*Crops cultivated in acres, actual or approximate, during the official year* 1875-76.

Name of works.	Kharif.				Rabi.				Miscellaneous.					Total.
	Rice.	Cotton.	Indigo and other dyes.	Fodder crops.	Wheat.	Other food grain.	Oil-seeds.	Fibres.	Sugar.	Opium.	Other drugs.	Garden produce.	Miscellaneous.	
Ganges Canal ...	29,702	10,879	164,385	5,239	329,053	241,144	69	3,171	76,652	11,759	773	12,083	4,085	888,994
Eastern Jumna Canal ...	36,427	7,427	3,035	2,509	97,223	15,674	432	7	27,448	...	86	2,892	2,686	195,846
Dún Canals ...	5,328	...	...	...	3,606	1,6[illegible]7	183	...	454	..	654	537	...	12,399
Rohilkhand Canals ...	8,724	1	...	...	29,616	15,840	694	...	3,302	...	34	552	2	58,765
Bijnor Canals ...	46	...	...	...	1,666	210	...	47	1,076	...	...	...	...	3,045
Bundelkhand Canals ...	29	18	...	..	429	1,219	1	4	163	7	1	21	11	1,903
Agra Canal ...	48	3,414	596	177	9,905	11,948	1	2	403	...	84	584	73	27,235
Grand Total ...	80,304	21,739	168,016	7,925	471,4[illegible]8	287,672	1,380	3,231	109,498	11,766	1,632	16,669	6,857	11,88,187

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

7.—*Statement showing the Imperial Expenditure incurred on the Irrigation Branch, North-Western Provinces, for the official year* 1875-76.

Details.	*Total of each Canal.*			*Total of each Class.*		
	Original works.	Repairs	Total.	Original works	Repairs.	Total.
ORDINARY EXPENDITURE.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.
Ganges Canal ...	1,14,608	3,92,370	5,06,978	...	...	...
Eastern Jumna Canal ...	1,11,274	74,849	1,86,123	...	...	...
Dún Canals ...	10,130	7,488	17,618	...	...	...
Rohilkhand Canals ...	96,767	15,952	1,12,719	...	...	...
Bundelkhand Irrigation Works.	2,468	1,202	3,670	...	...	...
Ditto Survey ...	1,798	...	1,798	...	...	...
Eastern Ganges Canal ...	..	...	..	...	...	...
Agra Canal ...	97,578	66,918	1,64,496	...	...	...
Total ...	4,34,623	5,58,779	9,93,402	4,34,623	5,58,779	9,93,402
Establishment						8,68,178
Tools and Plant						30,137
Increase or decrease in stock balances ...						—91,094
Less receipts on capital account						9,023
Total, Ordinary Expenditure						17,91,600
EXTRAORDINARY EXPENDITURE.						
Ganges Canal ...	4,50,505	...	4,50,505	...	...	..
Lower Ganges Canal ...	17,77,026	...	17,77,026	...	...	...
Agra Canal ...	5,32,051	...	5,32,051	...	...	...
Total ...	27,59,582	...	27,59,582	27,59,582	...	27,59,582
Establishment						5,95,503
Tools and Plant						2,21,726
Increase in stock balances						1,29,527
Less receipts on capital account						9,478
Total, Extraordinary Expenditure						36,96,860
Grand Total, Ordinary and Extraordinary ...						54,88,460

ABSTRACT.

	Works and repairs.	Establishment.	Plant.	Suspense.	Receipt on capital account.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ordinary	9,93,402	8,68,178	30,137	— 91,094	— 9,023	17,91,600
Extraordinary ...	27,59,582	5,95,503	2,21,726	1,29,527	— 9,478	36,96,860
Other works for which neither capital nor revenue account is kept.	3,71,741	86,671	5,749	...	...	4,64,161
Total ...	41,24,725	15,50,352	2,57,612	38,433	— 18,501	59,52,621

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

8.—*Statement showing the Income and Expenditure of Reproductive Works in the Irrigation Branch, North-Western Provinces, for the official year* 1875-76.

Name of large works or class of minor works.	Whether received from Native Government, or wholly made by British Government.	*Capital expended by British Government.*		*Receipts and Expenditure during the year.*					
		In previous years.	During 1875-76.	Gross income received in cash.	Indirect revenue.	Shares of Establishment on repairs including plantations	Cost of repairs including Tools and Plant.	Charges for interest.	Net surplus or deficit.
1.	2.	3.	4	5.	6	7	8.	9.	10.
Imperial.	A. Restored. B. Wholly made by British Govt.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ganges Canal	B.	2,76,77,211	5,87,591	21,28,819	6,25,799	5,80,170	4,74,453	12,19,488	4,80,507
Eastern Jumna Canal ...	A.	21,94,695	1,22,737	5,92,488	2,21,524	1,28,508	1,91,766	99,718	4,84,030
Dún Canals	B.	5,96,607	9,423	36,016	15,951	13,485	11,904	26,786	—208
Agra Canal	B	64,48,635	7,10,386	37,089	...	15,381	67,807	3,04,071	—3,50,170
Agra Irrigation Works ...	A.	2,21,970	...	...	...	...	...	9,989	—9,989
Bijnor Canals... ...	B.	69,967	...	8,950	8,172	1,615	752	3,148	11,607
Rohilkhand Canals ...	B.	12,93,485	63,489	25,906	50,070	32,596	15,387	57,202	—29,209
Eastern Ganges Canal ...	B.	2,71,261	65	...	...	...	...	12,207	—12,207
Bundelkhand Survey ...	B.	2,75,453	21,822	...	...	...	...	12,964	—12,964
Ditto Irrigation ...	A.	82,574	...	4,595	1,299	2,655	3,670	3,369	—3,800
Lower Ganges Canal ...	B.	62,25,020	25,22,868	...	...	...	...	3,37,700	—3,37,700
Total, Imperial ...	...	4,53,56,878	40,38,381	28,33,863	9,22,825	7,74,410	6,75,739	20,86,642	2,19,897

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

1.—*Statement of Revenue Demands, Collections, and Balances in the N.-W. P. for Revenue year, 1st Oct., 1874, to 30th Sept., 1875.*

Districts.	Demands.	Collections.	Balances.	Particulars of Balances. Real: In train of liquidation.	Real: Doubtful.	Real: Irrecoverable.	Nominal.	Percentage of balances in columns 6, 7 and 8 on Demands.
1.	2.	3.	4	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Dehra Dún ...	63,372	63,084	288	228	...	...	60	·36
Saháranpur ...	11,73,503	11,72,054	1,449	...	...	1,234	215	·10
Muzaffarnagar,	11,83,567	11,78,431	5,136	..	...	167	4,969	·01
Meerut ...	21,77,915	21,76,651	1,264	...	..	...	1,264	...
Bulandshahr ...	12,40,860	12,31,413	9,447	...	...	...	9,447	...
Aligarh ...	21,36,129	21,29,193	6,936	5,289	...	...	1,647	·24
Kumaun ...	1,63,858	1,61,883	1,975	227	454	10	1,284	·42
Garhwál ...	95,579	94,714	865	720	..	145	...	·91
Tarái Parganas,	1,72,651	1,72,651	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bijnor ...	11,66,263	11,65,948	315	...	154	...	161	·01
Moradabad ...	12,22,004	12,20,193	1,811	38	...	...	1,773	...
Bareilly ...	10,28,191	10,26,473	1,718	173	...	...	1,545	·02
Budaun ...	20,69,940	20,37,322	32,618	2,629	992	...	28,997	·17
Sháhjahánpur,	11,76,728	11,15,879	60,849	6,942	49,232	...	4,675	4·7
Muttra ...	13,55,679	13,53,467	2,212	38	...	350	1,824	·03
Agra ...	19,35,691	19,33,589	2,102	...	...	...	2,102	...
Farukhabad ...	12,41,558	12,22,205	19,353	310	12,901	...	6,142	1·06
Mainpuri ...	12,76,163	12,61,541	14,622	3,538	10,884	...	200	1·13
Etáwah ...	13,25,793	12,96,046	29,747	417	29,321	...	9	2·24
Etah ...	9,17,801	9,03,201	14,600	8,707	108	4,882	903	1·06
Jalaun ...	9,00,287	8,98,814	1,473	1,473	...	...	...	·16
Jhánsi ...	4,46,850	4,12,853	33,997	9,984	22,358	137	1,518	7·26
Lalitpur ...	1,46,736	1,45,291	1,445	1,386	59	...	...	·98
Cawnpore ...	21,35,323	21,13,370	21,953	1,218	492	1,919	18,324	·16
Fatehpur ...	14,09,058	13,72,465	36,593	3,824	5,852	...	26,917	·68
Bánda ...	13,04,881	12,88,087	16,794	16,794	...	...	...	1·28
Allahabad ...	22,61,625	22,48,195	13,430	11,176	...	...	2,254	·48
Hamírpur ...	10,83,640	10,49,423	34,217	8,128	8,688	17,401	...	3·16
Jaunpur ...	12,50,447	12,43,602	6,845	6,437	...	...	408	·51
Gorakhpur ..	16,73,974	16,71,632	2,342	...	...	...	2,342	...
Basti ...	13,19,915	13,18,486	1,429	406	784	193	46	·10
Azamgarh ...	16,01,736	15,61,273	40,463	2,058	...	...	38,405	·13
Mirzapur ...	8,45,027	8,35,997	9,030	7,167	...	...	1,863	·84
Benares ...	8,93,947	8,92,389	1,558	...	...	...	1,558	...
Gházipur ...	15,12,408	14,84,814	27,594	...	807	...	26,787	·05
Total { 1874-75,	4,19,09,099	4,14,52,629	4,56,470	99,307	1,43,086	26,438	1,87,639	·64
Total { 1873-74,	4,16,78,401	4,12,82,108	4,81,293	2,17,157	68,770	80,953	1,14,413	·88

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

2.—*Statement of Demands, Collections, and Balances of Land Revenue, not on the Revenue Roll, for Revenue year* 1874-75.

Districts	Demands.	Collections	Balances.	Particulars of Balances. Real. In train of liquidation	Doubtful.	Irrecoverable	Nominal	Percentage of total Balances in columns 5, 6 and 7 on Demands.	Total Balances
1.	2.	3	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
Dehra Dún ...	10	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saharanpur ...	987	987	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar...	45,950	45,633	...	...	317	...	...	·68	317
Meerut ...	4,763	4,763	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bulandshahr ...	1,048	1,048	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aligarh ...	88	33	...	55	...	...	...	62·5	55
Kumaun ...	1,32,089	1,32,089	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Garhwál ...	366	365	...	1	...	...	...	·28	1
Tarái Parganas	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bijnor ...	22,403	22,403	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moradabad ...	1,871	1,871	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Budaun ...	1,238	1,238	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bareilly ...	3,678	1,369	...	79	...	374	1,856	12·32	453
Sháhjahánpur ...	492	467	...	25	...	...	...	5·08	25
Muttra ...	2,801	2,801	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra ...	1,110	1,110	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Farukhabad ...	1,900	1,900	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mainpuri ...	14	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Etáwah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Etah ...	19,889	19,819	...	...	...	...	70	...	...
Jalaun ...	1,874	1,608	...	266	...	...	...	14·19	266
Jhánsi ...	3,591	297	...	...	3,294	...	...	91·72	3,294
Lalitpur ...	401	401	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cawnpore	759	369	...	...	...	...	390	...	...
Fatehpur ...	2,440	2,440	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bánda ...	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Allahabad ...	2,567	2,097	...	470	...	...	...	18·31	470
Hamírpur ...	274	255	...	19	...	...	...	6·93	19
Jaunpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur ...	1,668	1,538	...	...	...	...	130	...	...
Basti ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Azamgarh ...	1,37,622	1,37,255	...	367	...	...	...	·26	367
Mirzapur ...	12,617	12,542	...	...	11	64	...	·59	75
Benares ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gházipur ...	3,170	2,861	...	109	200	...	...	9·74	309
Total 1874-75,	4,07,780	3,99,683	...	1,391	3,822	438	2,446	1·39	5,651
Total 1873-74,	3,78,583	3,72,835	...	1,687	79	...	3,982	·47	1,766

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

3.—*Statement of outstanding Balances for Revenue year* 1874-75.

Districts	Total outstanding balances at the beginning of the year.	Removed from accounts during the year.			Balance outstanding at the close of the year excluding those of the year under report.	Portion of the balances which is nominal and due to reduction on re-settlement.	Date of oldest balances in last column.
		Collected.	Remitted	Total.			
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7	8.
	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Dehra Dún ...	280	40	231	271	9	9	1st July, 1872, 1279 Fasli.
Sahárunpur ...	2,032	85	1,388	1,473	559	...	1872-73, Kharíf, 1279 FS.
Muzaffarnagar,	15,440	669	9,380	10,049	5,391	3,938	15th Nov., 1872, 1280 Fasli.
Meerut ...	2,850	807	2,031	2,838	12	...	Rabi 1281 FS, May, 1874.
Bulandshahr ...	15,263	51	8,013	8,964	7,199	...	30th Sept, 1874, 1281 FS.
Aligarh ...	2,045	554	159	713	1,332	696	30th September, 1870-71.
Kumaun ...	4,123	407	469	876	3,247	1,320	15th November, 1874-75.
Garhwál ...	482	482	...	482	...	...	...
Tarái Parganas,	947	947	...	947	...	...	.
Bijnor ...	8,125	179	7,722	7,901	224	...	15th May, 1860 Rabi 1267 Fasli.
Moradabad ...	8,369	2	7,437	7,439	930	...	1st May, 1860-61.
Budaun ...	2,941	...	2,941	2,941	...	...	...
Bareilly ...	54,016	1,681	10,360	12,041	41,975	36,317	25th April, 1870, 1277 FS.
Sháhjahánpur ...	7,134	2,538	2,253	4,801	2,333	2,137	30th September, 1870-71.
Muttra ...	3,926	...	3,589	3,589	337	337	15th Decr., 1874, 1282 FS.
Agra ...	927	200	727	927	...	...	...
Farukhabad ...	7,988	330	6,929	7,259	729	...	Rabi 1281 Fasli, 1st May, 1874.
Mainpuri ...	762	...	762	762	...	...	...
Etáwah ...	601	...	601	601	...	...	...
Etah ...	9,625	1,391	4,593	5,984	3,641	16	15th June, 1873, Rabi 1280 Fasli.
Jalaun ...	3,279	186	2,930	3,116	163	...	1873-74, 1st May, 1874.
Jhánsi ...	1,30,580	10,994	20,389	31,383	99,197	...	15th Dec., 1868-69.
Lalitpur ...	36,629	8,248	771	9,019	27,610	10,767	12th May, 1868, 1867-68.
Cawnpore ...	24,203	2,361	9,664	12,025	12,178	12,156	25th Jany., 1873, 1280 Fasli.
Fatehpur ...	41,687	30,160	8,898	39,058	2,629	...	Rabi 1279 Fasli, 28th June, 1872.
Bánda ...	36,944	18,840	...	18,840	18,104	...	30th June, 1872-73.
Allahabad ...	9,609	1,562	3,739	5,301	4,308	...	1st May, 1871, 1278 Fasli.
Hamírpur ...	12,317	2,608	450	3,058	9,259	...	1st May, 1872, 1871-72.
Jaunpur ...	11,280	9,690	...	9,690	1,590	...	30th Sept., 1873, 1872-73.
Gorakhpur ...	68,468	158	68,310	68,468	...	...	...
Basti ...	44,737	43,645	809	44,454	283	...	1st May, 1872-73.
Azamgarh ...	7,479	2,715	2,266	4,981	2,498	2,498	15th Nov., 1874, 1283 Fasli.
Mirzapur ...	74,479	72,616	1,863	74,479	...	...	...
Benares ...	1,877	...	1,877	1,877	...	...	...
Gházipur ...	42,602	19	27,842	27,861	14,741	...	30th September, 1872-73.
Total { 1874-75,	6,94,046	2,14,165	2,19,403	4,33,568	2,60,478	70,191	
Total { 1873-74,	4,81,434	83,233	1,65,272	2,48,505	2,12,929	18,468	

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

4.—Statement of Processes issued and Service Fees realized and disbursed for Revenue year 1874-75.

Districts.	Number of mahâls or groups of mahâls.	Number of processes issued.	Amount of service fees realized.	Disbursements.	Surplus.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
			Rs	Rs.	Rs.
Dehra Dún	446	94	65	40	20
Saháranpur ...	1,917	2,557	1,607	1,128	479
Muzaffarnagar ...	1,208	2,536	1,564	1,579	...
Meerut	2,055	2,436	1,366	555	811
Bulandshahr ...	1,988	1,367	846	705	141
Aligarh	2,053	3,295	1,858	285	1,573
Kumaun	3,574	3	3	3	...
Garhwál	4,417	...	20	12	8
Tarái Parganas ...	...	...	...	...	...
Bijnor	2,957	579	378	248	130
Moradabad	4 815	2,990	1,997	1,997	...
Budaun	2,147	1,478	814	534	280
Bareilly	4,344	4,355	2,648	2,166	479
Sháhjahánpur ...	3,070	1,263	750	892	...
Muttra	891	274	205	111	94
Agra	1,840	1,942	1,186	785	401
Farukhabad ...	2,263	3,730	2,482	2,153	326
Mainpuri	1,435	2,028	1,195	795	400
Etáwah	1,878	1,278	786	699	86
Etah	1,533	2,926	1,741	1,659	82
Jalaun	1,164	1,949	1,194	405	789
Jhánsi	618	1,202	729	801	...
Lalitpur	623	648	365	667	...
Cawnpore	2,906	2,447	1,528	1,347	181
Fatehpur	2,152	3,032	1,946	1,538	407
Bánda	1,515	2,304	1,309	830	467
Allahabad	4,420	1,094	687	571	116
Hamírpur	1,140	2,398	1,441	1,261	175
Jaunpur	1,726	6,122	3,891	3,372	415
Gorakhpur	7,539	7,945	4,915	3,568	1,347
Basti	4,714	2,982	2,053	1,735	318
Azamgarh	4,121	8,258	5,571	5,031	45
Mirzapur	1,723	1,713	1,177	890	286
Benares	1,380	704	467	429	38
Gházipur	4,481	2,190	1,305	1,290	15
Total ... 1874-75 ...	85,553	80,119	50,089	40,078	9,909
Total ... 1873-74 ...	80,315	85,591	55,554	39,104	15,706

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

5.—*Comparative Financial Statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the N.-W. Provinces for the year* 1875-76.

Receipts.	Actuals of 1873-74.	Actuals of 1874-75.	Budget estimate for 1875-76.	Actuals of 1875-76.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Land Revenue,	4,20,97,038	4,25,91,787	4,28,66,000	4,24,67,444
II.—Tributes and Contributions, &c.	...	...	...	...
III.—Forest ...	16,29,496	10,85,947	8,66,000	9,69,698
IV.—Excise on Spirits and Drugs.	19,52,800	20,36,059	20,05,000	22,36,143
V.—Assessed Taxes	3,944	634	...	662
VI.—Customs ..	4,21,338	3,59,013	3,80,000	3,92,033
VII.—Salt ...	42,24,066	47,66,122	46,40,000	52,85,097
IX.—Stamps ...	37,15,583	35,54,918	35,80,000	35,41,795
XI.—Post-office ...	8,66,445	8,82,024	9,50,000	9,13,509
XIII.—Law and Justice.	5,88,796	5,00,076	4,89,000	5,13,012
XV—Interest ...	68,605	95,812	97,000	1,27,909
XVI.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, &c.	5,625	3,955	3,000	23,662
XVII.—Gain by Exchange.	...	35,614	10,000	32,527
XVIII.—Miscellaneous Receipts.	1,34,875	1,08,918	70,000	1,89,935
Total Rs. ...	5,57,08,611	5,60,20,879	5,59,56,000	5,66,83,426

No	Disbursements.	Actuals of 1873-74.	Actuals of 1874-75.	Budget estimate for 1875-76.	Actuals of 1875-76.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
2	Interest on Service Funds and other accounts.	17,551	16,711	20,000	20,276
3	Refunds and Drawbacks.	3,62,383	1,15,972	1,60,000	1,45,847
4	Land Revenue ..	43,31,709	41,75,015	44,00,000	42,94,311
5	Forest ..	9,66,506	8,[illegible]5,876	6,36,000	5,37,914
6	Excise on Spirits and Drugs.	2,12,110	1,12,446	1,17,000	1,14,597
7	Assessed Taxes ...	1,415	...	...	...
9	Salt ...	5,67,756	5,86,360	...	...
11	Stamps ...	53,248	48,180	50,000	48,118
13	Post-office ...	8,47,556	8,80,827	8,78,000	9,18,507
15	Administration ...	12,32,073	12,06,784	11,90,000	12,55,192
16	Minor Departments,	1,07,488	1,02,905	48,700	45,759
17	Law and Justice ..	30,89,637	31,02,119	31,17,000	31,50,905
19	Ecclesiastical ...	1,79,510	1,93,699	1,90,000	1,95,609
20	Medical Services ...	2,83,850	2,76,352	2,80,000	2,92,486
21	Political Agencies,	35,164	36,793	30,000	32,806
22	Allowances and Assignments, &c	5,21,561	4,92,069	5,50,000	4,95,516
23	Superannuations, &c	5,45,512	5,41,274	5,95,000	5,81,102
25	Loss by exchange on transactions with London.	...	...	...	86
26	Miscellaneous ...	30,071	60,965	47,000	70,422
27	Allotments for Provincial Services	64,68,405	64,89,838	65,16,500	65,16,500
28	Famine Relief ...	...	7,78,558	...	...
	Total Rs. ...	1,98,53,505	2,00,72,743	1,88,25,200	1,87,15,953

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

6.—*Statement of Excise Demands, Collections and Balances for the revenue year* 1874-75.

Districts.	Abkári.	Opium.	Madak.	Drugs.	Total Demands.	Collections.	Balances.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dehra Dún ...	47,687	6,781	...	6,500	60,969	60,555	414
Sahárunpur ...	48,815	15,934	1,770	6,022	72,541	72,541	...
Muzaffarnagar ...	27,832	16,380	...	2,331	46,543	46,543	...
Meerut	62,915	26,075	2,250	10,950	1,02,190	1,02,175	15
Bulandshahr ...	12,382	20,449	...	4,197	37,028	37,048*	...
Aligarh	19,492	24,316	665	7,856	52,329	52,329	...
Kumaun ...	14,216	3,710	1,134	4,727	23,787	22,488	1,300
Garhwál ...	1,066	...	...	610	1,676	1,619	28
Taráï	22,134	...	...	3,153	25,287	25,287	...
Bijnor	18,219	10,491	...	4,675	33,385	33,385	...
Moradabad ...	33,971	18,515	341	5,683	58,510	58,501	9
Budaun ...	15,277	2,100	...	10,770	28,146	27,341	805
Bareilly ...	70,089	11,296	1,484	16,168	99,038	99,038	...
Sháhjahánpur ...	1,57,963	4,550	...	8,892	1,71,405	1,71,137	268
Muttra	7,930	27,641	217	6,764	42,582	42,582	...
Agra	35,649	26,163	2,956	13,446	78,212	78,212	...
Farukhabad ...	50,286	2,137	1,734	19,132	73,288	66,521	6,767
Mainpuri ...	15,704	1,945	140	7,230	25,020	25,007	13
Etáwah	10,740	1,890	182	7,981	20,793	20,793	...
Etah	12,875	4,016	5,258	6,945	23,836	23,832	4
Jalaun	7,598	4,900	...	2,552	15,050	14,975	75
Jhánsi	8,882	3,500	290	949	13,620	13,620	...
Lalitpur ...	5,231	1,365	153	353	7,101	7,101	...
Cawnpore ..	52,045	23,800	4,177	23,725	1,03,748	1,03,748	...
Fatehpur ...	17,716	2,896	656	7,025	28,293	28,293	...
Bánda	14,638	4,682	367	3,901	23,587	23,587	...
Allahabad ...	63,269	25,200	3,800	21,660	1,13,929	1,13,929	...
Hamírpur ...	11,459	5,635	...	3,400	20,494	20,466	28
Jaunpur ...	43,576	2,275	...	7,500	53,351	52,898	453
Gorakhpur ...	77,676	1,494	240	9,156	88,566	88,444	121
Basti	15,456	114	361	3,827	19,758	18,455	1,304
Azangarh ...	23,169	464	43	6,375	30,051	30,051	...
Mirzapur ...	85,172	7,525	450	21,816	1,14,963	1,14,463	500
Benares ...	1,74,642	36,225	5,050	51,000	2,66,917	2,66,917	...
Gházipur ...	74,197	1,190	332	11,250	86,969	86,035	934
Total ...	13,59,968	3,45,654	28,820	3,28,521	20,62,964	20,49,946	13,088

* 20 collected in excess.

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

7.—*Statement of net stamp revenue for the revenue year* 1874-75.

No.	Districts.	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Dehra Dún	24,340	30,520	33,168
2	Saháranpur	96,945	1,05,192	1,02,064
3	Muzaffarnagar ...	66,664	72,050	83,144
4	Meerut	1,64,961	1,49,382	1,20,731
5	Bulandshahr	74,902	77,757	82,785
6	Aligarh	1,78,552	1,84,355	1,90,894
7	Kumaun	40,302	52,531	65,844*
8	Garhwál	9,836	17,704	
9	Tarái Parganas ...	5,125	5,241	
10	Bijnor	57,192	69,879	84,649
11	Moradabad	1,83,055	2,01,168	2,12,469
12	Budaun	1,05,946	1,14,339	1,19,366
13	Bareilly	2,15,401	2,19,797	1,95,494
14	Sháhjahánpur ...	1,06,985	1,17,380	1,11,169
15	Muttra	95,387	84,837	86,061
16	Agra	1,65,821	1,70,717	2,02,752
17	Farukhabad	1,40,122	1,67,138	1,40,968
18	Mainpuri	96,705	1,08,316	1,13,040
19	Etáwah	50,467	54,998	51,844
20	Etah	91,473	1,02,241	84,412
21	Jalaun	35,134	40,026	44,510
22	Jhánsi	23,199	25,952	22,619
23	Lalitpur	6,994	7,717	7,660
24	Cawnpore	1,58,827	1,52,787	1,50,486
25	Fatehpur	30,811	37,628	26,801
26	Bánda	44,094	40,368	37,062
27	Allahabad	2,64,813	2,59,792	2,50,057
28	Hamírpur	23,947	24,317	25,222
29	Jaunpur	70,603	74,890	76,988
30	Gorakhpur	1,58,209	1,70,566	1,52,570
31	Basti	48,726	56,998	56,188
32	Azamgarh	1,15,004	1,36,659	1,30,119
33	Mirzapur	97,819	1,07,663	1,04,176
34	Benares	1,43,526	1,56,358	1,51,384
35	Gházipur	1,66,592	1,78,705	1,80,843
	Total ...	33,58,479	35,75,368	35,07,539

* Not shown separately for each district.

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS

1.—*Statement showing the deaths in the North-*

1.	2.	3.			4.		
Number.	District.	Population according to census of 1872			Number of deaths during the year.		
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1	Kumaun ...	231,146	201,742	432,888	4,797	3,953	8,750
2	Garhwál ...	155,745	154,537	310,282	3,658	2,991	6,649
3	Tarái ...	102,573	83,074	185,647	3,288	2,609	5,897
4	Bijnor ...	395,395	341,757	737,152	9,593	8,584	18,177
5	Moradabad ...	596,776	525,355	1,122,131	12,683	10,557	23,240
6	Bareilly ...	806,913	699,888	1,506,801	17,908	14,632	32,540
7	Sháhjahánpur,	511,136	438,335	949,471	13,033	10,811	23,844
8	Budaun ...	503,619	430,729	934,348	12,042	10,010	22,052
9	Dehra Dún ...	68,044	47,667	115,711	1,684	1,102	2,786
10	Saharanpur ...	484,508	399,274	883,782	11,346	9,022	20,368
11	Muzaffarnagar,	375,608	314,474	690,082	10,682	8,469	19,151
12	Meerut ...	685,404	588,510	1,273,914	19,038	14,524	33,562
13	Bulandshahr ...	493,682	442,911	936,593	15,561	13,497	29,061
14	Aligarh ...	577,263	495,845	1,073,108	15,975	12,373	28,348
15	Etah ...	382,746	320,739	703,485	9,893	8,188	18,081
16	Muttra ...	480,615	406,740	887,355	9,874	7,616	17,490
17	Farukhabad ...	499,722	419,026	918,748	11,399	9,210	20,609
18	Mainpuri ...	426,955	33,828	765,783	10,471	7,761	18,232
19	Agra ...	589,562	504,622	1,094,184	14,408	11,181	25,589
20	Etáwah ...	369,928	298,653	668,581	8,334	6,350	14,684
21	Cawnpore ...	619,118	536,321	1,155,439	14,366	12,424	26,790
22	Fatehpur ...	345,583	318,282	663,865	6,492	5,378	11,870
23	Jaunpur ...	545,700	480,169	1,025,869	10,413	7,919	18,332
24	Hamirpur ...	276,196	252,941	529,137	7,173	5,326	12,499
25	Bánda ...	359,765	337,846	697,611	8,556	6,766	15,322
26	Allahabad ...	715,110	679,135	1,394,245	12,852	10,372	23,224
27	Gorakhpur ...	1,078,072	941,278	2,019,350	23,350	16,742	40,092
28	Basti ...	784,691	688,303	1,472,994	11,128	8,894	20,022
29	Azamgarh ...	826,145	705,265	1,531,410	15,056	12,225	27,281
30	Gházipur ...	696,572	648,829	1,345,401	13,476	11,090	24,566
31	Benares ...	406,344	387,355	793,699	8,878	6,461	14,839
32	Mirzapur ...	520,496	494,797	1,015,293	12,609	10,003	22,612
33	Jalaun ...	216,607	187,777	404,384	5,621	4,067	9,688
34	Jhánsi ...	167,519	150,216	317,735	4,075	3,178	7,253
35	Lalitpur ...	111,625	101,003	212,628	4,367	3,624	7,991
	Total ...	16,406,833	14,362,223	30,769,056	373,582	297,909	671,491

AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

Western Provinces during the year 1875.

5.								6.	7.
Age at time of death.									
Infants.		Boys and girls.		Adults.		Old people.		Total.	Number.
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female	Male	Female.	Male.	Female.		
1,264	1,064	1,129	981	1,049	817	1,355	1,091	8,750	1
993	828	667	532	874	713	1,124	918	6,649	2
526	534	887	783	906	578	969	714	5,897	3
2,966	3,018	2,349	2,126	1,630	1,283	2,648	2,157	18,177	4
3,812	3,475	3,339	2,573	2,078	1,725	3,454	2,784	23,240	5
4,210	3,798	4,153	3,336	3,747	2,894	5,798	4,604	32,540	6
3,945	3,531	2,985	2,644	2,015	1,671	4,088	2,965	23,844	7
3,766	3,352	2,500	1,955	2,094	1,755	3,682	2,948	22,052	8
268	236	237	196	619	388	560	282	2,786	9
3,452	2,920	2,348	1,809	2,383	1,921	3,163	2,372	20,368	10
3,625	2,980	2,550	1,703	1,920	1,733	2,587	2,053	19,151	11
3,962	3,136	4,759	3,140	4,846	3,916	5,471	4,332	33,562	12
3,236	2,989	4,837	4,068	3,237	2,901	4,254	3,539	29,061	13
3,146	2,606	4,950	3,600	2,931	2,537	4,948	3,630	28,348	14
2,776	2,530	2,169	1,526	1,850	1,725	3,098	2,407	18,081	15
1,609	1,303	2,940	2,120	2,041	1,623	3,284	2,570	17,490	16
2,425	2,185	2,256	1,593	2,386	2,243	4,332	3,189	20,609	17
1,921	1,723	1,928	1,322	2,782	2,195	3,840	2,521	18,232	18
2,816	2,335	3,247	2,401	3,029	2,506	5,316	3,939	25,589	19
1,686	1,465	1,240	970	2,148	1,669	3,260	2,246	14,684	20
4,139	3,528	2,331	2,017	2,892	2,700	5,004	4,179	26,790	21
998	773	1,078	827	1,991	1,763	2,425	2,015	11,870	22
1,204	906	2,293	1,708	3,219	2,344	3,697	2,961	18,332	23
1,244	1,086	1,326	1,009	1,852	1,187	2,751	2,044	12,499	24
1,254	1,069	2,088	1,674	2,446	1,696	2,768	2,327	15,322	25
2,390	1,817	2,697	2,078	3,371	2,731	4,394	3,746	23,224	26
3,990	2,775	4,675	3,519	7,327	4,991	7,358	5,457	40,092	27
1,589	1,240	2,826	2,098	3,383	2,719	3,330	2,837	20,022	28
2,382	1,817	3,470	2,403	3,719	3,257	5,485	4,748	27,281	29
2,335	1,706	3,416	2,444	3,441	3,086	4,284	3,854	24,566	30
1,434	1,165	1,609	1,250	2,421	1,771	2,914	2,275	14,839	31
2,291	1,611	2,653	2,192	3,928	2,906	3,742	3,294	22,612	32
1,067	856	860	591	1,416	976	2,278	1,644	9,638	33
1,035	842	733	569	1,093	809	1,214	958	7,253	34
1,312	1,313	1,483	1,183	788	582	784	546	7,991	35
81,068	68,512	85,008	64,940	87,847	70,311	119,659	94,146	671,491	

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

2.—*Numerical Return of Patients treated in the Charitable Dispensaries of the North-Western Provinces for the year* 1875.

Number.	Districts.		Number treated.	Number cured.	Number died.	Number remaining at close of year.
1	Agra ...	In-door patients ...	1,521	1,115	169	51
		Out-door ditto ...	53,654	40,028	66	850
2	Allahabad ...	In-door patients ...	1,262	724	190	70
		Out-door ditto ...	45,266	16,978	65	1,036
3	Aligarh ...	In-door patients ...	900	818	39	23
		Out-door ditto ...	14,582	12,139	213	138
4	Almora ...	In-door patients ...	254	231	7	10
		Out-door ditto ...	5,678	4,461	...	124
5	Azamgarh ...	In-door patients ...	345	261	31	17
		Out-door ditto ...	13,519	7,912	147	86
6	Bánda ...	In-door patients ...	1,231	1,008	105	62
		Out-door ditto ...	10,693	8,370	29	182
7	Bareilly ...	In-door patients ...	1,506	1,060	110	46
		Out-door ditto ...	64,931	31,821	80	1,125
8	Benares ...	In-door patients ...	1,511	916	335	113
		Out-door ditto ...	74,191	34,744	66	1,965
9	Bijnor ...	In-door patients ...	447	399	69	3
		Out-door ditto ...	9,096	8,681	6	98
10	Bulandshahr ...	In-door patients ...	581	389	49	27
		Out-door ditto ...	14,922	10,640	81	91
11	Budaun ...	In-door patients ...	1,643	1,507	43	31
		Out-door ditto ...	49,989	45,486	140	459
12	Basti ...	In-door patients ...	555	417	46	27
		Out-door ditto ...	13,264	6,310	34	229
13	Cawnpore ...	In-door patients ...	612	351	143	32
		Out-door ditto ...	24,330	18,153	23	478
14	Dehra Dún ...	In-door patients ...	649	489	87	21
		Out-door ditto ...	19,676	14,935	7	327
15	Etah ...	In-door patients ...	559	471	36	16
		Out-door ditto ...	15,551	11,871	10	169
16	Etáwah ...	In-door patients ...	565	419	52	19
		Out-door ditto ...	14,933	11,451	23	199
17	Farukhabad ...	In-door patients ...	789	653	33	24
		Out-door ditto ...	19,732	13,604	16	281
18	Fatehpur ...	In-door patients ...	410	338	29	15
		Out-door ditto ...	4,863	4,720	17	66
19	Gházipur ...	In-door patients ...	466	295	56	16
		Out-door ditto ...	22,038	10,084	34	580
20	Gorakhpur ...	In door patients ...	460	282	46	25
		Out-door ditto ...	33,798	21,746	25	805
21	Hamírpur ...	In-door patients ...	378	247	46	20
		Out-door ditto ...	8,813	6,110	20	162

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

2.—*Numerical Return of Patients treated in the Charitable Dispensaries of the N.-W. Provinces for* 1875.

Number.	Districts.		Number treated.	Number cured.	Number died.	Number remaining at close of year.
22	Jhánsi ...	In-door patients ...	459	386	30	18
		Out-door ditto ...	4,650	3,448	1	90
23	Jaunpur ...	In-door patients ...	261	132	47	14
		Out door ditto ...	10,130	2,682	...	260
24	Lalitpur ...	In-door patients ...	247	208	18	20
		Out-door ditto ...	1,283	1,355	1	26
25	Meerut ...	In-door patients ...	787	587	133	35
		Out-door ditto ...	19,487	14,468	81	258
26	Mirzapur ...	In-door patients ...	582	371	80	21
		Out-door ditto ...	33,872	19,702	36	866
27	Moradabad ...	In-door patients ...	585	330	56	19
		Out-door ditto ...	39,603	11,282	22	452
28	Muzaffarnagar,	In-door patients ...	215	151	25	8
		Out-door ditto ...	7,945	7,060	15	50
29	Mussoorce ...	In-door patients ...	79	50	20	...
		Out-door ditto ...	2,140	1,608	2	41
30	Muttra ...	In-door patients ...	421	258	63	9
		Out-door ditto ...	21,003	13,930	62	167
31	Mainpuri ...	In-door patients ...	424	307	45	11
		Out-door ditto ...	6,500	2,373	...	52
32	Naini Tal ...	In-door patients ...	157	125	21	...
		Out-door ditto ...	4,387	3,752	8	19
33	Orai ...	In-door patients ...	601	430	83	26
		Out-door ditto ...	17,862	11,485	89	282
34	Roorkee ...	In-door patients ...	279	214	44	6
		Out-door ditto ...	4,323	2,059	3	67
35	Saháranpur ...	In-door patients ...	606	456	41	21
		Out-door ditto ...	24,607	10,642	63	292
36	Sháhjahánpur ...	In-door patients ...	936	610	72	31
		Out-door ditto ...	18,066	7,971	36	252
37	Bhábar ...	In-door patients ...	94	64	18	5
		Out-door ditto ...	7,551	3,844	1	48
38	Káshipur ...	In-door patients ...	161	100	30	...
		Out-door ditto ...	5,602	978	...	17
39	Garhwál Pilgrim Hospital.	In-door patients ...	604	531	56	1
		Out-door ditto ...	7,106	5,759	7	44
	Total ...	In-door patients ...	24,129	17,660	2,609	887
		Out-door ditto ...	769,636	465,102	1,529	12,788

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

3.—Statement showing the number of In-door and Out-door Patients and the diseases for which they were treated in the Dispensaries of the N.-W. Provinces during 1875.

Number.	Districts.		Fever.	Cholera.	Rheumatism.	Syphilis.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Other diseases.	Total.
1	Agra ...	In-door patients ...	111	9	26	131	54	45	1,145	1,521
		Out-door ditto ...	8,431	199	2,643	884	1,126	1,445	38,926	53,654
2	Allahabad ...	In-door patients ...	118	6	63	83	56	95	841	1,262
		Out-door ditto ...	7,694	65	2,617	1,064	1,617	2,008	30,001	45,266
3	Aligarh ...	In-door patients ...	72	5	32	28	23	33	707	900
		Out-door ditto ...	1,868	632	613	311	323	490	10,345	14,582
4	Almora ...	In-door patients ...	42	...	10	5	9	21	167	254
		Out-door ditto ...	948	...	223	81	177	129	4,120	5,678
5	Azamgarh ...	In-door patients ...	6	...	12	11	14	8	294	345
		Out-door ditto ...	1,718	1,216	1,374	382	734	506	7,589	13,519
6	Bánda ...	In-door patients ...	115	...	35	60	56	28	937	1,231
		Out-door ditto ...	2,218	8	797	369	233	194	6,874	10,693
7	Bareilly ...	In-door patients ...	200	...	36	48	43	38	1,141	1,506
		Out-door ditto ...	9,471	52	3,498	947	1,010	2,653	41,300	64,931
8	Benares ...	In-door patients ...	115	75	46	70	146	122	937	1,511
		Out-door ditto ...	6,858	296	6,707	2,241	1,908	1,866	54,315	74,191
9	Bhábar ...	In-door patients ...	32	...	8	6	5	5	38	94
		Out-door ditto ...	2,120	6	265	73	213	141	4,733	7,551
10	Káshipur ...	In-door patients ...	23	...	5	5	14	5	109	161
		Out-door ditto ...	1,574	1	172	222	162	94	3,377	5,602
11	Bijnor ...	In-door patients ...	97	...	7	2	22	50	269	447
		Out-door ditto ...	1,893	16	403	33	388	365	5,998	9,096
12	Bulandshahr ...	In-door patients ...	70	6	14	11	30	22	425	578
		Out-door ditto ...	2,775	368	535	140	429	401	10,274	14,922

13	Budaun ...	In-door patients ...	103	8	46	26	38	74	1,288	1,643
		Out-door ditto ...	8,431	805	2,129	398	1,041	2,871	34,314	49,989
14	Basti ...	In-door patients ...	43	15	17	62	25	5	388	555
		Out-door ditto ...	1,054	67	911	469	253	123	10,387	13,264
15	Cawnpore ...	In-door patients ...	19	22	14	35	39	75	408	612
		Out-door ditto ...	4,213	98	718	627	676	841	17,157	24,330
16	Dehra Dún ...	In-door patients ...	102	93	20	11	38	78	307	649
		Out-door ditto ...	3,061	71	534	480	663	854	14,013	19,676
17	Etah ...	In-door patients ...	32	9	12	6	9	14	477	559
		Out-door ditto ...	2,362	99	926	297	269	672	10.926	15,551
18	Etáwah ...	In-door patients ...	40	3	6	58	7	27	424	565
		Out-door ditto ...	3,189	48	855	419	350	523	9,549	14,933
19	Farukhabad ...	In-door patients ...	64	7	20	5	17	38	638	789
		Out-door ditto ...	2,840	119	1,256	378	217	1,013	13,909	19,732
20	Fatehpur ...	In-door patients ...	32	9	2	19	6	8	334	410
		Out-door ditto ...	585	61	185	293	56	83	3,600	4,863
21	Gházipur ...	In-door patients ...	18	4	13	35	19	27	340	456
		Out-door ditto ...	1,821	107	1,548	901	805	649	16,207	22,038
22	Gorakhpur ...	In-door patients ...	32	1	13	64	32	2	316	460
		Out-door ditto ...	2,224	89	2,438	995	576	575	26,901	33,798
23	Hamírpur ...	In-door patients ...	48	11	11	38	20	8	242	378
		Out-door ditto ...	1,435	5	420	233	256	138	6,326	8,813
24	Jhánsi ...	In-door patients ...	72	1	14	42	22	34	274	459
		Out-door ditto ...	1,554	1	241	108	46	76	2,624	4,650
25	Jaunpur ...	In-door patients ...	11	8	5	7	10	15	205	261
		Out-door ditto ...	1,359	7	932	212	360	356	6,904	10,130
26	Lalitpur ...	In-door patients ...	72	...	12	5	5	4	149	247
		Out-door ditto ...	361	...	125	14	21	15	747	1,283
27	Meerut ...	In-door patients ...	77	23	27	17	35	57	551	787
		Out-door ditto ...	4,311	194	780	199	710	1,048	12,245	19,487
28	Mirzapur ...	In-door patients ...	55	9	22	45	27	30	394	582
		Out-door ditto ...	6,376	52	2,033	925	995	1,339	22,152	33,872
29	Moradabad ...	In-door patients ...	32	...	8	13	22	5	505	585
		Out-door ditto ...	3,250	156	2,333	784	1,039	1,256	30,785	39,603
30	Muzaffarnagar	In-door patients ...	22	2	4	3	17	3	174	215
		Out-door ditto ...	1,053	126	660	114	179	104	5,709	7,945
31	Muttra ...	In-door patients ...	30	4	4	11	39	4	329	421
		Out-door ditto ...	2,243	105	1,631	743	385	823	15,073	21,003

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

3.—*Statement showing the number of In-door and Out-door Patients and the diseases for which they were treated in the Dispensaries of the N.-W. P., during* 1875—(concluded).

Number.	Districts.		Fever.	Cholera.	Rheumatism.	Syphilis.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Other diseases.	Total.
32	Mainpuri ...	In-door patients ...	21	11	4	14	8	11	355	424
		Out-door do. ...	1,447	211	415	127	183	283	3,834	6,500
33	Naini Tal ...	In-door patients ...	65	...	2	2	5	3	80	157
		Out-door do. ...	700	...	347	146	107	64	3,023	4,387
34	Mussoorie ...	In-door patients ...	7	28	1	1	4	1	37	79
		Out-door do. ...	346	...	285	61	34	50	1,364	2,140
35	Orai ...	In-door patients .	53	9	19	48	48	8	416	601
		Out-door do. ...	2,463	229	1,006	401	526	449	12,788	17,862
36	Roorkee ...	In-door patients ...	29	2	2	8	8	4	226	279
		Out-door do. ..	748	3	234	79	81	82	3,096	4,323
37	Saháranpur ...	In-door patients ...	14	4	1	11	6	8	562	606
		Out-door do. ...	2,245	150	1,664	442	615	316	19,175	24,607
38	Sháhjahánpur ...	In-door patients ...	48	2	11	18	18	16	823	936
		Out-door do. ...	2,680	33	1,187	352	520	676	12,618	18,066
39	Srinagar ...	In-door patients ...	149	2	55	9	66	54	269	604
		Out-door do. ...	1,107	2	539	115	175	145	5,023	7,106
	Total ...	In-door patients ...	2,341	388	659	1,073	1,062	1,085	17,521	24,129
		Out-door do. ...	111,226	5,679	46,197	17,059	19,458	25,716	544,301	769,636

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

4.—*Statement showing the Income and Expenditure of the Government Dispensaries in the North-Western Provinces.*

Number.	Dispensaries.	Receipts from Government.			Local Receipts.			Total local receipts.			Establishment charges by Government.		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Agra ...	13,774	1	6	4,349	4	4	18,123	5	10	6,305	7	5
2	Allahabad ...	14,775	5	1	10,029	15	0	23,805	4	1	11,387	15	7
3	Aligarh ...	3,638	8	3	2,883	2	1	6,521	10	4	4,051	1	9
4	Almora ...	1,450	12	8	965	12	9	2,306	9	5	1,125	2	0
5	Azamgarh ...	2,896	14	11	1,735	7	7	4,632	6	6	2,753	0	6
6	Banda ...	3,084	0	0	2,239	12	10	5,324	7	6	2,796	8	0
7	Bareilly ...	5,852	10	4	7,904	5	6	13,756	15	10	5,913	1	0
8	Benares ...	8,813	0	10	9,077	11	2	17,890	15	5	10,257	11	10
9	Bhábar ...	1,274	12	7	462	14	7	1,737	11	2	1,298	0	0
10	Káshipur ..	1,424	0	0	323	4	5	1,747	4	5	1,757	14	0
11	Bijnor ..	1,871	8	10	1,676	0	0	3,547	8	10	2,177	13	6
12	Bulandshahr...	3,954	5	3	4,138	12	6	8,093	1	9	4,626	5	4
13	Budaun ...	4,553	6	9	5,206	13	2	8,760	15	11	4,682	8	0
14	Basti ...	3,413	1	5	3,833	5	9	7,246	7	2	3,424	12	11
15	Cawnpore ...	5,157	8	8	3,868	2	2	9,025	10	10	4,031	9	11
16	Dehra Dún ..	2,200	15	0	1,763	8	3	3,964	7	3	1,584	0	0
17	Etah ...	4,630	8	10	2,030	4	5	6,660	13	3	4,934	14	7
18	Etáwah ...	4,360	9	6	2,149	15	5	6,510	9	3	3,231	6	0
19	Farukhabad ...	3,228	12	6	3,797	10	8	7,026	7	2	3,998	7	8
20	Fatehpur ...	1,752	11	7	1,544	6	9	3,297	2	4	1,830	0	0
21	Gházipur ..	4,292	3	7	3,707	9	5	7,999	13	0	3,615	13	0
22	Gorakhpur ...	6,235	2	8	4,903	12	0	11,138	14	8	6,002	0	0
23	Hamírpur ...	2,861	0	0	2,052	9	10	4,913	13	3	2,735	0	0
24	Jhansi ...	2,163	5	2	8,448	0	0	3,007	13	2	2,160	0	0
25	Jaunpur ...	2,423	7	9	959	8	3	3,383	0	0	2,587	5	6
26	Lalitpur ...	967	10	5	631	15	4	1,599	9	9	972	0	0
27	Meerut ...	5,642	4	3	3,001	6	9	8,625	11	0	5,613	6	0
28	Mirzapur ...	5,719	0	7	3,545	9	6	9,264	10	1	6,243	8	0
29	Moradabad ...	3,976	14	4	2,903	11	9	6,880	10	1	4,212	6	0
30	Muzaffarnagar	3,482	8	0	1,278	1	9	4,760	9	5	3,159	3	6
31	Mussoorie ...	720	0	0	1,048	8	3	1,768	8	3	926	0	0
32	Muttra ...	3,122	2	2	3,326	0	5	6,448	2	7	3,356	0	0
33	Mainpuri ...	1,625	4	0	1,009	6	10	2,634	10	10	1,638	0	0
34	Naini Tal ...	1,929	12	7	1,425	10	11	3,355	7	6	1,479	4	0
35	Orai ...	4,187	3	3	3,527	14	6	7,715	1	9	4,318	5	2
36	Roorkee ...	3,133	8	1	1,333	5	0	4,466	13	1	2,850	3	7
37	Saháranpur ...	4,354	6	0	3,773	9	0	8,127	15	0	4,632	4	2
38	Sháhjahánpur	3,388	4	4	2,678	14	0	6,067	2	4	3,628	6	8
39	Garhwál ...	600	0	0	7,142	0	0	7,742	0	0	5,805	11	10
	Total ...	1,52,883	8	0	1,18,056	12	0	2,70,940	4	0	1,53,149	14	4

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

4.—*Statement showing the Income and Expenditure of the Government Dispensaries in the North-Western Provinces*—(concluded.)

Number.	Dispensaries.	Medicines and diet.			Other contingencies.			Total expenditure		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Agra ...	5,245	3	8	1,103	8	3	6,254	3	4
2	Allahabad ...	6,743	6	11	3,500	10	9	17,908	11	3
3	Aligarh ...	1,153	13	3	1,193	10	2	6,398	9	2
4	Almora ...	684	2	7	697	12	3	2,509	0	10
5	Azamgarh ...	808	6	9	2,118	2	10	5,869	10	1
6	Bánda ...	2,275	3	4	1,061	2	8	6,182	14	0
7	Bareilly ...	2,659	0	2	2,214	13	2	10,951	10	11
8	Benares ...	4,291	0	5	3,688	9	3	18,237	14	6
9	Bhábar ...	393	13	2	45	14	0	1,737	11	2
10	Káshipur ...	177	1	7	118	6	7	2,053	6	2
11	Bijnor ...	319	3	10	711	11	1	3,383	6	7
12	Bulandshahr ...	1,273	12	1	3,077	0	2	8,977	1	7
13	Budaun ...	2,303	11	4	1,597	7	5	8,583	10	9
14	Basti ...	1,561	5	4	1,981	2	2	6,867	14	5
15	Cawnpore ...	2,282	14	10	1,199	1	10	8,344	0	7
16	Dehra Dún ...	1,277	12	1	848	0	6	3,709	12	7
17	Etah ...	911	8	3	490	9	11	6,337	15	11
18	Etáwah ...	2,528	0	4	345	14	1	6,105	4	5
19	Farukhabad ...	1,034	14	4	646	13	9	5,680	13	9
20	Fatehpur ...	465	1	6	301	7	7	2,596	9	1
21	Gházipur ...	1,560	2	11	1,637	9	3	7,443	9	2
22	Gorakhpur ...	2,445	4	6	2,165	14	1	10,613	5	7
23	Hamírpur ...	1,110	8	9	382	5	0	4,227	14	0
24	Jhánsi ...	586	8	0	274	15	0	3,021	7	2
25	Jaunpur ...	555	12	10	265	10	8	3,407	13	0
26	Lalitpur ...	432	1	3	48	9	1	1,452	10	4
27	Meerut ...	1,867	6	10	621	6	7	7,372	3	4
28	Mirzapur ...	1,343	6	4	1,345	6	1	9,032	4	11
29	Moradabad ...	1,408	14	11	626	0	11	6,247	0	10
30	Muzaffarnagar ...	1,027	5	4	658	12	4	4,875	5	2
31	Mussooric ...	67	2	0	569	6	10	1,562	8	10
32	Muttra ...	1,071	15	8	2,036	11	0	6,464	10	8
33	Mainpuri ...	511	9	7	320	6	5	2,470	0	0
34	Naini Tal ...	931	1	9	114	15	11	2,525	5	8
35	Orai ..	1,551	6	1	1,810	12	0	7,680	7	3
36	Roorkee ...	434	9	5	961	0	3	4,275	13	3
37	Saháranpur ...	2,007	2	6	1,397	1	6	8,036	8	5
38	Sháhjahánpur ...	1,521	5	4	851	15	10	6,001	11	10
39	Garhwál ...	696	11	6	979	15	10	7,482	7	2
	Total ...	60,586	7	1	43,826	2	4	2,57,562	7	9

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

5.—*Statement showing particulars of Vaccination in the North-Western Provinces, during the year* 1875-76.

Number.	Districts	Total number vaccinated.	Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Unknown.
1	Kumaun Hills ...	43,864	18,705	21,229	3,930
2	Garhwál do ...	35,085	26,662	7,123	1,300
3	Taráí district ...	8,240	5,626	1,800	814
4	Bareilly	31,083	26,692	2,560	1,831
5	Budaun	19,151	16,941	1,260	950
6	Moradabad ...	21,585	18,302	2,111	1,172
7	Sháhjahánpur ...	15,168	13,090	1,312	766
8	Bijnor	23,970	19,653	2,385	1,932
9	Dehra Dún ...	3,775	3,334	326	115
10	Saháranpur ...	22,268	19,583	1,536	1,149
11	Muzaffarnagar ...	10,815	9,047	1,101	667
12	Meerut	20,552	18,160	1,271	1,121
13	Bulandshahr ...	16,357	13,326	1,781	1,250
14	Aligarh	19,749	16,676	2,125	948
15	Muttra	12,346	11,191	707	448
16	Agra	14,113	12,102	1,081	930
17	Etah	6,528	5,593	450	485
18	Mainpuri ...	9,232	7,816	1,101	315
19	Etáwah	8,941	7,669	836	436
20	Farukhabad ...	7,965	7,078	590	297
21	Country of Taráí Garhwál.	4,491	3,997	404	90
22	Benares	10,384	9,471	591	322
23	Mirzapur ...	7,381	6,595	512	274
24	Gházipur ...	17,345	15,465	1,214	666
25	Azamgarh ...	11,608	10,104	1,009	495
26	Gorakhpur ...	15,956	12,700	1,937	1,319
27	Basti	29,964	8,787	540	637
28	Jaunpur	9,751	7,455	1,531	765
29	Allahabad ...	8,690	5,909	1,386	1,395
30	Fatehpur ...	10,575	5,957	2,440	2,178
31	Cawnpore ...	28,012	21,651	3,648	2,713
32	Bánda	8,492	5,345	1,761	1,386
33	Hamirpur ...	10,262	7,276	1,720	1,264
34	Jalaun	15,183	11,650	2,112	1,421
35	Jhánsi	5,261	3,395	853	1,013
36	Lalitpur	4,373	2,741	843	789
	Total ...	529,207	416,262	75,298	37,649

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

6.—*Statement showing Expenditure of Vaccination Department in the North-Western Provinces, during the year* 1875-76.

Number.		Expended
1.	2	3
1	*Superintendent-General, North-Western Provinces.*	Rs. a. p.
	Paid by Government	19,144 0 7
2	*Kumaun Division.*	
	Paid by Government	2,424 0 0
	Ditto by Municipality	232 0 0
	Ditto by Local Funds	908 0 0
3	*Rohilkhand Division*	
	Paid by Government	9,195 0 0
	Ditto by Municipality	2,024 0 0
	Ditto by Local Funds	304 0 0
4	*Agra and Meerut Divisions.*	
	Paid by Government	27,289 0 9
	Ditto by Municipality	3,656 0 0
	Ditto by Local Funds	1,698 0 0
	Ditto by Native Chiefs	660 0 0
5	*Benares Division.*	
	Paid by Government	20,515 13 0
	Ditto by Municipality	1,044 0 0
	Ditto by Local Funds	92 0 0
	Ditto by Native Chiefs	828 0 0
6	*Allahabad and Jhánsi Divisions.*	
	Paid by Government	25,538 1 3
	Ditto by Municipality	1,380 0 0
	Ditto by Local Funds	332 0 0
	Ditto by Native Chiefs	276 0 0
	Abstract.	
A.	Paid by Government	1,04,105 15 7
B.	Ditto by Municipality	8,836 0 0
C.	Ditto by Local Funds	3,334 0 0
D.	Ditto by Native Chiefs	1,758 0 0
	Total	1,17,533 15 7

VII.—INSTRUCTION.

THE UNIVERSITY.

1.—*Result of the Examinations of the University of Calcutta for the official year beginning from 1st April, 1875, and ending 31st March, 1876.*

Nature of Examination.	Number of institutions sending up candidates.			Number of candidates sent up.				Number of candidates passed.				Religious or national classification of passed candidates.					
												Natives of India.					
	Government Institutions.	Private Institutions.	Total.	From Government Institutions.	From private Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	From Government Institutions.	From private Institutions.	Private students.	Total	Christians.	Hindus.	Musalmans.	Others.		Europeans.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13	14	15	16.	17.	18.
Entrance or Matriculation ...	13	20	33	135	91	7	233	81	37	2	120	10	100	10	...	...	...
LAW. First Arts ...	4	3	7	57	11	5	73	34	5	2	41	1	38	1	1	...	...
LAW. Bachelor of Arts ...	4	...	4	26	...	3	29	11	...	1	12	1	10	1	...	...	..
LAW. Master of Arts ...	1	...	1	2	...	..	2	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
LAW. Licentiate of Law ...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
LAW. Bachelor of Law ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
LAW. Doctor of Law ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
MEDICINE. First L. M. S. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
MEDICINE. L. M. S. ...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
MEDICINE. First B. M. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
MEDICINE. B. M. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
MEDICINE. M. D. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ENGINEERING. First L. C. E. ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ENGINEERING. L. C. E. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ENGINEERING. B. C. E. ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ENGINEERING. M. C. E. ...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	22	23	45	220	102	15	337	127	42	5	174	13	148	12	1	...	...

2.—*Return of Colleges and Schools and the Scholars attending*
ending 31*st*

Class of Institution.	Government				
	Number of Institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	*Number of scholars on 31st March learning through*	
				English.	Vernacular only.
1.	2.	3.	4	5.	6.
Colleges or Departments of Colleges affiliated to the University.					
Arts	4	208	170·86	208	...
Law	1	46	40 95	27	19
Medicine	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering	1	243	233 00	88	155
Colleges not affiliated to the University.					
Madrassa (Sanskrit and Anglo-Sanskrit Department)	1	349	289 10	31	318
Medical School, Vernacular ...	1	69	84·00	...	69
Normal Schools.					
For Masters	4	239	228·91	...	239
For Mistresses	3	46	39·80	...	46
Schools of Arts or other Technical Schools.					
Industrial School	...	...	...	...	...
Schools for Boys.					
Higher Schools ... English ...	15	3,395	2,773·79	3,301	94
Higher Schools ... Oriental ...	...	...	...	...	...
Middle Schools teaching through English ...	13	1,379	1,120·83	1,346	33
Middle Schools teaching through Vernacular only,	245	16,877	13,792 32	...	16,877
Lower Primary Schools	4,142	147,476	116,168·55	121	147,355
Schools for Girls.					
For Natives of India	325	7,192	5,705 20	...	7,192
For Europeans and others ...	...	...	...	...	...
Mixed Schools (boys and girls) ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	4,755	177,519	140,647·31	5,122	172,397

TRUCTION.

them for the official year beginning from 1*st April*, 1875, *and March*, 1876.

Institutions.				Aided Institutions.								
Religious or national classification of scholars on 31st March.							*Number of scholars on 31st March learning through*		*Religious or national classification of scholars on 31st March.*			
Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Number of Institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	English.	Vernacular only.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.
7.	8	9.	10	11	12.	13.	14	15.	16.	17	18.	19.
6	183	19	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	32	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
76	116	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	349	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	24	42	..	1	15	15·00	15	...	15	...	...	...
...	197	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
...	35	11	..	1	52	42·50	50	2	52	...	...	..
...	...	...	...	2	95	89·00	...	27	95	...	...	...
21	2,751	621	2	23	5,303	4,231·59	4,919	384	509	3,815	957	22
...	...	...	...	2	177	149 00	15	162	...	57	120	...
6	1,129	242	2	115	7,887	6,375 00	6,436	1,451	903	5,408	1,543	33
6	12,846	3,947	78	10	870	698·00	96	774	101	505	263	1
...	125,681	21,795	...	64	2,487	1,935·00	1,108	1,379	169	1,952	317	49
..	5,843	1,349	...	167	4,897	4,025·00	468	4,429	889	2,130	1,834	44
...	...	...	..	4	222	184·00	222	...	222	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	2	495	467·00	215	280	406	56	4	29
119	149,186	28,132	82	391	22,500	18,211·09	13,544	8,888	3,361	13,923	5,038	178

VII.—IN

2.—*Return of Colleges and Schools and the scholars attending them* 31*st March,*

Class of Institution.	Unaided				
	Number of Institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	*Number of scholars on 31st March learning through*	
				English.	Vernacular only.
1.	20.	21.	22.	23	24.
Colleges or Departments of Colleges affiliated to the University.					
Arts	...	...	...	...	...
Law	...	...	...	...	...
Medicine	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering	...	...	...	...	...
Colleges not affiliated to the University.					
Madrassa (Sanskrit and Anglo-Sanskrit Department).	...	...	...	...	...
Medical School, vernacular	...	...	...	...	...
Normal Schools.					
For Masters	...	...	...	...	...
For Mistresses	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of Arts or other Technical Schools.					
Industrial School	...	...	...	...	...
Schools for Boys.					
Higher Schools { English	5	553	421·14	553	...
Higher Schools { Oriental	1	100	99·00	...	100
Middle Schools teaching through { English ...	30	1,087	804·73	1,087	...
Middle Schools teaching through { Vernacular only	112	3,771	3,100·41	...	3,771
Lower Primary Schools	4,736	56,298	45,421·45	...	56,298
Schools for Girls.					
For Natives of India	39	566	402·00	...	566
For Europeans and others	...	...	...	...	...
Mixed Schools (boys and girls) ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	4,923	62,375	50,248·73	1,640	60,735

STRUCTION.

for the official year beginning from 1st April, 1875, and ending 1876.—(concluded).

Institutions.				Grand Total of					
Religious or national classification of scholars on 31st March.				Grand total of Institutions.	Grand total of scholars on 31st March	*Religious or national classification of scholars on 31st March.*			
Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans	Others.			Christians.	Hindus	Muhammadans.	Others.
25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32.	33.	34.
...	...	...	...	4	208	6	183	19	...
...	...	...	...	1	46	1	32	13	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	1	243	76	116	51	...
...	...	...	...	1	349	...	349	...	...
...	...	...	...	2	84	18	24	42	...
...	...	...	...	4	239	...	197	42	...
...	...	...	...	4	98	52	35	11	...
...	...	...	...	2	95	95	...	...	...
227	251	75	...	43	9,251	757	6,817	1,653	24
...	100	...	...	3	277	...	157	120	...
35	823	229	...	158	10,353	944	7,360	2,014	35
...	1,573	2,198	...	367	21,518	107	14,924	6,408	79
24	37,783	18,541	...	8,942	206,261	193	165,366	40,653	49
194	143	229	...	531	12,655	1,083	8,116	3,412	44
...	...	...	...	4	222	222	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	2	495	406	56	4	29
480	40,623	21,272	...	10,069	262,394	3,960	203,732	54,442	260

3.—*Statement showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Educational beginning from 1st April, 1875,*

Nature of Establishment.		Grants from Provincial Revenues.	Local rates or cesses.	Endowments.
1.		2	3.	4.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
University		...	...	...
Direction		45,539	...	...
Inspection		1,73,119	...	...
Colleges or Departments of Colleges affiliated to the University.				
Arts		1,40,334	...	4,786
Law		10,800	...	120
Medicine		...	...	...
Engineering		1,48,241	...	1,800
Colleges or Departments of Colleges not affiliated to the University.				
Madrassa (Sanskrit and Anglo-Sanskrit Department), Government.		22,670	...	...
Medical school, vernacular ...	Government ...	20,056	...	...
	Aided ...	600	...	...
Normal Schools.				
For Masters ...	Government ...	33,358	...	135
	Aided ...	...	...	...
For Mistresses ...	Government ...	5,012	...	...
	Aided ...	2,400	...	...
Schools of Arts.				
Other Technical Schools (industrial).	Government ...	...	...	...
	Aided ...	720	...	943
Schools for Boys.				
Higher class (English) ...	Government ...	1,68,962	...	4,017
	Aided ...	74,287	...	2,959
Ditto (oriental) ...	Aided ...	1,320	...	...
Middle class (English) ...	Government ...	42,615	...	352
	Aided ...	63,133	...	395
Ditto (vernacular) ...	Government ...	79,791	...	1,418
	Aided ...	1,405	...	325
Lower class, primary ...	Government ...	3,183	4,42,273	...
	Aided ...	4,290	...	449
Schools for Girls.				
For Natives of India ...	Government ...	28,478	...	...
	Aided ...	23,441	...	62
For Europeans and others ...	Aided ...	11,880	...	339
Mixed schools (boys and girls) ...	Ditto ...	6,000	...	...
Scholarships.				
In Colleges	Government ...	15,552	...	...
	Endowed ...	...	...	...
In Schools	Government ...	4,898	...	...
	Endowed ...	...	...	...
Buildings		5,650	...	...
Miscellaneous		28,805	...	...
Total ...		11,66,538	4,42,273	18,100

STRUCTION.

Establishments in the North-Western Provinces for the official year and ending 31st March, 1876.

Receipts.						Expended.
Subscriptions.	Municipal grants.	From revenue of Native States.	Fees and fines.	Funds not included in foregoing heads.	Total.	Total.
5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	45,539	45,539
...	...	...	...	...	1,73,119	1,73,119
863	264	392	5,492	261	1,52,392	1,45,891
...	...	...	1,372	...	12,292	10,800
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	5,002	...	1,55,043	1,45,039
100	...	...	35	280	23,085	22,770
...	...	...	...	...	20,056	20,056
...	300	...	...	900	1,800	1,776
...	...	...	...	...	33,493	33,493
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	5,012	5,012
50	...	...	187	3,436	6,073	5,048
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	276	1,939	1,992
528	9,108	...	12,556	372	1,95,543	1,83,492
10,092	1,482	...	26,003	49,906	1,64,729	1,72,979
1,187	690	...	319	...	3,516	3,480
1,759	954	...	2,921	14	48,615	45,777
27,272	14,196	...	38,416	18,396	1,61,807	1,53,090
...	1,458	...	11,373	254	94,294	84,912
372	...	...	54	1,102	3,258	3,227
...	21,218	...	...	...	4,66,674	4,40,444
1,001	...	...	1,982	3,749	11,464	11,190
...	206	...	...	98	28,782	28,782
8,195	2,119	...	855	39,485	74,157	71,915
2,698	50	...	19,920	3,156	36,043	34,219
2,315	...	...	79	5,301	13,695	13,695
...	...	...	...	...	15,552	15,552
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	4,898	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	5,650	5,650
...	6,013	...	...	...	34,818	28,805
54,432	58,058	392	1,26,566	1,26,979	19,93,338	18,97,744

VII.—INSTRUCTION.

4.—*Distribution of Government Colleges and Schools and of all Schools and Colleges, aided and inspected by Government, in the several districts under the Government of the N.-W. P., and in the States subject to administrative supervision.*

Number.	Names of districts and Native States.	Vernacular spoken.	Area in square miles.	Estimate of population.	No. of schools.	No. of scholars on the roll on 31st March.	Average number of square miles to each school.	Percentage of scholars to population.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
1	Dehra Dún ...	In the N.-W. Provinces, Urdu, which is Persicized Hindi, is used by the Muhammadans and Kayasths; as a rule, Hindi is the true vernacular of the Province, and is used by the rural population with greater or less purity according to the greater or less influences of Muhammadan rule and colonization. In the larger towns and seats of Local Government Urdu is more commonly used, and the educated classes, as a rule, use the Persian character. The trading classes use a corrupt form of the Nagri letters	1,020	116,945	32	1,196	31·87	1·02
2	Saháranpur ...		2,217	884,017	450	10,348	4·92	1·17
3	Muzaffarnagar ..		1,659	690,107	453	8,021	3·66	1·16
4	Meerut ...		2,360	1,276,104	424	10,394	5·56	·81
5	Bulandshahr ...		1,910	936,667	309	7,173	6·18	·76
6	Aligarh ...		1,963	1,070,333	380	10,312	5·16	·96
7	Bijnor ...		1,902	737,153	447	9,291	4·25	1·26
8	Moradabad ...		2,271	1,122,437	404	8,792	5·62	·78
9	Budaun ...		2,004	934,348	336	7,874	5·96	·84
10	Bareilly ...		2,982	1,507,139	572	12,200	5·21	·80
11	Sháhjahánpur ...		1,723	949,579	202	6,218	8·52	·65
12	Muttra ...		1,611	887,689	232	7,790	6·94	·87
13	Agra ...		1,907	1,096,367	538	13,744	3·54	1·25
14	Etáwah ...		1,691	668,641	241	5,119	7·01	·76
15	Etah ...		1,512	703,527	270	6,056	5·60	·86
16	Mainpuri ...		1,696	765,845	303	6,718	5·59	·87
17	Farukhabad ...		1,744	918,850	320	7,507	5·45	·81
18	Cawnpore ...		2,336	1,156,055	377	11,060	6·19	·95
19	Hamirpur ...		2,286	529,137	154	3,880	14·84	·73
20	Jalaun ...		1,553	404,447	107	3,623	14·51	·89
21	Jhánsi ...		1,567	317,826	129	2,803	12·14	·88
22	Lalitpur ...		1,947	212,861	33	1,017	59·00	·47
23	Fatehpur ...		1,585	663,877	260	6,416	6·09	·96
24	Bánda ...		2,908	697,684	190	4,658	15·30	·66
25	Allahabad ..		2,747	1,396,241	450	12,533	6·10	·89
26	Mirzapur ...		5,217	1,015,826	191	6,653	27·31	·65
27	Benares ...		996	794,039	490	14,274	2·03	1·79
28	Gházipur ...		2,167	1,345,570	240	7,824	9·02	·58
29	Azamgarh ...		2,565	1,531,482	433	11,702	5·92	·76
30	Jaunpur ...		1,556	1,025,961	203	7,570	7·66	·73
31	Gorakhpur ...		4,578	2,019,361	435	13,525	10·52	·66
32	Basti ...		2,789	1,473,029	240	6,547	11·62	·44
33	Kumaun ...		6,000	433,314	125	5,161	48·00	1·19
34	Garhwál ...		5,500	310,288	78	3,609	75·34	1·16
35	Tarái ...		919	185,658	26	786	35·34	·42
	Total ...		81,388	30,781,204	10,069	2,62,394	8·08	·85

VII.—INSTRUCTION.

5.—*Return of Printing Presses and of Newspapers and Periodicals published by them in the North-Western Provinces, for the year* 1875-76.

1.	2.	3.	4.	
			Publications thereat.	
District.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	A.	B.
			Newspapers.	Periodicals.
Dehra Dún...	2nd Gurkha Press	Secretary, Regimental Press ...	...	Job-work.
	Mussooree Chronicle Press ...	J. Northam, Esquire ...	1	Ditto
Saháranpur,	Akhtar Hind	Rahim Baksh, son of Kallu Sheikh, of Saháranpur.	...	Job-work and private books.
	Roshan Jahan	Fateh Ali, son of Awaz Ali ...	...	Ditto ditto.
	Khurshed Jahantab	Muhammad Zikriya, son of Rahim Ali.	...	Ditto ditto.
Muzaffarnagar.	Gushane Faizat, Muzaffarnagar...	Muhammad Zakariya ...	...	Job-work.
	Amar Singh Press at Budhana ...	Rao Amar Singh	...	Started recently. Has done no work up to close of year.
Meerut ...	Sultán-ul-Mutaba	Ganashi Lal	Jawala-tur Manohar Gazette.	...
	Hashim	Hashim Ali	...	Books.
	Darul-ul-lum	Wijayat Ali Khan	Akbar Ulúm and Meerut Gazette.	..

VII.—INSTRUCTION.

5.—*Return of Printing Presses and of Newspapers and Periodicals published by them in the North-Western Provinces, for the year* 1875-76.—(continued).

1.	2.	3.	4.	
			Publications thereat.	
District.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	A.	B.
			Newspapers.	Periodicals.
Meerut—(*concluded*).	Chashma Faiz	Rahim Bakhsh	...	Books.
	Usmáni	Alim-ud-din Khan	...	Ditto.
	Gyan Ságar	Hardeo Sahai	...	Ditto.
	Gyan Parkásh	Basdeo	...	Ditto.
	Darukshani	Namdar	...	Ditto.
	Jowala Parkash	Nathumal	...	Ditto.
	Mahtáb Hind	Gunga Sahai	...	Ditto.
	Mohib Kishor Hind	Jamil-ud-din	Lawrence Gazette, Muhib Hind.	Ditto.
	Zini	Muhammad Hayat	Najamul Akbar ...	...
	Charles and Co. Medical Hall Press.	Charles and Co. ...	600 copies of Advertiser,	Books.
	Central Jail Press	Government	...	Books and forms.
	"15 Hussars"	Ditto	...	Bills and do.
	A. David and Co.	A David and Co.	...	Commercial Guides and jobs.
	2nd Battalion, 60th Rifles ...	Regimental	...	...
Bulandshahr,	Nur Nazar	Sheo Parshad	...	Job-work.

Aligarh ...	Aligarh Press ...	Babu Behari Lal ...	...	Forms of all kinds for settlement, canal offices, and municipality.
	Ánu Bhávi Parkásh ...	Pachauli Incha Shankar ...	...	Forms of all kinds for police, canal offices, and municipality.
	Matba-ul-ulúm ...	Maulvi Munir-ud-din ...	...	Forms of all kinds for settlement office.
	Aligarh Institute Press ...	Scientific Society ..	356 Institute Gazettes published weekly.	History of Persia, Part IV., Tahzib-ul-Akhláq, also municipal forms, &c.
	Beah Gurh yád Parkásh Beswan,	Thakur Gir Parshad Singh ...	Mangal Samachar, published monthly.	Miscellaneous copying plates, &c.
Muttra ...	Mambe-ul-ulum	Kanhaiya Lal	...	...
Agra ...	Delhi Gazette	Messrs. Stowell & Co. ...	Delhi Gazette.	
	Agra Akhbár	Khwaja Usuf Ali	Agra Akhbár ...	1. Translation of Indian Law Reports. 2. Makhzan-ul-Kawanin. 3. Risála Gulshan Reazi.
	Mufid Ám	Ahmad Khan Sufi	Mufid Ám Akhbar ...	Abstract of Indian Law Report.
	Medical Press	Shaikh Imam-ud-din Ahmad ...	...	Akhbár Áin a Tibabat.
	Sati Parkásh	Jwala Parshad Bhargo. ...	...	Makhzan-i-Muhabharaut in Hindi and Urdu, and in Sanskrit and Hindi.
	Job Press	Babu Pal Singh & Co. ...	...	Chashmai Insaf.
Farukhabad,	Dilkusha Press	Ram Sarup	...	Books only are published at these presses.
	Husaini Press	Husain Baksh	...	
Mainpuri ...	Musdar-ul-Nawadir	Rai Baij Nath, son of Hakim Jawahir Lal.	...	Job-work.
Etáwah ...	*Nil.*	*Nil.*		*Nil.*

VII.—INSTRUCTION.

5.—*Return of Printing Presses and of Newspapers and Periodicals published by them in the North-Western Provinces, for the year* 1875-76.—(continued).

1.	2.	3.	4.	
			Publications thereat.	
District.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	A.	B.
			Newspapers.	Periodicals.
Etah ...	Musdar-ul-Lataif	Rai Baij Nath Parshad ...	...	Job-work.
	Mutba Imami	Imam-ud-din	...	Ditto.
Bijnor ...	Zain-ul-Mahtabi	Zain-ul-Abdin	Weekly newspaper ...	*Nil.*
Moradabad...	British Indian Association ...	Members of the British Indian Association.	...	Gunjina-ulum, published monthly, and other miscellaneous work executed.
	Khurshaid Hind	Harnam Sarup and Hardhyan Sarup.	Rohilkhand Akhbar ...	Urdu Law and report bi-monthly, and other miscellaneous work executed.
	Reay Nur	Manhdi Husain Khan ...	Lohi Mahfuz ...	Miscellaneous.
	Matba-ul-ulum	Amjud Ali	Nazara Azim ...	Ditto.
	Hada-ul-Matba	Hadi Hasan and Hadi Husain Khan.	Aduba Alum ...	Ditto.
Budaun ...	*Nil.*	*Nil.*	*Nil.*	*Nil*

Bareilly ...	Literary Society Press ...	Ajudhia Parshad	...	Makhzan-ul-ulum, monthly.
	Rohilkhand Press	Syud Yad Ali	...	...
	Sudduka Press	Muhammad Munir	...	...
	Hussaini Press	Syud Abul Hasan	...	...
Sháhjahánpur.	Matbah Anjaman	Member of the Sháhjahánpur Literary Institute.	Anjaman Akhbár (50 copies issued every month).	...
	Gauri Press	Baijnath	...	...
Allahabad ...	The Pioneer Press	George Allen	The "Pioneer," The "Pioneer Mail."	...
	The Mission Press	J. C. Jordan and Reverend J. J. Caleb.	...	Christian Treasury or Makhzani Masihi.
	The Exchange Press	H. W. Richardson, carrying on business under the name of Richardson and Co.	Tri-weekly Advertiser, the Allahabad Exchange Gazette.	...
	The Liverpool Press	Mrs. E. S. Hore	...	...
	Imperial Press	Ignetz Winunen	...	...
	The Victoria Press	Buldeo Pershad	...	...
	The Nurul Absar Press ...	Sada Sukh Lal	Nurul Absar in Urdu ..	...
	Husaini Press	Saiyad Husain Ali and Mirza Gada Husain.	...	...
	Masdarul Barkat Press ...	Babu Murli Dhar and Rai Baijnath Pershad.	Sudarsan Samachar in Hindi, but since ceased.	...
	Ram Chunder Press	Kesho Ram and Ganga Ram ...	...	...
	Kalka Press	Sub Charn Das	...	...
	Hussaini Press	Saiyad Husain Ali	Decisions of the High Court and Precedents.	...
Cawnpore ...	Altafi	Muhammad Abdul Rahman ...	Nurul Anwár ...	...
	Ditto	Ditto ditto ...	Nurul Afak ...	
	Ditto	Ditto ditto ...	...	Anjaman Tahzib, Cawnpore.
	Munshi Naval Kishor ...	Munshi Naval Kishor ...	...	...
	Matla-i-Nur	Behari Lal	Mutla Nur	...

VII.—INSTRUCTION.

5.—*Return of Printing Presses and of Newspapers and Periodicals published by them in the North-Western Provinces, for the year* 1875-76—(continued).

1.	2.	3.	4.	
			Publications thereat.	
			A.	B.
District.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	Newspapers.	Periodicals.
Cawnpore—(*concluded*).	Shoala Tur	Munshi Jamna Pershad ...	Shoala Tur... ...	...
	Altafi	Munshi Husain Bakhsh and Altaf Husain.	...	...
	Azizi	Muhammad Aziz	...	...
Jaunpur ...	Matba-Ishak	Shaikh Muhammad Ishak ...	Nasim Jaunpur ...	...
	Lama Nur	Shaikh Maula Bakhsh ...	Lama Nur	
Bánda ...	*Nil.*	*Nil.*	*Nil.*	
Fatehpur ...				
Hamírpur ...				
Gorakhpur ...				
Basti ...				
Azamgarh ...	Abdul Rahman Khan ...	Abdul Rahman Khan, Nazir of the Settlement Office.	...	All settlement and patwaris' papers for the district are printed here.

Mirzapur ...	Orphan School Press ...	John Hewlett, as agent of the London Missionary Society.	One monthly newspaper in two editions, edition containing all the articles both in Hindi and in English, and called in English the "Aryan" and in Hindi "Adya Patrika." A third edition, containing the same matter in Hindi only and called Aryan Patrika.	
Gházipur ...	Victoria School Press ...	Babu Tariny Churn Bhaduri, Head-master of the Victoria School, Gházipur.	...	Mazhar ul-ulmi (Mr. Saunder's Magazine, monthly).
Benares ...	Medical Hall Press	Messrs. Lazarus and Co. ...	...	"On Guard" } Monthly.
	Light Press	Gopi Nath Pathuk	...	"The Pandit" } Monthly.
	Gunesh Jantra	Durga Parshad	...	"Kavi Bachan Sudha," weekly journal.
	New Medical Hall Press ...	Prosunno Coomar Chaudhari ...	...	...
	Bidya Odai	Dhunraj Shastri	Anund Lahri ...	...
	Benares Akhbar	Bishnath Bhutt	Benares Akhbar ...	...
	Nobin Chandra	Dabi Pershad *alias* Bucha Tewari,	...	...
	Sudha Belas	Nund Kumar	...	...
	Sanskrit Mudra Jantra ...	Banarasi Das	...	...
	Sidh Benaik	Daoji	...	...
	Hindi Press	Durga Pershad	...	...
	Printing Press	Chunnu Lal	...	...
	Bidya Sagur	Mussummat Janki	...	...
	Jantra Lai	Munna Lal	...	...
	Star Press	Munshi Harbans Lal ...	...	...
	Jani Prabhakur Press ...	Nanak Chand Joti	...	...
	Devakur	Sheo Churn Koeri	...	...
	Hanuman Prabhakur	Gopal Teli	...	...
	Chintamun Prabhakur ...	Bisheshur Pandey	...	...
	Nur Singh Prabhakur ...	Bhawani Baksh	...	...
	Ramdhun Hind	Sital Parshad	...	...
	Kedar Prabhakur	Gopal Chaubi	...	...

VII.—INSTRUCTION.

5.—*Return of Printing Presses and of Newspapers and Periodicals published by them in the North-Western Provinces, for the year* 1875-76—(concluded).

1.	2.	3.	4.	
			Publications thereat.	
District.*	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	A.	B.
			Newspapers.	Periodicals.
Benares—(*conc'd.*)	Chunder Sehkhur Prabhakur ...	Bhyro Teyli	...	...
	Anund Bun	Mussammat Akasi	...	...
Bánikhet ...	Albian	Her Majesty's 2-22nd Regiment,	...	...
Naini Tal ...	Naini Tal Gazette Press ...	Mr. G. B. Petter	Naini Tal Gazette, weekly.	...
	The Naini Tal Advertizer Press ...	Persotum Joshi	The Naini Tal Advertiser, weekly.	...
		Gobindhan Joshi		
		Jai Dutt Joshi	The Samaya Vinod with which is incorporated "The Sudarshan Samachar" Bi-monthly, Hindi.	
Almora ...	The Almora Debating Club Press,	Pandit Budhi Ballabh Punt ...	One paper, Almora Akbar; bi-monthly, Hindi.	...
		„ Manorath Pandey ...		
		„ Raghubar Datt Joshi ...		
		„ Bishen Dutt do. ...		
		„ Umba Dutt do. ...		
		„ Durga Dutt Sanwal ...		
		Lala Ganga Ram		
		Pandit Leela Nand Joshi ...		

Note.—Return for the Jhánsi Division blank.

VIII.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Statement of Currency Notes in Circulation and of the Currency Reserve in Coin and Government Securities in 1875-76.

Notes in circulation at the beginning of the year, number and value of.						Total value of notes cashed during the year.	Total value of notes issued during the year.	In circulation at end of the year, number and value.						Reserve at end of the year stated in Rs.						
Small notes under Rs. 50.		*Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.*		*Large notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.*				*Small notes under Rs. 50.*		*Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.*		*Large notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.*		*Coin.*			*Bullion.*			
Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.			Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Gold.	Silver.	Copper.	Gold.	Silver.	Copper.	Government securities.
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.							
80,029	8,60,685	29,428	22,20,550	3,661	33,49,500	1,15,25,075	1,93,74,895	96,619	10,98,605	45,281	34,28,450	11,404	1,03,53,500	...	1,12,34,163-9-6	...	...	...	...	30,08,291-6-6

SUPPLE

PART 1.—PROVINCIAL SERVICES AND LOCAL FUNDS COMPARED WITH THE

Receipts.	Actuals for 1873-74.	Actuals for 1874-75.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I.—Allotment from General Revenues.		
(a.) Government of India	64,68,405 0 0	64,89,838 0 0
II.—Provincial and Local Rates and Taxes.		
(a.) Road fund in permanently-settled districts ...	49,158 5 2	47,772 14 1
(b.) Ditto in temporarily-settled districts, where local cess is not in force.	13,440 5 0	6,305 13 8
(c.) One per cent. school cess in ditto	13,120 10 0	6,156 1 5
(d) One-fourth per cent. district dâk cess in ditto ..	3,350 14 5	1,571 2 8
(e.) Ten per cent. local cess in temporarily-settled districts.	37,40,708 14 8	37,79,181 14 11
(f.) Acreage cess in permanently-settled districts ...	3,10,480 4 0	3,22,245 6 10
(g.) Commuted jágirs in ditto ...	1,02,715 5 7	1,04,866 1 4
(h.) Village chaukidari fund in district as in b. ...	68,368 6 5	27,775 1 3
(i.) Stage carriage tax	760 0 0	875 0 0
	43,02,103 1 3	42,96,749 8 2
II. B.—Patwári Fund.		
(a.) Patwári fund (S. D.)	16,65,990 5 8	18,63,648 9 4
(b.) Ditto, miscellaneous receipts (S. D.) ...	32,943 11 0	39,925 13 2
	16,98,934 0 8	19,03,574 6 6
III.—Jails.		
(a.) Proceeds of jail manufactures	1,01,564 15 7	3,21,115 4 10
(b.) Miscellaneous	10,977 11 4	8,935 1 9
	1,12,542 10 11	3,30,050 6 7

MENTI.

ACCOUNT, NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES, FOR 1875-76, TWO PRECEDING YEARS.

Budget estimate for 1875-76.	Actuals for 1875-76.	Remarks and explanations.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. Grant for 1874-75... 64,90,000 28,000 Deduct special grant for the year. 64,62,000 49,500 Add grant for botanical gardens. 5,000 Ditto for diocesan schools. Grant for 1875-76... 65,16,500
65,16,500 0 0	65,16,500 0 0	
47,500 0 0	48,785 14 2	
...	...	
...	...	
...	...	
38,61,000 0 0	38,33,440 9 5	
3,17,500 0 0	3,15,735 15 2	
1,03,000 0 0	1,13,089 11 0	
...	...	
1,000 0 0	763 5 4	
43,30,000 0 0	43,11,815 7 1	
18,35,000 0 0	19,08,966 6 11	
20,000 0 0	14,091 5 7	
18,55,000 0 0	19,23,057 12 6	
3,60,000 0 0	3,48,466 13 6	(*a.*) In 1873-74 net receipts only were credited.
...	16,775 4 6	(*b.*) Included in preceding head in budget.
3,60,000 0 0	3,65,242 2 0	

Receipts.	Actuals for 1873-74.	Actuals for 1874-75.
IV.—Registration.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(*a*) Ordinary registration fees	3,20,253 9 2	2,47,546 15 3
(*b.*) Special registration, inspection, and copying fees	...	...
(*c.*) Other receipts	...	...
	3,20,253 9 2	2,47,546 15 3
V.—Police.		
(*a.*) Recovered from municipal, cantonment, and town funds for clothing	54,301 9 1	60,171 12 6
(*b.*) Ditto ditto for pensions ...	8,957 2 10	5,522 10 0
(*c.*) Contribution from railway police	61,224 14 1	58,640 11 11
(*d.*) General police fund	26,355 8 9	19,061 9 11
(*e.*) Ditto ditto, miscellaneous ...	11,395 7 8	9,742 2 9
(*f.*) Police clothing fund (S. D.)	27,414 8 8	15 9 0
(*g.*) Old village chaukidari fund (S. D.) ...	...	1,466 8 0
(*h.*) Fees, fines, and forfeitures	809 3 1	264 7 8
(*i.*) Miscellaneous receipts	8,415 10 11	26,225 15 8
(*j.*) Infanticide fund (S.D.)	7,341 6 11	25,542 14 7
(*k.*) Police chanda fund (S.D.)	13,367 6 3	16,108 6 10
(*l.*) Village chaukidari fund	...	...
	2,19,582 14 3	2,22,762 12 10
VI.—Education.		
(*a.*) Contributions from private sources ...	10,349 8 8	2,253 1 4
(*b.*) Fees from Government colleges	13,761 4 2	11,628 10 3
(*c.*) Ditto from Government zila and high schools...	10,782 12 4	9,913 10 0
(*d.*) Ditto from tahsil schools	12,625 2 9	11,416 4 11
(*e.*) Ditto from local fund schools	463 12 8	...
(*f.*) Endowments in land from private individuals...	9,570 10 3	9,533 14 7
(*g.*) Interest on Government securities... ...	4,905 5 10	3,858 15 0
(*h.*) Sale proceeds of books	28,325 15 5	23,917 10 6
(*i.*) Old school fund (S.D.)	...	934 13 0
(*j.*) Miscellaneous	11,943 4 10	12,806 6 4
	1,02,727 12 11	86,268 5 11

Local Funds Account—(continued).

Budget estimate for 1875-76.	Actuals for 1875-76.	Remarks and explanations.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	
1,90,000 0 0	2,05,096 2 0	(*a*) Falling off after 1873-74, owing to abolition of copying fees in certain cases.
43,000 0 0	34,622 0 3	
...	656 5 7	(*b.*) (*c.*) Shown separately for the first time this year.
2,33,000 0 0	2,40,374 7 10	
59,963 0 0	59,359 7 7	
5,079 0 0	6,202 6 0	(*b*) Increase in 1875-76 caused by arrear collections.
60,6[illegible]4 0 0	59,838 3 3	
21,000 0 0	13,693 8 4	(*d.*) Reduction in number of guards employed by private persons.
12,000 0 0	5,982 14 11	(*e*) Income fluctuating.
...	...	(*f.*) Funds abolished after 1873-74.
...	8,937 5 10	(*g*) Recoveries of excess payments out of old balances.
...	16 6 0	
9,274 0 0	20,384 1 5	(*i.*) Large receipts in Allahabad and on account of the value of arms returned to the Military Department.
27,000 0 0	24,739 13 4	(*j*) Decrease in 1875-76 owing to decrease in charges.
10,000 0 0	18,386 11 5	(*h.*) Fluctuates according to casualties.
...	1,128 8 11	(*l.*) Transfers on account of past years.
2,05,000 0 0	2,18,669 7 0	
2,000 0 0	2,077 9 0	
11,413 0 0	11,143 1 6	
10,942 0 0	11,227 2 1	
12,353 0 0	11,414 14 7	
...	...	
9,600 0 0	13,450 11 2	(*f.*) Excess realized in Allahabad.
11,000 0 0	4,818 4 8	(*g.*) Interest omitted to be credited in the treasury books.
30,700 0 0	26,457 6 7	
...	452 1 3	(*i.*) Recoveries of excess payments in previous years.
3,992 0 0	6,569 3 10	(*j*) Local funds omitted to be estimated for in 1875-76.
92,000 0 0	87,610 6 8	

Receipts.	Actuals for 1873-74.	Actuals for 1874-75.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
VII.—Printing.		
Government Press receipts in North-Western Provinces	41,331 9 5	34,605 15 3
Recoveries of printing done for Oudh, Central Provinces, Bengal, India, &c., ...	43,550 13 8	15,353 10 6
	84,882 7 1	49,959 9 9
VIII.—Medical.		
(*a.*) Dispensary fund (S. D.)	98,980 10 1	83,597 4 5
(*b*) Receipts for vaccination from private persons (S. D.)	2,435 15 7	1,496 5 10
(*c.*) Miscellaneous receipts (proceeds of lunatic asylum manufactures, &c., ...	5,352 6 4	4,593 0 2
	1,06,769 0 0	89,686 10 5
IX.—Tarái improvement fund (S. D.)	31,947 14 2	49,209 10 11
X.—Miscellaneous.		
(*a.*) District dâk, miscellaneous	542 5 10	2 2 3
(*b.*) Pound fund	59,759 9 10	56,424 9 5
(*c.*) Nazúl fund	89,109 13 3	91,736 10 6
(*d.*) Record fund (S. D.)	...	30,161 5 3
(*e.*) Fees on masonry graves	3,286 15 4	1,920 5 0
(*f.*) Model farms	13,529 12 6	13,091 7 11
(*g.*) Fees under Act XXV. of 1867 for regulating printing presses	107 0 0	4 0 0
(*h.*) Miscellaneous receipts	3,935 9 8	4,289 13 4
(*i.*) Botanical and other public gardens	...	...
	1,70,271 2 5	1,97,630 5 8

Local Funds Account—(continued).

Budget estimate for 1875-76.	Actuals for 1875-76.	Remarks and explanations.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
36,800 0 0	38,790 4 3	
17,200 0 0	14,313 7 6	
54,000 0 0	53,103 11 9	
72,000 0 0	98,574 14 3	(*a.*) Increase in subscriptions.
1,544 0 0	2,054 10 6	
2,000 0 0	4,349 2 0	(*c.*) Sale of medicines not estimated in budget.
75,544 0 0	1,04,978 10 9	
50,700 0 0	58,258 15 10	(*IX*) Estimate too low.
...	461 14 2	(*a.*) Erroneous credits to post-office written back.
68,000 0 0	63,077 14 2	(*b.*) Decrease in sales of unclaimed cattle; no credits passed through the Kumaun treasury.
61,500 0 0	80,361 4 4	(*c.*) Increased rents and collections from fairs (Magh mela).
31,300 0 0	43,649 5 9	(*d.*) Credited to imperial revenues before 1874-75.
3,000 0 0	2,992 7 6	
18,000 0 0	13,591 10 0	(*f.*) Decrease owing to the abolition of the Bulandshahr farm.
...	56 11 0	(*g.*) Fluctuating.
...	2,122 15 3	(*h.*) In 1874-75 is included recovery of part of the cost of repairing a temple at Brindaban.
5,900 0 0	3,627 1 2	(*i.*) The gardens at Saháranpur were made over to provincial revenues in 1875-76.
1,87,700 0 0	2,69,941 3 4	

Receipts.	Actuals for 1873-74.	Actuals for 1874-75.
XI.—Public Works.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(*a.*) Tolls, dues, fees, and refunds	7,516 12 7	3,681 9 8
(*b.*) Sale proceeds of buildings, stores, &c. ...	1,82,684 7 5	1,19,873 15 11
(*c.*) Famine relief	...	1,21,759 0 7
(*d.*) Value of stocks	...	...
(*e.*) Rent of buildings	9,513 2 7	7,627 7 8
(*f.*) Road fund, miscellaneous	16,161 0 10	10,455 6 8
(*g.*) Ferry fund, tolls at bridges, &c.	7,23,273 8 7	7,22,097 11 0
(*h.*) Share of Panjáb ferry receipts	0 8 0	33,392 2 2
(*i.*) Staging bungalow fund	19,347 7 7	20,236 3 9
(*j.*) Ganges river toll fund	18,035 4 0	14,519 11 4
(*k.*) One per cent. income tax fund	1,707 10 0	2,136 13 1
(*l.*) Muttra and Háthras Railway loan	...	3,24,229 4 0
(*m.*) Ditto ditto traffic earnings ...	...	...
	9,78,239 13 7	13,80,009 5 10
XII.—Municipal Funds.		
(*a.*) Municipal fund (S. D.)	19,41,041 5 0	19,42,605 11 7
(*b.*) Municipal chaukidari or town fund (S. D.) ...	3,67,863 13 2	3,49,201 12 2
(*c.*) Cantonment fund (S. D.)	1,64,228 1 1	1,75,025 8 4
	24,73,133 3 3	24,66,833 0 1
Total Receipts, Budget Heads ...	1,70,69,792 9 8	1,78,10,114 1 11
Total of Debt Heads ...	1,21,934 11 6	2,72,168 5 8
	1,71,91,727 5 2	1,80,82,282 7 7
Balance on 1st April, 1874.		
Municipal fund	...	...
Special deposits	...	...
Provincial balances	...	...
	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	...	...

Local Funds Account—(concluded).

Budget estimate for 1875-76.	Actuals for 1875-76.	Remarks and explanations.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
15,000 0 0	30,006 4 1	
1,31,000 0 0	26,176 8 8	
...	...	
...	24,680 8 2	
4,000 0 0	8,105 15 5	
13,000 0 0	7,386 11 1	
6,89,500 0 0	7,10,091 12 4	
16,500 0 0	18,458 0 0	(*h.*) Two years' receipts included in 1874-75.
18,000 0 0	21,200 14 1	
18,000 0 0	13,107 15 9	
...	5,851 5 2	
...	160 12 0	
75,000 0 0	33,609 14 9	
9,74,000 0 0	8,98,836 9 6	
19,58,500 0 0	19,95,491 14 7	
3,39,000 0 0	3,49,195 8 11	
1,78,500 0 0	1,70,987 14 2	
24,76,000 0 0	25,15,675 5 8	
1,74,09,444 0 0	1,75,04,074 3 11	
...	85,248 0 7	
1,74,09,444 0 0	1,75,89,322 4 6	
...	3,77,594 12 0	
...	10,14,476 0 9	
...	20,23,330 9 6	
...	44,15,401 6 3	
...	2,20,04,723 10 9	

PART II.—PROVINCIAL SERVICES AND LOCAL FUNDS COMPARED WITH THE

Charges.	Actuals for 1873-74.	Actuals for 1874-75.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I.—Jails.		
(a.) Inspection and general superintendence ...	40,987 7 11	40,842 2 7
(b). Central jails establishment	1,44,935 1 11	1,51,030 0 10
(c.) Ditto supplies	2,47,476 2 4	2,39,965 10 10
(d.) District jails establishment	1,22,875 9 11	1,32,346 11 9
(e.) Ditto supplies	3,09,979 15 0	3,12,659 1 6
(f.) Factories	...	2,86,213 8 10
	8,66,254 5 1	11,63,057 4 4
II.—Registration.		
(a.) Superintendence	20,696 4 2	16,572 12 5
(b.) Remuneration to deputy registrars and district establishment charges	1,21,644 6 7	1,20,594 12 5
	1,42,340 4 9	1,37,167 8 10
III.—Police.		
(a.) Superintendence	95,691 8 7	93,820 9 7
(b.) District police horse	1,49,608 1 10	1,50,508 10 6
(c.) Ditto foot	24,78,488 4 9	24,75,140 0 5
(d.) Thaggi and dacoity police	1,135 1 3	1,095 8 0
(e.) Village police	21,64,633 7 5	21,77,511 5 6
(f.) Railway police	83,040 2 0	78,055 1 4
(g.) Kumaun and Tarái civil police	19,965 0 1	19,252 10 2
(h.) General police fund	25,052 13 2	27,670 9 8
(i.) Police clothing fund (S. D.)	11,724 1 10	...
(j.) Police chanda fund (S. D.)	11,904 13 3	17,653 8 6

ACCOUNT, NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES, FOR 1875-76, TWO PRECEDING YEARS.

Budget estimate for 1875-76.	Actuals for 1875-76.	Remarks and explanations.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
42,000 0 0	45,464 7 3	(*a*.) Increase estimated on account of increase in pay, and larger amount in 1875-76 caused by privilege leave having been taken; slight decrease in his establishment.
1,58,000 0 0	1,42,683 10 1	(*b*.) Saving in salaries and in establishment and guards.
2,36,000 0 0	2,02,252 10 6	(*c*) Saving caused by cheapness of grain.
1,29,000 0 0	1,25,170 4 0	(*d*) Saving under jailors and guards.
3,10,000 0 0	2,55,359 7 2	(*e*.) Saving in rations and clothing.
2,72,000 0 0	2,40,067 13 0	(*f*.) Smaller purchases of raw materials for the central jails.
11,47,000 0 0	10,10,998 4 0	
17,700 0 0	16,598 14 0	(*a*) Saving in salary of Inspector-General.
1,32,300 0 0	1,26,941 11 5	(*b*.) Decrease in salaries and contingencies.
1,50,000 0 0	1,43,540 9 5	
1,09,000 0 0	97,128 12 2	(*a*) Saving caused by officers being on leave and in establishment.
1,47,402 0 0	1,46,323 7 3	
24,89,598 0 0	24,96,570 15 1	(*c*.) Increase for clothing, arms, and accoutrements.
1,150 0 0	1,045 8 6	
21,40,000 0 0	21,77,365 5 4	(*e*.) Increase owing to general re-systematization.
84,850 0 0	85,180 13 0	(*f*.) Increase under clothing.
20,000 0 0	20,011 5 6	
29,000 0 0	14,719 1 6	(*h*.) Fewer guards employed by private persons.
...	...	
10,000 0 0	18,275 14 5	(*j*.) Charges fluctuate annually.

Charges.	Actuals for 1873-74.	Actuals for 1874-75.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
III.—Police.—(concluded).		
(*k*) Old village chaukidari fund (S. D.) ...	...	...
(*l.*) Chaukidari reward fund	...	...
(*m.*) Infanticide fund (S. D.)	11,633 7 11	19,379 4 9
	50,52,876 14 1	50,60,087 4 5
IV.—Education.		
(*a.*) Direction	45,024 16 10	44,943 15 5
(*b*) Inspection	1,86,205 13 2	1,83,539 10 3
(*c.*) Colleges	2,17,669 2 9	2,18,868 3 3
(*d.*) Schools, higher class	1,20,901 10 3	1,34,823 13 10
(*e.*) Ditto, middle class	64,804 12 5	66,268 5 8
(*f.*) Ditto, lower class, male schools	4,00,591 1 1	4,15,3[illegible]6 8 3
(*g.*) Ditto, ditto, female schools	30,655 14 11	31,113 0 1
(*h.*) Normal schools	40,183 6 8	39,870 2 8
(*i.*) Grants-in-aid of colleges	22,183 0 0	3,600 0 0
(*j.*) Ditto of schools...	1,67,129 6 4	1,90,322 8 3
(*k.*) Ditto of building grants	23,506 0 0	12,425 0 0
(*l.*) Government book depôt	30,286 1 7	32,463 12 8
(*m.*) Grants for encouragement of literature ...	23,090 15 0	25,437 9 4
(*n.*) Miscellaneous scholarships and prizes ...	29,411 6 4	30,934 1 6
(*o.*) Old school fund (S D.)...	...	...
	14,01,643 5 4	14,29,916 11 2
V.—Printing.		
(*a.*) Government Press establishment and charges ...	2,73,851 7 0	3,15,286 14 2
VI.—Medical.		
(*a.*) Medical establishment	43,568 11 2	46,886 14 3
(*b.*) Vaccination	89,631 0 3	1,02,228 2 0
(*c.*) Ditto met from private subscriptions (S. D.)	1,439 4 0	2,242 12 0
(*d.*) Hospitals and dispensaries	1,45,752 10 5	1,52,569 13 1
(*e.*) Dispensary fund (S. D.)...	79,663 10 0	97,833 7 8

Local Funds Account—(continued).

Budget estimate for 1875-76.	Actuals for 1875-76.	Remarks and explanations.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
...	...	
...	...	
27,000 0 0	25,035 9 3	(*m.*) *Vide* Receipts.
50,58,000 0 0	50,81,656 12 0	
45,700 0 0	52,348 7 4	(*a.*) Increase owing to the Director having taken privilege leave.
1,88,000 0 0	1,79,721 9 5	(*b.*) Saving in prizes and contingencies.
2,35,000 0 0	2,38,522 8 10	(*c.*) Increase caused by privilege leave having been taken.
1,40 000 0 0	1,40,422 11 3	
70,000 0 0	69,011 12 2	
4,20,000 0 0	4,26,823 3 2	(*f.*) Increase under teachers.
30,000 0 0	28,301 7 11	(*g.*) Saving under teachers.
42,000 0 0	38,352 18 8	(*h*) Saving under pupil teachers.
...	1,100 0 0	(*i*) Grant under schools.
2,00,000 0 0	1,89,461 6 7	(*j.*) Saving under lower class schools.
5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	
30,300 0 0	37,445 7 1	(*l.*) Increase in purchase of books and in contingencies.
12,000 0 0	14,551 13 2	(*m.*) Excess under patronage of native newspapers.
33,000 0 0	28,086 0 3	(*n*) Includes Rs. 1,006 for European and Eurasian indigent children.
..	...	(*o.*) Savings in scholarships and salary of Native Press Reporter.
14,51,000 0 0	14,49,149 4 10	
2,78,600 0 0	3,69,148 11 4	(*a.*) Excess in 1875-76 on account of supply of stores from England for type department.
48,820 0 0	50,216 7 2	(*a.*) Excess in 1875-76 under attendance on educational institutions, cost of medicines, and travelling.
1,09,432 0 0	1,05,650 2 8	(*b.*) Saving under stores and miscellaneous in 1875-76.
1,544 0 0	1,783 15 6	(*c.*) Refunds, Rs. 299, omitted to be estimated for 1875-76.
1,50,000 0 0	1,55,602 5 11	(*d.*) Excess in 1875-76 on account of cost of medicines.
67,000 0 0	94,538 1 3	(*e.*) Excess on account of the purchase in 1875-76 of Government securities, the cost of which was not estimated.

Charges.	Actuals for 1873-74.	Actuals for 1874-75.
VI.—Medical—(concluded).	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(*f.*) Lunatic asylum	43,796 14 11	48,048 14 11
(*g.*) Sanitary Commissioner	35,662 11 1	36,272 7 1
(*h.*) Chemical Examiner	3,401 12 0	3,316 14 1
(*i.*) Medical school	13,090 3 2	11,462 6 1
(*j.*) Benares native hospital allowance ...	1,281 0 0	1,281 0 0
(*k.*) District sanitation	4,542 15 8	939 1 3
(*l.*) Leper asylum	...	...
	4,61,830 12 8	5,03,086 12 5
VII.—Tarái improvement fund (S. D.)	32,630 5 6	44,053 7 5
VIII.—Miscellaneous.		
(*a.*) Establishment in the Accountant-General's office	13,252 13 5	13,068 13 2
(*b.*) Ditto of Director of Agriculture and Commerce	...	1,424 7 5
(*c.*) Ditto in the Government Secretariat office ...	6,347 0 0	5,700 0 0
(*d.*) Ditto office of Board of Revenue ...	1,200 0 0	1,334 0 0
(*e.*) Ditto Commissioner's office ...	4,794 15 10	5,120 0 0
(*f.*) Establishment in the Collector's office ...	27,523 12 9	27,681 8 1
(*g.*) Pound fund	35,440 11 3	29,460 6 10
(*h.*) Nazúl do.	73,850 5 3	60,632 1 11
(*i.*) Local improvement fund	15,476 15 10	36,558 1 4
(*j.*) Record fund (S. D.)	...	20,181 2 8
(*k.*) Road ditto	...	...
(*l.*) Breeding charges	32 13 10	104 14 7
(*m.*) Cemeteries „	4,118 1 0	4,686 10 11
(*n.*) Allowance to Civil Servants out of employ ...	...	...
(*o.*) Charitable donations	41,053 13 6	35,371 3 10
(*p.*) Destruction of wild animals	8,015 15 6	9,773 3 5
(*q.*) Books and publications	14,283 15 4	7,029 13 8
(*r.*) European vagrants	3,833 5 8	3,432 5 0
(*s.*) Repairs of monuments of antiquity ...	...	8,103 11 6

Local Funds Account—(continued).

Budget estimate for 1875-76.	Actuals for 1875-76.	Remarks and explanations.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
48,500 0 0	43,582 0 8	(*f.*) Saving of Rs. 4,200 in diet, owing to cheapness of grain in 1875-76.
35,600 0 0	35,201 3 11	
2,770 0 0	4,320 13 0	(*h.*) Rs. 1,000 spent in excess in 1875-76 under contingencies, which includes cost of a microscope.
12,180 0 0	10,352 3 7	(*i.*) Saving under salaries and contingencies.
1,281 0 0	1,281 0 0	
10,000 0 0	5,414 14 0	
...	111 9 9	(*l.*) Opened in 1875-76 in Kumaun, but not provided for in the budget.
4,87,127 0 0	5,08,054 13 5	
50,000 0 0	75,984 9 6	Receipts also larger.
13,800 0 0	13,607 7 5	
35,000 0 0	17,404 13 5	(*b.*) Nominal saving in 1875-76, owing to a moiety of the charges having been transferred to patwári fund.
6,000 0 0	5,969 3 2	
1,200 0 0	5,196 11 10	(*d.*) Travelling allowance and house-rent of clerks at Naini Tal not estimated.
5,000 0 0	5,945 13 9	(*e.*) Kumaun office omitted to be estimated for 1875-76.
28,000 0 0	27,933 9 11	
38,000 0 0	33,875 14 5	(*g.*) Saving in 1875-76 under public works and feed of cattle.
55,000 0 0	83,541 11 2	(*h.*) Increase in 1875-76 on account of Magh mela, and public works receipts also increased.
1,60,000 0 0	45,719 11 3	(*i.*) Saving in 1875-76 in the reserve of Rs. 1,29,000 for provincial objects.
27,000 0 0	27,127 11 4	
...	...	
200 0 0	389 6 11	
4,500 0 0	4,466 1 2	
1,000 0 0	...	
40,000 0 0	35,519 8 9	(*o.*) Saving in 1875-76 in diet of orphans.
9,465 0 0	9,509 10 6	
9,[illegible] 0 0	12,848 2 5	(*q.*) Increase over grant owing to subscription for Mr. Fallon's dictionary and to *Indian Agriculturist*.
3,945 0 0	4,068 13 7	
...	...	

Charges.	Actuals for 1873-74.	Actuals for 1874-75.
VIII.—Miscellaneous—(concluded.)	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(*t.*) Model farms	16,338 5 0	16,735 2 3
(*ta.*) Botanical and other gardens	...	...
(*u.*) Miscellaneous expenditure (appropriated funds)	56,026 12 10	1,42,199 5 0
(*v.*) Ditto and unforeseen charges ...	32,372 4 5	6,972 3 10
(*w.*) Reception charges of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.	...	...
	3,53,963 1 5	4,29,569 3 5
IX.—District Dák.		
(*a.*) District dák charges	1,42,968 3 3	1,49,673 10 3
X.—Patwári Fund.		
(*a.*) Patwári fund (S. D.)	17,32,675 3 9	17,45,677 4 6
XI.—Office rent.		
(*a.*) Office rent	16,388 0 6	17,104 4 9
XII.—Public Works.		
a.) Communications	20,23,753 15 5	19,62,588 3 3
b.) Háthras and Muttra Railway	63,303 11 9	3,97,369 8 2
c.) Famine relief operations	1,21,759 0 7	...
d.) Civil buildings	12,28,840 9 1	13,26,130 7 9
e.) Miscellaneous public improvements ...	90,315 7 11	98,076 1 0
f.) Maintenance establishment of ferries ...	1,60,432 15 3	1,38,656 12 10
g.) Ferry fund share transferred to Oudh ...	32,013 2 4	42,709 4 4
h.) Ditto ditto Panjáb and Bengal ...	8,100 0 0	6,585 12 9
(*i*) Establishment	6,59,475 5 1	7,43,574 2 0
(*j.*) Staging bungalow fund works, repairs, and establishment	7,669 14 11	25,165 7 2

Local Funds Account—(continued).

Budget estimate for 1875-76.	Actuals for 1875-76.	Remarks and explanations.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
15,500 0 0	14,120 6 10	(*t.*) Decrease in 1875-76 owing to abolition of Bulandshahr farm.
46,300 0 0	42,407 1 8	(*ta.*) For Saháranpur, Kumaun, Allahabad, Cawnpore, and Agra : sanctioned after budget.
...	28,056 7 2	(*u.*) Spent out of old balances and not provided for in budget of 1875-76 of the Civil Department.
4,776 0 0	12,961 11 4	(*v.*) In 1875-76 is included Rs. 4,937 for irrecoverable takávi advances, Rs. 4,443 for purchase of grain, and Rs. 1,050 for relief works.
...	1,29,452 12 4	(*w.*) Sanctioned by Government, but not provided in budget.
5,04,500 0 0	5,60,122 14 3	
1,55,000 0 0	1,52,348 6 9	
20,58,149 0 0	20,02,225 0 11	(*a.*) The entire extra grant of Rs. 2,41,149 for arrear salaries not expended.
15,000 0 0	16,224 3 4	(*a.*) Excess in 1875-76 over grant for Collectors, Inspectors of Schools, Forest Department.
19,93,840 0 0	48,20,778 0 5	
3,08,000 0 0	7,054 4 6	
...	...	
11,90,000 0 0	...	
83,300 0 0	...	
1,84,000 0 0	23 12 0	
30,000 0 0	45,521 8 6	
...	...	
8,24,000 0 0	...	
15,000 0 0	...	

Charges.	Actuals for 1873-74.	Actuals for 1874-75.
XII.—Public Works.—(concluded).	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(*k.*) Ganges river toll fund establishment ...	25,981 4 7	28,659 12 5
(*l.*) Tools and plant	39,047 11 10	45,068 9 5
(*m.*) Purchase of stock	...	90 0 0
(*n.*) One per cent. income tax fund	...	...
(*o.*) Profit and loss	1,642 6 4	1,825 14 2
	44,72,335 9 1	48,16,494 15 3
XIII.—Refunds. ...	47,983 10 0	28,892 3 5
XIV.—Municipal Funds.		
(*a.*) Municipal funds (S. D.)	20,03,720 8 9	20,04,960 10 2
(*b.*) Municipal chaukidari or town fund (S. D.) ...	3,84,944 7 2	3,67,951 8 8
(*c.*) Cantonment fund (S. D.)	1,69,293 8 4	1,85,084 14 11
	25,57,958 8 3	25,57,997 1 9
Total charges, budget heads	1,75,55,699 10 8	1,83,98,664 10 1
Total of debt heads	1,61,991 3 0	2,08,249 15 0
	1,77,17,690 13 8	1,86,06,314 9 1
Balance on 31st March, 1876.		
Municipal funds	...	...
Special deposits	...	...
Provincial balances	...	...
	...	...
Grand Total ...	...	...

Local Funds Account—(concluded).

Budget estimate for 1875-76.	Actuals for 1875-76.	Remarks and explanations.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
31,000 0 0	27,226 0 0	
40,000 0 0	...	
...	...	
...	...	
...	...	
46,49,140 0 0	49,00,603 9 5	
7,000 0 0	33,567 7 3	These refunds consist mainly of the following details, not provided for in the budget :— Rs. Jails ... ... 5,700; Road fund ... ... 4,000; Ferry fund ... ... 4,400; Acreage cess ... 6,700; Chaukidari cess ... 2,300; Education ... ... 5,000; Miscellaneous ... 2,000
19,02,300 0 0	19,74,918 11 1	
3,59,000 0 0	3,54,960 15 0	
1,84,300 0 0	1,83,472 11 11	
24,45,600 0 0	25,13,352 6 0	
1,84,56,116 0 0	1,88,16,977 0 5	
...	1,46,830 5 11	
1,84,56,116 0 0	1,89,63,807 6 4	
...	3,79,917 11 8	
...	9,38,237 6 2	
...	17,22,761 2 7	
...	30,40,916 4 5	
...	2,20,04,723 10 9	

Trial Balance Sheet for the year 1875-76.

	Names, &c.	Balance on 1st April, 1875.			Receipts in 1875-76.			Total.			Charges in 1875-76.			Balance on 31st March, 1876.		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
MUNICIPAL.	Municipal Fund (S D.)	2,25,792	11	6	19,95,491	14	7	22,21,284	10	1	19,74,918	11	1	2,46,365	15	0
	Municipal Chaukidári or Town Fund (S.D.)	99,319	8	8	3,49,195	8	11	4,48,515	1	7	3,54,960	15	0	93,554	2	7
	Cantonment Fund	52,482	7	10	1,70,987	14	2	2,23,470	6	0	1,83,472	11	11	39,997	10	1
	Total	3,77,594	12	0	25,15,675	5	8	28,93,270	1	8	25,13,352	6	0	3,79,917	11	8
APPROPRIATED.	Police Chanda Fund	22,387	13	5	18,386	11	5	40,774	8	10	18,275	14	5	22,498	10	5
	Infanticide Fund	4,949	10	6	24,739	13	4	29,689	7	10	25.035	9	3	4,653	14	7
	Dispensary Fund	66,796	11	9	98,574	14	3	1,65,371	10	0	94,538	1	3	70,833	8	9
	Patwári Fund (S.D.)	8,74,896	11	0	19,23,057	12	6	27,97,954	7	6	20,02,225	0	11	7,95,729	6	7
	Vaccination subscription	1,995	8	6	2,054	10	6	4,050	3	0	1,783	15	6	2,266	3	6
	Record Fund	9,980	2	7	43.649	5	9	53,629	8	4	27,127	11	4	26,501	13	0
	Tárai Improvement Fund	33,469	7	0	58,268	15	10	91,738	6	10	75,984	9	6	15,753	13	4
	Total	10,14,476	0	9	21,68,732	3	7	31,83,208	4	4	22,44,970	14	2	9,38,237	6	2
	Total Special Deposits ...	13,92,070	12	9	46,84,407	9	3	60,76,478	6	0	47,58,323	4	2	13,18,155	1	10
	All other Fund and Provincial Services ...	30,23,330	9	6	1,29,04,914	11	3	1,59,28,245	4	9	1,42,05,484	2	2	17,22,761	2	7
	GRAND TOTAL ...	44,15,401	6	3	1,75,89,322	4	6	2,20,04,723	10	9	1,89,63,807	6	4	30,40,916	4	5

SUPPLEMENT II.

REPORT ON THE POLITICAL ADMINISTRATION OF THE RÁMPUR TERRITORY FOR 1875-76.

1. *Area.*—The area of the Rámpur state amounts to 945 square miles 2 roods 25 poles, equivalent to 968,265 pucka bighas 13 biswas.

2. *Population.*—The population of the state numbers 507,013 souls, as detailed below :—

Hindu.		Muhammadan.		Christians.		Total.	
Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
151,262	132,082	115,551	108,107	1	1	266,814	240,190
283,344		223,658		2		507,004	

3. *Chief towns.*—The following twelve towns exhibit a population of upwards of 2,000 souls :—

1.	Rámpur	... 68,301	7.	Káshipur	... 3,152
2.	Tánda Badridan	... 9,422	8.	Chamarwa	... 2,551
3.	Sháhabad	... 6,043	9.	Dhukia	... 2,461
4.	Biláspur	... 4,333	10.	Syfni	... 2,324
5.	Kaimri	... 3,418	11.	Nagulya Akul	... 2,233
6.	Barrua Sagarpur	... 3,243	12.	Singankhera	... 2,025

4. *Trade.*—The chief exports are rice, sugar, hides, and a description of damask known as khes, for which Rámpur is famous. Elephants, horses, spices, and salt are imported from the east, rice and sugar exported towards the west, and khes to all points.

5. *Administration.*—In the judicial administration the principles of the Muhammadan and Hindu laws are mainly followed, but

the Penal Code is also in force. No change has taken place since last report in the number of the courts.

6. *Revenue and expenditure.*—The revenue and expenditure of the year are shown below:—

Revenue.

Year.	Land revenue.	Customs and judicial fees.	House or chaukidari tax.	Fees on sale of houses & land.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
From April 1874 to March 1875.	14,26,226 5 6	19,752 0 3	..	...	14,121 7 0	14,60,399 12 9
From April 1875 to March 1876.	15,14,063 6 3	8,370 3 3	...	...	13,699 3 0	15,36,132 12 6
Increase ...	87,837 0 9	...	...	...	...	75,632 15 9
Decrease ...	...	11,381 13 0	...	...	722 4 0	...

Expenditure.

Year.	Expenditure of civil administration.	Public works.	Troops and police.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
From April 1874 to March 1875.	5,29,873 13 6	1,13,716 4 6	2,67,320 7 9	11,12,647 7 0	20,23,558 0 9
From April 1875 to March 1876.	5,67,384 5 9	67,059 0 3	2,68,411 5 9	5,08,623 2 0	14,11,477 13 9
Increase ...	37,510 0 9	...	1,090 14 0	...	...
Decrease ...	...	*46,657 4 3	...	6,04,024 5 0	6,12,080 3 0

The miscellaneous expenditure was as follows:—

	1874-75. Rs. a. p.	1875-76. Rs. a. p.
Personal expenses of the ruler, his children, seraglio, and relations of former Nawábs	2,59,771 12 6	3,74,078 12 3
Expenses of pilgrimage to Mecca and Medina	6,24,403 7 9	...
Charity and charitable allowance and other religious expenses ...	2,28,472 2 9	1,34,544 5 9
	11,12,647 7 0	5,08,623 2 0

* In consequence of all the large bridges having been completed last year.

7. *Civil justice.*—The business disposed of in the civil courts during the year is shown in the following statement :—

Year.	Pending at close of last year.	Instituted.			Total for trial.	Total disposed of.	Pending.
		Original suits.	Appeals.	Total.			
1874-75 ...	430	3,408	187	3,595	4,025	3,645	380
1875-76 ...	380	3,005	202	3,207	3,587	3,193	394
Increase ...	...	...	15	...	...	...	14
Decrease ...	50	403	...	388	438	452	...

Civil suits regarding debts, without limit of amount, are tried by the tahsíldárs, whose decisions are appealable to the Chief Court at Rámpur. All claims relating to inheritance are tried in the "Mufti's" Court at Rámpur. There are three appellate courts; the decisions of the "Mufti" and tahsíldárs are appealable to the Hákim Muráfa, and the orders of this court are appealable to the "Sudder" Muráfa, the final appeal being to the ruler of the state, or to whomsoever His Highness may make over the case for disposal.

8. *Criminal justice.*—The following table shows the disposal of criminal work during the year :—

Year.	Pending from last year.	Instituted.	Appeals.	Total of columns 2 and 3.	Grand total.	Disposed of.	Pending.
1874-75 ...	204	6,302	17	6,319	6,523	6,295	228
1875-76 ...	228	6,262	24	6,286	6,514	6,268	246
Increase ...	24	...	7	...	...	...	18
Decrease ...	...	40	...	33	9	27	...

All criminal cases are disposed of in Rámpur, neither the police officers in the interior of the state or the tahsíldárs having any criminal powers. The criminal courts are :—

(1.)—The Deputy Magistrate, who is also kotwál, with power to imprison up to three months.

(2.)—The Mufti Faujdári, with power to imprison up to three years.

The course of appeals is the same as that of the civil suits detailed in preceding para.

9. *Police.*—The provisions of the old Regulation XX. of 1817 are in force. The police are paid monthly from the state treasury. A company of najíbs, about 200 strong, carry out the police duties in the capital, assisted by 47 chaukidárs. These last are paid from the proceeds of a house-tax varying from 6 pies to Re. 1 per mensem. The average income is Rs. 123 per mensem.

The village chaukidárs, of whom there are one or more to each village, receive 3 pie per rupee on the revenue where it is paid in cash, and 30 seers of grain per plough where collected in kind. They have also usually small jágirs (baunda) of land, varying from 10 to 25 bighas in extent.

10. *Conservancy establishment.*—This consists of a superintendent on Rs. 100 per mensem—

38 beldárs	...	...	...	@ Rs.	123-8	per mensem.
8 bhistis	...	...	...	@ „	11-8	ditto.
22 sweepers	...	...	...	@ „	42-0	ditto.
68			Rs.	...	277-0	

Of the 22 sweepers 9 are paid by the state, and the other 13 by shopkeepers ; they also receive an extra allowance from the shopkeepers at the rate of 3 and 6 pie per month, and the bhistis are employed only for eight months and paid by the shopkeepers. The beldárs are state servants.

Jails.—The prisoners are employed on the manufacture of daris, carpets, and niwár, and are fed and clothed at the cost of the state. The allowance of food per diem to each person is—

Flour 8½ chittacks,
Dál 1½ ditto,
Grain, parched, 2 chittacks,

and necessary spices. The allowance of clothing is—

One blanket for each male prisoner every year.
Two suits of clothes for female prisoners ditto.

The value of their labour during the year is estimated to have been Rs. 9,919-6-0, at an average of Rs. 22 per annum per prisoner.

The expenditure during the year on the jail, including feed and clothing of prisoners, repairs, and jail establishment, exclusive of guards, was Rs. 10,693-7-3.

The cost of the jail guard for the year was Rs. 11,352. Sepoys are employed on this duty, and the charges are debited to military expenditure.

11. *Public works.*—All public works are supervised by special establishments entertained for buildings and roads.

The expenditure on works completed during the year is detailed below:—

	1874-75.			1875-76.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Roads	11,267	14	6	3,459	12	9
Bridges	5,399	7	6	752	2	7
Buildings	61,324	2	3	56,601	0	0
Total ...	77,991	8	3	60,812	15	6

	Roads.			*Bridges.*			*Buildings.*		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Increase ...	...			...			...		
Decrease ...	7,808	1	9	4,647	4	9	4,723	2	3

The total decrease is Rs. 17,178-8-9.

The estimated cost of the projects under construction are—

	1874-75.			1875-76.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Roads	2,530	3	0	...		
Bridges	233	8	0	1,192	0	3
Buildings	33,394	2	6	38,562	11	3
Total ...	36,157	13	6	39,754	11	6

	Roads.			*Bridges.*			*Buildings.*		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Increase ...	...			958	8	3	5,168	8	9
Decrease ...	2,530	3	0	...			...		

The total increase is Rs. 3,533-14-0.

In the state, exclusive of the trunk roads from Rámpur to Bareilly and Moradabad, there are three principal roads from Rámpur running to Sháhabad, Rudarpur, and Sohár respectively, besides several cross-roads.

The metalling of the two miles of road connecting the town of Rámpur with the Rohilkhand trunk road has been completed, and is in excellent order. The portion in British territory between the Kosi and Moradabad was still unfinished when the year closed. The bridges, roads, cross-roads, and culverts are all in good order.

12. *Army.*—The strength of the military forces of Rámpur is given below:—

Year.		Ordnance.		Cavalry.	Infantry.	Foot police.	Expenditure.		
		Cannon.	Artillerymen.				Rs.	a.	p.
1874-75	...	28	315	505	977	1,023	2,67,320	7	9
1875-76	...	28	321	509	965	1,060	2,68,411	5	9
Increase	...	...	6	4	...	37	1,090	14	0
Decrease	...	...	...	...	12	...	...		

13. *Education.*—There are nine schools supported by the state; six of these are in Rámpur, one in Sháhabad, one in Tánda, and one in Biláspur, as shown below:—

	1875-76.							1874-75.					
	Gousia.	Arabic.	Persian.	English.	Nagri.	Female.	Total.	Arabic.	Persian.	English.	Nágri.	Female.	Total.
Rámpur ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	2	1	1	1	1	6
Sháhabad ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
Biláspur ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
Tánda ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1

There are 345 students, including masters, in the town of Rámpur :—

	Masters.	Assistant Masters.	Students.
In Arabic schools	8	4	73*
„ Persian ditto ...	5	2	24†
„ Gousia ditto ...	1	4	74‡
„ Nagri ditto ...	2	...	36
„ English ditto ...	1	...	28
„ Female ditto ...	1	...	27§

* 33 scholarship-holders.
† 4 ditto ditto.
‡ 46 ditto ditto.
83
§ All scholarship-holders.

In Sháhabad there are 20 students and 1 master.
„ Biláspur ditto 20 ditto 1 ditto.
„ Tánda ditto 12 ditto 1 ditto.

The cost to the state during the year was Rs. 9,604-10-0.

14. *Dispensary.*—There are four dispensaries, the main one at Rámpur, and three branches at Sháhabad, Biláspur, and Tánda.

The destitute sick are admitted as in-door patients, and are treated and fed at the expense of the state ; all others receive medicines gratis.

The hakíms and native doctors employed at the dispensaries in the city and interior are paid by the state.

The sudder Rámpur dispensary supplies medicines to all branches.

Thirty-nine thousand one hundred and seventy-two patients were treated at the several dispensaries during the year. The details are as follows:—

	1874-75.	1875-76.
Rámpur dispensary.		
Out-door patients	19,607	33,450
In-door ditto	107	955
Indigent poor	827	77
	20,541	34,482
Sháhabad dispensary.		
Out-door patients	1,702	2,570
Indigent poor	...	77
	1,702	2,647
Biláspur dispensary.		
Out-door patients	2,151	1,502
Tánda dispensary.		
Out-door patients	201	541

The cost to the state during the year was Rs. 16,234-14-0 against Rs. 16,556, a decrease of Rs. 321-2-0.

Of the number of patients treated, 17,345 are said to have been cured.

15. *Vaccination.*—The following statement shows the vaccine operations. Vaccination is encouraged, ten vaccinators being employed by the state; but the number of operations has decreased by nearly 300 during the past year, and is undoubtedly far below what it should be when the numbers of the infant population are considered:—

Name of pargana.	1875-76.					1874-75.				
	Successful.	Doubtful.	Result not known	Unsuccessful.	Total	Successful.	Doubtful.	Result not known	Unsuccessful.	Total.
Sháhabad ...	468	...	...	228	696	824	102	66	219	1,221
Milk ...	719	...	...	263	982	889	68	...	336	1,293
Biláspur ...	524	...	...	162	686	888	165	99	...	1,152
Sohár ...	1,884	...	...	11	1,895	366	12	4	86	468
Rámpur Khás ...	503	...	...	185	688	511	66	16	206	789
Hazur Tahsíl... ...	536	...	...	197	733	590	...	...	192	782
Khás Tahsíl ...	317	26	...	39	382	428	...	...	216	644
Total ...	4,991	26	-	1,085	6,062	4.506	413	185	1,255	6,359

Much reliance cannot be placed on this return. About one-sixth of the operations are said to have been unsuccessful. In Sohár, where by far the greater number took place, only 11 are reported to have failed out of 1,895.